$\begin{array}{c} 9{\rm lr}2586\\ {\rm CF~SB~691} \end{array}$ 

#### By: Delegates Atterbeary, Anderson, Cain, Cardin, Chang, J. Lewis, Lierman, Moon, Shetty, and Sydnor

Introduced and read first time: February 8, 2019 Assigned to: Judiciary

#### A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

# 2 Criminal Procedure – Motion to Vacate Judgment – Human Trafficking 3 (True Freedom Act of 2019)

4 FOR the purpose of altering the eligibility for the filing of a certain motion to vacate  $\mathbf{5}$ judgment; altering the required contents of a certain motion; authorizing the court 6 to dismiss a certain motion without a hearing under certain circumstances; repealing 7 the authority of the court to take certain actions in ruling on a certain motion; 8 requiring the court to vacate a certain conviction if the court grants a certain motion; 9 providing that a certain conviction may not be considered a conviction for any 10 purpose; authorizing a person to file a petition for expungement of certain records if 11 the person was convicted of a crime and the conviction was vacated under a certain 12provision of law; defining certain terms; making a conforming change; and generally 13 relating to human trafficking and motions to vacate judgment.

- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 15 Article Criminal Procedure
- 16 Section 8–302 and 10–105(a)
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (2018 Replacement Volume)
- 19 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,20 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
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## Article – Criminal Procedure

22 8-302.

23(A)(1)IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS24INDICATED.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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 $\mathbf{2}$ HOUSE BILL 782 "QUALIFYING OFFENSE" MEANS: (2) 1 UNNATURAL OR PERVERTED SEXUAL PRACTICE UNDER §  $\mathbf{2}$ **(I)** 3–322 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; 3 (II) POSSESSING OR ADMINISTERING 4 Α CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE UNDER § 5–601 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 (III) POSSESSING OR PURCHASING A NONCONTROLLED SUBSTANCE UNDER § 5–618 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; 7 8 (IV) POSSESSING OR DISTRIBUTING **CONTROLLED** PARAPHERNALIA UNDER § 5–620(A)(2) OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; 9 10 (V) FOURTH-DEGREE BURGLARY UNDER § 6-205 OF THE **CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;** 11 12(VI) MALICIOUS DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY IN THE LESSER DEGREE UNDER § 6–301(C) OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; 1314(VII) A TRESPASS OFFENSE UNDER TITLE 6, SUBTITLE 4 OF THE **CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;** 1516 (VIII) MISDEMEANOR THEFT UNDER § 7–104 OF THE CRIMINAL 17LAW ARTICLE; 18 (IX) MISDEMEANOR OBTAINING PROPERTY OR SERVICES BY BAD CHECK UNDER § 8–103 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; 19 20POSSESSION OR USE OF A FRAUDULENT GOVERNMENT **(X)** 21**IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT UNDER § 8–303 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;** 22(XI) PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FRAUD UNDER § 8–503 OF THE **CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;** 2324(XII) FALSE STATEMENT TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR PUBLIC OFFICIAL UNDER § 9-501, § 9-502, OR § 9-503 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW 2526**ARTICLE;** 27(XIII) DISTURBING THE PUBLIC PEACE AND DISORDERLY CONDUCT UNDER § 10–201 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; 28

1 2	(XIV) INDECENT EXPOSURE UNDER § 11–107 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$\frac{3}{4}$	(XV) PROSTITUTION UNDER § 11–306(A)(1) OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;
$5 \\ 6$	(XVI) DRIVING WITH A SUSPENDED REGISTRATION UNDER § 13–401(H) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
7 8	(XVII) FAILURE TO DISPLAY REGISTRATION UNDER § 13–409(B) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
9 10	(XVIII) DRIVING WITHOUT A LICENSE UNDER § 16–101 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(XIX) FAILURE TO DISPLAY LICENSE TO POLICE UNDER § 16–112(C) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14 \end{array}$	(XX) POSSESSION OF A SUSPENDED LICENSE UNDER § 16–301(J) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16 \end{array}$	(XXI) DRIVING WHILE PRIVILEGE IS CANCELED, SUSPENDED, REFUSED, OR REVOKED UNDER § 16–303 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
17 18	(XXII) OWNER FAILURE TO MAINTAIN SECURITY ON A VEHICLE UNDER § 17–104(B) OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE;
19 20	(XXIII) DRIVING WHILE UNINSURED UNDER § 17–107 OF THE TRANSPORTATION ARTICLE; OR
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	(XXIV) PROSTITUTION OR LOITERING AS PROHIBITED UNDER LOCAL LAW.
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	(3) "VICTIM OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING" MEANS A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN SUBJECTED TO AN ACT OF ANOTHER COMMITTED IN VIOLATION OF:
25	(I) § 11–303(A) OR (B) OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR
$\frac{26}{27}$	(II) § 1589, § 1590, § 1591, OR § 1594(A) OF TITLE 18 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE.
$28 \\ 29$	[(a)] (B) A person convicted of [prostitution under § 11–306 of the Criminal Law Article] A QUALIFYING OFFENSE may file a motion to vacate the judgment if [, when the

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person committed the act or acts of prostitution, the person was acting under duress caused

$2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5$	by an act of another committed in violation of the prohibition against human trafficking under § 11–303 of the Criminal Law Article or under federal law] THE PERSON'S PARTICIPATION IN THE OFFENSE WAS A PROXIMATE RESULT OF BEING A VICTIM OF HUMAN TRAFFICKING.		
6	[(b)] (C)	A motion filed under this section shall:	
7	(1)	be in writing;	
8	(2)	[be signed and consented to by the State's Attorney;	
9	(3)]	be made within a reasonable period of time after the conviction; and	
10 11	[(4)] showing that the	(3) describe the evidence and provide copies of any documents [defendant] MOVANT is entitled to relief under this section.	
12 13 14		(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the court ring on a motion filed under this section if the motion satisfies the absection [(b)] (C) of this section.	
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16 \end{array}$	(2) that:	The court may dismiss a motion without a hearing if the court finds	
17		(I) the motion fails to assert grounds on which relief may be granted;	
18 19	THAT WHICH HAS	(II) THE MOTION OFFERS NO ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE BEYOND S PREVIOUSLY BEEN CONSIDERED BY THE COURT; OR	
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	FILING THE MOT	(III) THE MOVANT ACTED FRAUDULENTLY OR IN BAD FAITH IN ION.	
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	[(d)] (E) section, the court trial].	(1) [In ruling on] <b>IF A COURT GRANTS</b> a motion filed under this [may] <b>SHALL</b> vacate the conviction[, modify the sentence, or grant a new	
25	(2)	The court shall state the reasons for its ruling on the record.	
$\begin{array}{c} 26 \\ 27 \end{array}$	[(e)] <b>(F)</b> burden of proof.	A [defendant] MOVANT in a proceeding under this section has the	
$28 \\ 29$		ONVICTION THAT HAS BEEN VACATED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY RED A CONVICTION FOR ANY PURPOSE.	

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1 (a) A person who has been charged with the commission of a crime, including a 2 violation of the Transportation Article for which a term of imprisonment may be imposed, 3 or who has been charged with a civil offense or infraction, except a juvenile offense, may 4 file a petition listing relevant facts for expungement of a police record, court record, or other 5 record maintained by the State or a political subdivision of the State if:

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(1) the person is acquitted;

7 (2) the charge is otherwise dismissed;

8 (3) a probation before judgment is entered, unless the person is charged 9 with a violation of § 21–902 of the Transportation Article or Title 2, Subtitle 5 or § 3–211 10 of the Criminal Law Article;

11 (4) a nolle prosequi or nolle prosequi with the requirement of drug or 12 alcohol treatment is entered;

13 (5) the court indefinitely postpones trial of a criminal charge by marking 14 the criminal charge "stet" or stet with the requirement of drug or alcohol abuse treatment 15 on the docket;

- 16 (6) the case is compromised under § 3–207 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 17 (7) the charge was transferred to the juvenile court under § 4–202 of this 18 article:
- 19 (8) the person:
- 20 (i) is convicted of only one criminal act, and that act is not a crime 21 of violence; and
- 22 (ii) is granted a full and unconditional pardon by the Governor;

(9) the person was convicted of a crime or found not criminally responsible
under any State or local law that prohibits:

- 25 (i) urination or defecation in a public place;
- 26 (ii) panhandling or soliciting money;
- 27 (iii) drinking an alcoholic beverage in a public place;
- (iv) obstructing the free passage of another in a public place or a
  public conveyance;
  - (v) sleeping on or in park structures, such as benches or doorways;

1	(vi) loitering;	
2	(vii) vagrancy;	
$\frac{3}{4}$	(viii) riding a transit vehicle without paying the applicable fare or exhibiting proof of payment; or	
5 6 7	(ix) except for carrying or possessing an explosive, acid, concealed weapon, or other dangerous article as provided in § $7-705(b)(6)$ of the Transportation Article, any of the acts specified in § $7-705$ of the Transportation Article;	
8 9	(10) the person was found not criminally responsible under any State or local law that prohibits misdemeanor:	
10	(i) trespass;	
11	(ii) disturbing the peace; or	
12	(iii) telephone misuse;	
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14\end{array}$	(11) the person was convicted of a crime and the act on which the conviction was based is no longer a crime; [or]	
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\end{array}$	(12) the person was convicted of possession of marijuana under § 5–601 of the Criminal Law Article; <b>OR</b>	
17 18	(13) THE PERSON WAS CONVICTED OF A CRIME AND THE CONVICTION WAS VACATED UNDER § 8–302 OF THIS ARTICLE.	
19 20	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect June 1, 2019.	

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