A BILL ENTITLED

AN ACT concerning

Income Tax – Subtraction Modification – Retirement Income

FOR the purpose of including income from certain retirement plans within a certain subtraction modification allowed under the Maryland income tax for certain individuals who are at least a certain age or who are disabled or whose spouse is disabled; providing for the application of this Act; altering a certain definition; and generally relating to a subtraction modification under the Maryland income tax for certain retirement income.

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article – Tax – General

Section 10–209

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2016 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,

That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – Tax – General

10–209.

(a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

(2) “Emergency services personnel” means emergency medical technicians or paramedics.

(3) (i) [“Employee] “QUALIFIED retirement [system”] PLAN” means

[a plan]:

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.
1. [established and maintained by an employer for the
calendar year benefit of its employees; and

2.] A RETIREMENT PLAN qualified under § 401(a), § 403, or
§ 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

2. AN INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT OR ANNUITY
UNDER § 408 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE; OR

3. A ROLLOVER INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT.

(ii) [“Employee] “QUALIFIED retirement [system”] PLAN” does not
include:

1. [an individual retirement account or annuity under § 408
of the Internal Revenue Code;

2.] a Roth individual retirement account under § 408A of the
Internal Revenue Code;

3. a rollover individual retirement account;

4.] 2. a simplified employee pension under Internal Revenue
Code § 408(k); or

5. [an ineligible deferred compensation plan under § 457(f) of
the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) Subject to subsections (d) and (e) of this section, to determine Maryland
adjusted gross income, if, on the last day of the taxable year, a resident is at least 65 years
old or is totally disabled or the resident’s spouse is totally disabled, or the resident is at
least 55 years old and is a retired law enforcement officer or fire, rescue, or emergency
services personnel of the United States, the State, or a political subdivision of the State, an
amount is subtracted from federal adjusted gross income equal to the lesser of:

(1) the cumulative or total annuity, pension, or endowment income from
[an employee] A QUALIFIED retirement [system] PLAN included in federal adjusted gross
income; or

(2) the maximum annual benefit under the Social Security Act computed
under subsection (c) of this section, less any payment received as old age, survivors, or
disability benefits under the Social Security Act, the Railroad Retirement Act, or both.

(c) For purposes of subsection (b)(2) of this section, the Comptroller:
(1) shall determine the maximum annual benefit under the Social Security
Act allowed for an individual who retired at age 65 for the prior calendar year; and

(2) may allow the subtraction to the nearest $100.

(d) Military retirement income that is included in the subtraction under §
10–207(q) of this subtitle may not be taken into account for purposes of the subtraction
under this section.

(e) In the case of a retired law enforcement officer or fire, rescue, or emergency
services personnel of the United States, the State, or a political subdivision of the State,
the amount included under subsection (b)(1) of this section is limited to the first $15,000 of
retirement income that is attributable to the resident’s employment as a law enforcement
officer or fire, rescue, or emergency services personnel of the United States, the State, or a
political subdivision of the State unless:

(1) the resident is at least 65 years old or is totally disabled; or

(2) the resident’s spouse is totally disabled.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July
1, 2018, and shall be applicable to all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017.