# HOUSE BILL 1367

6lr3053 CF SB 970

## By: **Delegates Valentino–Smith and Smith** Introduced and read first time: February 12, 2016 Assigned to: Judiciary

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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## Drugged Driving – Oral Fluid Tests – Pilot Program

3 FOR the purpose of establishing a pilot program to examine the testing of oral fluid samples 4 by certain police officers to assist in determining if an individual is operating a motor  $\mathbf{5}$ vehicle while impaired by a controlled dangerous substance; providing that the pilot 6 program applies only to the Baltimore County Police Department, the Montgomery 7 County Department of Police, the Prince George's County Police Department, and 8 the Ocean City Police Department; authorizing a police officer who has reasonable 9 grounds to believe that an individual is or has been driving or attempting to drive a 10 motor vehicle while impaired by a controlled dangerous substance to request the 11 individual to submit a certain oral fluid sample subject to certain standards; 12requiring a police officer who requests an oral fluid sample to advise the individual 13 of certain matters related to subsequent blood tests; requiring a police officer to use 14the results of an oral fluid test for certain purposes; prohibiting the use of the results 15of an oral fluid test as evidence in any court action; providing that the submission or 16refusal to submit an oral fluid sample is not admissible as evidence in any court 17action; prohibiting the use of any evidence pertaining an oral fluid test in a civil 18 action; establishing that refusal to submit an oral fluid sample does not constitute a 19certain violation; establishing that submission to an oral fluid test does not relieve 20the individual of certain obligations; requiring the State Coordinator for the Drug 21 Recognition Expert Program to submit certain reports to the General Assembly by a 22certain date; defining the term "oral fluid test"; providing for the termination of 23certain provisions of this Act; making certain stylistic changes; and generally 24relating to authorization for the use of oral fluid tests by police officers of the 25Baltimore County Police Department, the Montgomery County Department of 26Police, the Prince George's County Police Department, and the Ocean City Police 27Department to detect the presence of a controlled dangerous substance.

- 28 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 29 Article Transportation
- 30 Section 16–205.2

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



2 HOUSE BILL 1367 Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement) BY adding to Article – Transportation Section 16–205.3 Annotated Code of Maryland (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement) SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: Article – Transportation 16 - 205.2. (a) A police officer who has reasonable grounds to believe that an individual is or has been driving or attempting to drive a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or while impaired by alcohol may, without making an arrest and prior to the issuance of a citation, request the individual to submit to a preliminary breath test to be administered by the officer using a device approved by the State Toxicologist. The police officer requesting the preliminary breath test shall advise the (b)person to be tested that neither a refusal to take the test nor the taking of the test shall prevent or require a subsequent chemical test pursuant to § 16–205.1 of this subtitle. (c) (1) The results of the preliminary breath test [shall]: SHALL be used as a guide for the police officer in deciding **(T)** whether an arrest should be made [and may]; (II) **MAY** not be used as evidence by the State in any court action. The results of the preliminary breath test may]; AND (III) MAY be used as evidence by a defendant in a court action. (2) The taking of or refusal to submit to a preliminary breath test is not admissible in evidence in any court action. (3) Any evidence pertaining to a preliminary breath test may not be used in a civil action. (d) Refusal to submit to a preliminary breath test shall not constitute a violation of § 16–205.1 of this subtitle and the taking of a preliminary breath test shall not relieve the individual of the obligation to take the test required under § 16–205.1 of this subtitle if

33 requested to do so by the police officer.

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31 32 1 **16–205.3.** 

2 (A) "ORAL FLUID TEST" MEANS THE TESTING OF THE ORAL FLUID OF A
3 DRIVER WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF A TRAFFIC STOP FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETECTING
4 THE PRESENCE OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE.

5 (B) THERE IS A PILOT PROGRAM TO EXAMINE THE TESTING OF ORAL FLUID 6 SAMPLES BY POLICE OFFICERS WHO ARE DRUG RECOGNITION EXPERTS TO ASSIST 7 IN DETERMINING IF AN INDIVIDUAL IS OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE WHILE 8 IMPAIRED BY A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE.

- 9 (C) THE PILOT PROGRAM APPLIES ONLY TO:
- 10 (1) THE BALTIMORE COUNTY POLICE DEPARTMENT;
- 11 (2) THE MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF POLICE;
- 12 (3) THE PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY POLICE DEPARTMENT; AND
- 13 (4) THE OCEAN CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT.

(D) A POLICE OFFICER WHO HAS REASONABLE GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT
AN INDIVIDUAL IS OR HAS BEEN DRIVING OR ATTEMPTING TO DRIVE A MOTOR
VEHICLE WHILE THE INDIVIDUAL IS IMPAIRED BY A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS
SUBSTANCE MAY REQUEST THE INDIVIDUAL TO SUBMIT AN ORAL FLUID SAMPLE TO
BE TESTED BY A POLICE OFFICER CERTIFIED AS A DRUG RECOGNITION EXPERT.

19 (E) THE POLICE OFFICER REQUESTING THE ORAL FLUID SAMPLE SHALL 20 ADVISE THE INDIVIDUAL TO BE TESTED THAT NEITHER A REFUSAL TO SUBMIT THE 21 SAMPLE NOR SUBMITTING THE SAMPLE SHALL PREVENT OR REQUIRE A 22 SUBSEQUENT BLOOD TEST UNDER § 16–205.1 OF THIS SUBTITLE.

23 (F) (1) THE RESULTS OF THE ORAL FLUID TEST:

24(I)SHALL BE USED AS A GUIDE FOR A POLICE OFFICER IN25DECIDING WHETHER CHARGES SHOULD BE FILED; AND

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(II) MAY NOT BE USED AS EVIDENCE IN ANY COURT ACTION.

27 (2) SUBMITTING TO OR REFUSING TO SUBMIT AN ORAL FLUID SAMPLE
 28 IS NOT ADMISSIBLE IN EVIDENCE IN ANY COURT ACTION.

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1 (3) NO EVIDENCE PERTAINING TO AN ORAL FLUID TEST MAY BE USED 2 IN A CIVIL ACTION.

# 3 (G) REFUSAL TO SUBMIT AN ORAL FLUID SAMPLE SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE 4 A VIOLATION OF § 16–205.1 OF THIS SUBTITLE AND SUBMITTING AN ORAL FLUID 5 SAMPLE SHALL NOT RELIEVE THE INDIVIDUAL OF THE OBLIGATION TO TAKE THE 6 BLOOD TEST REQUIRED UNDER § 16–205.1 OF THIS SUBTITLE IF REQUESTED TO DO 7 SO BY THE POLICE OFFICER.

8 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, on or before December 1, 9 2018, the State Coordinator for the Drug Recognition Expert Program shall submit, in 10 accordance with § 2–1246 of the State Government Article, a report to the General 11 Assembly for the period from October 1, 2016, through September 30, 2018, stating:

12 (1) the number of traffic stops that later resulted in a police officer 13 requesting an oral fluid sample from an individual;

14 (2) (i) the number of individuals charged after a positive oral fluid test 15 who subsequently received a positive blood test for the presence of a controlled dangerous 16 substance; and

(ii) the number of individuals charged after a positive oral fluid test
who subsequently received a positive oral fluid laboratory confirmation test for the presence
of a controlled dangerous substance;

(3) (i) the number of individuals charged after a negative oral fluid test
 who subsequently received a positive blood test for the presence of a controlled dangerous
 substance; and

(ii) the number of individuals charged after a negative oral fluid test
 who subsequently received a positive oral fluid laboratory confirmation test for the presence
 of a controlled dangerous substance;

(4) the number of individuals charged after a negative oral fluid test who
 subsequently received a negative blood or oral fluid laboratory confirmation test for the
 presence of a controlled dangerous substance; and

(5) the final disposition of matters, and the number of pending matters, for
 which an individual was charged with driving while impaired by a controlled dangerous
 substance after an oral fluid test was used on the individual.

32 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 33 October 1, 2016. Section 1 of this Act shall remain effective for a period of 2 years and, at 34 the end of September 30, 2018, with no further action required by the General Assembly, 35 Section 1 of this Act shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.