E4, E1 6lr2727 CF 6lr2751

By: The Speaker (By Request - Justice Reinvestment Coordinating Council)

Introduced and read first time: February 12, 2016

Assigned to: Judiciary and Health and Government Operations

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Justice Reinvestment Act

FOR the purpose of requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to conduct a certain risk and needs assessment on certain inmates and include the results in certain case records; establishing requirements for a certain case plan; requiring the Division of Correction to have a certain study conducted at certain intervals on a certain assessment tool for a certain purpose; increasing a certain monthly deduction allowed to an inmate of a State correctional facility whose term of confinement includes a certain sentence for a certain crime of manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, or possessing a controlled dangerous substance; increasing the maximum monthly deductions allowed to an inmate of a State correctional facility for manifesting satisfactory progress in certain work projects or programs; increasing the maximum number of diminution credits that an inmate of a State correctional facility may earn in a month; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to administer a certain risk and needs assessment on a certain supervised individual; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to supervise a certain individual based on the results of a certain risk and needs assessment; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to develop an individualized case plan for each individual with a certain assessment; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to modify the conditions of probation or suspension of sentence for the purpose of imposing certain graduated sanctions; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to report to the court on certain graduated sanctions imposed under certain circumstances; expanding eligibility for certain earned compliance credits to a person incarcerated, on probation, or convicted in this State for violation of certain prohibitions relating to manufacturing, distributing, dispensing, or possessing a controlled dangerous substance; requiring the Maryland Parole Commission or the court to adjust the period of a certain supervised individual's supervision on a certain recommendation for earned compliance credits accrued under a certain program; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to transfer a certain individual to a certain abatement status under certain circumstances; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to inform a certain supervised individual of a certain transfer



date at certain intervals; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to notify the Maryland Parole Commission or the court of a certain impending transfer at a certain time; providing that a supervised individual who is on abatement may not be required to regularly report to a certain agent or pay a supervision fee; requiring the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services to develop an automated application for the tracking and awarding of earned compliance credits by the Division of Parole and Probation; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to use certain methods to aid and encourage a certain person to improve conduct and to reduce the risk of recidivism; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to have an independent validation study conducted at certain intervals on its risk and needs assessment tool for a certain purpose; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to require all parole and probation agents, Maryland Parole Commission members, and hearing officers to undergo certain annual training; requiring the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services, by a certain date, to establish a program to implement certain sanctions for certain violations of conditions of community supervision by a certain individual; requiring the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services to adopt certain policies and procedures to implement certain programs; requiring the Department to develop a certain matrix for a certain purpose; authorizing the Division of Parole and Probation to modify conditions of community supervision for a certain individual for the limited purpose of imposing certain sanctions; authorizing the Division of Parole and Probation to refer a certain individual to the court or the Maryland Parole Commission for additional sanctions; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to issue a certificate of rehabilitation to a certain individual; providing that a certificate of rehabilitation precludes a licensing board from disqualifying an applicant from professional or occupational licensure or certification because of a certain criminal conviction; providing that an individual may receive only one certificate of rehabilitation under certain circumstances; requiring the Division of Parole and Probation to adopt regulations establishing an application and review process for a certificate of rehabilitation that allows certain parties to object to the issuance of the certificate of rehabilitation; altering the exclusive powers of the Maryland Parole Commission; requiring the Maryland Parole Commission to request that the Division of Parole and Probation conduct a certain investigation for an inmate in a local correctional facility; requiring the Maryland Parole Commission to request that the Division of Correction conduct a certain investigation for an inmate in a State correctional facility; requiring certain investigations to be submitted at certain times; requiring the Maryland Parole Commission to consider the results of a certain investigation, develop a certain case plan, and provide certain notifications to certain victims; providing that a certain inmate be released on administrative parole under certain circumstances; requiring that an inmate's debilitation or incapacitation be permanent to qualify for medical parole; requiring the Maryland Parole Commission to consider certain medical evaluations before granting medical parole; authorizing a parole commissioner to impose a certain period of imprisonment under certain circumstances; authorizing a commissioner to revoke certain diminution credits previously earned by a certain individual under certain circumstances; altering certain deductions from an certain inmate's earnings to be used for certain purposes; altering a certain monthly deduction from postsentence confinement allowed to a

certain inmate of a local correctional facility; altering certain penalties for possession of a controlled dangerous substance; altering certain penalties for possession of marijuana; requiring the court to order the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services to evaluate a defendant for drug dependence and provide a certain assessment before imposing a sentence for possession of a controlled dangerous substance; requiring the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services to evaluate a defendant and provide an assessment regarding drug treatment to certain parties; requiring the court to incorporate a certain assessment into a sentence for possession of a controlled dangerous substance in a certain manner; establishing that a court may impose certain mandatory minimum sentences only for certain drug offenses under certain circumstances; requiring the court to state on the record the reason for departing from certain mandatory minimum sentences; authorizing a certain person to apply to the court to modify or reduce a certain sentence under certain circumstances in a certain manner; increasing the amount of crack cocaine to be the same as the amount of powder cocaine that is required to trigger enhanced penalties for certain drug offenders; altering the penalties for theft, issuing or passing a bad check, credit card fraud, identity fraud, counterfeiting, and exploitation of a vulnerable adult; providing that a certain geriatric parole procedure does not apply to a certain sexual offender; altering the age and incarceration time served thresholds for eligibility for geriatric parole; requiring the State Commission on Criminal Sentencing Policy to review judicial compliance with certain guidelines for suspended sentences and include a suspended portion of a sentence in the determination of whether a sentence is compliant with certain sentencing guidelines; authorizing a court to impose a certain period of incarceration for a certain person who has violated a condition of probation under certain circumstances; requiring the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to facilitate certain treatment without unnecessary delay and in no event later than a certain time period after a certain order; authorizing the court to require the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to appear in court to explain a certain lack of placement under certain circumstances; establishing the Justice Reinvestment Oversight Board; providing for the membership, duties, staffing, procedures, and reporting of the Board; establishing the Performance Incentive County Grant Fund as a special, nonlapsing fund; specifying the purpose of the Fund; requiring the Executive Director of the Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention to administer the Fund; requiring the State Treasurer to hold the Fund and the Comptroller to account for the Fund; specifying the contents of the Fund; specifying the purpose for which the Fund may be used; providing for the investment of money in and expenditures from the Fund; establishing the Local Government Justice Reinvestment Commission; providing for the membership, duties, staffing, procedures, and reporting of the Local Government Justice Reinvestment Commission; altering the penalties for certain traffic violations related to a driver's license; requiring the Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention, in consultation with certain departments, agencies, and persons, to conduct a certain analysis relating to offender treatment and to submit a certain report; stating the intent of the General Assembly that the Governor provide certain funding in the annual budget; requiring the Maryland Mediation and Conflict Resolution Office to conduct a certain study and submit a certain report with recommendations on or

1 before a certain date; requiring the State Commission on Criminal Sentencing Policy 2 to study how more alternatives to incarceration may be included in the sentencing 3 guidelines and submit a report with recommendations on or before a certain date; 4 requiring the Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention to conduct a certain 5 study relating to restitution and victim services and submit a certain report; 6 requiring the Governor to issue a certain order under certain circumstances; making 7 conforming changes; altering certain definitions; defining certain terms; and 8 generally relating to justice reinvestment. 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 10 Article – Correctional Services 11 Section 3-601, 3-704, 3-707, 3-708, 6-101, 6-104, 6-111, 6-117, 7-205, 7-305, 12 7–309, 7–401, 7–504, and 11–504 Annotated Code of Maryland 13 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement) 14 15 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, 16 Article – Correctional Services 17 Section 3–705, 3–706, 7–101(a) and (m), 7–103, and 7–301(a) Annotated Code of Maryland 18 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement) 19 20 BY adding to 21Article – Correctional Services 22 Section 6-119, 6-120, 6-121, 7-104, 7-301.1, and 9-614 23 Annotated Code of Maryland 24(2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement) 25BY repealing 26 Article - Correctional Services 27Section 11–604 28 Annotated Code of Maryland 29 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement) 30 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Criminal Law 31 32 Section 5-601 Annotated Code of Maryland 33 34 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement) 35 (As enacted by Chapter 4 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 2016) 36 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 37 Article – Criminal Law 38 Section 5-601.1, 5-607, 5-608, 5-609, 5-609.1, 5-612, 7-104(g), 7-108, 8-106, 39 8–206, 8–207, 8–209, 8–301(g), 8–516, 8–611, 8–801(c), and 14–101 Annotated Code of Maryland 40

(2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)

1 2 3 4 5 6	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article – Criminal Law Section 7–104(a) through (f), 8–301(a), (b), (b–1), and (c) through (f), and 8–801(a) and (b) Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
7	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
8	Article – Criminal Procedure
9	Section 1–101(a)
10 11	Annotated Code of Maryland (2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
12	BY adding to
13	Article – Criminal Procedure
14 15	Section 1–101(p) Annotated Code of Maryland
16	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
17	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
18	Article – Criminal Procedure
19 20	Section 6–209, 6–223, 6–224, and 11–819(b) Annotated Code of Maryland
21	(2008 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
22	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
23	Article – Health – General
24	Section 8–507
2526	Annotated Code of Maryland (2015 Replacement Volume)
27	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
28	Article – State Finance and Procurement
29	Section 6–226(a)(2)(i)
30	Annotated Code of Maryland
31	(2015 Replacement Volume)
32	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
33	Article – State Finance and Procurement
34	Section 6–226(a)(2)(ii)84. and 85.
35 36	Annotated Code of Maryland (2015 Replacement Volume)
37	BY adding to
38 39	Article – State Finance and Procurement Section 6–226(a)(2)(ii)86.

1 2	Annotated Code of Maryland (2015 Replacement Volume)
3 4 5 6 7 8	BY adding to Article – State Government Section 9–3201 through 9–3212 to be under the new subtitle "Subtitle 32. Justice Reinvestment Oversight Board" Annotated Code of Maryland (2014 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
9 10 11 12	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article – Transportation Section 27–101(b) Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
14 15 16 17	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article – Transportation Section 27–101(c) and (y) Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
19 20 21 22 23	BY adding to Article – Transportation Section 27–101(gg) Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
24 25	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
26	Article - Correctional Services
27	3–601.
28 29	(a) In this section, "risk and needs assessment" has the meaning stated in § $6-101$ of this article.
30 31	(B) Promptly after an inmate is sentenced to the jurisdiction of the Division, the Division shall assemble an adequate case record for the inmate that includes:
32	(1) a description of the inmate;
33	(2) a photograph of the inmate;
34	(3) the family history of the inmate;

1	(4) any previous record of the inmate;
2 3	(5) a summary of the facts of each case for which the inmate is serving a sentence; [and]
4 5	(6) THE RESULTS OF A RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT OF THE INMATE REQUIRED UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION; AND
6 7	[(6)] (7) the results of the physical, mental, and educational examination of the inmate required under subsection [(b)] (C) of this section.
8 9 10	[(b)] (C) The Division shall conduct A RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT AND a physical, mental, and educational examination of an inmate as soon as feasible after the individual is sentenced to the jurisdiction of the Division.
11 12 13 14	[(c)] (D) (1) Based on the information assembled under subsection [(a)] (B) of this section, the Division shall classify an inmate and [assign the inmate to any available treatment, training, or employment that the Division considers appropriate] DEVELOP A CASE PLAN TO GUIDE AN INMATE'S REHABILITATION WHILE UNDER THE CUSTODY OF THE DIVISION.
16 17	(2) THE CASE PLAN DEVELOPED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL INCLUDE:
18 19 20	(I) PROGRAMMING AND TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS BASED ON THE RESULTS OF THE RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT CONDUCTED UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION; AND
$\frac{21}{22}$	(II) REQUIRED CONDUCT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES AND POLICIES OF THE DIVISION.
23 24	[(d)] (E) In accordance with regulations adopted by the Division, the managing official of each correctional facility shall maintain, as a part of an inmate's case record:
25 26	(1) an adequate record of the conduct, effort, and progress of the inmate during confinement; and
27 28	(2) a record of the character of any offense committed by the inmate and the nature and amount of punishment inflicted.

inmate and record a description of the inmate's personal background data.

To identify an inmate, the Division may photograph and fingerprint the

31 3-704.

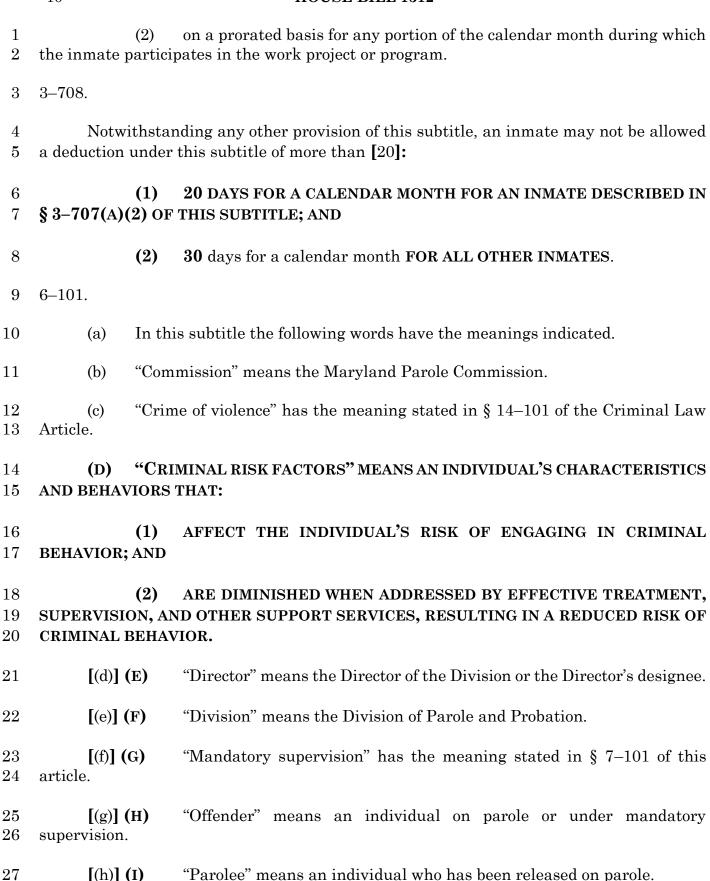
[(e)**] (F)**

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- 1 (a) An inmate shall be allowed a deduction in advance from the inmate's term of confinement.
- 3 (b) (1) The deduction allowed under subsection (a) of this section shall be 4 calculated:
- 5 (i) from the first day of commitment to the custody of the 6 Commissioner through the last day of the inmate's term of confinement;
- 7 (ii) except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, at the rate 8 of 10 days for each calendar month; and
- 9 (iii) on a prorated basis for any portion of a calendar month.
- 10 (2)If an inmate's term of confinement includes a consecutive or concurrent sentence for a crime of violence as defined in § 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article [or], A 11 12 SEXUAL OFFENSE FOR WHICH REGISTRATION IS REQUIRED UNDER TITLE 11, SUBTITLE 7 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, OR a crime of manufacturing, 13 14 distributing, dispensing, or possessing a controlled dangerous substance in violation of [§§ 5-602 through 5-609, § 5-612, or § 5-613 of the Criminal Law Article, the deduction 15 16 described in subsection (a) of this section shall be calculated at the rate of 5 days for each calendar month. 17
- 18 (c) A deduction under this section may not be allowed for a period during which 19 an inmate does not receive credit for service of the inmate's term of confinement, including 20 a period:
- 21 (1) during which the inmate's sentence is stayed;
- 22 (2) during which the inmate is not in the custody of the Commissioner 23 because of escape; or
- 24 (3) for which the Maryland Parole Commission has declined to grant credit 25 after revocation of parole or mandatory supervision.
- 26 3–705.
- (a) (1) In addition to any other deductions allowed under this subtitle, an inmate may be allowed a deduction of 5 days from the inmate's term of confinement for each calendar month during which the inmate manifests satisfactory performance of assigned work tasks.
- 31 (2) The deduction described in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be 32 calculated:
- 33 (i) from the first day that the work task is performed; and

- 1 (ii) on a prorated basis for any portion of a calendar month during 2 which the inmate performed the work task.
- 3 (b) The Commissioner shall adopt regulations governing the determination of deductions authorized under this section.
- 5 3–706.
- 6 (a) In addition to any other deductions allowed under this subtitle, an inmate may 7 be allowed a deduction of 5 days from the inmate's term of confinement for each calendar 8 month during which the inmate manifests satisfactory progress in:
- 9 (1) vocational courses; or
- 10 (2) other educational and training courses.
- 11 (b) The deduction described in subsection (a) of this section shall be calculated:
- 12 (1) from the first day that the inmate participates in the course; and
- 13 (2) on a prorated basis for any portion of the calendar month during which the inmate participates in the course.
- 15 3–707.
- 16 (a) **(1)** [In] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS 17 SUBSECTION, IN addition to any other deductions allowed under this subtitle, an inmate may be allowed a deduction of up to [10] 20 days from the inmate's term of confinement for 18 19 each calendar month during which the inmate manifests satisfactory progress in those 20 special selected work projects or other special programs, INCLUDING RECIDIVISM 21**REDUCTION PROGRAMMING**, designated by the Commissioner and approved by the 22Secretary.
- 23 **(2)** IF AN INMATE'S TERM OF CONFINEMENT INCLUDES 24CONSECUTIVE OR CONCURRENT SENTENCE FOR A CRIME OF VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN § 14–101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, OR A SEXUAL OFFENSE FOR WHICH 25REGISTRATION IS REQUIRED UNDER TITLE 11, SUBTITLE 7 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW 26 27 ARTICLE, THE DEDUCTION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION 28 SHALL BE CALCULATED AT THE RATE OF UP TO 10 DAYS FOR EACH CALENDAR 29 MONTH.
- 30 (b) A deduction described in subsection (a) of this section shall be calculated:
- 31 (1) from the first day that the inmate is assigned to the work project or 32 program; and

[(h)] (I)



- [(i)] (J) "Program" means a home detention program established under § 6–108 1 2 of this subtitle. "RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT" MEANS AN ACTUARIAL TOOL 3 VALIDATED ON THE STATE'S CORRECTIONAL POPULATION THAT DETERMINES: 4 5 **(1)** AN INDIVIDUAL'S RISK OF REOFFENDING; AND 6 THE CRIMINAL RISK FACTORS THAT, WHEN ADDRESSED, REDUCE 7 THE INDIVIDUAL'S RISK OF REOFFENDING. 8 "TECHNICAL VIOLATION" MEANS A VIOLATION OF A CONDITION OF (L) 9 PROBATION, PAROLE, OR MANDATORY SUPERVISION THAT DOES NOT INVOLVE: 10 **(1)** AN ARREST; 11 **(2)** A CONVICTION; OR 12 **(3)** A VIOLATION OF A NO-CONTACT ORDER. 6-104.13 14 Subject to the authority of the Secretary and in addition to any other duties established by law, the Division: 15 16 (1) shall: 17 **(I)** ADMINISTER A RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT ON EACH INDIVIDUAL ON PAROLE OR MANDATORY SUPERVISION UNDER THE SUPERVISION 18 OF THE DIVISION: 19 20 (II)DEVELOP AN INDIVIDUALIZED CASE PLAN FOR EACH 21INDIVIDUAL ON PAROLE OR MANDATORY SUPERVISION WHO HAS BEEN ASSESSED AS 22 MODERATE OR HIGH RISK TO REOFFEND; supervise [the conduct of parolees] AN INDIVIDUAL ON 23 [(i)] (III) PAROLE OR MANDATORY SUPERVISION BASED ON THE RESULTS OF A RISK AND 24NEEDS ASSESSMENT CONDUCTED UNDER ITEM (I) OF THIS ITEM; 25 26 supervise an individual under mandatory supervision 27 until the expiration of the individual's maximum term or terms of confinement;
- 28 (V) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, MODIFY THE 29 CONDITIONS OF PAROLE AND MANDATORY SUPERVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF

- 1 IMPOSING GRADUATED SANCTIONS UNDER § 6–121 OF THIS SUBTITLE IN RESPONSE
- 2 TO TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO REVOCATION UNDER § 7–401
- 3 OR § 7–504 OF THIS ARTICLE;
- 4 [(iii)] (VI) regularly inform the Commission of the activities of
- 5 offenders who are supervised by the Division, INCLUDING, IF REQUESTED BY THE
- 6 COMMISSION, ANY GRADUATED SANCTIONS IMPOSED UNDER § 6–121 OF THIS
- 7 SUBTITLE;
- 8 [(iv)] (VII) issue a warrant for the retaking of an offender charged
- 9 with a violation of a condition of parole or mandatory supervision, if this authority is
- 10 delegated by the Commission to the Director of the Division; and
- [(v)] (VIII) administer the Drinking Driver Monitor Program, collect
- 12 supervision fees, and adopt guidelines for collecting the monthly program fee assessed in
- 13 accordance with § 6–115 of this subtitle; and
- 14 (2) may recommend:
- 15 (i) that the Commission modify any condition of parole or
- 16 mandatory supervision; and
- 17 (ii) that the Commission issue a warrant for the retaking of an
- 18 offender.
- 19 (b) Funding for the Drinking Driver Monitor Program shall be as provided in the
- 20 State budget.
- 21 6–111.
- If a court suspends the sentence of an individual convicted of a crime and orders the
- 23 individual to continue under the supervision of the Division for a specified time or until
- 24 ordered otherwise, the Division shall:
- 25 (1) [supervise the conduct of] ADMINISTER A RISK AND NEEDS
- 26 ASSESSMENT ON the individual:
- 27 (2) [determine whether the individual is complying with the conditions of
- 28 probation or suspension of sentence SUPERVISE THE INDIVIDUAL BASED ON THE
- 29 RESULTS OF THE RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT CONDUCTED UNDER ITEM (1) OF
- 30 THIS SECTION; [and]
- 31 (3) DEVELOP AN INDIVIDUALIZED CASE PLAN FOR EACH INDIVIDUAL
- 32 ASSESSED AS MODERATE OR HIGH RISK TO REOFFEND;

1 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW, MODIFY THE CONDITIONS **(4)** 2 OF PROBATION OR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE FOR THE PURPOSE OF IMPOSING 3 GRADUATED SANCTIONS UNDER § 6–121 OF THIS SUBTITLE IN RESPONSE TO TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO REVOCATION UNDER § 6-223 OR § 4 6-224 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE; AND 5 6 report to the court on the individual's compliance AND, IF [(3)] **(5)** 7 REQUESTED BY THE COURT, ANY GRADUATED SANCTIONS IMPOSED UNDER § 6–121 8 OF THIS SUBTITLE. 6-117.9 10 In this section the following words have the meanings indicated. (a) (1) "Abatement" means an end to active supervision of a supervised 11 12 individual, without effect on the legal expiration date of the case or the supervised 13 individual's obligation to: 14 (i) obey all laws; AND 15 (ii) [report as instructed; and 16 (iii) obtain written permission from the Division of Parole and 17 Probation before relocating the supervised individual's residence outside the State. "Earned compliance credit" means a 20-day reduction from the period 18 (3)19 of active supervision of the supervised individual for every month that a supervised 20 individual: 21exhibits [full compliance] PROGRESS with the conditions[,] AND (i) 22goals[, and treatment as part] of the supervised individual's probation, parole, or mandatory release supervision, as determined by the Department; 23 24has no new arrests; (ii) 25 has not violated any conditions of no contact imposed on the supervised individual; 26 27 is current on court ordered payments for restitution, fines, and (iv) 28 fees relating to the offense for which earned compliance credits are being accrued; and 29 is current in completing (v) any community requirements included in the conditions of the supervised individual's probation, parole, or 30 mandatory release supervision. 31

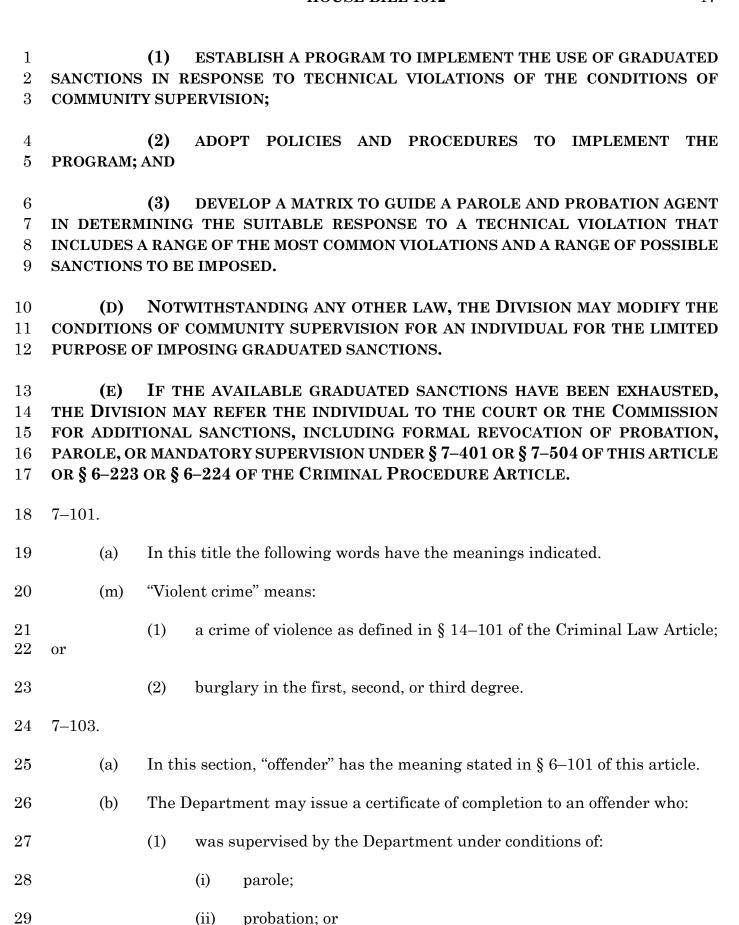
- "Supervised individual" means an individual placed on probation 1 **(4)** (i) 2 by a court or serving a period of parole or mandatory release supervision after release from 3 a correctional facility. "Supervised individual" does not include: 4 (ii) 5 a person incarcerated, on probation, or convicted in this State for a crime of violence: 6 7 a person incarcerated, on probation, or convicted in this State for a crime under Title 3. Subtitle 3 of the Criminal Law Article: 8 9 3. a person incarcerated, on probation, or convicted in this State for a violation of § 2–503, [§] §§ 5–602 through 5–606, OR § 5–617[, § 5–627, or § 10 5–628] of the Criminal Law Article; 11 12 a person registered or eligible for registration under Title 4. 11, Subtitle 7 of the Criminal Procedure Article; 13 14 a person who was convicted in any other jurisdiction of a 15 crime and the person's supervision was transferred to this State; or 16 6. a person who was convicted in this State of a crime and 17 the person's supervision was transferred to another state. 18 The Department shall: (b) 19 (1) establish a program to implement earned compliance credits; and 20 (2)adopt policies and procedures to implement the program. 21(c) Notwithstanding any other law, the Maryland Parole Commission or 22the court [may] SHALL adjust the period of a supervised individual's supervision on the 23recommendation of the Division of Parole and Probation for earned compliance credits 24accrued under a program created under this section. 25**(2)** ONCE A COMBINATION OF TIME SERVED IN CUSTODY, IF 26APPLICABLE, TIME SERVED ON PROBATION, PAROLE, OR MANDATORY SUPERVISION, AND EARNED COMPLIANCE CREDITS SATISFY THE SUPERVISED INDIVIDUAL'S 2728 ACTIVE TERM OF SUPERVISION, THE DIVISION SHALL TRANSFER THE INDIVIDUAL 29 TO ABATEMENT.
- 30 (D) THE DIVISION SHALL:
- 31 (1) PROVIDE REGULAR NOTIFICATION TO A SUPERVISED INDIVIDUAL 32 OF THE TENTATIVE ABATEMENT TRANSFER DATE; AND

1	(2)	DEVELOP POI	ICIES FOR	NOTIFYING	A SUPERVISED	INDIVIDUAL
2	OF CHANGE TO T	HE ABATEMENT	TRANSFE	R DATE.		

- 3 (E) AT LEAST 90 DAYS BEFORE THE DATE OF TRANSFER TO ABATEMENT, 4 THE DIVISION SHALL NOTIFY THE COMMISSION OR THE COURT OF THE IMPENDING 5 TRANSFER.
- 6 **[**(d)**] (F)** A supervised individual whose period of active supervision has been completely reduced as a result of earned compliance credits shall remain on abatement until the expiration of the supervised individual's sentence, unless:
- 9 (1) the supervised individual consents to continued active supervision; or
- 10 (2) the supervised individual violates a condition of probation, parole, or 11 mandatory release supervision including failure to pay a required payment of restitution.
- 12 (G) A SUPERVISED INDIVIDUAL WHO IS PLACED ON ABATEMENT UNDER 13 THIS SECTION MAY NOT BE REQUIRED TO:
- 14 (1) REGULARLY REPORT TO A PAROLE OR PROBATION AGENT; OR
- 15 (2) PAY A SUPERVISION FEE.
- [(e)] **(H)** If a supervised individual violates a condition of probation while on abatement, a court may order the supervised individual to be returned to active supervision.
- [(f)] (I) (1) Twenty-five percent of the savings realized by the Department as a result of the application of earned compliance credits shall revert to the Department.
- 21 (2) After the savings revert to the Department in accordance with 22 paragraph (1) of this subsection, any remaining savings shall revert to the General Fund.
- [(g)] (J) This section may not be construed to limit the authority of a court or the Parole Commission to extend probation, parole, or mandatory release supervision under \$6-222 of the Criminal Procedure Article.
- 26 (K) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP AN AUTOMATED APPLICATION FOR 27 THE TRACKING AND AWARDING OF EARNED COMPLIANCE CREDITS BY THE 28 DIVISION.
- 29 **6–119.**

- 1 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 2 INDICATED.
- 3 (2) "EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAMS AND PRACTICES" MEANS
- 4 PROGRAMS PROVEN BY SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH TO RELIABLY PRODUCE REDUCTIONS
- 5 IN RECIDIVISM.
- 6 (3) "INNOVATIVE PROGRAMS AND PRACTICES" MEANS PROGRAMS
- 7 THAT DO NOT MEET THE STANDARD OF EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICES BUT WHICH
- 8 PRELIMINARY RESEARCH OR DATA INDICATES WILL REDUCE THE LIKELIHOOD OF
- 9 OFFENDER RECIDIVISM.
- 10 (B) THE DIVISION SHALL USE PRACTICABLE AND SUITABLE METHODS THAT
- 11 ARE CONSISTENT WITH EVIDENCE-BASED PROGRAMS AND PRACTICES AND
- 12 INNOVATIVE PROGRAMS AND PRACTICES TO AID AND ENCOURAGE A PROBATIONER
- 13 OR PAROLEE TO IMPROVE CONDUCT AND TO REDUCE THE RISK OF RECIDIVISM.
- 14 (C) THE DIVISION SHALL HAVE AN INDEPENDENT VALIDATION STUDY
- 15 CONDUCTED EVERY 3 YEARS ON THE RISK AND NEEDS ASSESSMENT TOOL.
- 16 **6–120.**
- 17 THE DIVISION SHALL REQUIRE ALL PAROLE AND PROBATION AGENTS AND
- 18 SUPERVISORS, COMMISSION MEMBERS, AND HEARING OFFICERS TO UNDERGO
- 19 ANNUAL TRAINING BASED ON THE MOST CURRENT RESEARCH, REGARDING:
- 20 (1) IDENTIFYING, UNDERSTANDING, AND TARGETING AN
- 21 INDIVIDUAL'S CRIMINAL RISK FACTORS;
- 22 (2) PRINCIPLES OF EFFECTIVE RISK INTERVENTIONS; AND
- 23 (3) SUPPORTING AND ENCOURAGING COMPLIANCE AND BEHAVIOR
- 24 CHANGE.
- 25 **6–121.**

- 26 (A) THIS SECTION SHALL APPLY TO ALL INDIVIDUALS UNDER THE
- 27 SUPERVISION OF THE DIVISION.
- 28 (B) THE DIVISION SHALL IMPOSE GRADUATED SANCTIONS IN RESPONSE TO
- 29 TECHNICAL VIOLATIONS OF CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION.
 - (C) ON OR BEFORE JULY 1, 2017, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL:

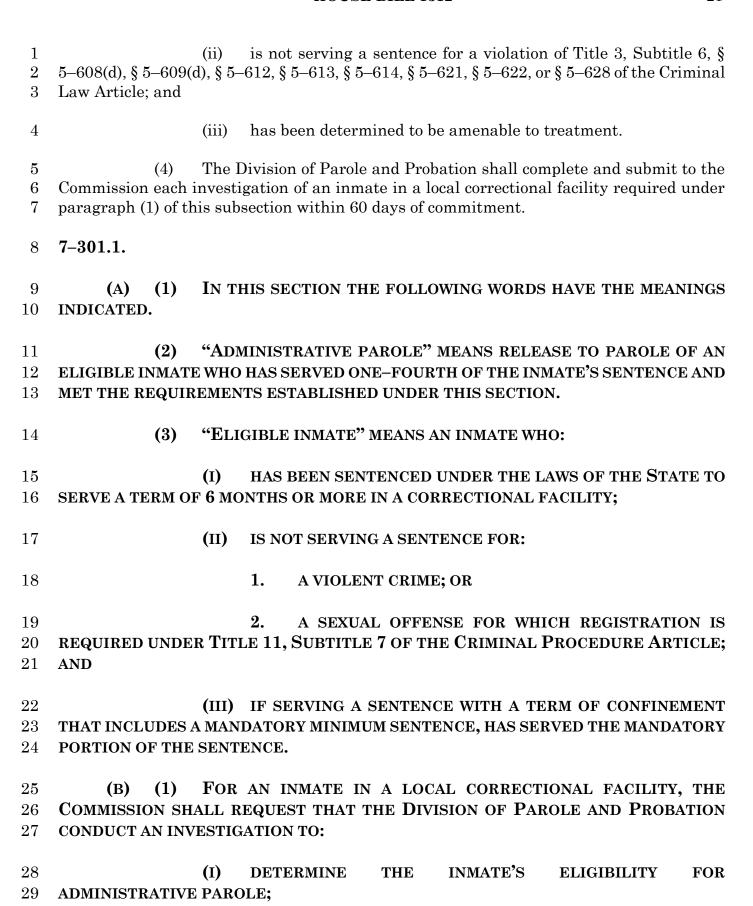


REHABILITATION PER LIFETIME.

1	(iii) mandatory release supervision;
2 3	(2) has completed all special and general conditions of supervision, including paying all required restitution, fines, fees, and other payment obligations; and
4	(3) is no longer under the jurisdiction of the Department.
5	7–104.
6 7	(A) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ISSUE A CERTIFICATE OF REHABILITATION TO AN INDIVIDUAL WHO:
8	(1) WAS CONVICTED OF A MISDEMEANOR OR FELONY THAT IS NOT:
9 10	(I) A CRIME OF VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN § 14–101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
11 12	(II) A SEXUAL OFFENSE FOR WHICH REGISTRATION IS REQUIRED UNDER TITLE 11, SUBTITLE 7 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE;
13 14	(2) WAS SUPERVISED BY THE DIVISION OF PAROLE AND PROBATION UNDER CONDITIONS OF:
15	(I) PAROLE;
16	(II) PROBATION; OR
17	(III) MANDATORY RELEASE SUPERVISION;
18 19 20	(3) HAS COMPLETED ALL SPECIAL AND GENERAL CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISION, INCLUDING PAYING ALL REQUIRED RESTITUTION, FINES, FEES, AND OTHER PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS; AND
21 22	(4) IS NO LONGER UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE DIVISION OF PAROLE AND PROBATION.
23 24 25 26	(B) A CERTIFICATE OF REHABILITATION PRECLUDES A LICENSING BOARD FROM DISQUALIFYING AN APPLICANT FROM PROFESSIONAL OR OCCUPATIONAL LICENSURE OR CERTIFICATION BECAUSE OF THE UNDERLYING CRIMINAL CONVICTION.
27	(C) AN INDIVIDUAL MAY RECEIVE ONLY ONE CERTIFICATE OF

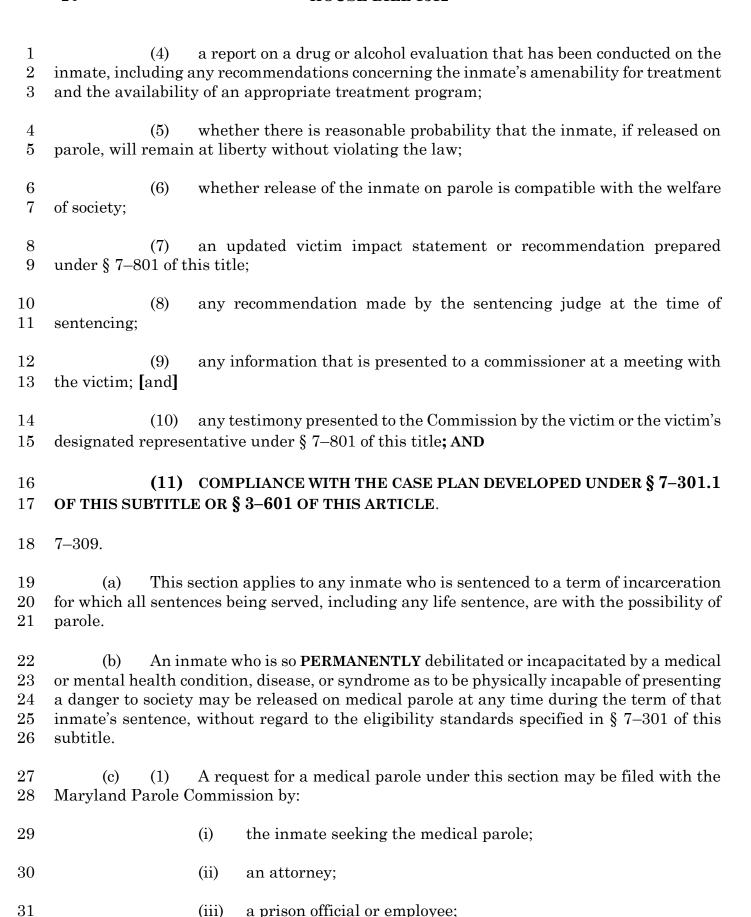
1 2 3 4	ALLOWS TI	THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS ESTABLISHING AN ON AND REVIEW PROCESS FOR A CERTIFICATE OF REHABILITATION THAT HE SENTENCING JUDGE, THE STATE'S ATTORNEY, AND THE VICTIM TO THE ISSUANCE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF REHABILITATION.		
5	7–205.			
6	(a)	The Commission has the exclusive power to:		
7 8	(1) authorize the parole of an individual sentenced under the laws of the State to any correctional facility in the State;			
9 10	(2) negotiate, enter into, and sign predetermined parole release agreements as provided under subsection (b) of this section;			
11		(3) hear cases for parole in which:		
12 13	(i) the Commissioner of Correction, after reviewing the recommendation of the appropriate managing official, objects to a parole;			
14		(ii) the inmate was convicted of a homicide;		
15		(iii) the inmate is serving a sentence of life imprisonment; [or]		
16		(iv) the parole hearing is open to the public under $\S 7-304$ of this title;		
17 18 19	(V) THE INMATE FAILS TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE PROCESS ESTABLISHED UNDER § 7–301.1 OF THIS TITLE; OR			
20 21	7–301.1 OF	(VI) A VICTIM REQUESTS A HEARING AS PROVIDED UNDER § THIS TITLE;		
22 23	commission	(4) hear exceptions to recommendations of a hearing examiner or a er acting as a hearing examiner;		
24 25	commission	(5) review summarily all recommendations of a hearing examiner or a er acting as a hearing examiner to which an exception has not been filed;		
26 27 28		(6) hear a case for parole in absentia when an individual who was a this State to serve a term of imprisonment is in a correctional facility of a other than this State;		
29		(7) hear cases of parole revocation; [and]		

- 1 (8) if delegated by the Governor, hear cases involving an alleged violation 2 of a conditional pardon; AND
- 3 (9) DETERMINE CONDITIONS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE UNDER § 4 7–301.1 OF THIS TITLE.
- 5 (b) (1) (i) The Commission may negotiate, enter into, and sign a 6 predetermined parole release agreement with the Commissioner of Correction and an 7 inmate under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
- 8 (ii) The agreement may provide for the release of the inmate on 9 parole at a predetermined time if, during the inmate's term of confinement, the inmate 10 participates in the programs designated by the Commission and fulfills any other 11 conditions specified in the agreement.
- 12 (2) This subsection does not affect any diminution of an inmate's term of confinement awarded under Title 3, Subtitle 7 and §§ 9–506 and 9–513 of this article **OR**14 **AN INMATE'S ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE UNDER § 7–301.1 OF THIS**15 **TITLE**.
- 16 7–301.
- 17 (a) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Commission shall 18 request that the Division of Parole and Probation make an investigation for inmates in a 19 local correctional facility and the Division of Correction make an investigation for inmates 20 in a State correctional facility that will enable the Commission to determine the 21 advisability of granting parole to an inmate who:
- 22 (i) has been sentenced under the laws of the State to serve a term 23 of 6 months or more in a correctional facility; and
- 24 (ii) has served in confinement one—fourth of the inmate's aggregate 25 sentence.
- 26 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, or as otherwise 27 provided by law or in a predetermined parole release agreement, an inmate is not eligible 28 for parole until the inmate has served in confinement one—fourth of the inmate's aggregate 29 sentence.
- 30 (3) An inmate may be released on parole at any time in order to undergo 31 drug or alcohol treatment, mental health treatment, or to participate in a residential 32 program of treatment in the best interest of an inmate's expected or newborn child if the 33 inmate:
- 34 (i) is not serving a sentence for a crime of violence, as defined in § 35 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article;



- 1 (II) DETERMINE THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH AN ELIGIBLE
- 2 INMATE MAY BE RELEASED TO PAROLE AFTER HAVING SERVED ONE-FOURTH OF
- 3 THE INMATE'S TERM OF CONFINEMENT; AND
- 4 (III) CALCULATE A TENTATIVE PAROLE ELIGIBILITY DATE FOR
- 5 AN ELIGIBLE INMATE.
- 6 (2) THE COMMISSION SHALL REQUEST THAT FOR AN INMATE IN A
- 7 STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION CONDUCT AN
- 8 INVESTIGATION TO:
- 9 (I) DETERMINE THE INMATE'S ELIGIBILITY FOR
- 10 ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE;
- 11 (II) DETERMINE THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH AN ELIGIBLE
- 12 INMATE MAY BE RELEASED TO PAROLE AFTER HAVING SERVED ONE-FOURTH OF
- 13 THE INMATE'S TERM OF CONFINEMENT; AND
- 14 (III) CALCULATE A TENTATIVE PAROLE ELIGIBILITY DATE FOR
- 15 AN ELIGIBLE INMATE.
- 16 (3) THE INVESTIGATIONS REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPHS (1) AND
- 17 (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE COMPLETED AND SUBMITTED TO THE
- 18 COMMISSION WITHIN 60 DAYS OF COMMITMENT.
- 19 (C) FOR AN INMATE IN A LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITY, THE
- 20 COMMISSION, IN COLLABORATION WITH THE LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITY,
- 21 SHALL CONSIDER THE RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED UNDER
- 22 SUBSECTION (B)(1) OF THIS SECTION AND DEVELOP AN INDIVIDUAL CASE PLAN
- 23 WITH WHICH AN ELIGIBLE INMATE MUST COMPLY IN ORDER TO BE RELEASED ON
- 24 ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE.
- 25 (D) (1) THE INDIVIDUAL CASE PLANS DEVELOPED UNDER SUBSECTION
- 26 (C) OF THIS SECTION AND § 3–601(D) OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL INCLUDE CONDITIONS
- 27 THAT AN INMATE WILL BE ABLE TO COMPLETE BEFORE THE INMATE'S
- 28 ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE DATE.
- 29 (2) AN INDIVIDUAL CASE PLAN MAY INCLUDE CONDITIONS THAT
- 30 APPLY AFTER AN INMATE IS RELEASED ON ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE.
- 31 (E) As provided in § 7–801 of this title, the Commission shall
- 32 NOTIFY A VICTIM OF:

- 1 (1) THE ELIGIBLE INMATE'S ADMINISTRATIVE PAROLE ELIGIBILITY 2 DATE;
- 3 (2) THE VICTIM'S RIGHT TO REQUEST AN OPEN PAROLE HEARING 4 UNDER § 7–304 OF THIS SUBTITLE; AND
- 5 (3) THE VICTIM'S RIGHT TO SUBMIT WRITTEN TESTIMONY 6 CONCERNING THE CRIME AND THE IMPACT OF THE CRIME ON THE VICTIM.
- 7 (F) AN ELIGIBLE INMATE SHALL BE RELEASED ON ADMINISTRATIVE 8 PAROLE, WITHOUT A HEARING BEFORE THE COMMISSION, AT THE INMATE'S PAROLE 9 ELIGIBILITY DATE IF:
- 10 (1) THE INMATE HAS COMPLIED WITH THE CASE PLAN DEVELOPED UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION OR § 3–601(D) OF THIS ARTICLE;
- 12 (2) THE INMATE HAS NOT COMMITTED A SERIOUS RULE VIOLATION
 13 WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE INMATE'S PAROLE ELIGIBILITY DATE; AND
- 14 (3) A VICTIM HAS NOT REQUESTED A HEARING UNDER SUBSECTION 15 (E) OF THIS SECTION.
- 16 (G) THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION AND EACH LOCAL CORRECTIONAL
 17 FACILITY SHALL NOTIFY THE COMMISSION OF AN ELIGIBLE INMATE'S COMPLIANCE
 18 OR NONCOMPLIANCE WITH THE CASE PLAN AT LEAST 30 DAYS BEFORE THE
 19 INMATE'S TENTATIVE PAROLE ELIGIBILITY DATE.
- 20 (H) AN ELIGIBLE INMATE WHO IS NOT RELEASED ON ADMINISTRATIVE 21 PAROLE UNDER THIS SECTION IS OTHERWISE ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE AS PROVIDED 22 UNDER THIS SUBTITLE.
- 23 7–305.
- Each hearing examiner and commissioner determining whether an inmate is suitable for parole, and the Commission before entering into a predetermined parole release agreement, shall consider:
- 27 (1) the circumstances surrounding the crime;
- 28 (2) the physical, mental, and moral qualifications of the inmate;
- 29 (3) the progress of the inmate during confinement, including the academic 30 progress of the inmate in the mandatory education program required under § 22–102 of the 31 Education Article;



1	(iv) a	medical professional;
2	(v) a	family member; or
3	s (vi) a	any other person.
4 5	` '	quest shall be in writing and shall articulate the grounds that as of granting the medical parole.
6	d) Following revi	iew of the request, the Commission may:
7 8	· /	e request to be inconsistent with the best interests of public action; or
9	` /	that department or local correctional facility personnel provide sideration of parole release.
$\frac{1}{2}$		on to be considered by the Commission before granting medical, include:
13 14 15	PROFESSIONALS THAT A	MEDICAL EVALUATIONS CONDUCTED BY MEDICAL RE INDEPENDENT FROM THE DIVISION OF CORRECTION, ON OF CORRECTION;
6	[(1)] (2) tl	he inmate's medical information, including:
		me miniate's medical information, including.
17		description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome;
17 18 19	(i) a (ii) a	description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome; a prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the
18	(i) a (ii) a (ii) a (condition, disease, or syndr (iii) a	description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome; a prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the
18 19 20 21	(i) a (ii) a (iii) a (condition, disease, or syndr (iii) a (iii) a (Karnofsky Performance Sca	description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome; a prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the rome; a description of the inmate's physical incapacity and score on the
18 19 20 21	(i) a (ii) a (iii) a (condition, disease, or syndr (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iv) a	description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome; a prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the rome; a description of the inmate's physical incapacity and score on the ale Index or similar classification of physical impairment; and
18 19 20	(i) a (ii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iv) a (iv) a (i) a (i) a	description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome; a prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the rome; a description of the inmate's physical incapacity and score on the ale Index or similar classification of physical impairment; and mental health evaluation, where relevant;
18 19 20 21 22 23	(i) a (ii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iii) a (iv) a	description of the inmate's condition, disease, or syndrome; prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the rome; description of the inmate's physical incapacity and score on the ale Index or similar classification of physical impairment; and mental health evaluation, where relevant; lischarge information, including:

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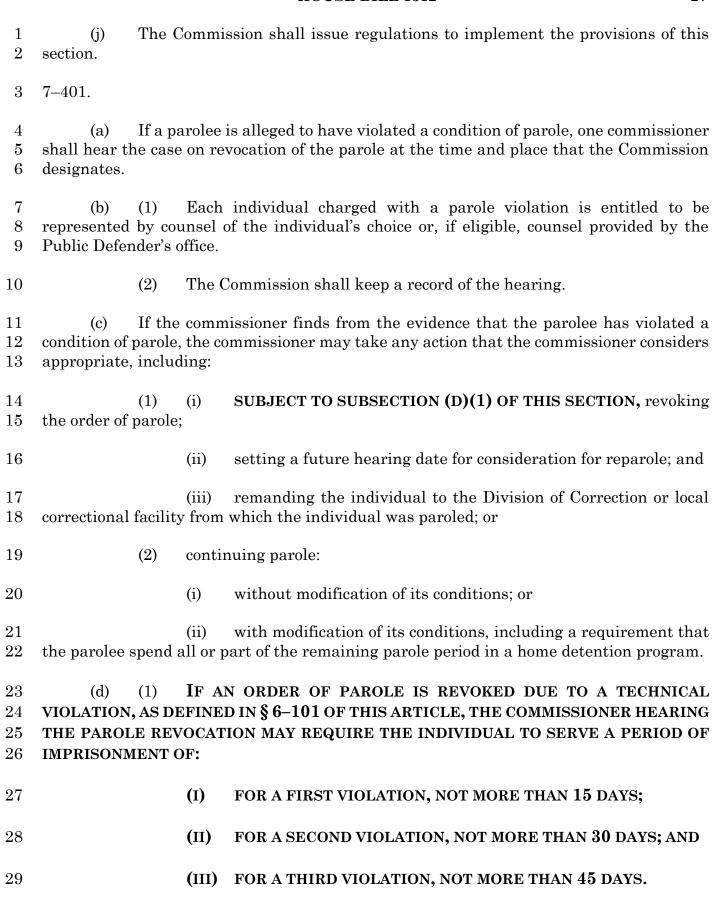
(i)

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1	[(3)] (4)	case management information, including:		
2	(i)	the circumstances of the current offense;		
3	(ii)	institutional history;		
4 5	(iii) other detainers; and	pending charges, sentences and other jurisdictions, and any		
6	(iv)	criminal history information.		
7	(f) The Commi	ssion may require as a condition of release on medical parole that:		
8 9 10 11	in a hospital or hospice or other housing accommodation suitable to the parolee's medica			
12 13	* /	parolee forward authentic copies of applicable medical records to lar medical condition giving rise to the release continues to exist.		
14 15 16 17	debilitated or incapacita the parolee shall be ret	e Commission has reason to believe that a parolee is no longer so ted as to be physically incapable of presenting a danger to society, turned to the custody of the Division of Correction or the local which the inmate was released.		
18 19	(2) (i) to consider whether the	A parole hearing for a parolee returned to custody shall be held parolee remains incapacitated and shall be heard promptly.		
20 21	(ii) maintained in custody, i	A parolee returned to custody under this subsection shall be f the incapacitation is found to no longer exist.		
22 23 24		nmate whose medical parole is revoked for lack of continued nsidered for parole in accordance with the eligibility requirements is subtitle.		
25 26 27		ect to paragraph (2) of this subsection, provisions of law relating to opportunity to be heard shall apply to proceedings relating to		
28 29		ses of imminent death, time limits relating to victim notification ard may be waived in the discretion of the Commission.		

Consistent with § 7-301(d)(4) of this subtitle, a medical parole under this

section for a person serving a life sentence shall require the approval of the Governor.



- 1 **(2)** Subject to paragraph **[**(2)**] (3)** of this subsection and further action by the Commission, if the order of parole is revoked **FOR A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT**3 **TECHNICAL VIOLATION OR A VIOLATION THAT IS NOT A TECHNICAL VIOLATION**, the commissioner hearing the parole revocation, in the commissioner's discretion, may require the inmate to serve any unserved portion of the sentence originally imposed.
- 6 [(2)] (3) An inmate may not receive credit for time between release on parole and revocation of parole if:
- 8 (i) the inmate was serving a sentence for a violent crime when 9 parole was revoked; and
- 10 (ii) the parole was revoked due to a finding that the inmate 11 committed a violent crime while on parole.
- 12 (e) Subject to subsection (d) of this section, if a sentence has commenced as provided under § 9–202(c)(2) of this article and the inmate is serving that sentence when the order of parole is revoked, any reimposed portion of the sentence originally imposed shall begin at the expiration of any sentences which were begun under § 9–202(c)(2) of this article.
- 17 (f) (1) The inmate may seek judicial review in the circuit court within 30 days after receiving the written decision of the Commission.
- 19 (2) The court shall hear the action on the record.
- 20 7-504.
- 21 (a) (1) In this section[, "term] THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE 22 MEANINGS INDICATED.
- 23 **(2) "TERM** of confinement" has the meaning stated in § 3–701 of this 24 article.
- 25 (3) "TECHNICAL VIOLATION" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 6–101 26 OF THIS ARTICLE.
- 27 (b) (1) The commissioner presiding at an individual's mandatory supervision 28 revocation hearing may revoke [any or all of the] diminution credits previously earned by 29 the individual on the individual's term of confinement IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 30 FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:
- 31 (I) NOT MORE THAN 15 DAYS FOR A FIRST TECHNICAL 32 VIOLATION;

	110000 5121 1012			
1 2	(II) NOT MORE THAN 30 DAYS FOR A SECOND TECHNICAL VIOLATION;			
3 4	(III) NOT MORE THAN 45 DAYS FOR A THIRD TECHNICAL VIOLATION; AND			
5 6 7	(IV) UP TO ALL REMAINING DAYS FOR A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT TECHNICAL VIOLATION OR A VIOLATION THAT IS NOT A TECHNICAL VIOLATION.			
8 9 10 11	(2) Nothing in this section affects the prohibition against the application of diminution credits under § 7–502 of this subtitle to the term of confinement of an inmate convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for a crime committed while on mandatory supervision.			
12 13 14	(c) After an inmate's mandatory supervision has been revoked, the inmate may not be awarded any new diminution credits on the term of confinement for which the inmate was on mandatory supervision.			
15	9–614.			
16 17	(A) THIS SECTION APPLIES TO AN INMATE IN A STATE OR LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITY.			
18	(B) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL COLLECT AN INMATE'S EARNINGS.			
19	(C) FROM AN INMATE'S EARNINGS, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL:			
20 21	(1) IF REQUIRED BY LAW, REIMBURSE THE COUNTY OR STATE FOR THE COST OF PROVIDING FOOD, LODGING, AND CLOTHING TO THE INMATE;			
22	(2) PAY COURT ORDERED PAYMENTS FOR SUPPORT OF DEPENDENTS;			
23	(3) PAY COURT ORDERED PAYMENTS FOR RESTITUTION; AND			
24 25	(4) PAY COMPENSATION FOR VICTIMS OF CRIME IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION.			
26 27	(D) (1) OF THE EARNINGS OF AN INMATE IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR/PRISON INDUSTRY ENHANCEMENT CERTIFICATION PROGRAM OF THE			

United States Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Assistance, the

DEPARTMENT SHALL WITHHOLD 20% FOR COMPENSATION FOR VICTIMS OF CRIME,

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROGRAM.

28

29

- 1 (2) (I) IF AN INMATE HAS EARNINGS THAT ARE NOT COVERED 2 UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE 3 DEPARTMENT SHALL WITHHOLD 25% FOR COMPENSATION FOR VICTIMS OF CRIME.
- 4 (II) THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS 5 PARAGRAPH APPLY ONLY WHEN AN INMATE HAS AT LEAST \$50 IN THE INMATE'S 6 FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS.
- 7 (3) (I) IF A COURT IN A CRIMINAL OR JUVENILE DELINQUENCY
 8 PROCEEDING HAS ORDERED THE INMATE TO PAY RESTITUTION, THE DEPARTMENT
 9 SHALL FORWARD THE MONEY WITHHELD UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OR (2) OF THIS
 10 SUBSECTION TO THE CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION FUND ESTABLISHED
 11 UNDER § 11–819 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.
- 12 (II) THE CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION BOARD SHALL
 13 DISTRIBUTE FROM THE CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION FUND ANY AMOUNT
 14 RECEIVED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH TO THE PERSON OR GOVERNMENTAL UNIT
 15 SPECIFIED IN THE JUDGMENT OF RESTITUTION TO PAY THE RESTITUTION AS
 16 REQUIRED UNDER § 11–607(B)(2) OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.
- 17 (4) If the inmate is not subject to a judgment of restitution 18 OR THE JUDGMENT OF RESTITUTION IS SATISFIED, OF THE MONEY WITHHELD 19 UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PAY:
- 20 (I) 50% INTO THE CRIMINAL INJURIES COMPENSATION FUND 21 ESTABLISHED UNDER § 11–819 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE; AND
- 22 (II) 50% INTO THE STATE VICTIMS OF CRIME FUND 23 ESTABLISHED UNDER § 11–916 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.
- 24 (E) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL:
- 25 (1) CREDIT TO THE INMATE'S ACCOUNT ANY BALANCE THAT REMAINS 26 AFTER PAYING THE ITEMS IN SUBSECTION (C)(1) THROUGH (4) OF THIS SECTION; 27 AND
- 28 (2) PAY THE BALANCE IN THE INMATE'S ACCOUNT TO THE INMATE 29 WITHIN 15 DAYS AFTER THE INMATE IS RELEASED.
- 30 11–504.
- 31 (a) An inmate who is sentenced to a local correctional facility shall be allowed an 32 initial deduction from the inmate's term of confinement.

1 (b) The deduction described in subsection (a) of this section shall be calculated: 2 from the first day of the inmate's postsentence commitment to the 3 custody of the local correctional facility to the last day of the inmate's maximum term of 4 confinement: at the rate of 5 days for each calendar month IF THE INMATE'S 5 (2) (I)6 TERM OF CONFINEMENT INCLUDES A CONSECUTIVE OR CONCURRENT SENTENCE 7 FOR A CRIME OF VIOLENCE, AS DEFINED IN § 14-101 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW 8 ARTICLE; OR 9 AT THE RATE OF 10 DAYS FOR EACH CALENDAR MONTH FOR (II)10 ALL OTHER INMATES; and 11 on a prorated basis for any portion of a calendar month. (3)12 11-604. 13 The Department shall collect an inmate's earnings. (a) 14 (b) From an inmate's earnings, the Department shall: 15 reimburse the county or State for the cost of providing food, lodging, (1)16 and clothing to the inmate in a local correctional facility: 17 (2)pay court ordered payments for support of dependents; 18 (3) pay court ordered payments for restitution; and 19 (4) pay compensation for victims of crime in accordance with subsection (c) 20 of this section. 21Of the earnings of an inmate in the Private Sector/Prison Industry 22 Enhancement Certification Program of the United States Department of Justice, Bureau 23of Justice Assistance, the Department shall withhold 20% for compensation for victims of crime, in accordance with the requirements of the Program. 24If a court in a criminal or juvenile delinquency proceeding has 25(2)26 ordered the inmate to pay restitution, the Department shall forward the 20% withheld 27 under paragraph (1) of this subsection to the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund 28established under § 11–819 of the Criminal Procedure Article. 29 The Criminal Injuries Compensation Board shall distribute from (ii) 30 the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund any amount received under this paragraph to 31 the person or governmental unit specified in the judgment of restitution to pay the

restitution as required under § 11–607(b)(2) of the Criminal Procedure Article.

1 2 3	* *	f the inmate is not subject to a judgment of restitution or the judgment fied, of the money withheld under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the y:	
4 5	,	50% into the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund established e Criminal Procedure Article; and	
6 7	,	ii) 50% into the State Victims of Crime Fund established under § nal Procedure Article.	
8	(d) The De	partment shall:	
9 10		redit to the inmate's account any balance that remains after paying on (b)(1) through (3) of this section; and	
11 12	(2) pafter the inmate is re	ay the balance in the inmate's account to the inmate within 15 days eleased.]	
13		Article - Criminal Law	
14	5-601.		
15	(a) Except	as otherwise provided in this title, a person may not:	
16 17 18	(1) possess or administer to another a controlled dangerous substance, unless obtained directly or by prescription or order from an authorized provider acting in the course of professional practice; or		
19 20	1		
21	(fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge;	
22 23	order;	ii) the counterfeiting or alteration of a prescription or a written	
24	(iii) the concealment of a material fact;	
25	(iv) the use of a false name or address;	
26 27	•	v) falsely assuming the title of or representing to be a butor, or authorized provider; or	
28 29	or written order.	vi) making, issuing, or presenting a false or counterfeit prescription	

- 1 Information that is communicated to a physician in an effort to obtain a (b) 2 controlled dangerous substance in violation of this section is not a privileged 3 communication.
- Except as provided in [paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection] 4 (c) SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION, a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to [imprisonment not exceeding 4 years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both]:

- 8 **(1)** FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 1 9 YEAR OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH;
- 10 **(2)** FOR A SECOND OR THIRD CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 18 MONTHS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH; AND 11
- 12 **(3)** FOR A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT 13 NOT EXCEEDING 2 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH.
- 14 (2)(i)**] (D)** Except as provided in [subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph] § 5-601.1 OF THIS ARTICLE, a person whose violation of this section involves 15 16 the use or possession of marijuana IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND is subject to 17 [imprisonment not exceeding 1 year or a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or both.]:
- **(1)** 18 FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 6 19 MONTHS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$1,000 OR BOTH; AND
- 20 **(2)** FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, IMPRISONMENT 21 NOT EXCEEDING 1 YEAR OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$1,000 OR BOTH.
- 22(ii) 1. A first violation of this section involving the use or 23 possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense punishable by a fine not 24exceeding \$100.
- 252. A second violation of this section involving the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense punishable by a fine not 26 27 exceeding \$250.
- 283. A third or subsequent violation of this section involving 29 the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense punishable by a 30 fine not exceeding \$500.
- 31 In addition to a fine, a court shall order a person 4. A. 32 under the age of 21 years who commits a violation punishable under subsubparagraph 1, 33 2, or 3 of this subparagraph to attend a drug education program approved by the

Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, refer the person to an assessment for substance 1 abuse disorder, and refer the person to substance abuse treatment, if necessary. 23 В. In addition to a fine, a court shall order a person at least 4 21 years old who commits a violation punishable under subsubparagraph 3 of this 5 subparagraph to attend a drug education program approved by the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, refer the person to an assessment for substance abuse disorder, and 6 7 refer the person to substance abuse treatment, if necessary. 8 (3)1.] **(E) (1) (I)** In this [paragraph] SUBSECTION the (i) 9 following words have the meanings indicated. 10 [2.] (II) "Bona fide physician-patient relationship" means a 11 relationship in which the physician has ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and 12 treatment of a patient's medical condition. 13 "Caregiver" means an individual designated by a [3.] (III) patient with a debilitating medical condition to provide physical or medical assistance to 14 15 the patient, including assisting with the medical use of marijuana, who: 16 [A.] 1. is a resident of the State; [B.] 2. 17 is at least 21 years old; 18 [C.] 3. is an immediate family member, a spouse, or a 19 domestic partner of the patient; 20 has not been convicted of a crime of violence as [D.] 4. 21defined in § 14–101 of this article; 22[E.] **5.** has not been convicted of a violation of a State or 23 federal controlled dangerous substances law; 24[F.] **6.** has not been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude; 25 [G.] **7.** has been designated as caregiver by the patient in writing that has been placed in the patient's medical record prior to arrest; 26[H.] 8. 27 is the only individual designated by the patient to 28 serve as caregiver; and 29 [I.] **9.** is not serving as caregiver for any other patient. 30 [4.] (IV) "Debilitating medical condition" means a chronic or

debilitating disease or medical condition or the treatment of a chronic or debilitating

1 disease or medical condition that produces one or more of the following, as documented by 2a physician with whom the patient has a bona fide physician-patient relationship: 3 [A.] 1. cachexia or wasting syndrome; [B.] 2. 4 severe or chronic pain; [C.] 3. 5 severe nausea; 6 [D.] 4. seizures: 7 [E.] 5. severe and persistent muscle spasms; or [F.] **6.** 8 any other condition that is severe and resistant to 9 conventional medicine. 10 (ii) 1.**] (2) (I)** In a prosecution for the use or possession of marijuana, the defendant may introduce and the court shall consider as a mitigating factor 11 12 any evidence of medical necessity. 13 [2.] (II) Notwithstanding [paragraph (2) of this subsection] 14 SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, if the court finds that the person used or possessed marijuana because of medical necessity, the court shall dismiss the charge. 15 16 (iii) 1.1 (3) (I)In a prosecution for the use or possession of 17 marijuana under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant used or 18 possessed marijuana because: 19 [A.] 1. the defendant has a debilitating medical condition 20 that has been diagnosed by a physician with whom the defendant has a bona fide 21physician-patient relationship; 22 [B.] **2.** the debilitating medical condition is severe and 23 resistant to conventional medicine: and 24[C.] 3. marijuana is likely to provide the defendant with 25 therapeutic or palliative relief from the debilitating medical condition. 26 [2. A.] (II) 1. In a prosecution for the possession of 27 marijuana under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant possessed 28 marijuana because the marijuana was intended for medical use by an individual with a 29 debilitating medical condition for whom the defendant is a caregiver. 30 [B.] **2.** A defendant may not assert the affirmative defense

under this [subsubparagraph] SUBPARAGRAPH unless the defendant notifies the State's

Attorney of the defendant's intention to assert the affirmative defense and provides the

- State's Attorney with all documentation in support of the affirmative defense in accordance with the rules of discovery provided in Maryland Rules 4–262 and 4–263.
- 3 [3.] (III) An affirmative defense under this [subparagraph] 4 PARAGRAPH may not be used if the defendant was:
- [A.] 1. using marijuana in a public place or assisting the individual for whom the defendant is a caregiver in using the marijuana in a public place; or
- 8 [B.] 2. in possession of more than 1 ounce of marijuana.
- 9 **[**(4) A violation of this section involving the smoking of marijuana in a public place is a civil offense punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500.
- 11 (d) The provisions of subsection (c)(2)(ii) of this section making the possession of marijuana a civil offense may not be construed to affect the laws relating to:
- 13 (1) operating a vehicle or vessel while under the influence of or while 14 impaired by a controlled dangerous substance; or
- 15 (2) seizure and forfeiture.]
- (F) (1) BEFORE IMPOSING A SENTENCE UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OR (D)
 OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
 AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES TO EVALUATE THE DEFENDANT FOR DRUG
 DEPENDENCE AND PROVIDE AN ASSESSMENT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE
 DEFENDANT IS IN NEED OF AND MAY BENEFIT FROM DRUG TREATMENT.
- 21 (2) THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONAL
 22 SERVICES SHALL CONDUCT AN EVALUATION OF THE DEFENDANT AND PROVIDE AN
 23 ASSESSMENT TO THE COURT, THE DEFENDANT OR THE DEFENDANT'S ATTORNEY,
 24 AND THE STATE IDENTIFYING THE DEFENDANT'S DRUG TREATMENT NEEDS.
- 25 (3) THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER AND INCORPORATE THE RESULTS OF THE ASSESSMENT PERFORMED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION INTO THE DEFENDANT'S SENTENCE AND:
- 28 (I) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE DEFENDANT IS NOT AN 29 IMMINENT RISK TO PUBLIC SAFETY, THE COURT SHALL SUSPEND THE SENTENCE
- 30 AND ORDER PROBATION AND, IF THE ASSESSMENT SHOWS THAT THE DEFENDANT IS
- 31 IN NEED OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT, REQUIRE THE DIVISION OF PAROLE
- 32 AND PROBATION TO PROVIDE APPROPRIATE TREATMENT IN THE COMMUNITY AS
- 33 IDENTIFIED IN THE ASSESSMENT; OR

- 1 (II) IF THE COURT FINDS THAT THE DEFENDANT POSES AN
- 2 IMMINENT RISK TO PUBLIC SAFETY, THE COURT MAY IMPOSE A TERM OF
- 3 IMPRISONMENT UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OR (D) OF THIS SECTION AND ORDER THE
- 4 DIVISION OF CORRECTION OR LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITY TO PROVIDE
- 5 TREATMENT AS IDENTIFIED IN THE ASSESSMENT.
- 6 5-601.1.
- 7 (A) A VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART INVOLVING THE SMOKING OF
- 8 MARIJUANA IN A PUBLIC PLACE IS A CIVIL OFFENSE PUNISHABLE BY A FINE NOT
- 9 **EXCEEDING \$500.**
- 10 (B) (1) A FIRST VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART INVOLVING THE USE
- 11 OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA IS A CIVIL OFFENSE
- 12 PUNISHABLE BY A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$100.
- 13 (2) A SECOND VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART INVOLVING THE
- 14 USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA IS A CIVIL OFFENSE
- 15 PUNISHABLE BY A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$250.
- 16 (3) A THIRD OR SUBSEQUENT VIOLATION OF § 5–601 OF THIS PART
- 17 INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA IS A
- 18 CIVIL OFFENSE PUNISHABLE BY A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$500.
- 19 (4) (I) IN ADDITION TO A FINE, A COURT SHALL ORDER A PERSON
- 20 $\,$ UNDER THE AGE OF 21 YEARS WHO COMMITS A VIOLATION PUNISHABLE UNDER
- 21 PARAGRAPH (1), (2), OR (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION TO ATTEND A DRUG EDUCATION
- 22 PROGRAM APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE,
- 23 REFER THE PERSON TO AN ASSESSMENT FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE DISORDER, AND
- 24 REFER THE PERSON TO SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT, IF NECESSARY.
- 25 (II) IN ADDITION TO A FINE, A COURT SHALL ORDER A PERSON
- 26 AT LEAST 21 YEARS OLD WHO COMMITS A VIOLATION PUNISHABLE UNDER
- 27 PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION TO ATTEND A DRUG EDUCATION PROGRAM
- 28 APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE, REFER THE
- ON DEDGOV TO AN AGGREGATIVE FOR GURGELANCE ARISE RIGORDER AND REFER THE
- 29 PERSON TO AN ASSESSMENT FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE DISORDER, AND REFER THE
- 30 PERSON TO SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT, IF NECESSARY.
- 31 **[(a)] (C)** A police officer shall issue a citation to a person who the police officer
- 32 has probable cause to believe has committed a violation of § 5-601 of this part involving
- 33 the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana.

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[(e)] **(G)**

prepayment of the fine.

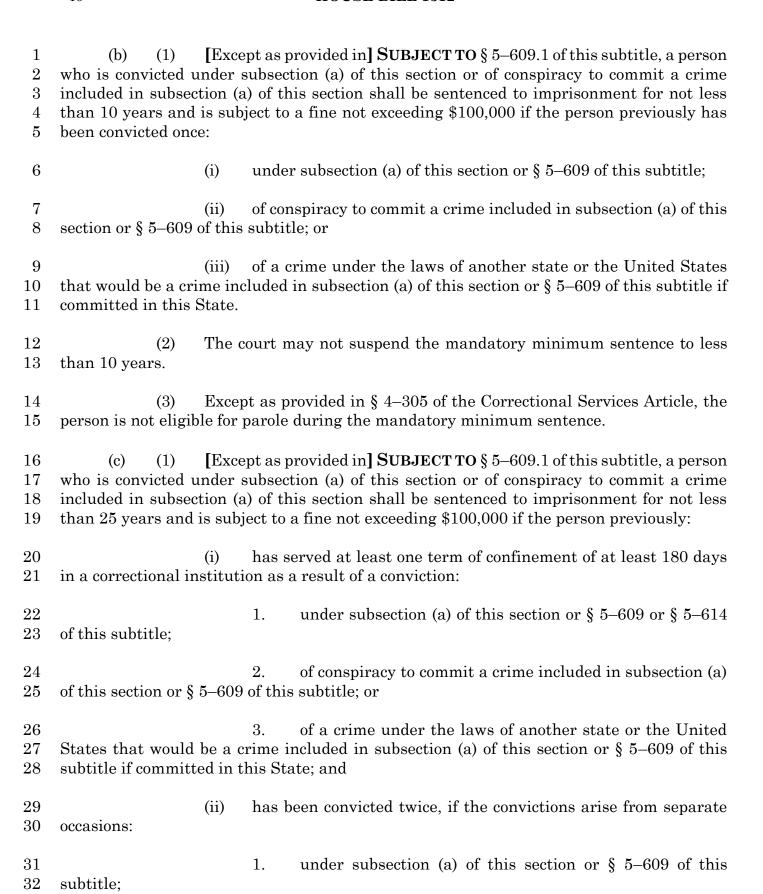
1 [(b)] **(D)** A violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession (1) 2 of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense. 3 Adjudication of a violation under § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana: 4 5 (i) is not a criminal conviction for any purpose; and 6 does not impose any of the civil disabilities that may result from (ii) 7 a criminal conviction. 8 [(c)] **(E)** A citation issued for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving (1) 9 the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana shall be signed by the police officer who issues the citation and shall contain: 10 11 (i) the name and address of the person charged; 12 the date and time that the violation occurred: (ii) 13 (iii) the location at which the violation occurred; 14 the fine that may be imposed; (iv) a notice stating that prepayment of the fine is allowed, except as 15 (v) provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection; and 16 17 (vi) a notice in boldface type that states that the person shall: 18 1. pay the full amount of the preset fine; or 19 request a trial date at the date, time, and place established 20by the District Court by writ or trial notice. 21(2)If a citation for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the 22use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is issued to a person under the age of 21 years, the court shall summon the person for trial. 23 24(ii) If the court finds that a person at least 21 years old has 25committed a third or subsequent violation of § 5-601 of this part involving the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana, the court shall summon the person for trial. 2627 The form of the citation shall be uniform throughout the State and shall 28be prescribed by the District Court.

The Chief Judge of the District Court shall establish a schedule for the

- [(f)] (H) A person issued a citation for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana who is under the age of 18 years shall be subject to the procedures and dispositions provided in Title 3, Subtitle 8A of the Courts Article.
 - [(g)] (I) A citation for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana and the official record of a court regarding the citation are not subject to public inspection and may not be included on the public Web site maintained by the Maryland Judiciary.
- 9 (J) THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION MAKING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF 10 LESS THAN 10 GRAMS OF MARIJUANA A CIVIL OFFENSE MAY NOT BE CONSTRUED TO 11 AFFECT THE LAWS RELATING TO:
- 12 (1) OPERATING A VEHICLE OR VESSEL WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE 13 OF OR WHILE IMPAIRED BY A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE; OR
- 14 (2) SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE.
- 15 5–607.

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- 16 (a) Except as provided in §§ 5–608 and 5–609 of this subtitle, a person who violates a provision of §§ 5–602 through 5–606 of this subtitle is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a fine not exceeding \$15,000 or both.
- 20 (b) (1) [Except as provided in] SUBJECT TO § 5–609.1 of this subtitle, a person who has been convicted previously under subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than 2 years.
- 23 (2) The court may not suspend the mandatory minimum sentence to less 24 than 2 years.
- 25 (3) Except as provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the 26 person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence.
- 27 (c) A person convicted under subsection (a) of this section is not prohibited from 28 participating in a drug treatment program under § 8–507 of the Health General Article 29 because of the length of the sentence.
- 30 5-608.
- 31 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who violates a provision 32 of §§ 5–602 through 5–606 of this subtitle with respect to a Schedule I or Schedule II 33 narcotic drug is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to: imprisonment not a exceeding 20 years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.



- 1 2.of conspiracy to commit a crime included in subsection (a) 2 of this section or § 5–609 of this subtitle; 3 3. of a crime under the laws of another state or the United 4 States that would be a crime included in subsection (a) of this section or § 5-609 of this 5 subtitle if committed in this State; or 6 4. of any combination of these crimes. 7 (2)The court may not suspend any part of the mandatory minimum 8 sentence of 25 years. 9 Except as provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the 10 person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence. 11 A separate occasion is one in which the second or succeeding crime is 12 committed after there has been a charging document filed for the preceding crime. 13 Except as provided in SUBJECT TO § 5–609.1 of this subtitle, a person 14 who is convicted under subsection (a) of this section or of conspiracy to commit a crime 15 included in subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less 16 than 40 years and is subject to a fine not exceeding \$100,000 if the person previously has 17 served three or more separate terms of confinement as a result of three or more separate 18 convictions: 19 (i) under subsection (a) of this section or § 5–609 of this subtitle; 20 of conspiracy to commit a crime included in subsection (a) of this (ii) section or § 5–609 of this subtitle; 2122of a crime under the laws of another state or the United States 23that would be a crime included in subsection (a) of this section or § 5–609 of this subtitle if 24committed in this State; or 25 (iv) of any combination of these crimes. 26 (2) The court may not suspend any part of the mandatory minimum 27 sentence of 40 years. 28 Except as provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the
- 30 (e) A person convicted under subsection (a) of this section or of conspiracy to 31 commit a crime included in subsection (a) of this section is not prohibited from participating 32 in a drug treatment program under § 8–507 of the Health General Article because of the 33 length of the sentence.

person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence.

1 5-609.

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- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who violates a provision of §§ 5–602 through 5–606 of this subtitle with respect to any of the following controlled dangerous substances is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 20 years or a fine not exceeding \$20,000 or both:
- 6 (1) phencyclidine;
- 7 (2) 1–(1–phenylcyclohexyl) piperidine;
- 8 (3) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine;
- 9 (4) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile;
- 10 (5) N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine;
- 11 (6) 1–(1–phenylcyclohexyl)–pyrrolidine;
- 12 (7) 1–(1–(2–thienyl)–cyclohexyl)–piperidine;
- 13 (8) lysergic acid diethylamide; or
- 14 (9) 750 grams or more of 3, 4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA).
- 15 (b) (1) [Except as provided in] SUBJECT TO § 5–609.1 of this subtitle, a person who is convicted under subsection (a) of this section or of conspiracy to commit a crime included in subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than 10 years and is subject to a fine not exceeding \$100,000 if the person previously has been convicted once:
- 20 (i) under subsection (a) of this section or § 5–608 of this subtitle;
- 21 (ii) of conspiracy to commit a crime included in subsection (a) of this 22 section or § 5–608 of this subtitle;
- 23 (iii) of a crime under the laws of another state or the United States 24 that would be a crime included in subsection (a) of this section or § 5–608 of this subtitle if 25 committed in this State; or
- 26 (iv) of any combination of these crimes.
- 27 (2) The court may not suspend the mandatory minimum sentence to less 28 than 10 years.
- 29 (3) Except as provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the 30 person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence.

1 (c) (1) [Except as provided in] SUBJECT TO § 5–609.1 of this subtitle, a person 2 who is convicted under subsection (a) of this section or of conspiracy to commit a crime 3 included in subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less 4 than 25 years and is subject to a fine not exceeding \$100,000 if the person previously: 5 (i) has served at least one term of confinement of at least 180 days 6 in a correctional institution as a result of a conviction under subsection (a) of this section, 7 § 5–608 of this subtitle, or § 5–614 of this subtitle; and 8 if the convictions do not arise from a single incident, has been (ii) 9 convicted twice: 10 1. under subsection (a) of this section or § 5-608 of this subtitle; 11 12 2. of conspiracy to commit a crime included in subsection (a) 13 of this section or § 5–608 of this subtitle; 14 3. of a crime under the laws of another state or the United States that would be a crime included in subsection (a) of this section or § 5-608 of this 15 subtitle if committed in this State; or 16 17 4. of any combination of these crimes. 18 (2)The court may not suspend any part of the mandatory minimum 19 sentence of 25 years. 20 Except as provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence. 2122 A separate occasion is one in which the second or succeeding crime is 23 committed after there has been a charging document filed for the preceding crime. 24(d) Except as provided in SUBJECT TO § 5-609.1 of this subtitle, a person 25 who is convicted under subsection (a) of this section or of conspiracy to commit a crime 26 included in subsection (a) of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less 27than 40 years and is subject to a fine not exceeding \$100,000 if the person previously has 28 served three separate terms of confinement as a result of three separate convictions: 29 (i) under subsection (a) of this section or § 5–608 of this subtitle; 30 (ii) of conspiracy to commit a crime included in subsection (a) of this

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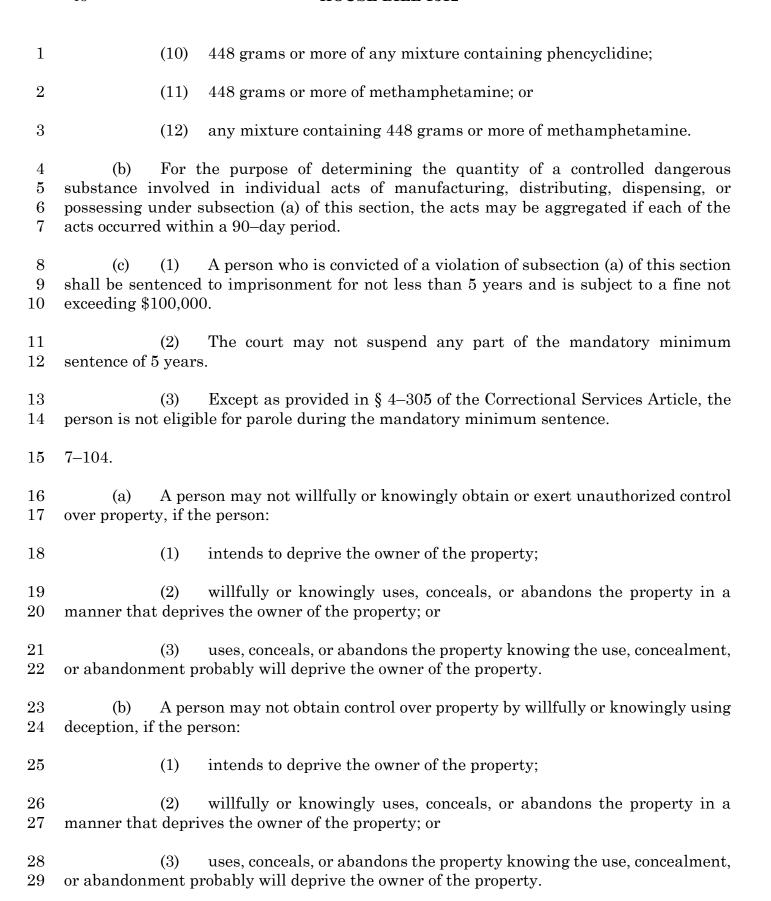
section or § 5–608 of this subtitle;

- 1 (iii) of a crime under the laws of another state or the United States 2 that would be a crime included in subsection (a) of this section or § 5–608 of this subtitle if 3 committed in this State; or
- 4 (iv) of any combination of these crimes.
- 5 (2) The court may not suspend any part of the mandatory minimum 6 sentence of 40 years.
- 7 (3) Except as provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the 8 person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence.
- 9 (e) A person convicted under subsection (a) of this section or of conspiracy to commit a crime included in subsection (a) of this section is not prohibited from participating in a drug treatment program under § 8–507 of the Health General Article because of the length of the sentence.
- 13 5-609.1.
- (A) A court may [depart from] IMPOSE a mandatory minimum sentence prescribed in § 5–607, § 5–608, or § 5–609 of this subtitle [if the court finds and states on the record] ONLY IF THE STATE SHOWS that, giving due regard to the nature of the crime, the history and character of the defendant, and the defendant's chances of successful rehabilitation:
- 19 (1) imposition of the mandatory minimum sentence would **NOT** result in 20 substantial injustice to the defendant; and
- 21 (2) the mandatory minimum sentence is [not] necessary for the protection 22 of the public.
- 23 (B) A COURT SHALL STATE ON THE RECORD THE REASONS FOR DEPARTING 24 FROM A MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.
- 25(C) **(1)** NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW AND SUBJECT 26 TO PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A PERSON WHO IS SERVING A TERM OF 27 CONFINEMENT THAT INCLUDES A MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE IMPOSED ON OR 28 BEFORE SEPTEMBER 30, 2016, FOR A VIOLATION OF §§ 5–602 THROUGH 5–606 OF 29 THIS SUBTITLE MAY APPLY TO THE COURT TO MODIFY OR REDUCE THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE AS PROVIDED IN MARYLAND RULE 4-345, REGARDLESS OF 30 WHETHER THE DEFENDANT FILED A TIMELY MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION OR A 31
- 32 MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION WAS DENIED BY THE COURT.

1 THE COURT MAY MODIFY THE SENTENCE AND DEPART FROM THE **(2)** 2 MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS 3 SECTION. **(3)** 4 (I)EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, AN APPLICATION FOR A HEARING UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS 5 SUBSECTION SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE COURT OR REVIEW PANEL ON OR 6 BEFORE SEPTEMBER 30, 2017. 7 8 (II) THE COURT MAY CONSIDER AN APPLICATION AFTER 9 SEPTEMBER 30, 2017, ONLY FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN. 10 (III) THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE'S ATTORNEY OF A REQUEST FOR A HEARING. 11 12 (IV) A PERSON MAY NOT FILE MORE THAN ONE APPLICATION FOR A HEARING UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION FOR A MANDATORY 13 MINIMUM SENTENCE FOR A VIOLATION OF §§ 5-602 THROUGH 5-606 OF THIS 14 15 SUBTITLE. 16 5-612.A person may not manufacture, distribute, dispense, or possess: 17 (a) 18 (1) 50 pounds or more of marijuana; 19 448 grams or more of cocaine; (2) 20 448 grams or more of any mixture containing a detectable amount of (3) 21cocaine: 22[50] 448 grams or more of cocaine base, commonly known as "crack"; (4) 2328 grams or more of morphine or opium or any derivative, salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of morphine or opium; 2425any mixture containing 28 grams or more of morphine or opium or any derivative, salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of morphine or opium; 2627 (7)1,000 dosage units or more of lysergic acid diethylamide; 28 any mixture containing the equivalent of 1,000 dosage units of lysergic (8)29 acid diethylamide;

16 ounces or more of phencyclidine in liquid form;

(9)



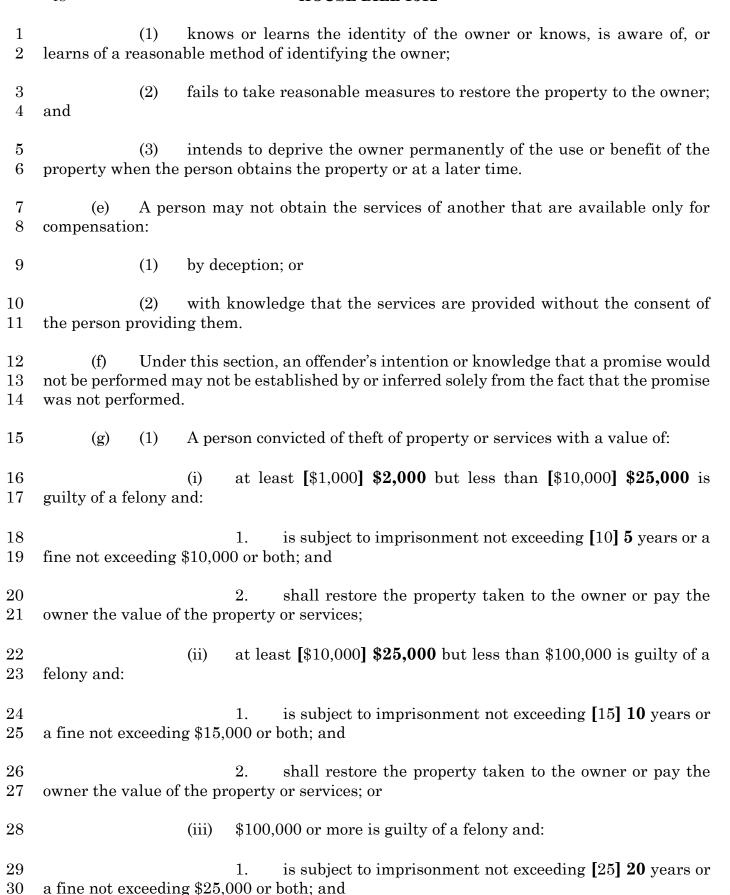
1 (c) A person may not possess stolen personal property knowing that it has (1) 2 been stolen, or believing that it probably has been stolen, if the person: 3 (i) intends to deprive the owner of the property; 4 willfully or knowingly uses, conceals, or abandons the property (ii) in a manner that deprives the owner of the property; or 5 6 (iii) uses, conceals, or abandons the property knowing that the use, 7 concealment, or abandonment probably will deprive the owner of the property. In the case of a person in the business of buying or selling goods, the 8 (2)9 knowledge required under this subsection may be inferred if: 10 (i) the person possesses or exerts control over property stolen from 11 more than one person on separate occasions; 12 during the year preceding the criminal possession charged, the (ii) 13 person has acquired stolen property in a separate transaction; or 14 being in the business of buying or selling property of the sort (iii) 15 possessed, the person acquired it for a consideration that the person knew was far below a reasonable value. 16 17 In a prosecution for theft by possession of stolen property under this (3)18 subsection, it is not a defense that: 19 the person who stole the property has not been convicted, (i) 20apprehended, or identified; 21(ii) the defendant stole or participated in the stealing of the property; 22 the property was provided by law enforcement as part of an (iii) 23investigation, if the property was described to the defendant as being obtained through the commission of theft; or 2425(iv) the stealing of the property did not occur in the State. 26 Unless the person who criminally possesses stolen property **(4)** 27 participated in the stealing, the person who criminally possesses stolen property and a 28person who has stolen the property are not accomplices in theft for the purpose of any rule 29 of evidence requiring corroboration of the testimony of an accomplice. 30 (d) A person may not obtain control over property knowing that the property was

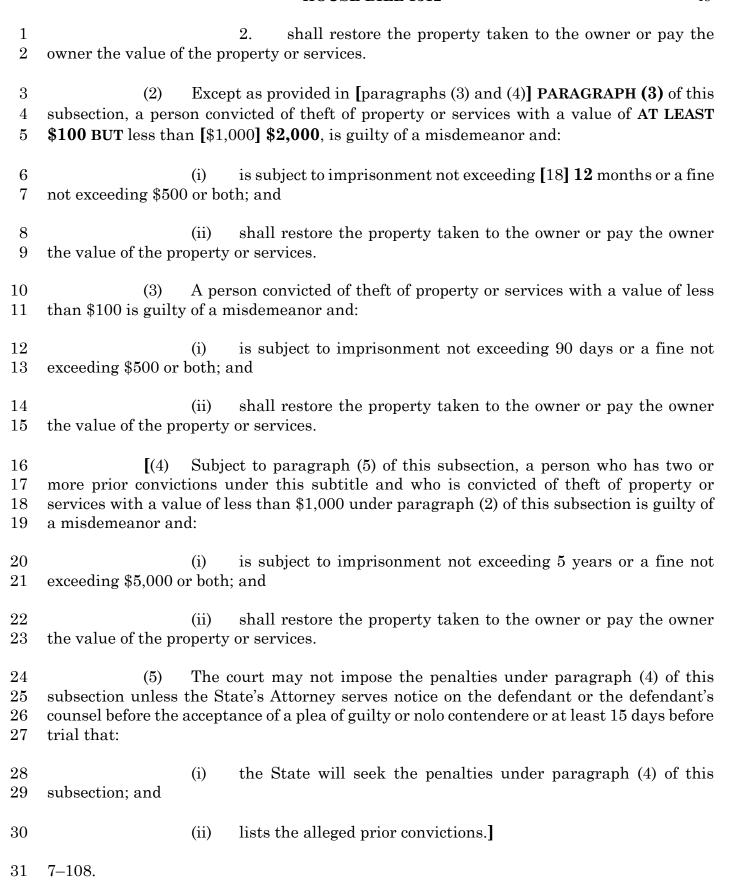
lost, mislaid, or was delivered under a mistake as to the identity of the recipient or nature

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or amount of the property, if the person:





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1 (a) An indictment, information, warrant, or other charging document for theft 2 under this part, other than for taking a motor vehicle under § 7–105 of this part, is sufficient 3 if it substantially states:

"(name of defendant) on (date) in (county) stole (property or services stolen) of (name of victim), having a value of (less than [\$1,000, at least \$1,000 but less than \$10,000, at least \$10,000] **\$2,000**, AT LEAST **\$2,000** BUT LESS THAN **\$25,000**, AT LEAST **\$25,000** but less than \$100,000, or \$100,000 or more) in violation of § 7–104 of the Criminal Law Article, against the peace, government, and dignity of the State."

- 9 (b) An indictment, information, warrant, or other charging document for theft 10 under this part for taking a motor vehicle under § 7–105 of this part is sufficient if it 11 substantially states:
- "(name of defendant) on (date) in (county) knowingly and willfully took a motor vehicle out of (name of victim)'s lawful custody, control, or use, without the consent of (name of victim), in violation of § 7–105 of the Criminal Law Article, against the peace, government, and dignity of the State."
- 16 (c) In a case in the circuit court in which the general form of indictment or information is used to charge a defendant with a crime under this part, the defendant, on timely demand, is entitled to a bill of particulars.
- 19 (d) Unless specifically charged by the State, theft of property or services with a 20 value of less than \$100 as provided under § 7–104(g)(3) of this subtitle may not be 21 considered a lesser included crime of any other crime.
- 22 8–106.
- (a) (1) A person who obtains property or services with a value of at least [\$1,000] **\$2,000** but less than [\$10,000] **\$25,000** by issuing or passing a check in violation of § 8–103 of this subtitle is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [10] **5** years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both.
- 27 (2) A person who obtains property or services with a value of at least [\$10,000] **\$25,000** but less than \$100,000 by issuing or passing a check in violation of \$ 8–103 of this subtitle is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [15] **10** years or a fine not exceeding \$15,000 or both.
- 31 (3) A person who obtains property or services with a value of \$100,000 or more by issuing or passing a check in violation of § 8–103 of this subtitle is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [25] **20** years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.

- 1 (b) A person who obtains property or services by issuing or passing more than one 2 check in violation of § 8–103 of this subtitle is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject 3 to imprisonment not exceeding [10] 5 years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both if:
 - (1) each check that is issued is for [less than \$1,000] AT LEAST \$2,000 BUT LESS THAN \$25,000 and is issued to the same person within a 30-day period; and
- 6 (2) the cumulative value of the property or services is [\$1,000 or more] AT 7 LEAST \$2,000 BUT LESS THAN \$25,000.
- 8 (c) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (d) of this section, a person who obtains property or services with a value of **AT LEAST \$100 BUT** less than **[\$1,000] \$2,000** 10 by issuing or passing a check in violation of § 8–103 of this subtitle is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding **[18] 12** months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 13 (d) (1) A person who obtains property or services with a value of less than \$100 14 by issuing or passing a check in violation of § 8–103 of this subtitle is guilty of a 15 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 90 days or a fine 16 not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 17 (2) It is not a defense to the crime of obtaining property or services with a value of less than \$100 by issuing or passing a check in violation of § 8–103 of this subtitle that the value of the property or services at issue is \$100 or more.
- 20 8–206.

- 21 (a) A person may not for the purpose of obtaining money, goods, services, or 22 anything of value, and with the intent to defraud another, use:
- 23 (1) a credit card obtained or retained in violation of § 8–204 or § 8–205 of 24 this subtitle; or
- 25 (2) a credit card that the person knows is counterfeit.
- 26 (b) A person may not, with the intent to defraud another, obtain money, goods, services, or anything of value by representing:
- 28 (1) without the consent of the cardholder, that the person is the holder of a specified credit card; or
- 30 (2) that the person is the holder of a credit card when the credit card had 31 not been issued.
- 32 (c) (1) (i) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section is at least [\$1,000] **\$2,000** but less than [\$10,000]

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- \$25,000, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject
 to imprisonment not exceeding [10] 5 years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both.
 - (ii) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section is at least [\$10,000] **\$25,000** but less than \$100,000, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [15] **10** years or a fine not exceeding \$15,000 or both.
- 7 (iii) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of 8 value obtained in violation of this section is \$100,000 or more, a person who violates this 9 section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [25] 20 years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
- 12 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, if the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section is AT LEAST \$100 BUT less than [\$1,000] \$2,000, a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [18] 12 months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 16 (3) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value 17 obtained in violation of this section [does not exceed] IS LESS THAN \$100, a person who 18 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment 19 not exceeding 90 days or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 20 8–207.
- 21 (a) If a person is authorized by an issuer to furnish money, goods, services, or 22 anything of value on presentation of a credit card by the cardholder, the person or an agent 23 or employee of the person may not, with the intent to defraud the issuer or cardholder:
- 24 (1) furnish money, goods, services, or anything of value on presentation of:
- 25 (i) a credit card obtained or retained in violation of \S 8–204 or \S 8–205 of this subtitle; or
- 27 (ii) a credit card that the person knows is counterfeit; or
- 28 (2) fail to furnish money, goods, services, or anything of value that the 29 person represents in writing to the issuer that the person has furnished.
- 30 (b) (1) (i) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value furnished or not furnished in violation of this section is at least [\$1,000] **\$2,000** but less than [\$10,000] **\$25,000**, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [10] **5** years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both.

- 1 (ii) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value furnished or not furnished in violation of this section is at least [\$10,000] **\$25,000** 3 but less than \$100,000, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [15] **10** years or a fine not exceeding \$15,000 or both.
 - (iii) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value furnished or not furnished in violation of this section is \$100,000 or more, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [25] **20** years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
 - (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, if the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value furnished or not furnished in violation of this section is AT LEAST \$100 BUT less than [\$1,000] \$2,000, a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [18] 12 months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 15 (3) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value 16 furnished or not furnished in violation of this section [does not exceed] IS LESS THAN \$100, 17 a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject 18 to imprisonment not exceeding 90 days or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 19 8–209.

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- 20 (a) A person may not receive money, goods, services, or anything of value if the 21 person knows or believes that the money, goods, services, or other thing of value was 22 obtained in violation of § 8–206 of this subtitle.
 - (b) (1) (i) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section is at least [\$1,000] **\$2,000** but less than [\$10,000] **\$25,000**, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [10] **5** years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both.
- (ii) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section is at least [\$10,000] **\$25,000** but less than \$100,000, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [15] **10** years or a fine not exceeding \$15,000 or both.
 - (iii) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section is \$100,000 or more, a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [25] **20** years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
- Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, if the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section is AT LEAST \$100 BUT less than [\$1,000] \$2,000, a person who violates this section is guilty

$\frac{1}{2}$	of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [18] 12 months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.							
3 4 5 6	(3) If the value of all money, goods, services, and other things of value obtained in violation of this section [does not exceed] IS LESS THAN \$100, a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 90 days or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.							
7	8–301.							
8	(a) (1)	In th	is secti	on the following words have the meanings indicated.				
9 10	(2) "Health care" means care, services, or supplies related to the health of an individual that includes the following:							
11 12	maintenance care	(i) , pallia	-	entative, diagnostic, therapeutic, rehabilitative, re and counseling, service assessment, or procedure:				
13 14	1 1 0							
15			2.	that affects the structure or function of the body; and				
16 17	in accordance with	(ii) n a pre		ale or dispensing of a drug, device, equipment, or other item on.				
18 19	` '							
20		(i)	is cre	ated or received by:				
21			1.	a health care provider;				
22			2.	a health care carrier;				
23			3.	a public health authority;				
24			4.	an employer;				
25			5.	a life insurer;				
26			6.	a school or university; or				
27			7.	a health care clearinghouse; and				
28		(ii)	relate	es to the:				

- 1 past, present, or future physical or mental health or condition of an individual;
- 3 2. provision of health care to an individual; or

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- 4 3. past, present, or future payment for the provision of health 5 care to an individual.
 - (4) "Interactive computer service" means an information service, system, or access software provider that provides or enables computer access by multiple users to a computer server, including a system that provides access to the Internet and cellular phones.
- 10 (5) "Payment device number" has the meaning stated in § 8–213 of this 11 title.
- 12 (6)(i) "Personal identifying information" includes a name, address, 13 telephone number, driver's license number, Social Security number, place of employment, employee identification number, health insurance identification number, medical 14 identification number, mother's maiden name, bank or other financial institution account 15 number, date of birth, personal identification number, unique biometric data, including 16 17 fingerprint, voice print, retina or iris image or other unique physical representation, digital signature, credit card number, or other payment device number. 18
- 19 (ii) "Personal identifying information" may be derived from any 20 element in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, alone or in conjunction with any other 21 information to identify a specific natural or fictitious individual.
 - (7) "Re-encoder" means an electronic device that places encoded personal identifying information or a payment device number from the magnetic strip or stripe of a credit card onto the magnetic strip or stripe of a different credit card or any electronic medium that allows such a transaction to occur.
 - (8) "Skimming device" means a scanner, skimmer, reader, or any other electronic device that is used to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or store, temporarily or permanently, personal identifying information or a payment device number encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a credit card.
- 30 (b) A person may not knowingly, willfully, and with fraudulent intent possess, 31 obtain, or help another to possess or obtain any personal identifying information of an 32 individual, without the consent of the individual, in order to use, sell, or transfer the 33 information to get a benefit, credit, good, service, or other thing of value or to access health 34 information or health care.
 - (b-1) A person may not maliciously use an interactive computer service to disclose or assist another person to disclose the driver's license number, bank or other financial institution account number, credit card number, payment device number, Social Security

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- number, or employee identification number of an individual, without the consent of the individual, in order to annoy, threaten, embarrass, or harass the individual.
- 3 (c) A person may not knowingly and willfully assume the identity of another, 4 including a fictitious person:
- 5 (1) to avoid identification, apprehension, or prosecution for a crime; or
- 6 (2) with fraudulent intent to:
- 7 (i) get a benefit, credit, good, service, or other thing of value;
- 8 (ii) access health information or health care; or
- 9 (iii) avoid the payment of debt or other legal obligation.
- 10 (d) A person may not knowingly, willfully, and with fraudulent intent to obtain a 11 benefit, credit, good, service, or other thing of value or to access health information or health 12 care, use:
 - (1) a re—encoder to place information encoded on the magnetic strip or stripe of a credit card onto the magnetic strip or stripe of a different credit card or use any other electronic medium that allows such a transaction to occur without the consent of the individual authorized to use the credit card from which the personal identifying information or payment device number is being re—encoded; or
- 18 (2) a skimming device to access, read, scan, obtain, memorize, or store 19 personal identifying information or a payment device number on the magnetic strip or 20 stripe of a credit card without the consent of the individual authorized to use the credit 21 card.
 - (e) A person may not knowingly, willfully, and with fraudulent intent possess, obtain, or help another possess or obtain a re–encoder device or a skimming device for the unauthorized use, sale, or transfer of personal identifying information or a payment device number.
 - (f) A person may not knowingly and willfully claim to represent another person without the knowledge and consent of that person, with the intent to solicit, request, or take any other action to otherwise induce another person to provide personal identifying information or a payment device number.
- 30 (g) (1) (i) A person who violates this section where the benefit, credit, good, service, health information or health care, or other thing of value that is the subject of subsection (b), (c), or (d) of this section has a value of at least [\$1,000] \$2,000 but less than [\$10,000] \$25,000 is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [10] 5 years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both.

- 1 (ii) A person who violates this section where the benefit, credit, good, service, or other thing of value that is the subject of subsection (b), (c), or (d) of this section 3 has a value of at least [\$10,000] **\$25,000** but less than \$100,000 is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [15] **10** years or a fine not exceeding \$15,000 or both.
- 6 (iii) A person who violates this section where the benefit, credit, good, service, or other thing of value that is the subject of subsection (b), (c), or (d) of this section has a value of \$100,000 or more is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [25] **20** years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
- 10 (2) A person who violates this section where the benefit, credit, good, service, health information or health care, or other thing of value that is the subject of subsection (b), (c), or (d) of this section has a value of **AT LEAST \$100 BUT** less than [\$1,000] **\$2,000** is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [18] **12** months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 15 (3) A person who violates this section under circumstances that reasonably 16 indicate that the person's intent was to manufacture, distribute, or dispense another 17 individual's personal identifying information without that individual's consent is guilty of 18 a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [15] 10 years or a fine 19 not exceeding \$25,000 or both.
- 20 (4) A person who violates subsection (b-1), (c)(1), (e), or (f) of this section is 21 guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [18] 22 12 months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both.
- 23 (5) When the violation of this section is pursuant to one scheme or continuing course of conduct, whether from the same or several sources, the conduct may be considered as one violation and the value of the benefit, credit, good, service, or other thing of value may be aggregated in determining whether the violation is a felony or misdemeanor.
- 28 8–516.
- 29 (a) If a violation of this part results in the death of an individual, a person who 30 violates a provision of this part is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to 31 imprisonment not exceeding life or a fine not exceeding \$200,000 or both.
- 32 (b) If a violation of this part results in serious injury to an individual, a person 33 who violates a provision of this part is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to 34 imprisonment not exceeding 20 years or a fine not exceeding \$100,000 or both.
- 35 (c) If the value of the money, health care services, or other goods or services involved is [\$1,000] **\$2,000** or more in the aggregate, a person who violates a provision of

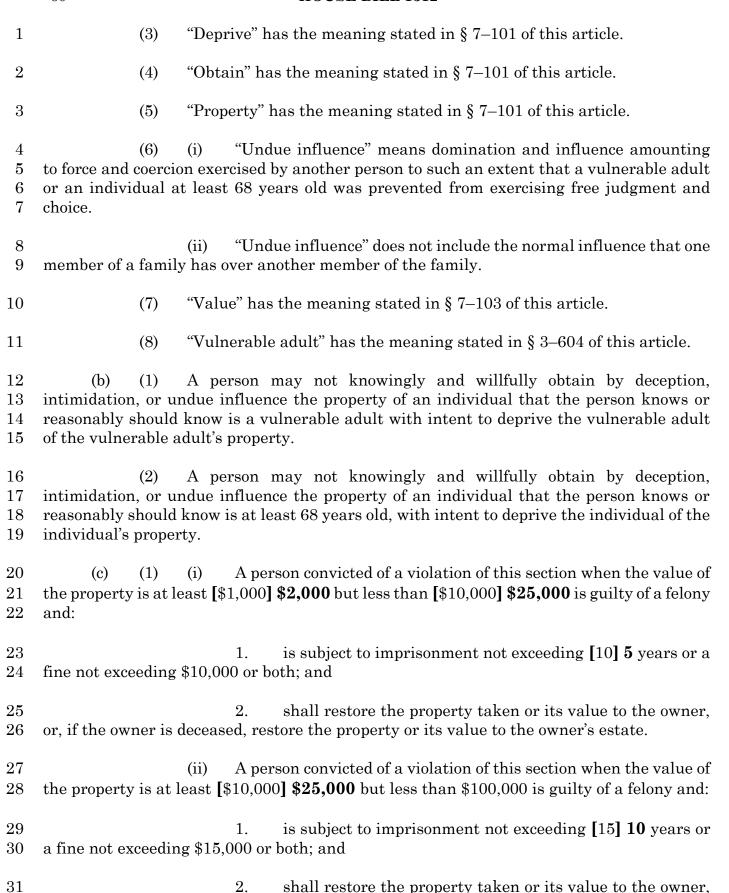
- this part is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a fine not exceeding \$100,000 or both.
- 3 (d) A person who violates any other provision of this part is guilty of a 4 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 3 years or a fine 5 not exceeding \$50,000 or both.
- 6 (e) (1) In this subsection, "business entity" includes an association, firm, 7 institution, partnership, and corporation.
- 8 (2) A business entity that violates a provision of this part is subject to a 9 fine not exceeding:
- 10 (i) \$250,000 for each felony; and
- 11 (ii) \$100,000 for each misdemeanor.
- 12 8–611.
- 13 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 14 (2) "Counterfeit mark" means:
- (i) an unauthorized copy of intellectual property; or
- 16 (ii) intellectual property affixed to goods knowingly sold, offered for sale, manufactured, or distributed, to identify services offered or rendered, without the authority of the owner of the intellectual property.
- 19 (3) "Intellectual property" means a trademark, service mark, trade name, 20 label, term, device, design, or word adopted or used by a person to identify the goods or 21 services of the person.
- 22 (4) "Retail value" means:
- 23 (i) a trademark counterfeiter's selling price for the goods or services 24 that bear or are identified by the counterfeit mark; or
- 25 (ii) a trademark counterfeiter's selling price of the finished product, 26 if the goods that bear a counterfeit mark are components of the finished product.
- 27 (5) "Trademark counterfeiter" means a person who commits the crime of trademark counterfeiting prohibited by this section.
- 29 (b) A person may not willfully manufacture, produce, display, advertise, 30 distribute, offer for sale, sell, or possess with the intent to sell or distribute goods or services 31 that the person knows are bearing or are identified by a counterfeit mark.

If the aggregate retail value of the goods or services is [\$1,000] \$2,000 or 1 (c) 2 more, a person who violates this section is guilty of the felony of trademark counterfeiting 3 and on conviction: is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [15] 10 years or a fine not 4 (1)5 exceeding \$10,000 or both; and 6 (2) shall transfer all of the goods to the owner of the intellectual property. 7 If the aggregate retail value of the goods or services is less than [\$1,000] 8 \$2,000, a person who violates this section is guilty of the misdemeanor of trademark 9 counterfeiting and on conviction: 10 (1) is subject to [: 11 for a first violation, imprisonment not exceeding [18] 12 months 12 or a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or both [; or 13 (ii) for each subsequent violation, imprisonment not exceeding 18 14 months or a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both]; and 15 (2) shall transfer all of the goods to the owner of the intellectual property. 16 An action or prosecution for trademark counterfeiting in which the aggregate 17 retail value of the goods or services is less than [\$1,000] \$2,000 shall be commenced within 18 2 years after the commission of the crime. 19 Any goods bearing a counterfeit mark are subject to seizure by a law 20 enforcement officer to preserve the goods for transfer to the owner of the intellectual 21property either: 22 (1) under an agreement with the person alleged to have committed the 23 crime; or 24(2)after a conviction under this section. 25 State or federal registration of intellectual property is prima facie evidence (g) 26that the intellectual property is a trademark or trade name. 27 8-801. 28 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

"Deception" has the meaning stated in § 7–101 of this article.

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(2)



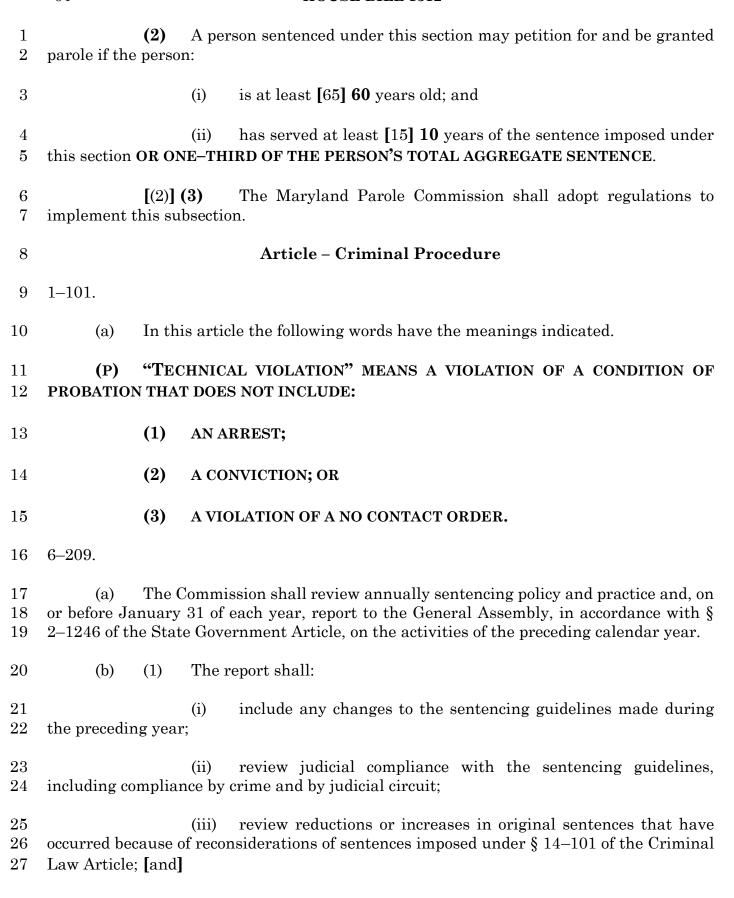
or, if the owner is deceased, restore the property or its value to the owner's estate.

1 (iii) A person convicted of a violation of this section when the value of 2 the property is \$100,000 or more is guilty of a felony and: 3 is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [25] 20 years or a fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both; and 4 5 shall restore the property taken or its value to the owner, 6 or, if the owner is deceased, restore the property or its value to the owner's estate. 7 A person convicted of a violation of this section when the value of the 8 property is less than [\$1,000] **\$2,000** is guilty of a misdemeanor and: 9 is subject to imprisonment not exceeding [18] 12 months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both; and 10 11 shall restore the property taken or its value to the owner, or, if (ii) 12 the owner is deceased, restore the property or its value to the owner's estate. 13 14-101. In this section, "crime of violence" means: 14 (a) 15 (1) abduction; 16 (2)arson in the first degree; 17 (3)kidnapping; 18 manslaughter, except involuntary manslaughter; **(4)** 19 (5)mayhem; 20 maining, as previously proscribed under former Article 27, §§ 385 and (6) 386 of the Code: 2122(7)murder; 23(8)rape; 24(9)robbery under § 3–402 or § 3–403 of this article; 25(10)carjacking; 26 (11)armed carjacking; 27 (12)sexual offense in the first degree;

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1	(13) sexual offense in the second degree;					
2 3	(14) use of a handgun in the commission of a felony or other crime o violence;					
4	(15) child abuse in the first degree under § 3–601 of this article;					
5	(16) sexual abuse of a minor under § 3–602 of this article if:					
6 7	•					
8	(ii) the offense involved:					
9	1. vaginal intercourse, as defined in § 3–301 of this article;					
10	2. a sexual act, as defined in § 3–301 of this article;					
11 12	3. an act in which a part of the offender's body penetrates however slightly, into the victim's genital opening or anus; or					
13 14 15	4. the intentional touching, not through the clothing, of the victim's or the offender's genital, anal, or other intimate area for sexual arousal gratification, or abuse;					
16 17	(17) an attempt to commit any of the crimes described in items (1) through (16) of this subsection;					
18	(18) continuing course of conduct with a child under § 3–315 of this article;					
19	(19) assault in the first degree;					
20	(20) assault with intent to murder;					
21	(21) assault with intent to rape;					
22	(22) assault with intent to rob;					
23	(23) assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the first degree; and					
24	(24) assault with intent to commit a sexual offense in the second degree.					
25 26 27 28	(b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on conviction for a fourth time of a crime of violence, a person who has served three separate terms of confinement in a correctional facility as a result of three separate convictions of any crime of violence shall be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.					

- 1 (2)Notwithstanding any other law, the provisions of this subsection are 2 mandatory. 3 (c) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, on conviction for a third time of a crime of violence, a person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for the term 4 5 allowed by law but not less than 25 years, if the person: 6 has been convicted of a crime of violence on two prior separate (i) 7 occasions: 8 1. in which the second or succeeding crime is committed after there has been a charging document filed for the preceding occasion; and 9 10 2. for which the convictions do not arise from a single incident; and 11 12 has served at least one term of confinement in a correctional (ii) 13 facility as a result of a conviction of a crime of violence. 14 (2) The court may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 25-year sentence required under this subsection. 15 16 A person sentenced under this subsection is not eligible for parole 17 except in accordance with the provisions of § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article. 18 On conviction for a second time of a crime of violence committed on or 19 after October 1, 1994, a person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for the term allowed by law, but not less than 10 years, if the person: 2021 (i) has been convicted on a prior occasion of a crime of violence, 22including a conviction for a crime committed before October 1, 1994; and 23(ii) served a term of confinement in a correctional facility for that conviction. 2425(2) The court may not suspend all or part of the mandatory 10-year 26 sentence required under this subsection. 27 If the State intends to proceed against a person as a subsequent offender 28 under this section, it shall comply with the procedures set forth in the Maryland Rules for 29 the indictment and trial of a subsequent offender.
- 30 (f) (1) THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO A PERSON REGISTERED OR 31 ELIGIBLE FOR REGISTRATION UNDER TITLE 11, SUBTITLE 7 OF THE CRIMINAL 32 PROCEDURE ARTICLE.



1 categorize information on the number of reconsiderations of 2 sentences by crimes as listed in § 14–101(a) of the Criminal Law Article and by judicial 3 circuit; AND 4 (V) REVIEW JUDICIAL COMPLIANCE WITH THE GUIDELINES FOR 5 SUSPENDED SENTENCES ESTABLISHED UNDER PARAGRAPH (3) OF **THIS** 6 SUBSECTION. 7 (2)The Commission shall consider a sentence to a corrections options 8 program to be within the sentencing guidelines if the sentence falls within a corrections 9 options zone shown on the matrix. 10 **(3)** THE COMMISSION SHALL INCLUDE A SUSPENDED PORTION OF A 11 SENTENCE IN THE DETERMINATION OF WHETHER A SENTENCE IS COMPLIANT WITH 12 THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES. 6-223.13 14 A circuit court or the District Court may end the period of probation at any (a) 15 time. On receipt of written charges, filed under oath, that a probationer or 16 17 defendant violated a condition of probation during the period of probation, the District Court may, during the period of probation or within 30 days after the violation, whichever 18 is later, issue a warrant or notice requiring the probationer or defendant to be brought or 19 appear before the judge issuing the warrant or notice: 20 21(1) to answer the charge of violation of a condition of probation or of 22suspension of sentence; and 23 (2)to be present for the setting of a timely hearing date for that charge. 24Pending the hearing or determination of the charge, a circuit court or the 25 District Court may remand the probationer or defendant to a correctional facility or release 26 the probationer or defendant with or without bail. 27 If, at the hearing, a circuit court or the District Court finds that the 28probationer or defendant has violated a condition of probation, the court may: 29 revoke the probation granted or the suspension of sentence; and (1) 30 (2)**(I)** FOR A TECHNICAL VIOLATION, IMPOSE A PERIOD OF 31 **INCARCERATION OF:**

NOT MORE THAN 15 DAYS FOR A FIRST TECHNICAL

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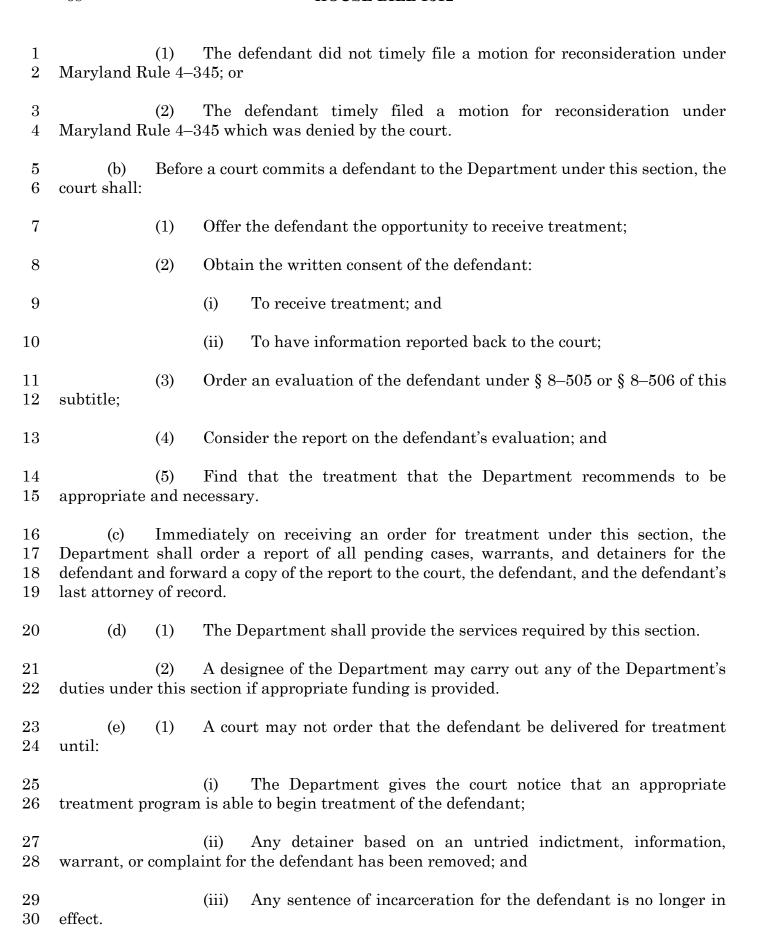
VIOLATION;

OF INCARCERATION OF:

$\frac{1}{2}$	2. NOT MORE THAN 30 DAYS FOR A SECOND TECHNICAL VIOLATION; AND							
3 4	3. NOT MORE THAN 45 DAYS FOR A THIRD TECHNICAL VIOLATION; AND							
5 6 7 8	(II) FOR A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT TECHNICAL VIOLATION OR A VIOLATION THAT IS NOT A TECHNICAL VIOLATION, impose any sentence that might have originally been imposed for the crime of which the probationer or defendant was convicted or pleaded nolo contendere.							
9	6–224.							
10 11	(a) This section applies to a defendant who is convicted of a crime for which the court:							
12	(1) does not impose a sentence;							
13	(2) suspends the sentence generally;							
14	(3) places the defendant on probation for a definite time; or							
15	(4) passes another order and imposes other conditions of probation.							
16 17 18	(b) If a defendant is brought before a circuit court to be sentenced on the original charge or for violating a condition of probation, and the judge then presiding finds that the defendant violated a condition of probation, the judge:							
19 20	(1) SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION, may sentence the defendant to:							
21 22	(i) all or any part of the period of imprisonment imposed in the original sentence; or							
23 24	(ii) any sentence allowed by law, if a sentence was not imposed before; and							
25 26 27	(2) may suspend all or part of a sentence and place the defendant of further probation on any conditions that the judge considers proper, and that do not exceed the maximum set under \S 6–222 of this subtitle.							
28 29	(c) IF THE JUDGE FINDS THAT THE DEFENDANT VIOLATED A CONDITION OF PROBATION THAT IS A TECHNICAL VIOLATION, THE JUDGE MAY IMPOSE A PERIOR							

1	(1)	NOT MORE THAN 15 DAYS FOR A FIRST TECHNICAL VIOLATION;				
2	(2)	NOT MORE THAN 30 DAYS FOR A SECOND TECHNICAL VIOLATION;				
3 4	(3) AND	NOT MORE THAN 45 DAYS FOR A THIRD TECHNICAL VIOLATION;				
5 6	(4) ALL OR ANY PART OF THE PERIOD OF IMPRISONMENT IMPOSED IN THE ORIGINAL SENTENCE FOR A FOURTH OR SUBSEQUENT TECHNICAL VIOLATION.					
7 8 9	(D) (1) The District Court judge who originally imposed conditions of probation or suspension of sentence shall hear any charge of violation of the conditions of probation or suspension of sentence.					
10 11						
12 13	(3) otherwise incapa	If the judge has been removed from office, has died or resigned, or is citated, any other judge of the District Court may act in the matter.				
14	11–819.					
15	(b) The	Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund:				
16	(1)	shall be used to:				
17		(i) carry out the provisions of this subtitle; and				
18 19	11–604] § 9–61 4	(ii) distribute restitution payments forwarded to the Fund under [§ of the Correctional Services Article; and				
20	(2)	may be used for:				
21		(i) any award given under this subtitle; and				
22		(ii) the costs of carrying out this subtitle.				
23		Article – Health – General				
24	8–507.					
25 26 27 28	or during a term commit the defer	ject to the limitations in this section, a court that finds in a criminal case a of probation that a defendant has an alcohol or drug dependency may adant as a condition of release, after conviction, or at any other time the early agrees to participate in treatment, to the Department for treatment				

that the Department recommends, even if:



- 1 (2) The Department shall facilitate [the prompt] treatment of a defendant 2 WITHOUT UNNECESSARY DELAY AND IN NO EVENT LATER THAN 30 DAYS FROM THE 3 ORDER.
- 4 (3) If A DEFENDANT WHO HAS BEEN COMMITTED FOR TREATMENT
 5 UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT PLACED IN TREATMENT WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE
 6 ORDER, THE COURT MAY ORDER THE DEPARTMENT TO APPEAR TO EXPLAIN THE
 7 REASON FOR THE LACK OF PLACEMENT.
- 8 (f) For a defendant committed for treatment under this section, a court shall 9 order supervision of the defendant:
- 10 By an appropriate pretrial release agency, if the defendant is released 11 pending trial;
- 12 (2) By the Division of Parole and Probation under appropriate conditions 13 in accordance with §§ 6–219 through 6–225 of the Criminal Procedure Article and Maryland 14 Rule 4–345, if the defendant is released on probation; or
- 15 (3) By the Department, if the defendant remains in the custody of a local 16 correctional facility.
- 17 (g) A court may order law enforcement officials, detention center staff, 18 Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services staff, or sheriff's department staff 19 within the appropriate local jurisdiction to transport a defendant to and from treatment 20 under this section.
- 21 (h) The Department shall promptly report to a court a defendant's withdrawal of 22 consent to treatment and have the defendant returned to the court within 7 days for further 23 proceedings.
- 24 (i) A defendant who is committed for treatment under this section may question 25 at any time the legality of the commitment by a petition for a writ of habeas corpus.
- 26 (j) (1) A commitment under this section shall be for at least 72 hours and not 27 more than 1 year.
- 28 (2) On good cause shown by the Department, the court, or the State, the 29 court may extend the time period for providing the necessary treatment services in 30 increments of 6 months.
- 31 (3) Except during the first 72 hours after admission of a defendant to a 32 treatment program, the Department may terminate the treatment if the Department 33 determines that:

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$\frac{1}{2}$	(i) Continued treatment is not in the best interest of the defendan or	ıt;						
3	(ii) The defendant is no longer amenable to treatment.							
4 5	(k) When a defendant is to be released from treatment under this section, the Department shall notify the court that ordered the treatment.	ıe						
6 7 8	responsibility of the Department is limited to the notification of the court that ordered the							
9 10	` '							
11	(m) Nothing in this section imposes any obligation on the Department:							
12 13	(1) To treat any defendant who knowingly and willfully declines to consert to further treatment; or	пt						
14 15 16	(2) In reporting to the court under this section, to include an assessment of a defendant's dangerousness to one's self, to another individual, or to the property of another individual by virtue of a drug or alcohol problem.							
17 18 19	evaluation or inpatient or residential treatment shall be credited against any sentence							
20 21	(o) This section may not be construed to limit a court's authority to order drug treatment in lieu of incarceration under Title 5 of the Criminal Law Article.							
22	Article - State Finance and Procurement							
23	6–226.							
24 25 26 27 28 29	inconsistent with a federal law, grant agreement, or other federal requirement or with the terms of a gift or settlement agreement, net interest on all State money allocated by the State Treasurer under this section to special funds or accounts, and otherwise entitled to receive interest earnings, as accounted for by the Comptroller, shall accrue to the General							
30 31	(ii) The provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph do not appl to the following funds:	ly						
32	84. the Economic Development Marketing Fund; [and]							

- 1 the Military Personnel and Veteran-Owned Small Business No-Interest Loan Fund; AND 2 3 86. THE PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE COUNTY GRANT 4 FUND. 5 Article - State Government 6 SUBTITLE 32. JUSTICE REINVESTMENT OVERSIGHT BOARD. 9-3201. 7 8 IN THIS SUBTITLE THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 9 INDICATED. "BOARD" MEANS THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT OVERSIGHT BOARD. 10 (B) "EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR" MEANS THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE 11 (C) GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION. 12 13 (D) "FUND" MEANS THE PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE COUNTY GRANT FUND ESTABLISHED IN § 9-3209 OF THIS SUBTITLE. 14 15 9-3202. THERE IS A JUSTICE REINVESTMENT OVERSIGHT BOARD IN THE 16 GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION. 17 9-3203. 18 THE BOARD CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS: 19 (A) 20 ONE MEMBER OF THE SENATE OF MARYLAND, APPOINTED BY THE **(1)** PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE; 21 22**(2)** ONE MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES, APPOINTED BY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE; 23
- 26 (4) THE SECRETARY OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES, OR THE SECRETARY'S DESIGNEE;

25

(3)

DESIGNEE;

THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S

- 1 (5) THE CHAIR OF THE MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION, OR THE 2 CHAIR'S DESIGNEE;
 3 (6) THE SECRETARY OF STATE POLICE, OR THE SECRETARY'S DESIGNEE;
- 5 (7) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, OR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S 6 DESIGNEE;
- 7 (8) THE PUBLIC DEFENDER, OR THE PUBLIC DEFENDER'S 8 DESIGNEE:
- 9 (9) THE SECRETARY OF BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT, OR THE 10 SECRETARY'S DESIGNEE;
- 11 (10) THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HYGIENE, OR THE 12 SECRETARY'S DESIGNEE;
- 13 (11) THE CHAIR OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT JUSTICE REINVESTMENT COMMISSION, OR THE CHAIR'S DESIGNEE;
- 15 (12) ONE MEMBER APPOINTED BY THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE COURT 16 OF APPEALS;
- 17 (13) ONE MEMBER APPOINTED BY THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE DISTRICT 18 COURT OF MARYLAND; AND
- 19 (14) THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUALS, APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR 20 WITH THE ADVICE AND CONSENT OF THE SENATE:
- 21 (I) ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING VICTIMS OF CRIME;
- 22 (II) ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING THE MARYLAND STATE'S 23 ATTORNEYS' ASSOCIATION;
- 24 (III) ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING LAW ENFORCEMENT; AND
- 25 (IV) ONE MEMBER REPRESENTING THE MARYLAND 26 CORRECTIONAL ADMINISTRATORS ASSOCIATION.
- 27 (B) TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, IN MAKING APPOINTMENTS UNDER THIS 28 SECTION, THE GOVERNOR SHALL ENSURE GEOGRAPHIC DIVERSITY AMONG THE

MEMBERSHIP OF THE BOARD.

 $(C) \quad (1)$ THE TERM OF AN APPOINTED MEMBER OF THE BOARD IS 4 YEARS. 1 2 **(2)** THE TERMS OF THE APPOINTED MEMBERS OF THE BOARD ARE STAGGERED AS REQUIRED BY THE TERMS PROVIDED FOR MEMBERS OF THE BOARD 3 ON OCTOBER 1, 2016. 5 **(3)** AT THE END OF A TERM, AN APPOINTED MEMBER: **(I)** 6 IS ELIGIBLE FOR REAPPOINTMENT; AND 7 (II)CONTINUES TO SERVE UNTIL A SUCCESSOR IS APPOINTED 8 AND QUALIFIES. 9 **(4)** A MEMBER WHO IS APPOINTED OR REAPPOINTED AFTER A TERM 10 HAS BEGUN SERVES ONLY FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TERM AND UNTIL A 11 SUCCESSOR IS APPOINTED AND QUALIFIES. 9-3204. 12 13 (A) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR IS THE CHAIR OF THE BOARD. 14 (B) WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE BOARD, THE CHAIR MAY APPOINT A VICE CHAIR WHO SHALL HAVE THE DUTIES ASSIGNED BY THE CHAIR. 15 9-3205. 16 17 (A) A MAJORITY OF THE AUTHORIZED MEMBERSHIP OF THE BOARD IS A 18 QUORUM. 19 (B) THE BOARD SHALL MEET AT LEAST TWICE EACH YEAR AT THE TIMES AND PLACES DETERMINED BY THE BOARD OR THE CHAIR OF THE BOARD. 20 21(C) A MEMBER OF THE BOARD: 22**(1)** MAY NOT RECEIVE COMPENSATION FOR SERVICE ON THE BOARD; 23**BUT** 24**(2)** IS ENTITLED TO REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES UNDER THE

STANDARD STATE TRAVEL REGULATIONS, AS PROVIDED IN THE STATE BUDGET.

26 **9–3206.**

25

- THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION SHALL 1 PROVIDE STAFF FOR THE BOARD.
- 3 9–3207.
- (A) THE BOARD SHALL: 4
- 5 **(1)** MONITOR PROGRESS AND COMPLIANCE WITH
- 6 IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT
- COORDINATING COUNCIL; 7
- 8 **(2)** LOCAL CONSIDER THE RECOMMENDATIONS \mathbf{OF} THE
- 9 GOVERNMENT REINVESTMENT COMMISSION AND ANY LEGISLATION,
- REGULATIONS, RULES, BUDGETARY CHANGES, OR OTHER ACTIONS TAKEN TO 10
- 11 IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT
- 12 COORDINATING COUNCIL;
- **(3)** 13 MAKE ADDITIONAL LEGISLATIVE AND **BUDGETARY**
- 14 RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE DATA-DRIVEN, FISCALLY SOUND CRIMINAL
- JUSTICE POLICY CHANGES; 15
- 16 **(4)** COLLECT AND ANALYZE THE DATA SUBMITTED UNDER § 9–3208
- 17 OF THIS SUBTITLE REGARDING PRETRIAL DETAINEES;
- IN COLLABORATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY 18 **(5)**
- AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES, THE MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION, THE 19
- 20 ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS, AND THE MARYLAND STATE
- COMMISSION ON CRIMINAL SENTENCING POLICY, CREATE PERFORMANCE 21
- MEASURES TO TRACK AND ASSESS THE OUTCOMES OF THE LAWS RELATED TO THE 22
- RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT COORDINATING COUNCIL; 23
- 24**(6)** CREATE PERFORMANCE MEASURES TO ASSESS THE
- 25EFFECTIVENESS OF THE GRANTS ADMINISTERED UNDER § 9-3209 OF THIS
- 26SUBTITLE; AND
- 27 **(7)** CONSULT AND COORDINATE WITH:
- 28 **(I)** THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT JUSTICE REINVESTMENT
- 29 COMMISSION; AND
- 30 (II)OTHER UNITS OF THE STATE AND LOCAL JURISDICTIONS
- 31 CONCERNING JUSTICE REINVESTMENT ISSUES.

- 1 (B) THE BOARD MAY ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT WITH THE MARYLAND
- 2 DATA ANALYSIS CENTER AT THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND OR ANOTHER SIMILAR
- 3 ENTITY THAT IS QUALIFIED TO COLLECT AND INTERPRET DATA IN ORDER TO ASSIST
- 4 THE BOARD WITH ITS DUTIES.
- 5 **9–3208**.
- 6 (A) SEMIANNUALLY, EACH COUNTY, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
- 7 AND CORRECTIONAL SERVICES, THE MARYLAND PAROLE COMMISSION, THE
- 8 ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS, AND THE MARYLAND STATE
- 9 COMMISSION ON CRIMINAL SENTENCING POLICY SHALL COLLECT AND REPORT
- 10 DATA TO THE BOARD IN ORDER FOR THE BOARD TO PERFORM ITS DUTIES UNDER §
- 11 9–3207 OF THIS SUBTITLE, INCLUDING DATA RELATING TO:
- 12 (1) THE ADMISSION OF INMATES TO STATE AND LOCAL
- 13 CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES;
- 14 (2) THE LENGTH OF INMATE SENTENCES;
- 15 (3) THE LENGTH OF TIME BEING SERVED BY INMATES;
- 16 (4) RECIDIVISM;
- 17 (5) THE POPULATION OF COMMUNITY SUPERVISION; AND
- 18 **(6)** INFORMATION ABOUT THE INMATE POPULATION.
- 19 (B) ON OR BEFORE MARCH 31 EACH YEAR, EACH COUNTY, THE DIVISION OF
- 20 Pretrial Detention and Services, and the Administrative Office of the
- 21 COURTS SHALL REPORT TO THE BOARD THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR THE
- 22 PRIOR CALENDAR YEAR REGARDING INDIVIDUALS HELD IN PRETRIAL DETENTION:
- 23 (1) THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS DETAINED PRETRIAL ON THE SAME
- 24 DAY EACH YEAR;
- 25 (2) THE MEAN AND MEDIAN DAYS INDIVIDUALS WERE DETAINED IN
- 26 PRETRIAL DETENTION;
- 27 (3) THE CHARGES UNDER WHICH INDIVIDUALS WERE DETAINED IN
- 28 PRETRIAL DETENTION;
- 29 (4) THE REASONS WHY INDIVIDUALS WERE UNABLE TO SECURE
- 30 RELEASE;

26

27

$1\\2$	(5) THE NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS WHO WERE RELEASED DURING THE PRETRIAL PERIOD; AND
3	(6) THE DISPOSITION OF EACH CASE.
4	9–3209.
5	(A) THERE IS A PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE COUNTY GRANT FUND.
6 7 8	(B) (1) THE PURPOSE OF THE FUND IS TO MAKE USE OF THE SAVING FROM THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT COORDINATING COUNCIL.
9 10 11	(2) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (3) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE BOARD MAY RECOMMEND TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR THAT GRANTS BE MADE TO COUNTIES TO:
12 13	(I) ENSURE THAT THE RIGHTS OF CRIME VICTIMS ARE PROTECTED AND ENHANCED;
14	(II) PROVIDE FOR PRETRIAL RISK ASSESSMENTS;
15	(III) PROVIDE FOR SERVICES TO REDUCE PRETRIAL DETENTION
16 17	(IV) PROVIDE FOR DIVERSION PROGRAMS, INCLUDING MEDIATION AND RESTORATIVE JUSTICE PROGRAMS;
18	(V) PROVIDE FOR RECIDIVISM REDUCTION PROGRAMMING;
19	(VI) PROVIDE FOR EVIDENCE-BASED PRACTICES AND POLICIES
20	(VII) PROVIDE FOR SPECIALTY COURTS;
21	(VIII) PROVIDE FOR REENTRY PROGRAMS; AND
22 23 24	(IX) PROVIDE FOR ANY OTHER PROGRAM OR SERVICE THAT WILL FURTHER THE PURPOSES ESTABLISHED IN PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.
25	(3) At least 5% of the grants provided to a county under

THIS SECTION SHALL BE USED TO FUND PROGRAMS AND SERVICES TO ENSURE THAT

THE RIGHTS OF CRIME VICTIMS ARE PROTECTED AND ENHANCED.

- 1 (4) THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND 2 PREVENTION SHALL RECEIVE FROM THE FUND EACH FISCAL YEAR THE AMOUNT
- 3 NECESSARY TO OFFSET THE COSTS OF ADMINISTERING THE FUND.
- 4 (C) (1) SUBJECT TO THE AUTHORITY OF THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, THE 5 BOARD SHALL ADMINISTER THE FUND.
- 6 (2) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR MAY APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE ANY 7 GRANTS FROM THE FUND.
- 8 (D) (1) THE FUND IS A SPECIAL, NONLAPSING FUND THAT IS NOT 9 SUBJECT TO § 7–302 OF THE STATE FINANCE AND PROCUREMENT ARTICLE.
- 10 (2) THE STATE TREASURER SHALL HOLD THE FUND SEPARATELY, 11 AND THE COMPTROLLER SHALL ACCOUNT FOR THE FUND.
- 12 **(E)** THE FUND CONSISTS OF:
- 13 (1) MONEY APPROPRIATED IN THE STATE BUDGET;
- 14 (2) INTEREST EARNED ON MONEY IN THE FUND; AND
- 15 (3) ANY OTHER MONEY FROM ANY OTHER SOURCE ACCEPTED FOR 16 THE BENEFIT OF THE FUND.
- 17 (F) THE FUND MAY BE USED ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES ESTABLISHED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.
- 19 (G) (1) THE STATE TREASURER SHALL INVEST THE MONEY OF THE FUND 20 IN THE SAME MANNER AS OTHER STATE MONEY MAY BE INVESTED.
- 21 (2) Any interest earnings of the Fund shall be credited to 22 the Fund.
- 23 (H) EXPENDITURES FROM THE FUND MAY BE MADE ONLY IN ACCORDANCE 24 WITH THE STATE BUDGET.
- 25 (I) MONEY EXPENDED FROM THE FUND FOR PROGRAMS TO REDUCE
- 26 RECIDIVISM AND CONTROL CORRECTIONAL COSTS IS SUPPLEMENTAL TO AND IS
- 27 NOT INTENDED TO TAKE THE PLACE OF FUNDING THAT OTHERWISE WOULD BE
- 28 APPROPRIATED FOR THESE PURPOSES.

- 1 **9–3210.**
- THE BOARD MAY PERFORM ANY ACTS NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TO
- 3 CARRY OUT THE POWERS AND DUTIES SET FORTH IN THIS SUBTITLE.
- 4 **9–3211**.
- 5 (A) IN THIS SECTION, "COMMISSION" MEANS THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT
- 6 JUSTICE REINVESTMENT COMMISSION.
- 7 (B) THERE IS A LOCAL GOVERNMENT JUSTICE REINVESTMENT
- 8 COMMISSION.
- 9 (C) THE COMMISSION SHALL:
- 10 (1) ADVISE THE BOARD ON MATTERS RELATED TO LEGISLATION,
- 11 REGULATIONS, RULES, BUDGETARY CHANGES, AND ALL OTHER ACTIONS NEEDED TO
- 12 IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE JUSTICE REINVESTMENT
- 13 COORDINATING COUNCIL AS THEY RELATE TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS;
- 14 (2) MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE BOARD REGARDING GRANTS
- 15 TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS FROM THE FUND; AND
- 16 (3) CREATE PERFORMANCE MEASURES TO ASSESS THE
- 17 EFFECTIVENESS OF THE GRANTS.
- 18 (D) (1) THE COMMISSION CONSISTS OF ONE MEMBER FROM EACH
- 19 COUNTY APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE COUNTY.
- 20 (2) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR SHALL APPOINT THE CHAIR OF THE
- 21 COMMISSION.
- 22 (E) (1) THE TERM OF A MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION IS 4 YEARS.
- 23 (2) The terms of the members of the Commission are
- 24 STAGGERED AS REQUIRED BY THE TERMS PROVIDED FOR MEMBERS OF THE
- 25 COMMISSION ON OCTOBER 1, 2016.
- 26 (3) AT THE END OF A TERM, A MEMBER:
- 27 (I) IS ELIGIBLE FOR REAPPOINTMENT; AND

1 (II)CONTINUES TO SERVE UNTIL A SUCCESSOR IS APPOINTED 2 AND QUALIFIES. 3 **(4)** A MEMBER WHO IS APPOINTED OR REAPPOINTED AFTER A TERM 4 HAS BEGUN SERVES ONLY FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE TERM AND UNTIL A 5 SUCCESSOR IS APPOINTED AND QUALIFIES. 6 **(F)** A MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION: 7 **(1)** MAY NOT RECEIVE COMPENSATION AS A MEMBER OF THE 8 COMMISSION; BUT 9 **(2)** IS ENTITLED TO REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPENSES UNDER THE STANDARD STATE TRAVEL REGULATIONS, AS PROVIDED IN THE STATE BUDGET. 10 THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF CRIME CONTROL AND PREVENTION 11 (G) SHALL PROVIDE STAFF FOR THE COMMISSION. 12 9-3212. 13 14 ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, 2017, AND EACH YEAR THEREAFTER, THE BOARD SHALL REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR AND, SUBJECT TO § 2-1246 OF THIS 15 ARTICLE, TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON THE ACTIVITIES OF THE BOARD AND THE 16 LOCAL GOVERNMENT JUSTICE REINVESTMENT COMMISSION. 17 **Article – Transportation** 18 19 27-101.20 Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person convicted of a misdemeanor for the violation of any of the provisions of the Maryland Vehicle Law is 21subject to a fine of not more than \$500. 2223 Any person who is convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of the following sections of this article is subject to a fine of not more than \$500 or imprisonment 2425for not more than 2 months or both: 26 § 12-301(e) or (f) ("Special identification cards: Unlawful use of (1)identification card prohibited"); 27

§ 14–102 ("Taking or driving vehicle without consent of owner");

§ 14–104 ("Damaging or tampering with vehicle");

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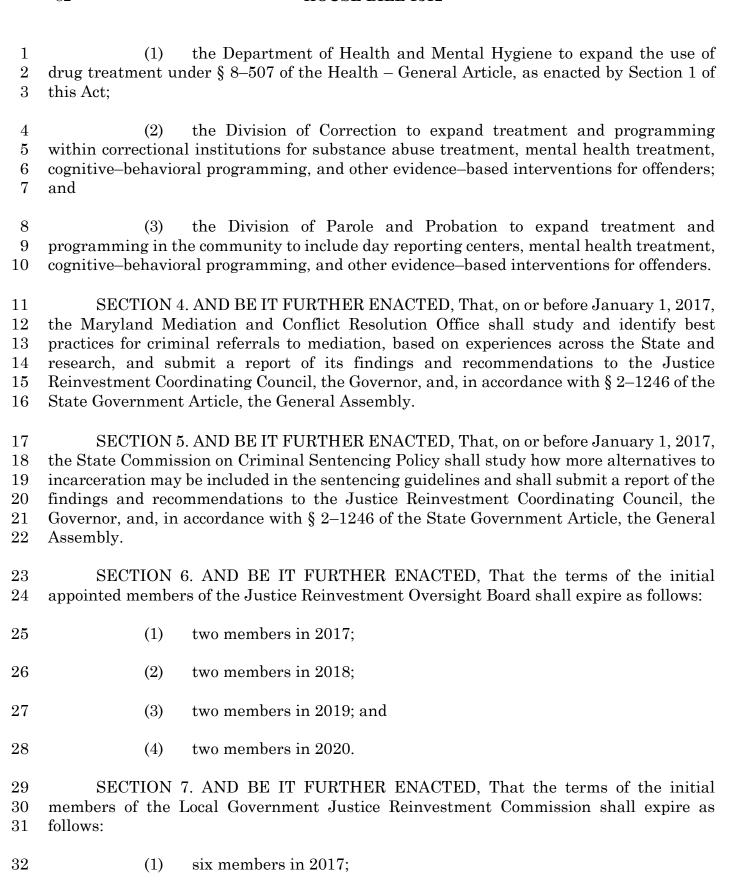
(2)

(3)

- 1 (4) § 14–107 ("Removed, falsified, or unauthorized identification number or registration card or plate");
- 3 (5) § 14–110 ("Altered or forged documents and plates");
- 4 (6) § 15–312 ("Dealers: Prohibited acts Vehicle sales transactions");
- 5 (7) § 15–313 ("Dealers: Prohibited acts Advertising practices");
- 6 (8) § 15–314 ("Dealers: Prohibited acts Violation of licensing laws");
- 7 (9) § 15–411 ("Vehicle salesmen: Prohibited acts");
- 8 (10) § 16–113(j) ("Violation of alcohol restriction");
- 9 (11) § 16–301, except § 16–301(a) or (b) ("Unlawful use of license");
- 10 (12) [§ 16–303(h) ("Licenses suspended under certain provisions of Code");
- 11 (13) § 16–303(i) ("Licenses suspended under certain provisions of the traffic laws or regulations of another state");
- 13 (15)] § 20–103 ("Driver to remain at scene Accidents resulting only in damage to attended vehicle or property");
- 15 [(16)] **(13)** § 20–104 ("Duty to give information and render aid");
- 16 [(17)] (14) § 20–105 ("Duty on striking unattended vehicle or other 17 property");
- 18 **[**(18)**] (15)** § 20–108 ("False reports prohibited");
- 19 **[**(19)**] (16)** § 21–206 ("Interference with traffic control devices or railroad 20 signs and signals");
- 21 [(20)] (17) As to a pedestrian in a marked crosswalk, § 21–502(a)
- 22 ("Pedestrians' right-of-way in crosswalks: In general"), if the violation contributes to an
- 23 accident;
- [(21)] (18) As to another vehicle stopped at a marked crosswalk, § 21–502(c)
- 25 ("Passing of vehicle stopped for pedestrian prohibited"), if the violation contributes to an
- 26 accident:
- [(22)] (19) Except as provided in subsections (f) and (q) of this section, § 21–902(b) ("Driving while impaired by alcohol");

- [(23)] **(20)** Except as provided in subsections (f) and (q) of this section, § 21–902(c) ("Driving while impaired by drugs or drugs and alcohol");
- 3 [(24)] **(21)** § 21–902.1 ("Driving within 12 hours after arrest");
- 4 [(25)] (22) Title 21, Subtitle 10A ("Towing or Removal of Vehicles from 5 Parking Lots"); or
- 6 [(26)] **(23)** § 27–107(d), (e), (f), or (g) ("Prohibited acts Ignition interlock 7 systems").
- 8 (y) Any person who is convicted of a violation of § 16–101 of this article ("Drivers 9 must be licensed") is subject to:
- 10 (1) FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$500;
- 11 **(2)** For a [first] **SECOND** offense, a fine of not more than \$500 or 12 imprisonment for not more than 60 days or both; and
- 13 **(3)** For a [second] **THIRD** or subsequent offense, a fine of not more than 14 \$500 or imprisonment for not more than 1 year or both.
- (GG) ANY PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF § 16–303(H)
 ("LICENSES SUSPENDED UNDER CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF CODE") OF THIS ARTICLE
 OR § 16–303(I) ("LICENSES SUSPENDED UNDER CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE
 TRAFFIC LAWS OR REGULATIONS OF ANOTHER STATE") OF THIS ARTICLE IS
 SUBJECT TO:
- 20 (1) FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, A FINE OF NOT MORE THAN \$500; AND
- 21 (2) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, A FINE OF NOT MORE 22 THAN \$500 OR IMPRISONMENT OF NOT MORE THAN 60 DAYS OR BOTH.
- 23 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Governor's Office of Crime 24Control and Prevention shall, in coordination with the Department of Public Safety and 25Correctional Services, the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, the Judiciary, public health and treatment professionals, and local corrections authorities, conduct an analysis 26 27 to determine the gap between offender treatment needs and available treatment services in the State, including a feasibility study of local jail and service provider capacity for 2829 substance use and mental health disorder and related treatment, and shall report the 30 results of the analysis with recommendations to the General Assembly, in accordance with 31 § 2–1246 of the State Government Article, on or before December 31, 2016.
- SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That it is the intent of the General Assembly that the Governor provide funding annually in the budget bill for:

33



six members in 2018;

(2)

1	(3) six members in 2019; and
2	(4) six members in 2020.
3 4	SECTION 8. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention shall:
5 6	(1) study the restitution process in the State and make recommendations concerning the restitution process, including:
7 8	(i) recommending a process and State unit for collecting data and developing evidence—based practices for restitution collection; and
9	(ii) recommending methods for developing additional enforcement and data collection technology infrastructure;
1	(2) determine which State unit should assume the duties currently undertaken by the Division of Parole and Probation regarding collection of restitution;
.3 .4 .5	(3) determine whether the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board and any other victim services programs should be transferred to another entity, including considering whether a transfer would:
6	(i) minimize fragmentation of functions that the State government performs on behalf of victims of crime and delinquent acts; and
8	(ii) improve the coordination, efficiency, and effectiveness of State assistance to victims of crime and delinquent acts;
20	(4) consider any other ways to improve the collection of restitution; and
21 22 23	(5) report to the Governor and, in accordance with § 2–1246 of the State Government Article, the General Assembly by December 1, 2016, on its findings and recommendations.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	SECTION 9. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That unless the Governor determines that transferring the collection of restitution from the Division of Parole and Probation to another State unit will not improve the collection of restitution, the Governor shall order the new State unit to assume the responsibility of collecting restitution by issuing an executive order to reorganize State government under Article II, Section 24 of the Maryland Constitution for the 2017 regular session of the General Assembly. The Governor shall include a provision in the executive order providing that the transfer may not be effective until 30 days after the Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention notifies in writing the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House that the new State unit is able to assume the collection roles and responsibilities.

SECTION 10. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2016.