SENATE BILL 405

Q3

By: The President (By Request – Administration) and Senators Bailey, Carozza, Cassily, Corderman, Eckardt, Edwards, Elfreth, Hershey, Hester, Jennings, Ready, Salling, Simonaire, and West

Introduced and read first time: January 24, 2022
Assigned to: Budget and Taxation

A BILL ENTITLED

AN ACT concerning

Retirement Tax Elimination Act of 2022

FOR the purpose of allowing, subject to certain limitations, certain individuals a subtraction modification under the Maryland income tax for a certain amount of income; prohibiting an individual who includes income under the subtraction modification from including income under a certain subtraction modification for certain retirement income; and generally relating to a subtraction modification under the Maryland income tax.

BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
Article – Tax – General
Section 10–207(a)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2016 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

BY adding to
Article – Tax – General
Section 10–207(mm)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2016 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
Article – Tax – General
Section 10–209(d)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2016 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.
[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.
(a) To the extent included in federal adjusted gross income, the amounts under this section are subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income of a resident to determine Maryland adjusted gross income.

(MM) (1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, the subtraction under subsection (a) of this section includes any income of an individual if, on the last day of the taxable year, the individual:

(i) is receiving old age or survivor benefits under the Social Security Act; or

(ii) 1. is at least 65 years old; and

2. is not employed full time.

(2) Income that is otherwise included in a subtraction authorized under this subtitle may not be included in the subtraction authorized under this subsection.

(3) (i) The subtraction under paragraph (1) of this subsection may not exceed:

1. for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2021, but before January 1, 2023, $10,000;

2. for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2022, but before January 1, 2024, $20,000;

3. for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2023, but before January 1, 2025, $30,000;

4. for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2024, but before January 1, 2026, $40,000; and

5. for a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2025, but before January 1, 2027, $50,000.

(II) For a taxable year beginning after December 31, 2026, the subtraction under paragraph (1) of this subsection includes
ALL INCOME OF THE INDIVIDUAL.

(4) THE COMPTROLLER SHALL ADOPT REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION.

10–209.

(d) (1) Military retirement income that is included in the subtraction under § 10–207(q) of this subtitle may not be taken into account for purposes of the subtraction under this section.

(2) INCOME THAT IS INCLUDED IN THE SUBTRACTION UNDER § 10–207(MM) OF THIS SUBTITLE MAY NOT BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT FOR PURPOSES OF THE SUBTRACTION UNDER THIS SECTION.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2022.