E2 8lr1780

By: Delegate Clippinger

Introduced and read first time: February 2, 2018

Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Juvenile Law - Transfer of Cases to Juvenile Court

- FOR the purpose of requiring a certain transfer hearing to be held within a certain period of time, except under certain circumstances; authorizing a county administrative judge or a designee of the judge to grant an extension for a transfer hearing under certain circumstances; requiring the county administrative judge or the judge's designee to state certain information on the record under certain circumstances; and generally relating to the transfer of cases to the juvenile court.
- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 10 Article Criminal Procedure
- 11 Section 4–202
- 12 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 13 (2008 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
- 14 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 15 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

16 Article - Criminal Procedure

- 17 4–202.
- 18 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.
- 19 (2) "Victim" has the meaning stated in § 11–104 of this article.
- 20 (3) "Victim's representative" has the meaning stated in § 11–104 of this
- 21 article.
- 22 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a court exercising criminal jurisdiction in a case involving a child may transfer the case to the juvenile court before



- 1 trial or before a plea is entered under Maryland Rule 4–242 if:
- 2 (1) the accused child was at least 14 but not 18 years of age when the 3 alleged crime was committed;
- 4 (2) the alleged crime is excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court 5 under § 3–8A–03(d)(1), (4), or (5) of the Courts Article; and
- 6 (3) the court determines by a preponderance of the evidence that a transfer of its jurisdiction is in the interest of the child or society.
- 8 (c) The court may not transfer a case to the juvenile court under subsection (b) of 9 this section if:
- 10 (1) the child was convicted in an unrelated case excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under § 3–8A–03(d)(1) or (4) of the Courts Article; or
- 12 (2) the alleged crime is murder in the first degree and the accused child 13 was 16 or 17 years of age when the alleged crime was committed.
- 14 (d) In determining whether to transfer jurisdiction under subsection (b) of this section, the court shall consider:
- 16 (1) the age of the child;
- 17 (2) the mental and physical condition of the child;
- 18 (3) the amenability of the child to treatment in an institution, facility, or 19 program available to delinquent children;
- 20 (4) the nature of the alleged crime; and
- 21 (5) the public safety.
- 22 (e) In making a determination under this section, the court may order that a 23 study be made concerning the child, the family of the child, the environment of the child, 24 and other matters concerning the disposition of the case.
- 25 (F) (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A 26 TRANSFER HEARING SHALL BE HELD:
- 27 (I) NOT LATER THAN 30 DAYS AFTER A STUDY ORDERED UNDER 28 SUBSECTION (E) IS COMPLETED; OR
- 29 (II) IF NO STUDY IS ORDERED, NOT LATER THAN **30** DAYS AFTER 30 A MOTION TO TRANSFER THE CASE TO THE JUVENILE COURT IS FILED UNDER

1 MARYLAND RULE 4-252(C).

- 2 (2) (I) ON MOTION OF A PARTY, FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, THE
- 3 COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGE OR A DESIGNEE OF THE JUDGE MAY GRANT AN
- 4 EXTENSION FOR THE TRANSFER HEARING.
- 5 (II) IF AN EXTENSION IS GRANTED, THE COUNTY
- 6 ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGE OR THE JUDGE'S DESIGNEE SHALL STATE ON THE RECORD:
- 7 THE CAUSE THAT REQUIRES THE EXTENSION; AND
- 8 2. THE LENGTH OF THE EXTENSION.
- 9 **[(f)] (G)** The court shall make a transfer determination within 10 days after the date of a transfer hearing.
- [(g)] (H) If the court transfers its jurisdiction under this section, the court may order the child held for an adjudicatory hearing under the regular procedure of the juvenile court.
- [(h)] (I) (1) Pending a determination under this section to transfer its jurisdiction, the court shall order the child to be held in a secure juvenile facility unless:
- 16 (i) the child is released on bail, recognizance, or other conditions of 17 pretrial release;
- 18 (ii) there is not available capacity in a secure juvenile facility, as 19 determined by the Department of Juvenile Services; or
- 20 (iii) the court finds that detention in a secure juvenile facility would 21 pose a risk of harm to the child or others.
- 22 (2) If the court makes a finding under paragraph (1)(iii) of this subsection 23 that detention in a secure juvenile facility would pose a risk of harm to the child or others, 24 the court shall state the reasons for the finding on the record.
- [(i)] (J) (1) A victim or victim's representative shall be given notice of the transfer hearing as provided under § 11–104 of this article.
- 27 (2) (i) A victim or a victim's representative may submit a victim impact statement to the court as provided in § 11–402 of this article.
- 29 (ii) This paragraph does not preclude a victim or victim's 30 representative who has not filed a notification request form under § 11–104 of this article 31 from submitting a victim impact statement to the court.

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- 1 (iii) The court shall consider a victim impact statement in 2 determining whether to transfer jurisdiction under this section.
- [(j)] (K) (1) Regardless of whether the District Court has jurisdiction over the case, at a bail review or preliminary hearing before the District Court involving a child whose case is eligible for transfer under subsection (b) of this section, the District Court:
- 6 (i) may order that a study be made under the provisions of subsection (e) of this section; and
- 8 (ii) shall order that the child be held in a secure juvenile facility 9 pending a transfer determination under this section unless:
- 12 2. there is not available capacity at a secure juvenile facility 13 as determined by the Department of Juvenile Services; or
- 14 3. the District Court finds that detention in a secure juvenile 15 facility would pose a risk of harm to the child or others.
- 16 (2) If the District Court makes a finding under paragraph (1)(ii)3 of this subsection that detention in a secure juvenile facility would pose a risk of harm to the child or others, the District Court shall state the reasons for the finding on the record.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2018.