By: Delegates Frick, Glenn, Ali, Anderson, Angel, Atterbeary, Barkley, B. Barnes, D. Barnes, Barron, Barve, Beidle, Brooks, Carr, Chang, Clippinger, Cullison, Dumais, Ebersole, Fennell, Fraser-Hidalgo, Frush, Gaines, Gibson, Gilchrist, Gutierrez, Hayes, Haynes, Healey, Hettleman, Hill, Hixson, Holmes, C. Howard, Jalisi, Jones, Kaiser, Kelly, Knotts, Korman, Kramer, Krimm, Lafferty, Lam, J. Lewis, R. Lewis, Lierman, Luedtke, McIntosh, A. Miller, Moon, Morales, Morhaim, Mosby, Patterson. Pena-Melnvk. Pendergrass, Queen, Reznik. Proctor, Rosenberg. Sample-Hughes, Sanchez, Sophocleus, Stein, Sydnor, Tarlau, Turner, Valderrama, Valentino-Smith, Waldstreicher, A. Washington, M. Washington, Wilkins, K. Young, and P. Young

Introduced and read first time: February 9, 2018 Assigned to: Economic Matters

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

$\mathbf{2}$

Clean Energy Jobs Act of 2018

3 FOR the purpose of exempting certain money received by the Small, Minority, and 4 Women–Owned Business Account from the requirement to ensure that at least a $\mathbf{5}$ certain percentage of grants be allocated within certain jurisdictions and 6 communities; establishing the Clean Energy Workforce Account in the Maryland 7 Employment Advancement Right Now Program; providing for the funding of the 8 Account; requiring the Department of Labor, Licensing, and Regulation to include 9 certain information about the Account in a certain annual report; establishing 10 certain criteria for qualified offshore wind projects applied for on or after a certain date; altering and extending the minimum required percentage of energy that must 11 12be derived from Tier 1 renewable sources in the State's renewable energy portfolio 13 standard in certain years; altering and extending the minimum required percentage of Tier 1 renewable energy that must be derived from solar energy in the State's 1415renewable energy portfolio standard in certain years; altering and extending the 16minimum required percentage of Tier 1 renewable energy that must be derived from 17offshore wind energy in the State's renewable energy portfolio standard in certain 18years; requiring the Public Service Commission to provide a certain additional application period for consideration of new offshore wind projects under certain 1920circumstances; establishing certain criteria for the Commission to consider with 21respect to approval of an application for an offshore wind project filed on or after a

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 certain date, including limits on certain rate impacts measured in certain dollars; $\mathbf{2}$ altering the compliance fee for an electricity supplier that fails to comply with certain 3 renewable energy portfolio standards for certain years; establishing certain 4 compliance fees for an electricity supplier that fails to comply with certain renewable $\mathbf{5}$ energy portfolio standards for certain years; requiring the Power Plant Research 6 Program to conduct a supplemental study on the renewable energy portfolio 7 standard and certain related matters; altering the scope of a certain study and 8 providing for the scope of the supplemental study; providing certain specific subjects 9 that the supplemental study must address; requiring the Program to report to the 10 Governor and certain committees on or before certain dates; authorizing the 11 Maryland Energy Administration to use the Strategic Energy Investment Fund for 12certain purposes; requiring certain loans or grants from the Fund to comply with 13 certain provisions; requiring at least a certain number of workers participating in a 14certain project or program to reside within a certain area with respect to the project 15or program; removing certain forms of energy from the definition of a Tier 1 16 renewable source after a certain date; providing that energy derived from certain 17forms of energy is not eligible for inclusion in meeting the renewable energy portfolio 18 standard after a certain date; defining certain terms and altering certain definitions; 19 making conforming and clarifying changes; altering the termination date of a certain 20Act; providing that existing obligations or contract rights may not be impaired by 21this Act; making the provisions of this Act severable; providing for a delayed effective 22date for certain provisions of this Act; and generally relating to the renewable energy 23portfolio standard and economic development.

- 24 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 25 Article Economic Development
- 26 Section 5–1501(a) and (d)
- 27 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 28 (2008 Volume and 2017 Supplement)
- 29 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 30 Article Economic Development
- 31 Section 5–1501(c)
- 32 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 33 (2008 Volume and 2017 Supplement)
- 34 BY adding to
- 35 Article Labor and Employment
- 36 Section 11–708.1
- 37 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 38 (2016 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)
- 39 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 40 Article Labor and Employment
- 41 Section 11–709
- 42 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 43 (2016 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement)

1 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, $\mathbf{2}$ Article – Public Utilities 3 Section 7-701(a)4 Annotated Code of Maryland $\mathbf{5}$ (2010 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement) 6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 7 Article – Public Utilities 8 Section 7–701(k), (n), and (r), 7–703, 7–704(a)(2), 7–704.1, 7–704.2(a)(1) and (c)(1), 7-705(b), and 7-714 9 10 Annotated Code of Maryland (2010 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement) 11 12BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments, Article – State Government 13 14Section 9-20B-01(a) and (d) and 9-20B-05(a)15Annotated Code of Maryland 16 (2014 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement) 17BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 18 Article – State Government 19 Section 9-20B-05(f) and (i) 20Annotated Code of Maryland 21(2014 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement) 22BY repealing 23Article – State Government Section 9–20B–05(f–1) 2425Annotated Code of Maryland 26(2014 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement) 27BY adding to Article – State Government 2829Section 9-20B-05(m)30 Annotated Code of Maryland 31 (2014 Replacement Volume and 2017 Supplement) 32 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, 33 Chapter 393 of the Acts of the General Assembly of 2017 34Section 2 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND. 35 36 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: **Article – Economic Development** 37

- 4
- 1 5-1501.

2 (a) There is a Small, Minority, and Women–Owned Businesses Account under the 3 authority of the Department.

4 (c) (1) In this subsection, "eligible fund manager" means an entity that has 5 significant financial or investment experience, under criteria developed by the Department.

6 (2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3) of this subsection, the 7 Department shall make grants to eligible fund managers to provide investment capital and 8 loans to small, minority, and women-owned businesses in the State.

9 (3) [The] EXCEPT FOR MONEY RECEIVED FROM THE STRATEGIC 10 ENERGY INVESTMENT FUND, THE Department shall ensure that eligible fund managers 11 allocate at least 50% of the funds from this Account to small, minority, and women–owned 12 businesses in the jurisdictions and communities surrounding a video lottery facility.

13 (d) Any money received from the Strategic Energy Investment Fund shall be used 14 to benefit small, minority, and women-owned businesses in the clean energy industry in 15 the State.

16

Article – Labor and Employment

17 **11–708.1.**

18 (A) THERE IS A CLEAN ENERGY WORKFORCE ACCOUNT.

19 (B) THE ACCOUNT SHALL BE FUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 20 9–20B–05(F)(10) AND (I) OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT ARTICLE.

21 11-709.

(a) On or before December 31 of each year, the Department shall report to the
Governor and, in accordance with § 2–1246 of the State Government Article, to the Senate
Finance Committee and the House Economic Matters Committee on the Maryland EARN
Program.

26 (b) The report required under subsection (a) of this section shall include:

27 (1) an identification of training needs statewide, including industries in 28 urgent need of qualified workers;

29 (2) information on measures being used to track the success and 30 accountability of the Maryland EARN Program, including use of the StateStat 31 accountability process under § 3–1003(b) of the State Finance and Procurement Article;

1 (3)a description of each strategic industry partnership receiving (i) $\mathbf{2}$ grant funding and the status of the partnership; and 3 the jurisdiction of the State in which each strategic industry (ii) 4 partnership is located; the number of individuals: $\mathbf{5}$ (4)6 by sex, race, national origin, income, county of residence, and (i) 7 educational attainment, participating in each component of the Maryland EARN Program; 8 and 9 participating in the Maryland EARN Program who, as a result of (ii) 10 the Program, have obtained: 11 1. a credential or an identifiable skill; 122.a new employment position; a title promotion; or 133. 14 a wage promotion; [and] 4. 15an assessment of whether and to what extent the approved strategic (5)16industry partnerships utilized existing data concerning: 17(i) training needs in the State identified in previous studies; and applicable skills needs identified in existing workforce studies, 18 (ii) 19 plans, or research; AND 20(6) INFORMATION ON THE SUCCESS OF FUNDING WORKFORCE 21DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS UNDER § 11–708.1 OF THIS SUBTITLE. 22Article – Public Utilities 237 - 701. 24(a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated. 25(k) "Qualified offshore wind project" means a wind turbine electricity generation facility, including the associated transmission-related interconnection facilities and 2627equipment, that:

(1) is located on the outer continental shelf of the Atlantic Ocean in an areathat:

	6 HOUSE BILL 1453
1	(i) FOR PROJECTS APPLIED FOR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2020:
$2 \\ 3 \\ 4$	1. the United States Department of the Interior designates for leasing after coordination and consultation with the State in accordance with § 388(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005; and
5	[(ii)] 2. is between 10 and 30 miles off the coast of the State; AND
$6 \\ 7$	(II) FOR PROJECTS APPLIED FOR ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2020:
8 9 10	1. THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR DESIGNATES FOR LEASING FOR OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY USE AFTER COORDINATION AND CONSULTATION WITH THE STATE; AND
$\frac{11}{12}$	2. IS BETWEEN 15 AND 80 MILES OFF THE COAST OF THE STATE;
$\frac{13}{14}$	(2) interconnects to the PJM Interconnection grid at a point located on the Delmarva Peninsula; and
15	(3) the Commission approves under § 7–704.1 of this subtitle.
$16 \\ 17 \\ 18$	(n) "Renewable energy credit" or "credit" means a credit equal to the generation attributes of 1 megawatt-hour of electricity that is derived from a Tier 1 renewable source or a Tier 2 renewable source that is located:
19	(1) in the PJM region;
$20 \\ 21 \\ 22$	(2) outside the area described in item (1) of this subsection but in a control area that is adjacent to the PJM region, if the electricity is delivered into the PJM region; or
23	(3) on the outer continental shelf of the Atlantic Ocean in an area that:
$\begin{array}{c} 24\\ 25\\ 26\end{array}$	(i) the United States Department of the Interior designates for leasing after coordination and consultation with the State in accordance with § 388(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005; and
27	(ii) is between 10 and [30] 80 miles off the coast of the State.
28	7–703.
29 30 31	(a) (1) (i) The Commission shall implement a renewable energy portfolio standard that, except as provided under paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, applies to all retail electricity sales in the State by electricity suppliers.

1 If the standard becomes applicable to electricity sold to a (ii) $\mathbf{2}$ customer after the start of a calendar year, the standard does not apply to electricity sold 3 to the customer during that portion of the year before the standard became applicable. 4 A renewable energy portfolio standard may not apply to electricity sales (2)at retail by any electricity supplier: $\mathbf{5}$ 6 in excess of 300,000,000 kilowatt-hours of industrial process load (i) 7 to a single customer in a year; 8 (ii) to residential customers in a region of the State in which 9 electricity prices for residential customers are subject to a freeze or cap contained in a settlement agreement entered into under § 7–505 of this title until the freeze or cap has 10 expired; or 11 12to a customer served by an electric cooperative under an (iii) 13electricity supplier purchase agreement that existed on October 1, 2004, until the 14expiration of the agreement, as the agreement may be renewed or amended. 15The portion of a renewable energy portfolio standard that represents (3)16offshore wind energy may not apply to electricity sales at retail by any electricity supplier 17in excess of: 18 75,000,000 kilowatt-hours of industrial process load to a single (i) 19 customer in a year; and 20(ii) 3,000 kilowatt-hours of electricity in a month to a customer who is an owner of agricultural land and files an Internal Revenue Service form 1040, schedule 2122F. 23(b) The renewable energy portfolio standard shall be as follows: 24(1)in 2006, 1% from Tier 1 renewable sources and 2.5% from Tier 2 25renewable sources: 26in 2007, 1% from Tier 1 renewable sources and 2.5% from Tier 2 (2)27renewable sources; 28in 2008, 2.005% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least (3)290.005% derived from solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources; 30 (4)in 2009, 2.01% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 0.01% 31derived from solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources; in 2010, 3.025% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 32(5)33 0.025% derived from solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;

$\frac{1}{2}$	(6) derived from sola		11, 5.0% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 0.05% y, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
$\frac{3}{4}$	(7) derived from sola		12, 6.5% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 0.1% y, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
$5\\6$	(8) derived from sola		13, 8.2% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 0.25% y, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
7 8	(9) derived from sola		14, 10.3% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 0.35% y, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
9 10	(10) derived from sola		15, 10.5% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 0.5% y, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(11) derived from sola		16, 12.7% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 0.7% y, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
13	(12)	in 20	17:
14		(i)	13.1% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including:
15			1. at least 1.15% derived from solar energy; and
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	this subtitle, not	to excee	2. an amount set by the Commission under § 7–704.2(a) of ed 2.5%, derived from offshore wind energy; and
18		(ii)	2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
19	(13)	in 20	18:
20		(i)	15.8% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including:
21			1. at least 1.5% derived from solar energy; and
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	this subtitle, not	to excee	2. an amount set by the Commission under § 7–704.2(a) of ed 2.5%, derived from offshore wind energy; and
24		(ii)	2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
25	(14)	in 20	19, [20.4%] 26.2% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including:
26		(i)	at least [1.95%] 5.5% derived from solar energy; and
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	subtitle, not to ex	(ii) cceed 2.8	an amount set by the Commission under § 7–704.2(a) of this 5%, derived from offshore wind energy; [and]

8

$rac{1}{2}$	(15) in 2020 [and later], [25%] 28% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including:
3	(i) at least [2.5%] 6% derived from solar energy; and
4 5	(ii) an amount set by the Commission under § $7-704.2(a)$ of this subtitle, not to exceed 2.5%, derived from offshore wind energy;
6	(16) IN 2021, 30.05% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
7	(I) AT LEAST 6.75% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
8 9	(II) AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, NOT TO EXCEED 2.5%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
10	(17) IN 2022, 31.85% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
11	(I) AT LEAST 7.25% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	(II) AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, NOT TO EXCEED 2.5%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
14	(18) IN 2023, 34.65% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
15	(I) AT LEAST 8.75% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(II) AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, NOT TO EXCEED 2.5%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
18	(19) IN 2024, 37.45% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
19	(I) AT LEAST 10.25% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(II) AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, NOT TO EXCEED 2.5%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
22	(20) IN 2025, 40% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
23	(I) AT LEAST 11.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(II) AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) OF THIS SUBTITLE, NOT TO EXCEED 10%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;

	10		HOUSE BILL 1453
1	(21)	IN 20	026, 42.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
2		(I)	AT LEAST 12.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$\frac{3}{4}$	OF THIS SUBTITI	(II) LE, NO	AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) I TO EXCEED 10%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
5	(22)	IN 20	027, 45.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
6		(I)	AT LEAST 13.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
7 8	OF THIS SUBTITI	(II) LE, NO	AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) IT TO EXCEED 10%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
9	(23)	IN 20	028, 47.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
10		(I)	AT LEAST 14.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	OF THIS SUBTITI	(II) LE, NO	AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) IT TO EXCEED 10%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
13	(24)	IN 20	029, 49.5% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES, INCLUDING:
14		(I)	AT LEAST 14.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$15 \\ 16 \\ 17$	OF THIS SUBTITI AND	(II) LE, NO	AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) IT TO EXCEED 10%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY;
$\frac{18}{19}$	(25) INCLUDING:	IN 20	030 AND LATER, 50% FROM TIER 1 RENEWABLE SOURCES,
20		(I)	AT LEAST 14.5% DERIVED FROM SOLAR ENERGY; AND
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	OF THIS SUBTITI	(II) LE, NO'	AN AMOUNT SET BY THE COMMISSION UNDER § 7–704.2(A) IT TO EXCEED 10%, DERIVED FROM OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY.
23 24 25 26	established under	subse	ulating the number of credits required to meet the percentages ction (b) of this section, an electricity supplier shall exclude from sales all retail electricity sales described in subsection (a)(2) and
27	(d) Subj	ect to s	subsections (a) and (c) of this section and in accordance with §

7–704.2 of this subtitle, an electricity supplier shall meet the renewable energy portfolio

standard by accumulating the equivalent amount of renewable energy credits that equalthe percentages required under this section.

3 7-704.1.

4 (a) (1) After the effective date of Commission regulations implementing this 5 section and § 7–704.2 of this subtitle, a person may submit an application to the 6 Commission for approval of a proposed offshore wind project.

7 (2) (i) On receipt of the application for approval of a qualified offshore 8 wind project, the Commission shall:

9 1. open an application period when other interested persons 10 may submit applications for approval of qualified offshore wind projects; and

11 2. provide notice that the Commission is accepting 12 applications for approval of qualified offshore wind projects.

(ii) The Commission shall set the closing date for the application
 period to be no sooner than 90 days after the notice provided under subparagraph (i) of this
 paragraph.

16 (3) BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2020, ON RECEIPT OF AN APPLICATION 17 FOR APPROVAL OF A QUALIFIED OFFSHORE WIND PROJECT, THE COMMISSION 18 SHALL PROVIDE AN ADDITIONAL APPLICATION PERIOD FOR CONSIDERATION OF 19 NEW PROJECTS NOT PROPOSED IN AN EARLIER APPLICATION PERIOD.

20(4)In its discretion, the Commission may provide for additional application21periods.

(b) Unless extended by mutual consent of the parties, the Commission shall approve, conditionally approve, or deny an application within 180 days after the close of the application period.

25 (c) An application shall include:

32

26 (1) a detailed description and financial analysis of the offshore wind 27 project;

28 (2) the proposed method of financing the offshore wind project, including 29 documentation demonstrating that the applicant has applied for all current eligible State 30 and federal grants, rebates, tax credits, loan guarantees, or other programs available to 31 offset the cost of the project or provide tax advantages;

(3) a cost–benefit analysis that shall include at a minimum:

1 (i) a detailed input-output analysis of the impact of the offshore 2 wind project on income, employment, wages, and taxes in the State with particular 3 emphasis on in-State manufacturing employment;

4 (ii) detailed information concerning assumed employment impacts 5 in the State, including the expected duration of employment opportunities, the salary of 6 each position, and other supporting evidence of employment impacts;

- 7 (iii) an analysis of the anticipated environmental benefits, health 8 benefits, and environmental impacts of the offshore wind project to the citizens of the State;
- 9 (iv) an analysis of any impact on residential, commercial, and 10 industrial ratepayers over the life of the offshore wind project;
- (v) an analysis of any long-term effect on energy and capacity
 markets as a result of the proposed offshore wind project;
- 13

(vi) an analysis of any impact on businesses in the State; and

14 (vii) other benefits, such as increased in–State construction, 15 operations, maintenance, and equipment purchase;

16 (4) a proposed OREC pricing schedule for the offshore wind project that 17 shall [set] SPECIFY a price for the generation attributes, including the energy, capacity, 18 ancillary services, and environmental attributes;

19 (5) a decommissioning plan for the project, including provisions for 20 decommissioning as required by the United States Department of the Interior;

21 (6) a commitment to:

(i) abide by the requirements set forth in subsection (e) of thissection; and

(ii) deposit at least \$6,000,000, in the manner required under
subsection (g) of this section, into the Maryland Offshore Wind Business Development Fund
established under § 9–20C–03 of the State Government Article;

- 27 (7) a description of the applicant's plan for engaging small businesses, as
 28 defined in § 14–501 of the State Finance and Procurement Article;
- 29 (8) a commitment that the applicant will:

(i) use best efforts to apply for all eligible State and federal grants,
 rebates, tax credits, loan guarantees, or other similar benefits as those benefits become
 available; and

1 pass along to ratepayers, without the need for any subsequent (ii) $\mathbf{2}$ Commission approval, 80% of the value of any state or federal grants, rebates, tax credits, 3 loan guarantees, or other similar benefits received by the project and not included in the 4 application; and $\mathbf{5}$ (9)any other information the Commission requires. 6 (d) The Commission shall use the following criteria to evaluate and (1)7 compare proposed offshore wind projects SUBMITTED DURING AN APPLICATION PERIOD: 8 (i) lowest cost impact on rate payers of the price set under a proposed 9 OREC pricing schedule: 10 (ii) potential reductions in transmission congestion prices within the 11 State; 12(iii) potential changes in capacity prices within the State;

13 (iv) potential reductions in locational marginal pricing;

14 (v) potential long-term changes in capacity prices within the State 15 from the offshore wind project as it compares to conventional energy sources;

16 (vi) the extent to which the cost-benefit analysis submitted under 17 subsection (c)(3) of this section demonstrates positive net economic, environmental, and 18 health benefits to the State;

19 (vii) the extent to which an applicant's plan for engaging small 20 businesses meets the goals specified in Title 14, Subtitle 5 of the State Finance and 21 Procurement Article;

(viii) the extent to which an applicant's plan provides for the use of skilled labor, particularly with regard to the construction and manufacturing components of the project, through outreach, hiring, or referral systems that are affiliated with registered apprenticeship programs under Title 11, Subtitle 4 of the Labor and Employment Article;

(ix) the extent to which an applicant's plan provides for the use of an
agreement designed to ensure the use of skilled labor and to promote the prompt, efficient,
and safe completion of the project, particularly with regard to the construction,
manufacturing, and maintenance of the project;

(x) the extent to which an applicant's plan provides for
compensation to its employees and subcontractors consistent with wages outlined under §§
17–201 through 17–228 of the State Finance and Procurement Article;

34 (xi) siting and project feasibility;

the extent to which the proposed offshore wind project would 1 (xii) $\mathbf{2}$ require transmission or distribution infrastructure improvements in the State; 3 (xiii) estimated ability to assist in meeting the renewable energy portfolio standard under § 7–703 of this subtitle; and 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (xiv) any other criteria that the Commission determines to be 6 appropriate. 7 (2)In evaluating and comparing an applicant's proposed offshore wind 8 project under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Commission shall contract for the 9 services of independent consultants and experts. 10 (3)The Commission shall verify that representatives of the United States Department of Defense and the maritime industry have had the opportunity, through the 11 federal leasing process, to express concerns regarding project siting. 12In this paragraph, "minority" means an individual who is a 13(4)(i) 14member of any of the groups listed in § 14-301(k)(1)(i) of the State Finance and 15Procurement Article. 16 (ii) If an applicant is seeking investors in a proposed offshore wind project, it shall take the following steps before the Commission may approve the proposed 1718 project: 19 make serious, good-faith efforts to solicit and interview a 1. 20reasonable number of minority investors; 212. as part of the application, submit a statement to the 22Commission that lists the names and addresses of all minority investors interviewed and 23whether or not any of those investors have purchased an equity share in the entity 24submitting an application; and 25as a condition to the Commission's approval of the offshore 3. 26wind project, sign a memorandum of understanding with the Commission that requires the applicant to again make serious, good-faith efforts to interview minority investors in any 2728future attempts to raise venture capital or attract new investors to the offshore wind 29project. 30 The Governor's Office of Small, Minority, and Women Business (iii) Affairs, in consultation with the Office of the Attorney General, shall provide assistance to 3132all potential applicants and potential minority investors to satisfy the requirements under 33 subparagraph (ii)1 and 3 of this paragraph.

34 (e) (1) The Commission may not approve an applicant's proposed offshore 35 wind project unless:

14

1 the proposed offshore wind project demonstrates positive net (i) $\mathbf{2}$ economic, environmental, and health benefits to the State, based on the criteria specified 3 in subsection (c)(3) of this section;

4 (ii) FOR A PROJECT APPLICATION FILED BEFORE JANUARY 1, $\mathbf{5}$ 2020:

6 1. the projected net rate impact for an average residential 7customer, based on annual consumption of 12,000 kilowatt-hours, combined with the 8 projected net rate impact of other qualified offshore wind projects, does not exceed \$1.50 per month in 2012 dollars, over the duration of the proposed OREC pricing schedule; 9

10 (iii) **2**. the projected net rate impact for all nonresidential 11 customers considered as a blended average, combined with the projected net rate impact of other qualified offshore wind projects, does not exceed 1.5% of nonresidential customers' 1213total annual electric bills, over the duration of the proposed OREC pricing schedule; and

14(iv)] **3**. the price [set] SPECIFIED in the proposed OREC price schedule does not exceed \$190 per megawatt-hour in 2012 dollars; AND 15

16 (III) FOR A PROJECT APPLICATION FILED ON OR AFTER 17**JANUARY 1, 2020:**

THE PROJECTED INCREMENTAL NET RATE IMPACT 18 1. 19 FOR AN AVERAGE RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMER, BASED ON ANNUAL CONSUMPTION OF 2012 MEGAWATT-HOURS, COMBINED WITH THE PROJECTED INCREMENTAL NET RATE 21IMPACT OF OTHER QUALIFIED OFFSHORE WIND PROJECTS APPROVED AFTER 22JANUARY 1, 2020, DOES NOT EXCEED \$0.70 PER MONTH IN 2017 DOLLARS, OVER THE DURATION OF THE PROPOSED OREC PRICING SCHEDULE; 23

2. 24THE PROJECTED INCREMENTAL NET RATE IMPACT 25FOR ALL NONRESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS CONSIDERED AS A BLENDED AVERAGE, 26COMBINED WITH THE PROJECTED NET RATE IMPACT OF OTHER QUALIFIED 27OFFSHORE WIND PROJECTS APPROVED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2020, DOES NOT EXCEED 0.7% OF NONRESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS' TOTAL ANNUAL ELECTRIC BILLS, 2829OVER THE DURATION OF THE PROPOSED OREC PRICING SCHEDULE; AND

30 3. THE PRICE SPECIFIED IN THE PROPOSED OREC 31 PRICE SCHEDULE DOES NOT EXCEED \$130 PER MEGAWATT-HOUR IN 2017 DOLLARS.

When calculating the net benefits to the State under paragraph 32(2)(i) 33 (1)(i) of this subsection, the Commission shall contract for the services of independent 34consultants and experts.

1 (ii) When calculating the projected net average rate impacts under 2 paragraph [(1)(ii) and (iii)] (1)(II)1 AND 2 of this subsection, the Commission shall apply 3 the same net OREC cost per megawatt-hour to residential and nonresidential customers.

4 (3) (i) The findings and evidence relied on by the General Assembly for 5 the continuation of the Minority Business Enterprise Program under Title 14, Subtitle 3 of 6 the State Finance and Procurement Article are incorporated in this paragraph.

(ii) To the extent practicable and authorized by the United States
Constitution, approved applicants for a proposed offshore wind project shall comply with
the State's Minority Business Enterprise Program.

10 (iii) 1. On or before 6 months after the issuance of an order 11 approving an OREC application, the Governor's Office of Small, Minority, and Women 12 Business Affairs, in consultation with the Office of the Attorney General and an approved 13 applicant, shall establish a clear plan for setting reasonable and appropriate minority 14 business enterprise participation goals and procedures for each phase of the qualified 15 offshore wind project.

16 2. To the extent practicable, the goals and procedures 17 specified in subsubparagraph 1 of this subparagraph shall be based on the requirements of 18 Title 14, Subtitle 3 of the State Finance and Procurement Article and the regulations 19 implementing that subtitle.

20 3. Every 6 months following the issuance of an order 21 approving an OREC application, an approved applicant shall submit a report on its 22 progress establishing and implementing minority business enterprise participation goals 23 and procedures to the Commission.

24 (f) (1) An order the Commission issues approving a proposed offshore wind 25 project shall:

26 (i) specify the OREC price schedule, which may not authorize an 27 OREC price greater than:

FOR A PROJECT APPLIED FOR BEFORE JANUARY 1,
 2020, \$190 per megawatt-hour in 2012 dollars; OR

302.FOR A PROJECT APPLIED FOR ON OR AFTER JANUARY311, 2020, \$130 PER MEGAWATT-HOUR IN 2017 DOLLARS;

- 32 (ii) specify the duration of the OREC pricing schedule, not to exceed
 33 20 years;
- 34 (iii) specify the number of ORECs the offshore wind project may sell

35 each year;

1 (iv) provide that: $\mathbf{2}$ a payment may not be made for an OREC until electricity 1. 3 supply is generated by the offshore wind project; and 4 2.ratepayers, purchasers of ORECs, and the State shall be held harmless for any cost overruns associated with the offshore wind project; and $\mathbf{5}$ 6 require that any debt instrument issued in connection with a (v) 7 qualified offshore wind project include language specifying that the debt instrument does 8 not establish a debt, obligation, or liability of the State. 9 An order approving a proposed offshore wind project vests the owner of (2)the qualified offshore wind project with the right to receive payments for ORECs according 10 to the terms in the order. 11 12Within 60 days after the Commission approves the application of a (g) (1)13proposed offshore wind project, the qualified offshore wind project shall deposit \$2,000,000 into the Maryland Offshore Wind Business Development Fund established under § 14159–20C–03 of the State Government Article. 16(2)Within 1 year after the initial deposit under paragraph (1) of this 17subsection, the qualified offshore wind project shall deposit an additional \$2,000,000 into 18 the Maryland Offshore Wind Business Development Fund. 19 Within 2 years after the initial deposit under paragraph (1) of this (3)20subsection, the qualified offshore wind project shall deposit an additional \$2,000,000 into the Maryland Offshore Wind Business Development Fund. 21227 - 704.2. 23(a) (1)The Commission shall determine the offshore wind energy component 24of the renewable energy portfolio standard under § 7–703(b)(12) through [(15)] (25) of this subtitle based on the projected annual creation of ORECs by qualified offshore wind 2526projects. 27(c)(1)Each electricity supplier shall purchase from the escrow account 28established under this section the number of ORECs required to satisfy the offshore wind 29energy component of the renewable energy portfolio standard under § 7–703(b)(12) through 30 [(15)] (25) of this subtitle. 7 - 705.31 This subsection does not apply to a shortfall from the required Tier 1 32(b) (1)33 renewable sources that is to be derived from offshore wind energy.

$1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4$	portfolio standard for the applicable year, the electricity supplier shall pay into the Maryland Strategic Energy Investment Fund established under § 9–20B–05 of the State		
$5 \\ 6$	(i) except	ot as provided in item (ii) of this paragraph, a compliance fee	
7 8 9	1. from required Tier 1 renewable renewable sources that is to be	the following amounts for each kilowatt—hour of shortfall e sources other than the shortfall from the required Tier 1 derived from solar energy:	
10	А.	4 cents through 2016; [and]	
11	В.	3.75 cents in 2017 AND 2018;	
12	С.	3 CENTS IN 2019 THROUGH 2023 ;	
13	D.	2.75 CENTS IN 2024;	
14	Е.	2.5 CENTS IN 2025;	
15	F.	2.45 CENTS IN 2026 AND 2027; AND	
16	G.	2.25 CENTS IN 2028 and later;	
17 18	2. from required Tier 1 renewable	the following amounts for each kilowatt–hour of shortfall sources that is to be derived from solar energy:	
19	А.	45 cents in 2008;	
20	В.	40 cents in 2009 through 2014;	
21	С.	35 cents in 2015 and 2016;	
22	D.	19.5 cents in 2017;	
23	E.	17.5 cents in 2018;	
24	F.	[15] 10 cents in 2019;	
25	G.	[12.5] 10 cents in 2020;	
26	H.	[10] 9 cents in 2021;	
27	I.	[7.5] 7 cents in 2022;	

1		J.	[6] 5 cents in 2023; [and]
2		K.	[5] 4.25 cents in 2024;
3		L.	3.5 CENTS IN 2025;
4		М.	3 CENTS IN 2026 ;
5		N.	2.5 CENTS IN 2027 AND 2028; AND
6		0.	2.25 CENTS IN 2029 and later; and
7 8	Tier 2 renewable sources;	3. or	1.5 cents for each kilowatt–hour of shortfall from required
9	(ii)	for in	dustrial process load:
10 11	renewable sources, a com	1. plianc	for each kilowatt–hour of shortfall from required Tier 1 e fee of:
12		A.	0.8 cents in 2006, 2007, and 2008;
13		В.	0.5 cents in 2009 and 2010;
14		C.	0.4 cents in 2011 and 2012;
15		D.	0.3 cents in 2013 and 2014;
16		E.	0.25 cents in 2015 and 2016; and
17 18	cents in 2017 and later; a	F. nd	except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, 0.2
19 20	sources.	2.	nothing for any shortfall from required Tier 2 renewable
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	(3) For in of shortfall from required		al process load, the compliance fee for each kilowatt–hour renewable sources is:
$\begin{array}{c} 23 \\ 24 \end{array}$	(i) purchase ORECs under §		ents in any year during which suppliers are required to 4.2 of this subtitle; and
$\frac{25}{26}$	(ii) calculations, the net rate		ng for the year following any year during which, after final t per megawatt–hour :

11.from qualified offshore wind projects APPLIED FOR2BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2020, exceeded \$1.65 in 2012 dollars; OR

3 2. FROM QUALIFIED OFFSHORE WIND PROJECTS 4 APPLIED FOR ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2020, EXCEEDED 80 CENTS IN 2017 5 DOLLARS.

6 7-714.

7 (a) The Power Plant Research Program shall conduct a study of the renewable 8 energy portfolio standard and related matters in accordance with this section.

9 (b) The study shall be a comprehensive review of the history, implementation, 10 overall costs and benefits, and effectiveness of the renewable energy portfolio standard in 11 relation to the energy policies of the State, including:

12 (1) the availability of all clean energy sources at reasonable and affordable 13 rates, including in–State and out–of–state renewable energy options;

14 (2) the economic and environmental impacts of the deployment of 15 renewable energy sources in the State and in surrounding areas of the PJM region;

16 (3) the effectiveness of the standard in encouraging development and 17 deployment of renewable energy sources;

18 (4) the impact of alterations that have been made in the components of 19 each tier of the standard, the implementation of different specific goals for particular 20 sources, and the effect of different percentages and alternative compliance payment scales 21 for energy in the tiers;

(5) an assessment of alternative models of regulation and market-based
 tools that may be available or advisable to promote the goals of the standard and the energy
 policies of the State; and

25 (6) the potential to alter or otherwise evolve the standard in order to 26 increase and maintain its effectiveness in promoting the State's energy policies.

27 (c) Particular subjects to be addressed in the study include:

28 (1) the role and effectiveness that the standard may have in reducing the 29 carbon content of imported electricity and whether existing or new additional 30 complementary policies or programs could help address the carbon emissions associated 31 with electricity imported into the State;

32 (2) the net environmental and fiscal impacts that may be associated with 33 long-term contracts tied to clean energy projects, including: 1 (i) ratepayer impacts that resulted in other states from the use of 2 long-term contracts for the procurement of renewable energy for the other states' standard 3 offer service and whether the use of long-term contracts incentivized new renewable energy 4 generation development; and

5 (ii) ratepayer impacts that may result in the State from the use of 6 long-term contracts for each energy source in the State's Tier 1 and whether, for each of 7 the sources, the use of long-term contracts would incentivize new renewable energy 8 generation development in that source;

9 (3) whether the standard is able to meet current and potential future 10 targets without the inclusion of certain technologies;

11 (4) what industries are projected to grow, and to what extent, as a result of 12 incentives associated with the standard;

13 (5) whether the public health and environmental benefits of the growing 14 clean energy industries supported by the standard are being equitably distributed across 15 overburdened and underserved environmental justice communities;

16 (6) whether the State is likely to meet its existing goals under the standard 17 and, if the State were to increase those goals, whether electricity suppliers should expect 18 to find an adequate supply to meet the additional demand for credits;

19 (7) additional opportunities that may be available to promote local job 20 creation within the industries that are projected to grow as a result of the standard;

21 (8) system flexibility that the State would need under future goals under 22 the standard, including the quantities of system peaking and ramping that may be 23 required;

24 (9) how energy storage technology and other flexibility resources should 25 continue to be addressed in support of renewable energy and State energy policy, including:

26 (i) whether the resources should be encouraged through a 27 procurement, a production, or an installation incentive;

(ii) the advisability of providing incentives for energy storage devices
 to increase hosting capacity of increased renewable on-site generation on the distribution
 system; and

(iii) discussion of the costs and benefits of energy storage deployment
in the State under future goals scenarios for renewable generation;

(10) (I) the role of in-State clean energy in achieving greenhouse gas
 emission reductions and promoting local jobs and economic activity in the State;

1(II) THE IMPACT OF ITEM (I) OF THIS ITEM ON RATEPAYERS2WITH RESPECT TO THE REQUIREMENT OF IN-STATE CLEAN ENERGY GENERATION3AS AN INCREASING PERCENTAGE OF THE STANDARD; AND

4 (III) THE IMPACT OF ALL ENERGY SOURCES THAT QUALIFY
5 UNDER THE STANDARD WITH RESPECT TO THE REQUIREMENT OF IN-STATE CLEAN
6 ENERGY GENERATION AS AN INCREASING PERCENTAGE OF THE STANDARD;

(11) an assessment of any change in solar renewable energy credit prices
over the immediate 24 months preceding the submission of the interim report required
under subsection (e) of this section; and

10 (12) any other matters the Program considers relevant to the analysis of the 11 issues outlined in this section.

12 (d) (1) The Commission, the Administration, the Department of the 13 Environment, the Department of Natural Resources, and other State and local units shall 14 cooperate with the Program in the conduct of the study under this section, including 15 sharing of information, data, and resources, subject to appropriate legal protection of 16 commercially sensitive and other information.

17 (2) The Program shall consult with representatives of various segments of 18 the clean energy industry and other stakeholders.

19 (e) (1) (i) On or before December 1, 2018, the Program shall submit an 20 interim report on any preliminary findings of the study under this section, including any 21 observations and requests for alteration or clarification of the scope, subjects, procedures, 22 and intergovernmental cooperation that may be required to complete the study and submit 23 a final report under this subsection.

(ii) If the Program determines that any preliminary findings under
subparagraph (i) of this paragraph warrant reporting earlier than December 1, 2018, the
Program may submit a preliminary interim report on those preliminary findings.

27 (2) On or before December 1, 2019, the Program shall submit a final report 28 on the findings of the study, including proposals for any alteration of the renewable 29 portfolio standard, alternative mechanisms for furthering the State's energy policies, and 30 related matters, and any proposed legislative or regulatory changes recommended to 31 implement the findings of the study.

32 (3) The interim, any preliminary interim, and final reports shall be 33 submitted to the Governor and, subject to § 2–1246 of the State Government Article, the 34 Senate Finance Committee and the House Economic Matters Committee.

35 (F) (1) AFTER SUBMISSION OF THE FINAL REPORT UNDER SUBSECTION

(E) OF THIS SECTION, THE PROGRAM SHALL CONDUCT A SUPPLEMENTAL STUDY TO
 ASSESS THE OVERALL COSTS AND BENEFITS OF INCREASING THE RENEWABLE
 ENERGY PORTFOLIO STANDARD TO 100%.

4 (2) PARTICULAR SUBJECTS TO BE ADDRESSED IN THE 5 SUPPLEMENTAL STUDY SHALL INCLUDE:

6 (I) ALL RELEVANT SUBJECTS LISTED IN SUBSECTIONS (B) AND 7 (C) OF THIS SECTION; AND

8 (II) AN ASSESSMENT OF WHETHER CERTAIN IN-STATE 9 INDUSTRIES COULD BE DISPLACED BY A 100% STANDARD, AND RECOMMENDATIONS 10 ON HOW TO PROVIDE AND FUND A JUST TRANSITION FOR WORKERS AND 11 COMMUNITIES THAT RELY ON THOSE INDUSTRIES THAT COULD FACE 12 DISPLACEMENT.

(3) ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 1, 2020, THE PROGRAM SHALL
SUBMIT A FINAL REPORT ON THE FINDINGS OF THE SUPPLEMENTAL STUDY,
INCLUDING PROPOSALS FOR ANY ALTERATION OF THE RENEWABLE ENERGY
PORTFOLIO STANDARD, ALTERNATIVE MECHANISMS FOR FURTHERING THE
STATE'S ENERGY POLICIES, ANY RELATED MATTERS, AND ANY PROPOSED
LEGISLATIVE OR REGULATORY CHANGES RECOMMENDED TO IMPLEMENT THE
FINDINGS OF THE SUPPLEMENTAL STUDY.

20

Article – State Government

21 9–20B–01.

22 (a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.

23 (d) "Clean energy industry" means a group of employers that are associated by24 their promotion of:

(1) products and services that improve energy efficiency and conservation,
 including products and services provided by:

- 27 (i) electricians;
- 28 (ii) heating, ventilation, and air–conditioning installers;
- 29 (iii) plumbers; and
- 30 (iv) energy auditors; and
- 31 (2) renewable and clean energy resources.

24	HOUSE BILL 1453				
9–20B–05.					
(a)	(a) There is a Maryland Strategic Energy Investment Fund.				
(f)	The Administration shall use the Fund:				
	(1) to invest in the promotion, development, and implementation of:				
projects, or	(i) cost–effective energy efficiency and conservation programs, activities, including measurement and verification of energy savings;				
	(ii) renewable and clean energy resources;				
mitigating	(iii) climate change programs directly related to reducing or the effects of climate change; and				
changes in	(iv) demand response programs that are designed to promote electric usage by customers in response to:				
	1. changes in the price of electricity over time; or				
of high who	2. incentives designed to induce lower electricity use at times blesale market prices or when system reliability is jeopardized;				
reduce elec residential	(2) to provide targeted programs, projects, activities, and investments to etricity consumption by customers in the low-income and moderate-income sectors;				
	(3) to provide supplemental funds for low-income energy assistance e Electric Universal Service Program established under § 7–512.1 of the Public rticle and other electric assistance programs in the Department of Human				
	(4) to provide rate relief by offsetting electricity rates of residential including an offset of surcharges imposed on ratepayers under § 7–211 of the ities Article;				
-	(5) to provide grants, loans, and other assistance and investment as and appropriate to implement the purposes of the Program as set forth in § of this subtitle;				
regarding 1	(6) to implement energy–related public education and outreach initiatives reducing energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions;				
Rebate Pro	(7) to provide rebates under the Electric Vehicle Recharging Equipment gram established under § 9–2009 of this title;				

 $\mathbf{2}$

 $5\\6$

 $\mathbf{7}$

 $\begin{array}{c} 13\\ 14 \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{c} 30\\ 31 \end{array}$

1 (8) to provide grants to encourage combined heat and power projects at 2 industrial facilities; [and]

3 (9) TO PROVIDE \$17,280,000 IN FUNDING FOR ACCESS TO CAPITAL
4 FOR SMALL, MINORITY, WOMEN-, AND VETERAN-OWNED BUSINESSES IN THE CLEAN
5 ENERGY INDUSTRY UNDER \$5–1501 OF THE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ARTICLE,
6 ALLOCATED IN ANNUAL INCREMENTS THROUGH 2030;

7 (10) TO INVEST IN PRE-APPRENTICESHIP, APPRENTICESHIP, AND 8 OTHER WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS TO ESTABLISH CAREER PATHS IN 9 THE CLEAN ENERGY INDUSTRY UNDER § 11–708.1 OF THE LABOR AND 10 EMPLOYMENT ARTICLE, AS FOLLOWS:

11 (I) UP TO \$1,000,000 EACH YEAR FOR 2 YEARS TO 12 APPRENTICESHIP SPONSORS TO CREATE CLEAN ENERGY APPRENTICESHIPS; AND

(II) UP TO \$1,000,000 EACH YEAR FOR 2 YEARS TO CAREER AND
 TECHNICAL EDUCATION SCHOOLS TO LAUNCH AND UPGRADE RELEVANT CAREER
 AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS;

16 (11) TO PROVIDE \$5,720,000 FOR TAX CREDITS PROVIDED UNDER \$ 17 10-742 OF THE TAX – GENERAL ARTICLE FOR APPRENTICESHIPS IN THE CLEAN 18 ENERGY INDUSTRY; AND

19 [(9)] (12) to pay the expenses of the Program.

[(f-1) The Administration may use the Fund, including money that the Fund receives under Public Service Commission Order Number 86372, to provide funding for access to capital for small, minority, and women-owned businesses in the clean energy industry under § 5–1501 of the Economic Development Article.]

(i) (1) IN THIS SUBSECTION, "LOW-INCOME" MEANS HAVING AN ANNUAL
HOUSEHOLD INCOME THAT IS AT OR BELOW 175% OF THE FEDERAL POVERTY
LEVEL.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph [(2)] (3) of this subsection, compliance
fees paid under § 7–705(b) of the Public Utilities Article may be used only to make loans
and grants to support the creation of new Tier 1 renewable energy sources in the State
THAT ARE OWNED BY OR DIRECTLY BENEFIT LOW-INCOME RESIDENTS OF THE
STATE.

32 [(2)] (3) Compliance fees paid under § 7–705(b)(2)(i)2 of the Public 33 Utilities Article shall be accounted for separately within the Fund and may be used only to

make loans and grants to support the creation of new solar energy sources in the State
 THAT ARE OWNED BY OR DIRECTLY BENEFIT LOW-INCOME RESIDENTS OF THE
 STATE.

4 (M) (1) A LOAN OR GRANT MADE AVAILABLE FROM THE FUND TO A UNIT 5 OF STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT SHALL COMPLY WITH §§ 14–416 AND 17–303 OF 6 THE STATE FINANCE AND PROCUREMENT ARTICLE.

7 (2) AT LEAST 80% OF WORKERS PARTICIPATING IN A PROJECT OR 8 PROGRAM THAT RECEIVES MONEY FROM THE FUND MUST RESIDE WITHIN 50 MILES 9 OF THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM, OR ANOTHER DISTANCE DEFINED BY THE LOCAL 10 JURISDICTION WHERE THE PROJECT OR PROGRAM IS LOCATED.

11

Chapter 393 of the Acts of 2017

12 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect June 13 1, 2017. It shall remain effective for a period of [3] 4 years and 1 month and, at the end of 14 June 30, [2020] **2021**, with no further action required by the General Assembly, this Act 15 shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.

16 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland read 17 as follows:

18

Article – Public Utilities

19 7-701.

20 (r) "Tier 1 renewable source" means one or more of the following types of energy 21 sources:

(1) solar energy, including energy from photovoltaic technologies and solar
 water heating systems;

- 24 (2) wind;
- 25 (3) qualifying biomass;

26 (4) methane from the anaerobic decomposition of organic materials in a 27 landfill or wastewater treatment plant;

(5) geothermal, including energy generated through geothermal exchange
 from or thermal energy avoided by, groundwater or a shallow ground source;

30 (6) ocean, including energy from waves, tides, currents, and thermal 31 differences;

1 (7) a fuel cell that produces electricity from a Tier 1 renewable source 2 under item (3) or (4) of this subsection;

3 (8) a small hydroelectric power plant of less than 30 megawatts in capacity 4 that is licensed or exempt from licensing by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission;

- 5 (9) poultry litter-to-energy; AND
- 6 (10) [waste-to-energy;
- 7 (11) refuse-derived fuel; and
- 8 (12)] thermal energy from a thermal biomass system.

9 7-704.

10 (a) (2) (i) Energy from a Tier 1 renewable source under § 7–701(r)(1), (5), 11 **OR** (9)[, (10), or (11)] of this subtitle is eligible for inclusion in meeting the renewable energy 12 portfolio standard only if the source is connected with the electric distribution grid serving 13 Maryland.

(ii) If the owner of a solar generating system in this State chooses to
sell solar renewable energy credits from that system, the owner must first offer the credits
for sale to an electricity supplier or electric company that shall apply them toward
compliance with the renewable energy portfolio standard under § 7–703 of this subtitle.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That a presently existing obligation
 or contract right may not be impaired in any way by this Act.

SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, if any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid for any reason in a court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or any other application of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and for this purpose the provisions of this Act are declared severable.

25 SECTION 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section 2 of this Act shall take 26 effect January 1, 2019.

SECTION 6. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, except as provided in Section
 5 of this Act, this Act shall take effect October 1, 2018.