

SENATE BILL 1018

C3

6lr3708
CF HB 1383

By: **Senator Pugh**

Introduced and read first time: February 15, 2016

Assigned to: Rules

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Health Insurance – Specialty Drugs – Participating Pharmacies**

3 FOR the purpose of altering the conditions under which certain insurers, nonprofit health
4 service plans, or health maintenance organizations may require a covered specialty
5 drug to be obtained through a pharmacy participating in the provider network of the
6 insurer, nonprofit health service plan, or health maintenance organization;
7 providing that certain provisions of law do not prohibit a manufacturer from
8 establishing a certain network; altering the definition of “specialty drug”; providing
9 for the application of this Act; providing for a delayed effective date; and generally
10 relating to specialty drugs.

11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
12 Article – Insurance
13 Section 15–847
14 Annotated Code of Maryland
15 (2011 Replacement Volume and 2015 Supplement)

16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
17 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

18 **Article – Insurance**

19 15–847.

20 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

21 (2) (i) “Complex or chronic medical condition” means a physical,
22 behavioral, or developmental condition that:

23 1. may have no known cure;

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 2. is progressive; or
2 3. can be debilitating or fatal if left untreated or
3 undertreated.

4 (ii) “Complex or chronic medical condition” includes:

- 5 1. multiple sclerosis;
6 2. hepatitis C; and
7 3. rheumatoid arthritis.

8 (3) “Managed care system” means a system of cost containment methods
9 that an insurer, a nonprofit health service plan, or a health maintenance organization uses
10 to review and preauthorize drugs prescribed by a health care provider for a covered
11 individual to control utilization, quality, and claims.

12 (4) (i) “Rare medical condition” means a disease or condition that
13 affects fewer than:

- 14 1. 200,000 individuals in the United States; or
15 2. approximately 1 in 1,500 individuals worldwide.

16 (ii) “Rare medical condition” includes:

- 17 1. cystic fibrosis;
18 2. hemophilia; and
19 3. multiple myeloma.

20 (5) “Specialty drug” means a prescription drug that:

21 (i) is prescribed for an individual with a complex or chronic medical
22 condition or a rare medical condition;

23 (ii) costs \$600 or more for up to a 30–day supply; AND

24 (iii) [is not typically stocked at retail pharmacies; and

25 (iv)] **AS DOCUMENTED OR IDENTIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER**
26 **OF THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG:**

27 1. requires a difficult or unusual process of delivery to the
28 patient in the preparation, handling, storage, inventory, or distribution of the drug; or

1 2. requires enhanced patient education, management, or
2 support, beyond those required for traditional dispensing, before or after administration of
3 the drug.

4 (b) This section applies to:

5 (1) insurers and nonprofit health service plans that provide coverage for
6 prescription drugs under individual, group, or blanket health insurance policies or
7 contracts that are issued or delivered in the State; and

8 (2) health maintenance organizations that provide coverage for
9 prescription drugs under individual or group contracts that are issued or delivered in the
10 State.

11 (c) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, an entity subject to this
12 section may not impose a copayment or coinsurance requirement on a covered specialty
13 drug that exceeds \$150 for up to a 30-day supply of the specialty drug.

14 (2) On July 1 of each year, the limit on the copayment or coinsurance
15 requirement on a covered specialty drug shall increase by a percentage equal to the
16 percentage change from the preceding year in the medical care component of the March
17 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, Washington-Baltimore, from the U.S.
18 Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

19 (d) **(1)** Subject to § 15-805 of this subtitle and notwithstanding § 15-806 of
20 this subtitle, nothing in this article or regulations adopted under this article precludes an
21 entity subject to this section from requiring a covered specialty drug to be obtained through:

22 **[(1)] (I)** a designated pharmacy or other source authorized under the
23 Health Occupations Article to dispense or administer prescription drugs; or

24 **[(2)] (II)** a pharmacy participating in the entity's provider network, if **[the**
25 entity determines that] the pharmacy:

26 **[(i)]** meets the entity's performance standards; and]

27 **1. IS LICENSED;**

28 **2. HAS IN INVENTORY OR READILY IS ABLE TO OBTAIN**
29 **THE COVERED SPECIALTY DRUG FROM THE MANUFACTURER; AND**

30 **[(ii)] 3. accepts the entity's network reimbursement rates.**

1 **(2) THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT PROHIBIT A MANUFACTURER FROM**
2 **ESTABLISHING A LIMITED DISTRIBUTION NETWORK FOR ONE OR MORE OF THE**
3 **MANUFACTURER'S PRODUCTS.**

4 (e) (1) A pharmacy registered under § 340B of the federal Public Health
5 Services Act may apply to an entity subject to this section to be a designated pharmacy
6 under subsection (d)(1) of this section for the purpose of enabling the pharmacy's patients
7 with HIV, AIDS, or hepatitis C to receive the copayment or coinsurance maximum provided
8 for in subsection (c) of this section if:

9 (i) the pharmacy is owned by a federally qualified health center, as
10 defined in 42 U.S.C. § 254B;

11 (ii) the federally qualified health center provides integrated and
12 coordinated medical and pharmaceutical services to HIV positive, AIDS, and hepatitis C
13 patients; and

14 (iii) the prescription drugs are covered specialty drugs for the
15 treatment of HIV, AIDS, or hepatitis C.

16 (2) An entity subject to this section may not unreasonably withhold
17 approval of a pharmacy's application under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

18 (f) An entity subject to this section may provide coverage for specialty drugs
19 through a managed care system.

20 (g) (1) A determination by an entity subject to this section that a prescription
21 drug is not a specialty drug is considered a coverage decision under § 15-10D-01 of this
22 title.

23 (2) For complaints filed with the Commissioner under this subsection, if
24 the entity made its determination that a prescription drug is not a specialty drug on the
25 basis that the prescription drug did not meet the criteria listed in subsection (a)(5)(i) of this
26 section:

27 (i) the Commissioner may seek advice from an independent review
28 organization or medical expert on the list compiled under § 15-10A-05(b) of this title; and

29 (ii) the expenses for any advice provided by an independent review
30 organization or medical expert shall be paid for as provided under § 15-10A-05(h) of this
31 title.

32 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall apply to all
33 policies, contracts, and health benefit plans issued, delivered, or renewed in the State on or
34 after January 1, 2017.

1 SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
2 January 1, 2017.