HOUSE BILL 1319

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By: Delegates Arikan, Hornberger, Krebs, Morgan, Shoemaker, Szeliga, and Wivell

Introduced and read first time: February 11, 2022 Assigned to: Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

Family Law – Grounds for Divorce – Gender Transition

- FOR the purpose of adding gender transition of a spouse to the grounds for absolute divorce;
 and generally relating to the grounds for absolute divorce.
- 5 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 6 Article Family Law
- 7 Section 7–103(a)
- 8 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 9 (2019 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

- 12 Article Family Law
 13 7–103.
 14 (a) The court may decree an absolute divorce on the following grounds:
 - (a) The court may decree an absolute divorce on the following
 - 15 (1) adultery;
 - 16 (2) desertion, if:
 - 17 (i) the desertion has continued for 12 months without interruption
 18 before the filing of the application for divorce;
 - 19 (ii) the desertion is deliberate and final; and
 - 20 (iii) there is no reasonable expectation of reconciliation;

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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1 conviction of a felony or misdemeanor in any state or in any court of the (3) $\mathbf{2}$ United States if before the filing of the application for divorce the defendant has: 3 (i) been sentenced to serve at least 3 years or an indeterminate sentence in a penal institution; and 4 $\mathbf{5}$ served 12 months of the sentence; (ii) 6 (4)12-month separation, when the parties have lived separate and apart 7without cohabitation for 12 months without interruption before the filing of the application 8 for divorce; 9 insanity if: (5)10 the insane spouse has been confined in a mental institution, (i) 11 hospital, or other similar institution for at least 3 years before the filing of the application 12for divorce: 13(ii) the court determines from the testimony of at least 2 physicians who are competent in psychiatry that the insanity is incurable and there is no hope of 1415recovery; and 16 1 of the parties has been a resident of this State for at least 2 (iii) 17years before the filing of the application for divorce; 18 (6)cruelty of treatment toward the complaining party or a minor child of the complaining party, if there is no reasonable expectation of reconciliation; 1920(7)excessively vicious conduct toward the complaining party or a minor 21child of the complaining party, if there is no reasonable expectation of reconciliation; [or] 22(8)mutual consent, if: 23the parties execute and submit to the court a written settlement (i) agreement signed by both parties that resolves all issues relating to: 24251. alimony; 262. the distribution of property, including the relief provided in \S 8–205 and 8–208 of this article; and 27283. the care, custody, access, and support of minor or 29dependent children;

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1 (ii) the parties attach to the settlement agreement a completed child 2 support guidelines worksheet if the settlement agreement provides for the payment of child 3 support;

4 (iii) neither party files a pleading to set aside the settlement 5 agreement prior to the divorce hearing required under the Maryland Rules; and

6 (iv) after reviewing the settlement agreement, the court is satisfied 7 that any terms of the agreement relating to minor or dependent children are in the best 8 interests of those children; **OR**

9 (9) GENDER TRANSITION OF A PARTY, IF THE COMPLAINING PARTY 10 PROVES THAT THE OTHER PARTY HAS TRANSITIONED OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF 11 TRANSITIONING TO A GENDER THAT IS DIFFERENT FROM THE OTHER PARTY'S 12 GENDER AT THE TIME OF MARRIAGE BY PRESENTING SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE THAT 13 THE OTHER PARTY:

14 (I) SELF-IDENTIFIES AS A DIFFERENT GENDER THAN THE 15 GENDER AT THE TIME OF MARRIAGE;

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(II) HAS UNDERGONE GENDER CONFIRMATION SURGERY; OR

17 (III) HAS BEGUN A COURSE OF MEDICATION WITH THE INTENT TO
 18 TRANSITION TO A DIFFERENT GENDER.

19 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 20 October 1, 2022.