

SENATE BILL 449

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2lr1683

SB 911/21 – JPR

By: Senator Smith

Introduced and read first time: January 27, 2022

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

Unlawful Employment Practices – Remedies

3 FOR the purpose of increasing the limitations on the amount of compensatory damages and
4 punitive damages that may be awarded to a complainant in an unlawful employment
5 practice case; increasing the period of time for which a complainant may recover back
6 pay in an unlawful employment practice case; and generally relating to remedies for
7 unlawful employment practices.

8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
9 Article – State Government
10 Section 20–1009
11 Annotated Code of Maryland
12 (2021 Replacement Volume)

13 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
14 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

15 **Article – State Government**

16 20–1009.

17 (a) If, after reviewing all of the evidence, the administrative law judge finds that
18 the respondent has engaged in a discriminatory act, the administrative law judge shall:

19 (1) issue a decision and order stating the judge's findings of fact and
20 conclusions of law; and

21 (2) issue and cause to be served on the respondent an order requiring the
22 respondent to:

23 (i) cease and desist from engaging in the discriminatory acts; and

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 (ii) take affirmative action to effectuate the purposes of the
2 applicable subtitle of this title.

5 (i) enjoining the respondent from engaging in the discriminatory
6 act;

(ii) ordering appropriate affirmative relief, including the reinstatement or hiring of employees, with or without back pay;

9 (iii) awarding compensatory damages; or

10 (iv) ordering any other equitable relief that the administrative law
11 judge considers appropriate.

12 (2) Compensatory damages awarded under this subsection are in addition
13 to:

14 (i) back pay or interest on back pay that the complainant may
15 recover under any other provision of law; and

16 (ii) any other equitable relief that a complainant may recover under
17 any other provision of law.

(4) If back pay is awarded under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the award shall be reduced by any interim earnings or amounts earnable with reasonable diligence by the person discriminated against.

15 (c) (1) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, if the
16 respondent is found to have engaged in or to be engaging in a discriminatory act other than
17 an unlawful employment practice, in addition to an award of civil penalties as provided in
18 § 20–1016 of this subtitle, nonmonetary relief may be granted to the complainant.

(ii) An order may not be issued that substantially affects the cost, level, or type of any transportation services.

(ii) An order issued in violation of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph is not enforceable under § 20–1011 of this subtitle.

28 (d) If, after reviewing all of the evidence, the administrative law judge finds that
29 the respondent has not engaged in an alleged discriminatory act, the administrative law
30 judge shall:

31 (1) state findings of fact and conclusions of law; and

32 (2) issue an order dismissing the complaint.

33 (e) Unless a timely appeal is filed with the Commission in accordance with the
34 Commission's regulations, a decision and order issued by the administrative law judge

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1 under this section shall become the final order of the Commission.

2 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
3 October 1, 2022.