E1 6lr2519 CF HB 573

By: Senators Pugh and McFadden

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2016

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2

## Possession of Loaded Handgun or Regulated Firearm - Enhanced Penalties

- 3 FOR the purpose of prohibiting a person from wearing, carrying, or transporting a handgun 4 loaded with ammunition on or about the person or in a vehicle under certain 5 circumstances; prohibiting a person from possessing a regulated firearm loaded with 6 ammunition under certain circumstances or if the person is under a certain age; 7 establishing certain penalties, including mandatory minimum terms 8 imprisonment, for violations of this Act; requiring the State to comply with certain 9 procedures in certain circumstances; requiring the State's Attorney to make a certain notification under certain circumstances; prohibiting a court from suspending any 10 11 part of a sentence or ordering probation before judgment for certain crimes; 12 providing that certain persons are not eligible for parole during certain mandatory 13 minimum sentences, with a certain exception; providing that each violation of 14 certain prohibitions is a separate offense; and generally relating to enhanced 15 penalties for possession of a loaded handgun or regulated firearm.
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 17 Article Criminal Law
- 18 Section 4-203(a)(1) and (c)
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
- 21 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 22 Article Public Safety
- 23 Section 5–133
- 24 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 25 (2011 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)
- 26 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 27 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



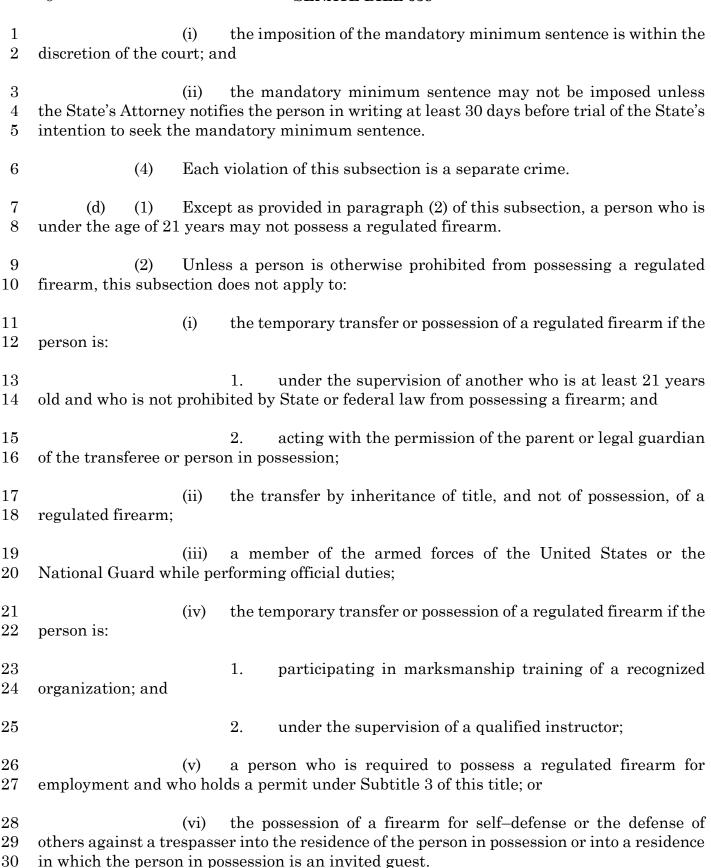
## 1 Article - Criminal Law

- $2 \quad 4-203.$
- 3 (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a person may not:
- 4 (i) wear, carry, or transport a handgun, whether concealed or open, 5 on or about the person;
- 6 (ii) wear, carry, or knowingly transport a handgun, whether 7 concealed or open, in a vehicle traveling on a road or parking lot generally used by the 8 public, highway, waterway, or airway of the State;
- 9 (iii) violate item (i) or (ii) of this paragraph while on public school 10 property in the State; [or]
- 11 (iv) violate item (i) or (ii) of this paragraph with the deliberate 12 purpose of injuring or killing another person; **OR**
- 13 (V) VIOLATE ITEM (I) OR (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH WITH A 14 HANDGUN LOADED WITH AMMUNITION.
- 15 (c) (1) (I) [A] EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS
  16 PARAGRAPH, A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on
  17 conviction is subject to the penalties provided in this subsection.
- 18 (II) 1. A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (A)(1)(V) OF 19 THIS SECTION:
- A. FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR
  AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 1 YEAR
  AND NOT EXCEEDING 5 YEARS; OR
- B. FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, IS GUILTY
  OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS
  THAN 5 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 20 YEARS.
- 26 2. IF THE STATE INTENDS TO PROCEED AGAINST A
  PERSON AS A SUBSEQUENT OFFENDER UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH, THE STATE
  SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN THE MARYLAND RULES FOR
  INDICTMENT AND TRIAL OF A SUBSEQUENT OFFENDER.
- 30 3. A MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH MAY NOT BE IMPOSED UNLESS THE STATE'S ATTORNEY NOTIFIES

- 1 THE DEFENDANT IN WRITING AT LEAST 30 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL OF THE STATE'S
- 2 INTENTION TO SEEK THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.
- 4. A COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND ANY PART OF A MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.
- 5. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4–305 OF THE
- 6 CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE
- 7 DURING THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.
- 8 6. A COURT MAY NOT ORDER PROBATION BEFORE 9 JUDGMENT IN A CASE ARISING UNDER THIS SUBPARAGRAPH.
- 7. EACH VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (A)(1)(V) OF THIS SECTION IS A SEPARATE OFFENSE.
- 12 (2) If the person has not previously been convicted under this section, 4-204 of this subtitle, or 4-101 or 4-102 of this title:
- 14 (i) except as provided in item (ii) of this paragraph, the person is 15 subject to imprisonment for not less than 30 days and not exceeding 3 years or a fine of not 16 less than \$250 and not exceeding \$2,500 or both; or
- 17 (ii) if the person violates subsection (a)(1)(iii) of this section, the person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than 90 days.
- 19 (3) (i) If the person has previously been convicted once under this section,  $\S 4-204$  of this subtitle, or  $\S 4-101$  or  $\S 4-102$  of this title:
- 21 1. except as provided in item 2 of this subparagraph, the 22 person is subject to imprisonment for not less than 1 year and not exceeding 10 years; or
- 23 2. if the person violates subsection (a)(1)(iii) of this section, the person is subject to imprisonment for not less than 3 years and not exceeding 10 years.
- 25 (ii) The court may not impose less than the applicable minimum 26 sentence provided under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.
- 27 (4) (i) If the person has previously been convicted more than once under this section, § 4–204 of this subtitle, or § 4–101 or § 4–102 of this title, or of any combination of these crimes:
- 1. except as provided in item 2 of this subparagraph, the person is subject to imprisonment for not less than 3 years and not exceeding 10 years; or

- 1 2. A. if the person violates subsection (a)(1)(iii) of this 2 section, the person is subject to imprisonment for not less than 5 years and not exceeding 3 10 years; or 4 B. if the person violates subsection (a)(1)(iv) of this section, 5 the person is subject to imprisonment for not less than 5 years and not exceeding 10 years. 6 The court may not impose less than the applicable minimum (ii) 7 sentence provided under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. 8 Article - Public Safety 9 5-133.10 (a) This section supersedes any restriction that a local jurisdiction in the State imposes on the possession by a private party of a regulated firearm, and the State preempts 11 12 the right of any local jurisdiction to regulate the possession of a regulated firearm. 13 Subject to § 5–133.3 of this subtitle, a person may not possess a regulated firearm if the person: 14 15 (1) has been convicted of a disqualifying crime; 16 (2)has been convicted of a violation classified as a common law crime and 17 received a term of imprisonment of more than 2 years; 18 is a fugitive from justice; (3)19 **(4)** is a habitual drunkard; 20 (5)is addicted to a controlled dangerous substance or is a habitual user; 21 suffers from a mental disorder as defined in § 10–101(i)(2) of the Health - General Article and has a history of violent behavior against the person or another; 2223 has been found incompetent to stand trial under § 3–106 of the Criminal (7)24Procedure Article: 25 (8)has been found not criminally responsible under § 3-110 of the Criminal Procedure Article: 26 27 has been voluntarily admitted for more than 30 consecutive days to a 28 facility as defined in § 10–101 of the Health – General Article;
- 29 (10) has been involuntarily committed to a facility as defined in § 10–101 of 30 the Health General Article;

- 1 (11) is under the protection of a guardian appointed by a court under 2 § 13–201(c) or § 13–705 of the Estates and Trusts Article, except for cases in which the 3 appointment of a guardian is solely a result of a physical disability;
- 4 (12) except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, is a respondent 5 against whom:
- 6 (i) a current non ex parte civil protective order has been entered 7 under § 4–506 of the Family Law Article; or
- 8 (ii) an order for protection, as defined in § 4–508.1 of the Family Law 9 Article, has been issued by a court of another state or a Native American tribe and is in 10 effect; or
- 11 (13) if under the age of 30 years at the time of possession, has been 12 adjudicated delinquent by a juvenile court for an act that would be a disqualifying crime if 13 committed by an adult.
- 14 (c) (1) A person may not possess a regulated firearm if the person was 15 previously convicted of:
- 16 (i) a crime of violence;
- 17 (ii) a violation of § 5–602, § 5–603, § 5–604, § 5–605, § 5–612, 18 § 5–613, or § 5–614 of the Criminal Law Article; or
- 19 (iii) an offense under the laws of another state or the United States 20 that would constitute one of the crimes listed in item (i) or (ii) of this paragraph if committed 21 in this State.
- 22 (2) (i) Subject to paragraph (3) of this subsection, a person who violates 23 this subsection is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment for not less 24 than 5 years and not exceeding 15 years.
- 25 (ii) The court may not suspend any part of the mandatory minimum 26 sentence of 5 years.
- 27 (iii) Except as otherwise provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum sentence.
- 30 (3) At the time of the commission of the offense, if a period of more than 5 31 years has elapsed since the person completed serving the sentence for the most recent 32 conviction under paragraph (1)(i) or (ii) of this subsection, including all imprisonment, 33 mandatory supervision, probation, and parole:



- 1 (e) This section does not apply to a respondent transporting a regulated firearm 2 if the respondent is carrying a civil protective order requiring the surrender of the regulated 3 firearm and:
- 4 (1) the regulated firearm is unloaded;
- 5 (2) the respondent has notified the law enforcement unit, barracks, or 6 station that the regulated firearm is being transported in accordance with the civil protective order; and
- 8 (3) the respondent transports the regulated firearm directly to the law 9 enforcement unit, barracks, or station.
- 10 **(F) (1)** A PERSON MAY NOT VIOLATE SUBSECTION (B) OR (D) OF THIS SECTION WITH A REGULATED FIREARM LOADED WITH AMMUNITION.
- 12 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SUBSECTION:
- 13 (I) FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 1 YEAR AND
- 15 NOT EXCEEDING 5 YEARS; OR
- 16 (II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 5 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 20 YEARS.
- 18 (3) If the State intends to proceed against a person as a 19 Subsequent offender under this subsection, the State shall comply 20 With the procedures set forth in the Maryland Rules for the 21 Indictment and trial of a subsequent offender.
- 22 (4) A MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) OF
  23 THIS SUBSECTION MAY NOT BE IMPOSED UNLESS THE STATE'S ATTORNEY NOTIFIES
  24 THE DEFENDANT IN WRITING AT LEAST 30 DAYS BEFORE TRIAL OF THE STATE'S
  25 INTENTION TO SEEK THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.
- 26 (5) A COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND ANY PART OF THE MANDATORY 27 MINIMUM SENTENCE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.
- 28 (6) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4–305 OF THE 29 CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE 30 DURING THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.
- 31 (7) A COURT MAY NOT ORDER PROBATION BEFORE JUDGMENT IN A 32 CASE ARISING UNDER THIS SUBSECTION.

- 1 (8) EACH VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION IS A SEPARATE OFFENSE.
- 2 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 3 October 1, 2016.