SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 2

(7lr1159)

ENROLLED BILL

- Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs/Rules and Executive Nominations -

Introduced by Senators Madaleno, Conway, Feldman, Ferguson, Guzzone, Kagan, Kelley, King, Lee, Manno, McFadden, Pinsky, Rosapepe, Smith, and Zucker

Read and Examined by Proofreaders:

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Sealed with the Great Seal and	pres	sented	to	the	Governor,	for his	approval	this	
day of	at					o'clocl	Χ,	M.	
	-						Presi	dent.	
RES	OLU	TION	NO.						
A Senate Joint Resolution concernin	g								

Constitutional Convention – Amendment <u>Amendments</u> – Repeal

FOR the purpose of repealing and withdrawing certain applications to Congress to call a
Constitutional Convention; and urging the legislatures of certain other states to take
certain actions; and generally relating to the repeal and withdrawal of certain
applications to Congress for a convention to propose amendments to the Constitution
of the United States.

8 WHEREAS, The Constitution of the United States has been, since its creation in 9 1787, the bulwark of American liberty and strength. It was the first written national 10 Charter to clearly set forth the respective duties and powers of the Chief Executive, the 11 Legislature, and the Judiciary, and is the basis of America's checks and balances system of 12 government, assuring the rule of the majority while protecting the rights of the minority. 13 It provides for the peaceful resolution of our basic political disputes and allows for an 14 orderly succession of political leaders without bloodshed or revolution; and

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1 WHEREAS, Since its ratification, the Constitution has been amended 27 times, each 2 time by the proposal of an amendment by the Congress, often on initial petition by the 3 states and always with subsequent ratification by the requisite number of state 4 legislatures. Despite wrenching debate, political turmoil, and many grave political and 5 economic problems – including the Great Depression – our nation has not had another 6 Constitutional Convention since 1787; and

7 WHEREAS, The first Convention was called to make corrections in revisions to the 8 Articles of Confederation and decided instead to discard that governmental system 9 altogether and create an entirely new and extremely different one. In recent years, we have 10 heard such diverse proposals as the elimination of portions of the Bill of Rights or granting 11 the President the power to dissolve Congress; and

12WHEREAS, The Although historical records maintained by the State and the Library of Congress are incomplete and in some instances unclear as to the final disposition of 1314legislation proposed by the General Assembly to initiate a call to Congress for a 15Constitutional Convention, it is reported that the Maryland General Assembly has passed 16 four several such calls for a Constitutional Convention since the 1930s. These calls include: 17(1) House Resolution (1939) (unconfirmed) calling for limitations on the federal taxing power; (2) House Joint Resolution 40 (1964) calling for standards concerning the size and 18 19boundaries of congressional districts; (2) (3) Senate Joint Resolution 1 (1965) calling for 20legislative autonomy concerning the apportionment of State legislative bodies; (3) House 21Joint Resolution 61 (1973) (4) Senate Resolution 47 (1973) (unconfirmed), a memorial from 22the Senate of Maryland calling for the allowance of school prayer in public schools; and (4) 23(5) Senate Joint Resolution 4 (1975) calling for a balanced federal budget. It is generally 24believed that these calls never expire, and current generations are now bound by decisions 25made in a different time and culture. The need to advance these various policy reforms 26should be debated anew, and not bind future generations without any consideration; now, 27therefore, be it

28RESOLVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That this body does 29hereby rescind, repeal, cancel, void, nullify, and supersede, to the same effect as if they had 30 never been passed, any and all prior applications by the General Assembly to the Congress 31 of the United States of America to call a convention to propose amendments to the 32Constitution of the United State States of America, whether or not the calls are confirmed 33 by the historical records maintained by the State or the Library of Congress, pursuant to the terms of Article V thereof, regardless of when and regardless of whether such applications 3435were for a more limited convention to propose one or more amendments regarding one or 36 more specific subjects and purposes or for a general convention to propose an unlimited 37 number of amendments upon an unlimited number of subjects; and be it further

38 RESOLVED, That the General Assembly urges the legislatures of each and every 39 state which has applied to Congress to call a convention for either a general or limited 40 Constitutional Convention to repeal and withdraw such applications; and be it further

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RESOLVED, That a copy of this Resolution be forwarded by the Department of

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 $\mathbf{2}$ Legislative Services to the Honorable Lawrence J. Hogan, Jr., Governor of Maryland; the 3 Honorable Thomas V. Mike Miller, Jr., President of the Senate of Maryland; and the 4 Honorable Michael E. Busch, Speaker of the House of Delegates; and be it further $\mathbf{5}$ RESOLVED, That certified copies of this Joint Resolution be sent by the Secretary 6 of State to: 7the Honorable Michael R. Pence, Vice President of the United States, (1)8 President of the United States Senate, Suite S-212, United States Capitol Building, 9 Washington, D.C. 20510; the Honorable Orrin Hatch, President Pro Tempore of the United States Senate, 104 Hart Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510; and the Honorable Paul 10 11 D. Ryan, Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, 1233 Longworth House 12Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515; and 13the Maryland Congressional Delegation: Senators Benjamin L. Cardin (2)14and Christopher Van Hollen, Jr., Senate Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20510; and Representatives Andrew P. Harris, C. A. Dutch Ruppersberger III, John P. Sarbanes, 1516 Anthony G. Brown, Steny Hamilton Hoyer, John Delaney, Elijah E. Cummings, and Jamie 17Raskin, House Office Building, Washington, D.C. 20515; and 18 the Honorable David S. Ferriero, Archivist of the United States, (3)National Archives and Records Administration, 709 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., 1920Washington, D.C. 20408; and 21the Honorable Julie E. Adams, Secretary of the United States Senate, (4) 22United States Capitol Building, Suite S-312, Washington, D.C. 20510; the Honorable 23Elizabeth MacDonough, Parliamentarian of the United States Senate, United States 24Capitol Building, Suite S-133, Washington, D.C. 20510; the Honorable Karen L. Haas, 25Clerk of the United States House of Representatives, Suite H–154, United States Capitol 26Building, Washington, D.C. 20515; and the Honorable Thomas J. Wickham, Jr., 27Parliamentarian of the United States House of Representatives, Room H-209, United 28States Capitol Building, Washington, D.C. 20515, requesting that they publish this Joint 29Resolution in the Congressional Record and list this application in the official tally of state 30 legislative applications that repeal and withdraw any prior application by a state legislature that calls for the Congress of the United States of America to call a convention 3132to propose amendments to the Constitution of the United States, pursuant to the terms of Article V thereof, regardless of when and regardless of whether such applications were for 33 34a more limited convention to propose one or more amendments regarding one or more 35 specific subjects and purposes or for a general convention to propose an unlimited number 36 of amendments upon an unlimited number of subjects.