K1 8lr1109

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Introduced and read first time: January 25, 2018

Assigned to: Economic Matters

AN ACT concerning

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(a)

(1)

## A BILL ENTITLED

2	Workers' Compensation - Average Weekly Wage - Multiple Employers
3	FOR the purpose of requiring that the weekly wages from the employments of a covered
4	employee who, at the time of an accidental personal injury, was concurrently
5	employed by more than one employer be combined for purposes of computing the
6	average weekly wage; making certain conforming changes; providing for the
7	application of this Act; and generally relating to the computation of the average
8	weekly wage of a covered employee.
9	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
10	Article – Labor and Employment
11	Section 9–602(a), 9–630(b), and 9–637(c)
12	Annotated Code of Maryland
13	(2016 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
14	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
15	Article – Labor and Employment
16	Section 9–602(l)
17	Annotated Code of Maryland
18	(2016 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
19	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
20	That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
21	Article – Labor and Employment
22	9–602.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, the average weekly wage



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$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	of a covered employee shall be computed by determining the average of the weekly wages of the covered employee:					
3		(i)	when	the covered employee is working full time; and		
4		(ii)	at the	e time of:		
5			1.	the accidental personal injury; or		
6 7	hazards of an occu	upation	2. the last injurious exposure of the covered employee to the al disease.			
8 9	(2) For purposes of a computation under paragraph (1) of this subsection, wages shall include:					
10		(i)	tips;	and		
11 12	similar advantage	(ii) es that	the reasonable value of housing, lodging, meals, rent, and other the covered employee received from the employer.			
13 14 15 16 17 18	experience of the covered employee at the time of the accidental personal injury or last injurious exposure to the hazards of the occupational disease, the wages of the covered employee could be expected to increase under normal circumstances, the expected increase may be taken into account when computing the average weekly wage of the covered					
19	(l) (1)	This	subsec	subsection applies only to a covered employee who:		
20		(i)	has s	uffered:		
21 22	this subtitle; or		1.	a serious permanent partial disability under § 9-630 of		
23			2.	a permanent total disability under § 9–637 of this subtitle;		
24 25	time of the accide	(ii) ntal pe		concurrently employed by more than one employer at the injury; AND		
26 27	employment in w	(iii) hich th	_	xed, on average, 20 hours per week or less in the ental personal injury occurred; and		
28 29 30	(iv)] as a result of the accidental personal injury, is unable to work at any employment the covered employee was engaged in at the time of the accidental personal injury or any similar type of employment.					

[(2) (i) If the covered employee earned weekly wages from another

employment that exceeded the weekly wages the covered employee earned from the employment in which the accidental personal injury occurred, the average weekly wage of the covered employee shall be based on the weekly wages the covered employee earned in the other employment.

- (ii) If the covered employee earned weekly wages from two or more other employments and, for more than one of such employments, the weekly wages earned by the employee exceeded the weekly wages of the covered employee from the employment in which the accidental personal injury occurred, the average weekly wage of the covered employee shall be based on weekly wages of the employment where the employee earned the highest wages.]
- 11 (2) IF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE WAS EMPLOYED BY MORE THAN ONE
  12 EMPLOYER AT THE TIME OF ACCIDENTAL PERSONAL INJURY, THE WEEKLY WAGES
  13 FROM THE EMPLOYMENTS THE EMPLOYEE WAS ENGAGED IN AT THE TIME OF THE
  14 ACCIDENTAL PERSONAL INJURY SHALL BE COMBINED FOR PURPOSES OF
  15 COMPUTING THE AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGE OF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE.
- 16 (3) This subsection may not be interpreted as:
- 17 (i) except as provided in §§ 9-630 and 9-637 of this subtitle, 18 relieving from liability to pay compensation the employer in whose employment the 19 accidental personal injury occurred; **OR**
- 20 (ii) creating any liability to pay compensation on the part of another 21 employer in whose employment the accidental personal injury did not occur; or
- 22 (iii) requiring the weekly wages from the employments the employee 23 was engaged in at the time of the accidental personal injury to be combined for purposes of 24 computing the average weekly wage of the covered employee].
- 25 9-630.

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- 26 (b) (1) This subsection applies to the payment of weekly compensation required under subsection (a) of this section if the average weekly wage of a covered employee is computed under § 9–602(l) of this subtitle.
- 29 (2) The employer in whose employment the accidental personal injury 30 occurred or the employer's insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation 31 that is based on the weekly wages of the covered employee at the employment in which the 32 covered employee was injured.
- 33 (3) Subject to paragraph (4) of this subsection, any additional weekly 34 compensation resulting from computing the average weekly wage based on weekly wages 35 earned by the covered employee in other employment shall be payable in the first instance 36 by the employer in whose employment the employee was injured or the employer's insurer.

- (4) Subject to any right of the Subsequent Injury Fund to be impleaded or any right of the Subsequent Injury Fund to defend in a case involving payment from the Subsequent Injury Fund created under Title 10, Subtitle 2 of this article, as allowable under Subtitle 8 of this title, the Subsequent Injury Fund shall reimburse the employer in whose employment the employee was injured or the employer's insurer the amount of additional weekly compensation paid by the employer or insurer under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
- 8 9-637.
- 9 (c) (1) This subsection applies to the payment of weekly compensation 10 required under subsection (a) of this section if the average weekly wage of a covered 11 employee is computed under § 9–602(l) of this subtitle.
- 12 (2) The employer in whose employment the accidental personal injury occurred or the employer's insurer shall pay the covered employee weekly compensation that is based on the weekly wages of the covered employee at the employment in which the covered employee was injured.
  - (3) Subject to paragraph (4) of this subsection, any additional weekly compensation resulting from computing the average weekly wage based on weekly wages earned by the covered employee in other employment shall be payable in the first instance by the employer in whose employment the employee was injured or the employer's insurer.
  - (4) Subject to any right of the Subsequent Injury Fund to be impleaded or any right of the Subsequent Injury Fund to defend in a case involving payment from the Subsequent Injury Fund created under Title 10, Subtitle 2 of this article, as allowable under Subtitle 8 of this title, the Subsequent Injury Fund shall reimburse the employer in whose employment the employee was injured or the employer's insurer the amount of additional weekly compensation paid by the employer or insurer under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
  - SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be construed to apply only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect on or application to any claim arising from events occurring before the effective date of this Act.
- SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2018.