

SENATE BILL 127

F1, F5

9lr0830

By: **Senator Simonaire**

Introduced and read first time: January 18, 2019

Assigned to: Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs

Committee Report: Favorable

Senate action: Adopted

Read second time: February 12, 2019

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Education – Public School Attendance – Homeless Children**

3 FOR the purpose of repealing a provision of law requiring a county superintendent of
4 schools to allow a certain child not subject to certain educational stability provisions
5 of the federal McKinney–Vento Homeless Assistance Act to attend school in the
6 county even if the child is not currently domiciled in that county; updating certain
7 provisions of law to include references to the educational stability provisions of the
8 Every Student Succeeds Act; and generally relating to homeless children and public
9 school attendance.

10 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
11 Article – Education
12 Section 7–101(b)
13 Annotated Code of Maryland
14 (2018 Replacement Volume and 2018 Supplement)

15 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
16 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

17 **Article – Education**

18 7–101.

19 (b) (1) Except as provided in § 7–301 of this title and in paragraph (2) of this
20 subsection, each child shall attend a public school in the county where the child is domiciled

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

Underlining indicates amendments to bill.

~~Strike out~~ indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1 with the child's parent, guardian, or relative providing informal kinship care, as defined in
2 subsection (c) of this section.

3 (2) (i) Upon request and in accordance with a county board's policies
4 concerning residency, a county superintendent may allow a child to attend school in the
5 county even if the child is not domiciled in that county with the child's parent or guardian.

6 (ii) Regardless of where the child is currently domiciled, a county
7 superintendent shall allow a child to remain at the school that the child is attending, if:

8 1. The child is a child who is:

9 A. In the custody of, committed to, or otherwise placed by a
10 local department of social services or the Department of Juvenile Services; and

11 B. Subject to the educational stability provisions of the
12 federal Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 **AND THE**
13 **EVERY STUDENT SUCCEEDS ACT OF 2015**;

14 2. [The child is not subject to the educational stability
15 provisions of the federal McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act as a child awaiting
16 foster care placement as defined by the Department in regulation;

17 3.] The child is not in any of the following placements:

18 A. A detention facility;

19 B. A forestry camp;

20 C. A training school;

21 D. A State-owned and State-operated facility that
22 accommodates more than 25 children; or

23 E. Any other facility operated primarily for the detention of
24 children who are determined to be delinquent;

25 [4.] 3. The local department of social services or the Department
26 of Juvenile Services determines, in consultation with the local school system, that it is in
27 the best interests of the child to continue at that school; and

28 [5.] 4. The local department of social services or the Department
29 of Juvenile Services pays for the cost of transporting the child to and from school.

30 (iii) 1. The Department of Human Services and the Department
31 of Juvenile Services each shall adopt regulations establishing factors that shall be

1 considered in determining the best interests of a child under this section.

2 2. The Department shall adopt regulations to implement the
3 educational stability provisions of the federal Fostering Connections to Success and
4 Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 **AND THE EVERY STUDENT SUCCEEDS ACT OF 2015.**

5 (3) If a child fraudulently attends a public school in a county where the
6 child is not domiciled with the child’s parent or guardian, the child’s parent or guardian
7 shall be subject to a penalty payable to the county for the pro rata share of tuition for the
8 time the child fraudulently attends a public school in the county.

9 (4) Nothing in this section alters the requirements for out-of-county
10 placements contained in § 4-122 and Title 8, Subtitles 3, 3A, and 4 of this article or in any
11 other State or federal law.

12 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July
13 1, 2019.

Approved:

_____ Governor.

_____ President of the Senate.

_____ Speaker of the House of Delegates.