SENATE BILL 83

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(PRE-FILED)

2lr0473

By: **Senator Kagan** Requested: September 14, 2021 Introduced and read first time: January 12, 2022 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Criminal Law – Public Safety – Interference With a Public Safety Answering 3 Point – Penalties

FOR the purpose of prohibiting a person from taking certain actions with the intent to
interrupt or impair the functioning of a public safety answering point; prohibiting a
person from taking certain actions which interrupt or impair the functioning of a
public safety answering point; and generally relating to public safety answering
points.

- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 10 Article Criminal Law
- 11 Section 7–302(c) and (d)
- 12 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 13 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
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Article – Criminal Law

- 17 7-302.
- 18 (c)
- (c) (1) A person may not intentionally, willfully, and without authorization:

(i) access, attempt to access, cause to be accessed, or exceed the
 person's authorized access to all or part of a computer network, computer control language,
 computer, computer software, computer system, computer service, or computer database;
 or

23

(ii) copy, attempt to copy, possess, or attempt to possess the contents

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



	2 SENATE BILL 83	
1	of all or part of a computer database accessed in violation of item (i) of this paragraph	
$2 \\ 3$	(2) A person may not commit an act prohibited by paragraph (1) of subsection with the intent to:	this
$4 \\ 5 \\ 6$	(i) cause the malfunction or interrupt the operation of all or any of a computer, computer network, computer control language, computer software, comp system, computer service, or computer data; or	-
7 8 9	(ii) alter, damage, or destroy all or any part of data or a comp program stored, maintained, or produced by a computer, computer network, comp software, computer system, computer service, or computer database.	
10	(3) A person may not intentionally, willfully, and without authorization	on:
11	(i) possess, identify, or attempt to identify a valid access code;	or
12 13	(ii) publicize or distribute a valid access code to an unauthor person.	rized
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(4) A person may not commit an act prohibited under this subsection the intent to interrupt or impair the functioning of:	with
16	(i) the State government;	
$17 \\ 18 \\ 19 \\ 20$	(ii) a service, device, or system related to the product transmission, delivery, or storage of electricity or natural gas in the State that is ow operated, or controlled by a person other than a public service company, as defined 1–101 of the Public Utilities Article;	vned,
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	(iii) a service provided in the State by a public service compan defined in § 1–101 of the Public Utilities Article;	y, as
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	(iv) a health care facility, as defined in § 18–338.1 of the Hea General Article; or	lth –
25	(v) a public school, as defined in § 1–101 of the Education Artic	le.
26 27 28	(5) (i) This paragraph does not apply to a person who has a bona scientific, educational, governmental, testing, news, or other similar justification possessing ransomware.	
29 30 31	(ii) A person may not knowingly possess ransomware with the in to use the ransomware for the purpose of introduction into the computer, comp network, or computer system of another person without the authorization of the o	outer

32 person.

2

SENATE BILL 83

SENATE BILL 83

1 (6) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT AN ACT PROHIBITED UNDER THIS 2 SUBSECTION WITH THE INTENT TO INTERRUPT OR IMPAIR THE FUNCTIONING OF A 3 PUBLIC SAFETY ANSWERING POINT, AS DEFINED IN § 1–301 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY 4 ARTICLE.

5 (7) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT AN ACT PROHIBITED UNDER THIS 6 SUBSECTION THAT INTERRUPTS OR IMPAIRS THE FUNCTIONING OF A PUBLIC 7 SAFETY ANSWERING POINT, AS DEFINED IN § 1–301 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY 8 ARTICLE.

9 (d) (1) A person who violates subsection (c)(1) of this section is guilty of a 10 misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 3 years or a fine 11 not exceeding \$1,000 or both.

12

(2) A person who violates subsection (c)(2) or (3) of this section:

(i) if the aggregate amount of the loss is \$10,000 or more, is guilty
of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not
exceeding \$10,000 or both; or

16 (ii) if the aggregate amount of the loss is less than \$10,000, is guilty 17 of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a 18 fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both.

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- (3) A person who violates subsection (c)(4) of this section:

(i) if the aggregate amount of the loss is \$10,000 or more, is guilty
of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine not
exceeding \$100,000 or both; or

(ii) if the aggregate amount of the loss is less than \$10,000, is guilty
of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a
fine not exceeding \$25,000 or both.

(4) A person who violates subsection (c)(5) of this section is guilty of a
misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 2 years or a fine
not exceeding \$5,000 or both.

(5) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (C)(6) OF THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 5 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$25,000 OR BOTH.

32 (6) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (C)(7) OF THIS SECTION IS 33 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT 34 EXCEEDING 10 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$50,000 OR BOTH. 1 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 2 October 1, 2022.