Q1

By: **Senator Conway** Introduced and read first time: January 18, 2017 Assigned to: Budget and Taxation

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

$\mathbf{2}$

Tax Sales - Reimbursement for Expenses

- 3 FOR the purpose of clarifying that certain costs incurred by the holder of a tax sale 4 certificate shall be reimbursed on redemption of the property; requiring certain $\mathbf{5}$ payments for reimbursement to be made to certain persons; prohibiting certain 6 payments for reimbursement from being made to the tax collector; providing that the 7 holder of a tax sale certificate shall be reimbursed a certain amount for attorney's 8 fees if an action to foreclose the right of redemption has not been filed and 9 establishing that amount as reasonable; providing that the holder of a tax sale certificate shall be reimbursed a certain amount for attorney's fees if an action to 1011 foreclose the right of redemption has been filed; and generally relating to tax sales 12of property.
- 13 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 14 Article Tax Property
- 15 Section 14–843(a)
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)
- 18 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 19 Article Tax Property
- 20 Section 14–843(b)
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (2012 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)
- 23 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 24 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 24 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 25

Article – Tax – Property

 $26 \quad 14-843.$

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 (a) (1) (I) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, on 2 redemption, the plaintiff or the holder of a certificate of sale [may] SHALL be reimbursed 3 for expenses incurred in any action or in preparation for any action to foreclose the right of 4 redemption as provided in this section.

5 (II) PAYMENT FOR REIMBURSEMENT UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH 6 (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE PAID BY THE REDEEMING PARTY DIRECTLY TO 7 THE ATTORNEY FOR THE HOLDER OF A CERTIFICATE OF SALE OR THE HOLDER OF 8 THE CERTIFICATE OF SALE, IF THE HOLDER OF THE CERTIFICATE OF SALE IS NOT 9 REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY, AND NOT TO THE COLLECTOR.

10 (2) The plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale is not entitled to be 11 reimbursed for any other expenses or attorney's fees that are not included in this section.

(3) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, if an
action to foreclose the right of redemption has not been filed, and the property is redeemed
more than 4 months after the date of the tax sale, the holder of a certificate of sale [may]
SHALL be reimbursed for the following expenses actually incurred:

- 16 1. costs for recording the certificate of sale;
- 17 2. a title search fee, not to exceed \$250;
- 18 3. the postage and certified mailing costs for the notices
 19 required under § 14-833(a-1) of this title; and

204. [reasonable attorney's fees, not to exceed \$500]21ATTORNEY'S FEES IN THE AMOUNT OF \$500, WHICH AMOUNT SHALL BE DEEMED22REASONABLE FOR WORK PERFORMED PRIOR TO FILING AN ACTION TO FORECLOSE23THE RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

(ii) In Baltimore City, for owner-occupied residential property, if an
action to foreclose the right of redemption has not been filed, and the property is redeemed
more than 7 months after the date of the tax sale, the holder of a certificate of sale may be
reimbursed for the following expenses actually incurred:

- costs for recording the certificate of sale;
 a title search fee, not to exceed \$250;
 the postage and certified mailing costs for the notices
- 31 required under § 14–833(a–1) of this subtitle; and
- 324.[reasonable attorney's fees, not to exceed \$500]33ATTORNEY'S FEES IN THE AMOUNT OF \$500, WHICH AMOUNT SHALL BE DEEMED

REASONABLE FOR WORK PERFORMED PRIOR TO FILING AN ACTION TO FORECLOSE THE RIGHT OF REDEMPTION.

3 (4) If an action to foreclose the right of redemption has been filed, the 4 plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale [may] **SHALL** be reimbursed for:

 $\mathbf{5}$

(i) attorney's fees in the amount of:

6 1. \$1,300 if an affidavit of compliance has not been filed, 7 which amount shall be deemed reasonable for both the preparation and filing of the action 8 to foreclose the right of redemption; or

- 9 2. \$1,500 if an affidavit of compliance has been filed, which 10 amount shall be deemed reasonable for both the preparation and filing of the action to 11 foreclose the right of redemption;
- (ii) reasonable attorney's fees, not to exceed \$1,200, incurred by the
 plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale for opening an estate for purposes of service of
 process and notice on a defendant's estate;
- (iii) in exceptional circumstances, other reasonable attorney's fees
 incurred and specifically requested by the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale and
 approved by the court, on a case by case basis; and
- 18 (iv) if the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale provides a signed 19 affidavit attesting to the fact that the expenses were actually incurred, the following 20 expenses actually incurred by the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale:
- 1. filing fee charged by the circuit court for the county inwhich the property is located;
- 232.service of process fee, including fees incurred attempting24to serve process;
- 3. a title search fee, not to exceed \$250;
- 4. if a second title search is conducted more than 6 months
 after the initial title search, a title search update fee, not to exceed \$75;
- 28 5. publication fee charged by a newspaper of general
 29 circulation in the county in which the property is located;
- 30 6. posting fee;
- 31 7. postage and certified mail;

substantial repair order fee, not to exceed the fee charged
 by the government agency issuing the certificate of substantial repair;

9. expenses and costs incurred for opening an estate of a
deceased defendant for purposes of service of process and notice, not to exceed \$1,200; and

5 10. any court approved expense for stabilization or conversion 6 of the property under § 14–830 of this subtitle or in accordance with an action taken against 7 the property by the county in which the property is located in accordance with the 8 applicable building, fire, health, or safety codes.

9 (5) In addition to the expenses and attorney's fees under paragraph (3) or 10 (4) of this subsection, the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale [may] SHALL be 11 reimbursed for:

(i) taxes paid at the tax sale, together with redemption interest,arising after the date of sale to the date of redemption;

14

(ii) the high bid premium paid at the tax sale, if applicable; and

(iii) in Baltimore City only, taxes, interest, and penalties paid in
accordance with subsection (c) of this section and interest at the rate of redemption
provided in § 14–820 of this subtitle from the date of payment to the date of redemption.

18 (b) (1)(i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph and 19 paragraph (2) of this subsection, in Allegany County, Anne Arundel County, Baltimore 20City, Baltimore County, Calvert County, Caroline County, Carroll County, Cecil County, 21Charles County, Dorchester County, Frederick County, Garrett County, Harford County, 22Howard County, Kent County, Montgomery County, Prince George's County, Queen Anne's County, St. Mary's County, Somerset County, Washington County, Wicomico County, and 2324Worcester County, the plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale may not be reimbursed for 25expenses incurred within 4 months after the date of sale.

(ii) In Baltimore City, for owner–occupied residential property, the
plaintiff or holder of a certificate of sale may not be reimbursed for expenses incurred within
7 months after the date of sale.

29

(2) This subsection does not apply to property for which the holder:

30 (i) may file a complaint any time after 60 days from the date of sale,
31 pursuant to § 14-833(e) of this subtitle; or

32 (ii) must file a complaint within 3 months from the date of sale, 33 pursuant to § 14-833(c)(2) of this subtitle.

34 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July
 35 1, 2017.

4