

SENATE BILL 858

I4

7lr2839

CF 7lr3299

By: Senator Smith

Introduced and read first time: February 3, 2017

Assigned to: Finance

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Commercial Law – Maryland Antitrust Act – Indirect Purchasers**

3 FOR the purpose of altering the circumstances under which a person, whose business or
4 property has been injured or threatened with injury by a violation of certain
5 provisions of law, may maintain an action for damages, an injunction, or both,
6 against any person who has committed the violation, regardless of whether the
7 person maintaining the action dealt directly or indirectly with the person who has
8 committed the violation; altering a certain defense that a defendant may raise in
9 certain actions for damages; making stylistic changes; and generally relating to civil
10 actions to enforce State antitrust laws.

11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
12 Article – Commercial Law
13 Section 11–209(b)
14 Annotated Code of Maryland
15 (2013 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)

16 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
17 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

18 **Article – Commercial Law**

19 11–209.

20 (b) (1) The United States, the State, and any political subdivision organized
21 under the authority of the State is a person having standing to bring an action under this
22 subsection.

23 (2) (i) A person whose business or property has been injured or
24 threatened with injury by a violation of § 11–204 of this subtitle may maintain an action

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 for damages or for an injunction or both against any person who has committed the
2 violation[.]

3 (ii) The United States, the State, or any political subdivision
4 organized under the authority of this State may maintain an action under subparagraph
5 (i) of this paragraph for damages or for an injunction or both] regardless of whether [it]
6 **THE PERSON MAINTAINING THE ACTION** dealt directly or indirectly with the person who
7 has committed the violation.

8 (II) In any action under this subsection **FOR DAMAGES BY AN**
9 **INTERMEDIATE PURCHASER OR SELLER IN THE CHAIN OF MANUFACTURE,**
10 **PRODUCTION, OR DISTRIBUTION**, any defendant, as a partial or complete defense
11 [against a damage claim], may, in order to avoid duplicative liability, prove that all or any
12 part of an alleged overcharge was [ultimately] passed on to [the United States, the State,
13 or any political subdivision organized under the authority of this State,] **A LATER**
14 **PURCHASER OR ULTIMATE END-USER ALSO MAINTAINING AN ACTION FOR DAMAGES**
15 **UNDER THIS SUBSECTION** [by a purchaser or seller in the chain of manufacture,
16 production, or distribution who paid an alleged overcharge].

17 (3) If an injunction is issued, the complainant shall be awarded costs and
18 reasonable attorney's fees.

19 (4) In an action for damages, if an injury due to a violation of § 11–204 of
20 this subtitle is found, the person injured shall be awarded three times the amount of actual
21 damages which results from the violation, with costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

22 (5) The Attorney General may bring an action on behalf of the State or any
23 of its political subdivisions or as parens patriae on behalf of persons residing in the State
24 to recover the damages provided for by this subsection or any comparable provision of
25 federal law.

26 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
27 October 1, 2017.