E1HB 488/21 – JUD

By: Senator Carter

Introduced and read first time: February 7, 2022 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

$\mathbf{2}$ Criminal Law – Use or Possession of a Controlled Dangerous Substance – De 3 **Minimis Quantity**

4 FOR the purpose of making certain violations relating to the use or possession of certain $\mathbf{5}$ de minimis quantities of certain controlled dangerous substances a civil offense 6 rather than a misdemeanor; altering a certain provision of law to require a court to 7 order a person who commits a certain violation, regardless of the age of the person, 8 to attend a certain drug education program, refer the person to an assessment for 9 substance use disorder or a mental health assessment, and refer the person to substance use treatment or mental health treatment under certain circumstances; 1011 requiring that a certain case proceed in drug court under certain circumstances; and 12generally relating to use or possession of a controlled dangerous substance.

- 13BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- Article Criminal Law 14
- 15Section 5–601 and 5–601.1
- 16Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17(2021 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

18 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 19That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

- 20Article - Criminal Law
- 215 - 601.

22(a) IN THIS SECTION, "DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED 23DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE" MEANS LESS THAN:

24(1) **10** GRAMS OF MARIJUANA;

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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1		(2)	2 GR	AMS OF COCAINE;			
2		(3)	1.5 G	RAMS OF COCAINE BASE, COMMONLY KNOWN AS "CRACK";			
3		(4)	1 GR	AM OF HEROIN;			
45		(5) Enedi	1 OXYM	GRAM OR 5 TABLETS OF 3, ETHAMPHETAMINE (MDMA);			
6		(6)	40 US	SER UNITS OF LYSERGIC ACID DIETHYLAMIDE (LSD);			
7		(7)	40 US	SER UNITS OF METHADONE;			
8		(8)	2 GR.	AMS OF METHAMPHETAMINE; OR			
9		(9)	40 TA	ABLETS OF OXYCODONE.			
10	(B)	Excep	pt as ot	herwise provided in this title, a person may not:			
$\begin{array}{c} 11\\ 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	(1) possess or administer to another a controlled dangerous substance, unless obtained directly or by prescription or order from an authorized provider acting in the course of professional practice; or						
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(2) obtain or attempt to obtain a controlled dangerous substance, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of a controlled dangerous substance by:						
16			(i)	fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge;			
17 18	order;		(ii)	the counterfeiting or alteration of a prescription or a written			
19			(iii)	the concealment of a material fact;			
20			(iv)	the use of a false name or address;			
$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 22 \end{array}$	manufacture	er, dist	(v) tributo	falsely assuming the title of or representing to be a r, or authorized provider; or			
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	or written or	der.	(vi)	making, issuing, or presenting a false or counterfeit prescription			
25 26	[(b)] (a controlled			nation that is communicated to a physician in an effort to obtain substance in violation of this section is not a privileged			

26 a controlled dangerous substance in violation of this section is not a privileged 27 communication.

Except as provided in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this

1

[(c)] **(D)**

(1)

 $\mathbf{2}$ subsection, a person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction 3 is subject to: 4 for a first conviction, imprisonment not exceeding 1 year or a fine (i) $\mathbf{5}$ not exceeding \$5,000 or both; 6 for a second or third conviction, imprisonment not exceeding 18 (ii) 7 months or a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both; or 8 for a fourth or subsequent conviction, imprisonment not (iii) 9 exceeding 2 years or a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or both. 10 Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, a (2)(i) person whose violation of this section involves the use or possession of marijuana is guilty 11 12of the misdemeanor of possession of marijuana and is subject to imprisonment not 13exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or both. 14(ii) 1. A first finding of guilt under this section involving the use 15or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A 16CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE is a civil offense punishable by a fine not 17exceeding \$100. 182. A second finding of guilt under this section involving the 19 use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A 20CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE is a civil offense punishable by a fine not 21exceeding [\$250] \$150. 223. A third or subsequent finding of guilt under this section 23involving the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana is a civil offense 24punishable by a fine not exceeding [\$500] \$200. 254. A. In addition to a fine, a court shall order a person 26[under the age of 21 years] who commits a violation punishable under subsubparagraph 1, 2, or 3 of this subparagraph to attend a drug education program approved by the Maryland 2728Department of Health, refer the person to an assessment for substance [abuse] USE 29disorder OR A MENTAL HEALTH ASSESSMENT, and refer the person to substance [abuse] 30 USE treatment OR MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT, if necessary. 31Β. In addition to a fine, a court shall order a person at least 3221 years old who commits a violation punishable under subsubparagraph 3 of this 33 subparagraph to attend a drug education program approved by the Maryland Department 34of Health, refer the person to an assessment for substance abuse disorder, and refer the

35 person to substance abuse treatment, if necessary.

$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{array} $		old the	A court that orders a person to a drug education program MENTAL HEALTH assessment or treatment under this case sub curia pending receipt of proof of completion of the ent.
$5 \\ 6$	(3) (i) indicated.	1.	In this paragraph the following words have the meanings
7 8 9	relationship in which the treatment of a patient's r	- •	"Bona fide physician-patient relationship" means a ian has ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and condition.
$10 \\ 11 \\ 12$	_		"Caregiver" means an individual designated by a patient ndition to provide physical or medical assistance to the n the medical use of marijuana, who:
13		А.	is a resident of the State;
14		B.	is at least 21 years old;
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16 \end{array}$	partner of the patient;	C.	is an immediate family member, a spouse, or a domestic
17 18	§ 14–101 of this article;	D.	has not been convicted of a crime of violence as defined in
19 20	controlled dangerous sub	E. stance	has not been convicted of a violation of a State or federal s law;
21		F.	has not been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude;
$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 23 \end{array}$	that has been placed in t	G. he pati	has been designated as caregiver by the patient in writing ent's medical record prior to arrest;
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	caregiver; and	H.	is the only individual designated by the patient to serve as
26		I.	is not serving as caregiver for any other patient.
27 28 29 30	disease or medical condit	tion the	"Debilitating medical condition" means a chronic or condition or the treatment of a chronic or debilitating at produces one or more of the following, as documented by ent has a bona fide physician-patient relationship:
31		A.	cachexia or wasting syndrome;
32		В.	severe or chronic pain;

C. 1 severe nausea; $\mathbf{2}$ D. seizures; 3 E. severe and persistent muscle spasms; or any other condition that is severe and resistant to F. 4 $\mathbf{5}$ conventional medicine. 6 (ii) 1. In a prosecution for the use or possession of marijuana, the 7 defendant may introduce and the court shall consider as a mitigating factor any evidence 8 of medical necessity. 9 2. Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of this subsection, if the court finds that the person used or possessed marijuana because of medical necessity, the 10 11 court shall dismiss the charge. In a prosecution for the use or possession of marijuana 12 (iiii) 1. 13under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant used or possessed marijuana because: 1415A. the defendant has a debilitating medical condition that has been diagnosed by a physician with whom the defendant has a bona fide 16 17physician-patient relationship; 18 the debilitating medical condition is severe and resistant B. 19 to conventional medicine; and 20С. marijuana is likely to provide the defendant with 21therapeutic or palliative relief from the debilitating medical condition. 222. А. In a prosecution for the possession of marijuana under this section, it is an affirmative defense that the defendant possessed marijuana 2324because the marijuana was intended for medical use by an individual with a debilitating 25medical condition for whom the defendant is a caregiver. 26A defendant may not assert the affirmative defense under В. 27this subsubparagraph unless the defendant notifies the State's Attorney of the defendant's 28intention to assert the affirmative defense and provides the State's Attorney with all 29documentation in support of the affirmative defense in accordance with the rules of 30 discovery provided in Maryland Rules 4–262 and 4–263. 313. An affirmative defense under this subparagraph may not 32 be used if the defendant was: 33 using marijuana in a public place or assisting the А.

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$rac{1}{2}$	individual for whom the defendant is a caregiver in using the marijuana in a public place; or								
3	B. in possession of more than 1 ounce of marijuana.								
$\frac{4}{5}$	(4) A violation of this section involving the smoking of marijuana in a public place is a civil offense punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500.								
6 7 8	[(d)] (E) The provisions of subsection [(c)(2)(ii)] (D)(2)(II) of this section making the possession of [marijuana] A DE MIMINIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE a civil offense may not be construed to affect the laws relating to:								
9 10	(1) operating a vehicle or vessel while under the influence of or while impaired by a controlled dangerous substance; or								
11	(2) seizure and forfeiture.								
$12 \\ 13 \\ 14 \\ 15$	[(e)] (F) (1) (i) Before imposing a sentence under subsection $[(c)]$ (D) of this section, the court may order the Maryland Department of Health or a certified and licensed designee to conduct an assessment of the defendant for substance use disorder and determine whether the defendant is in need of and may benefit from drug treatment.								
16 17 18	(ii) If an assessment for substance use disorder is requested by the defendant and the court denies the request, the court shall state on the record the basis for the denial.								
19 20 21 22	(2) On receiving an order under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Maryland Department of Health, or the designee, shall conduct an assessment of the defendant for substance use disorder and provide the results to the court, the defendant or the defendant's attorney, and the State identifying the defendant's drug treatment needs.								
$\begin{array}{c} 23\\ 24 \end{array}$	(3) The court shall consider the results of an assessment performed under paragraph (2) of this subsection when imposing the defendant's sentence and:								
25 26 27 28 29	(i) except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, the court shall suspend the execution of the sentence and order probation and, if the assessment shows that the defendant is in need of substance [abuse] USE treatment, require the Maryland Department of Health or the designee to provide the medically appropriate level of treatment as identified in the assessment; or								
30 31 32 33	(ii) the court may impose a term of imprisonment under subsection [(c)] (D) of this section and order the Division of Correction or local correctional facility to facilitate the medically appropriate level of treatment for the defendant as identified in the assessment.								
34	5-601.1.								

$\frac{1}{2}$			ECTION, "DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED E" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 5–601 OF THIS SUBTITLE.				
${3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 }$	(B) A police officer shall issue a citation to a person who the police officer has probable cause to believe has committed a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE.						
7 8 9		ams c	A violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED E is a civil offense.				
$10 \\ 11 \\ 12$		ss th	ication of a violation under § 5–601 of this part involving the use an 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A OUS SUBSTANCE:				
13	(i)	is not a criminal conviction for any purpose; and				
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(i a criminal conviction	'	does not impose any of the civil disabilities that may result from				
16 17 18 19	the use or possession	of [le GERO	A citation issued for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving ess than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A OUS SUBSTANCE shall be signed by the police officer who issues cain:				
20	(i)	the name, address, and date of birth of the person charged;				
21	(i	i)	the date and time that the violation occurred;				
22	(i	ii)	the location at which the violation occurred;				
23	(i	v)	the fine that may be imposed;				
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}$	(v provided in paragrap		a notice stating that prepayment of the fine is allowed, except as of this subsection; and				
26	(1	vi)	a notice in boldface type that states that the person shall:				
27			1. pay the full amount of the preset fine; or				
28 29	by the District Court		2. request a trial date at the date, time, and place established rit or trial notice.				
30	(2) (i)	If a citation for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the				

1 use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A

2 CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE is issued to a person under the age of 21 years,
 3 the court shall summon the person for trial.

4 (ii) If the court finds that a person at least 21 years old who has been 5 issued a citation under this section has at least twice previously been found guilty under § 6 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A 7 **DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE**, the court shall 8 summon the person for trial.

9 [(d)] (E) The form of the citation shall be uniform throughout the State and shall 10 be prescribed by the District Court.

11 [(e)] (F) (1) The Chief Judge of the District Court shall establish a schedule 12 for the prepayment of the fine.

13 (2) Prepayment of a fine shall be considered a plea of guilty to a Code 14 violation.

15 (3) A person described in subsection [(c)(2)] (D)(2) of this section may not 16 prepay the fine.

17 **[(f)] (G)** (1) A person may request a trial by sending a request for trial to the 18 District Court in the jurisdiction where the citation was issued within 30 days of the 19 issuance of the citation.

20 (2) If a person other than a person described in subsection [(c)(2)] (D)(2) 21 of this section does not request a trial or prepay the fine within 30 days of the issuance of 22 the citation, the court may impose the maximum fine and costs against the person and find 23 the person is guilty of a Code violation for purposes of subsection [(c)(2)(ii)] (D)(2)(II) of 24 this section.

25 [(g)] (H) (1) The issuing jurisdiction shall forward a copy of the citation and 26 a request for trial to the District Court in the district having venue.

27 (2) THE CASE SHALL PROCEED IN DRUG COURT, IF THE 28 DISTRICT COURT IN THE DISTRICT HAVING VENUE HAS A DRUG COURT.

[(h)] (I) (1) The failure of a defendant to respond to a summons described in
subsection [(c)(2)] (D)(2) of this section shall be governed by § 5–212 of the Criminal
Procedure Article.

32 (2) If a person at least 21 years old fails to appear after having requested 33 a trial, the court may impose the maximum fine and costs against the person and find the 34 person is guilty of a Code violation for purposes of subsection [(c)(2)(ii)] (D)(2)(II) of this 35 section.

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1 [(i)] **(J)** In any proceeding for a Code violation under § 5–601 of this part $\mathbf{2}$ involving the use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS 3 QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE: 4 (1)the State has the burden to prove the guilt of the defendant by a $\mathbf{5}$ preponderance of the evidence; 6 the court shall apply the evidentiary standards as prescribed by law or (2)7 rule for the trial of a criminal case: 8 the court shall ensure that the defendant has received a copy of the (3)9 charges against the defendant and that the defendant understands those charges; 10 (4)the defendant is entitled to cross-examine all witnesses who appear 11 against the defendant, to produce evidence or witnesses on behalf of the defendant, and to 12testify on the defendant's own behalf, if the defendant chooses to do so; 13the defendant is entitled to be represented by counsel of the defendant's (5)14 choice and at the expense of the defendant; and 15the defendant may enter a plea of guilty or not guilty, and the verdict (6)16 of the court in the case shall be: 17(i) guilty of a Code violation; 18(ii) not guilty of a Code violation; or 19 probation before judgment, imposed by the court in the same (iii) 20manner and to the same extent as is allowed by law in the trial of a criminal case. 21[(j)] **(K)** (1)The defendant is liable for the costs of the proceedings in the District Court. 2223(2)The court costs in a Code violation case under § 5–601 of this part 24involving the use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS **QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE** in which costs are imposed are 2526**\$5**. 27[(k)] (L) (1)The State's Attorney for any county may prosecute a Code 28violation under § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of [less than 10 grams 29of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE 30 in the same manner as prosecution of a violation of the criminal laws of the State. 31

31 (2) In a Code violation case under § 5–601 of this part involving the use or 32 possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A

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1	CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE, the State's Attorney may:
$\frac{2}{3}$	(i) enter a nolle prosequi or move to place the case on the stet docket; and
4 5	(ii) exercise authority in the same manner as prescribed by law for violation of the criminal laws of the State.
6 7 8 9	[(1)] (M) A person issued a citation for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE who is under the age of 18 years shall be subject to the procedures and dispositions provided in Title 3, Subtitle 8A of the Courts Article.
10 11 12 13 14	[(m)] (N) A citation for a violation of § 5–601 of this part involving the use or possession of [less than 10 grams of marijuana] A DE MINIMIS QUANTITY OF A CONTROLLED DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE and the official record of a court regarding the citation are not subject to public inspection and may not be included on the public website maintained by the Maryland Judiciary if:
15	(1) the defendant has prepaid the fine;
$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	(2) the defendant has pled guilty to or been found guilty of the Code violation and has fully paid the fine and costs imposed for the violation;
18 19	(3) the defendant has received a probation before judgment and has fully paid the fine and completed any terms imposed by the court;
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(4) the case has been removed from the stet docket after the defendant fully paid the fine and completed any terms imposed by the court;
22	(5) the State has entered a nolle prosequi;
23	(6) the defendant has been found not guilty of the charge; or
24	(7) the charge has been dismissed.
25 26	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2022.