HOUSE BILL 1432

J2, J1 EMERGENCY BILL 7lr0136

By: Chair, Health and Government Operations Committee (By Request – Departmental – Health and Mental Hygiene) and Delegates Bromwell, Kipke, Hayes, Reznik, Wilkins, Morhaim, Platt, Malone, Pena-Melnyk, B. Wilson, Folden, Pendergrass, Angel, Barron, Cullison, Hill, Kelly, Krebs, Metzgar, Miele, Morales, Morgan, Rosenberg, Saab, Sample-Hughes, Szeliga, West, and K. Young

Introduced and read first time: February 10, 2017 Assigned to: Health and Government Operations

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 27, 2017

CHAPTER

1 AN ACT concerning

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Health Care Providers – Prescription Opioids – Limits on Prescribing
(The Prescriber Limits Act of 2017)

FOR the purpose of authorizing the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene to take eertain action relating to a controlled dangerous substances registration under certain circumstances; prohibiting health care providers from prescribing to a patient more than a certain number of days' supply of certain opioid controlled dangerous substances under certain circumstances requiring health care providers to prescribe a certain dosage and a certain quantity of an opioid unless the opioid is prescribed to treat a certain disorder or certain pain; requiring the dosage, quantity, and duration of certain prescribed opioids to be based on a certain guideline; providing that a violation of a certain provision of this Act is grounds for disciplinary action by a certain health occupations board; requiring certain health occupations boards to adopt certain regulations; authorizing certain health occupations boards to take certain disciplinary actions against certain individuals for a violation of certain provisions of this Act; defining a certain term; making this Act an emergency measure; and generally relating to the prescribing of opioid controlled dangerous substances.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



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1	Article - Criminal Law			
2	Section 5-307(a)			
3	Annotated Code of Maryland			
4	(2012 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)			
5	BY adding to			
6	Article – Health Occupations			
7	Section 1–223, 4–315(a)(35), 8–316(a)(36), and 14–404(a)(43)			
8	Annotated Code of Maryland			
9	(2014 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)			
10	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,			
11	Article – Health Occupations			
12 13	Section 4–315(a)(33) and (34), 8–316(a)(34)(ii) and (35), 14–404(a)(41)(ii) and (42), and 16–311(a)(8)			
14	Annotated Code of Maryland			
15	(2014 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)			
16	Preamble			
17 18	WHEREAS, The number of overdose deaths in the United States involving opioids rose from $28,\!647$ in 2014 to $33,\!091$ in 2015 ; and			
19 20	WHEREAS, The number of overdose deaths in the United States involving heroin rose from $10{,}574$ in 2014 to $12{,}990$ in 2015 ; and			
21 22 23 24	WHEREAS, The rise in overdose deaths is attributable to the surge of opioid dependence that has emerged in Maryland over the past two decades, stemming from a dramatic increase in the number of opioid medications prescribed by the medical community and the influx of cheap, potent heroin and fentanyl; and			
25 26 27 28	WHEREAS, The epidemic of opioid dependence represents an urgent and growing public health threat, cutting across all demographics and geographical areas in Maryland, and also represents a serious threat to the security and economic well—being of the State; and			
29 30 31 32 33	WHEREAS, The State is undertaking numerous efforts to combat the opioid epidemic, and the Medicaid program received expenditure authority under § 1115 of the federal Social Security Act to expand the State's current substance use treatment efforts to allow the State to claim matching federal funds for residential substance use disorder treatment in nonpublic Institutions for Mental Diseases; and			
34 35 36	WHEREAS, It is the intent of the General Assembly that the State Board of Dental Examiners, State Board of Nursing, State Board of Physicians, and State Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners shall work to educate practitioners to ensure that the residents of			

Maryland are aware of the risks associated with the use of opioid drugs, including the risks

1 2	of dependence, addiction, and overdose, and the dangers of taking an opioid drug with alcohol, benzodiazepines, and other depressants; now, therefore,
3 4	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
5	Article - Criminal Law
6	5–307.
7 8 9	(a) Subject to the notice and hearing provisions of § 5-308 of this subtitle, the Department may deny a registration to any applicant, suspend or revoke a registration, or refuse to renew a registration if the Department finds that the applicant or registrant:
10 11	(1) has materially falsified an application filed in accordance with or required by this title;
12 13	(2) has been convicted of a crime under federal law or the law of any state relating to a controlled dangerous substance;
14 15	(3) has had federal registration suspended or revoked and may no longer manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled dangerous substance; [or]
16	(4) has violated this title; OR
17 18 19	(5) HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH THE OPIOID PRESCRIBING LIMITATION ESTABLISHED UNDER § 1–223 OF THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS ARTICLE.
20	Article - Health Occupations
21	1–223.
22 23	(a) In this section, "controlled dangerous substance" has the meaning stated in § 5–101 of the Criminal Law Article.
24252627	(B) ON THE INITIAL CONSULTATION OR TREATMENT FOR PAIN, A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER MAY NOT PRESCRIBE TO A PATIENT MORE THAN A 7-DAY SUPPLY OF AN OPIOID THAT IS A SCHEDULE II OR SCHEDULE III CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE UNLESS THE OPIOID IS PRESCRIBED TO TREAT:
28	(1) A SUBSTANCE-RELATED DISORDER;

PAIN ASSOCIATED WITH A CANCER DIAGNOSIS; OR

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1	(3) PAIN EXPERIENCED WHILE THE PATIENT IS RECEIVING	
2	END-OF-LIFE, HOSPICE, OR PALLIATIVE CARE FOR AN INCURABLE ILLNESS.	
0	(D) ON MEDIAMENT FOR DAIN, A HEALTH GARE PROVIDED DAGED ON THE	
3	(B) ON TREATMENT FOR PAIN, A HEALTH CARE PROVIDER, BASED ON THE	
4	CLINICAL JUDGMENT OF THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER, SHALL PRESCRIBE:	
5	(1) THE LOWEST EFFECTIVE DOSE OF AN OPIOID; AND	
6	(2) A QUANTITY THAT IS NO GREATER THAN THE QUANTITY NEEDED	
7	FOR THE EXPECTED DURATION OF PAIN SEVERE ENOUGH TO REQUIRE AN OPIOID	
8	THAT IS A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE UNLESS THE OPIOID IS	
9	PRESCRIBED TO TREAT:	
10	(I) A SUBSTANCE-RELATED DISORDER;	
10	(I) Itsobstitives Resilied disorder,	
11	(II) PAIN ASSOCIATED WITH A CANCER DIAGNOSIS;	
12	(III) PAIN EXPERIENCED WHILE THE PATIENT IS RECEIVING	
13	END-OF-LIFE, HOSPICE, OR PALLIATIVE CARE SERVICES; OR	
1.4	(m) Cupovid pury	
14	(IV) CHRONIC PAIN.	
15	(C) THE DOSAGE, QUANTITY, AND DURATION OF AN OPIOID PRESCRIBED	
16	UNDER SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE BASED ON AN EVIDENCE-BASED	
17	CLINICAL GUIDELINE FOR PRESCRIBING CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES	
18	THAT IS APPROPRIATE FOR:	
19	(1) THE HEALTH CARE SERVICE DELIVERY SETTING FOR THE	
20	PATIENT;	
21	(2) THE TYPE OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES REQUIRED BY THE	
22	PATIENT; AND	
23	(3) THE AGE AND HEALTH STATUS OF THE PATIENT.	
24	(C) (D) A VIOLATION OF SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION IS GROUNDS	
25	FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION BY THE HEALTH OCCUPATIONS BOARD THAT REGULATES	
26	THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER WHO COMMITS THE VIOLATION.	
27	(D) THE FOLLOWING HEALTH OCCUPATIONS BOARDS THAT REGULATE	
28	HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS WHO HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO PRESCRIBE CONTROLLED	
29	DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES THAT ARE OPIOIDS SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS AS	
20	NECECCADY TO IMDIEMENT THIS SECTION.	

1	(1) TI	HE STATE BOARD OF PHYSICIANS;	
2	(2) TI	HE STATE BOARD OF NURSING;	
3	(3) TI	IE STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS; AND	
4	(4) TI	IE STATE BOARD OF PODIATRIC MEDICAL EXAMINERS.	
5	5 4–315.		
6 7 8 9	deny a general license to practice dentistry, a limited license to practice dentistry, or a teacher's license to practice dentistry to any applicant, reprimand any licensed dentist, place any licensed dentist on probation, or suspend or revoke the license of any licensed		
11	(33) Fa	ils to comply with any Board order; [or]	
12 13	` '	llfully and without legal justification, fails to cooperate with a lawfuld by the Board; \mathbf{OR}	
14 15	` '	ILS TO COMPLY WITH THE OPIOID PRESCRIBING LIMITATION \mathbb{R} § 1223 OF THIS ARTICLE.	
16	8–316.		
17 18 19 20	deny a license or grant a license, including a license subject to a reprimand, probation, or suspension, to any applicant, reprimand any licensee, place any licensee on probation, or		
21 22	` ,	nen acting in a supervisory position, directs another nurse to delegate adividual when that nurse reasonably believes:	
23 24	, ,	The patient's condition does not allow delegation of the nursing	
25	(35) Ha	s misappropriated the property of a patient or a facility; OR	
26 27	` '	ILS TO COMPLY WITH THE OPIOID PRESCRIBING LIMITATION $\mathbb{R} \$ $1-223$ OF THIS ARTICLE.	
28	3 14–404.		

Subject to the hearing provisions of § 14-405 of this subtitle, a disciplinary

panel, on the affirmative vote of a majority of the quorum of the disciplinary panel, may

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3 4	(41) Performs a cosmetic surgical procedure in an office or a facility that is not:			
5 6	(ii) Certified to participate in the Medicare program, as enacted by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act; [or]			
7 8	(42) Fails to submit to a criminal history records check under \S 14–308.1 or this title; OR			
9 10	(43) FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THE OPIOID PRESCRIBING LIMITATION ESTABLISHED UNDER § 1–223 OF THIS ARTICLE.			
11	16–311.			
12 13 14 15 16 17	affirmative vote of a majority of its members then serving, may deny a license or a limited license to any applicant, reprimand any licensee or holder of a limited license, impose an administrative monetary penalty not exceeding \$50,000 on any licensee or holder of a limited license, place any licensee or holder of a limited license on probation, or suspend on			
18 19 20	person in violation of the law, INCLUDING IN VIOLATION OF THE OPIOID PRESCRIBIN			
21 22 23 24 25	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act is an emergency measure, is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health or safety, has been passed by a yea and nay vote supported by three—fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, and shall take effect from the date it is enacted.			
	Approved:			
	Governor.			
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.			

President of the Senate.