This bill expresses that, for the protection of the health and safety of the State’s citizens and environment, it is the General Assembly’s intent that a publicly traded entity with a market capitalization greater than $1 billion and its subsidiaries be held accountable for any tortious or otherwise unlawful conduct on the part of the entity or subsidiary that has contributed to climate change, as specified. To that end, the bill explicitly authorizes the Attorney General to investigate, commence, and prosecute or defend any civil or criminal suit or action that holds accountable a publicly traded entity with a market capitalization greater than $1 billion or its subsidiaries for tortious or otherwise unlawful conduct on the part of the entity or subsidiary that has contributed to climate change through fraud, deception, or any other mechanism, action, inaction, or practice. The bill also authorizes the Attorney General to hire outside counsel (on a contingency fee basis) to assist with an action brought under the bill if the Attorney General determines that it would be in the State’s best interest.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: To the extent significant investigation and litigation are undertaken pursuant to the bill’s authority, State expenditures may increase, as discussed below. Revenues are not directly affected.

Local Effect: The bill does not directly affect local government finances or operations.

Small Business Effect: Potential meaningful.
Analysis

Current Law: The Attorney General is an elected official who serves a four-year term of office. Pursuant to the State Constitution, the Attorney General has enumerated responsibilities, including investigating, commencing, and prosecuting or defending any civil or criminal suit or action, as specified, which the General Assembly, by law or joint resolution, or the Governor, directs to be investigated, commenced, and prosecuted or defended. The Attorney General does not, however, have general authority to prosecute crimes in the absence of specific statutory authority or an executive order. The Attorney General also has and must perform any other duties and possess any other powers as the General Assembly prescribes by law. For example, the Attorney General is specifically authorized under § 6-106.1 of the State Government Article to investigate, commence, and prosecute or defend any civil or criminal suit or action that is based on the federal government’s action or inaction that threatens the public interest and welfare of the residents of the State with respect to protecting the natural resources and environment of the State.

The Secretary of the Environment must carry out and enforce the provisions of the Environment Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland (to which the bill’s provisions are added). The Attorney General is the legal adviser of and must represent and otherwise perform all of the legal work for each officer and unit of the State government, unless a law expressly provides for a general counsel as the legal adviser and representative of the officer or unit.

State Expenditures: To the extent the bill results in significant investigations and litigation, State (general and/or special fund) expenditures may increase by an indeterminate amount for additional Attorney General staff. It is unclear to what extent any potential investigations and litigation under the bill will be handled by Attorney General staff within the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) in comparison with attorneys within the Office of the Attorney General (OAG) and may depend on the nature of each legal action pursued. While OAG advises that the bill should have minimal fiscal impact on its office, MDE indicates that a significant increase in litigation may require additional legal staff within the department.

Small Business Effect: To the extent that the Attorney General hires a law firm that qualifies as a small business to provide outside counsel on a contingency fee basis (as authorized by the bill), the bill may have a meaningful effect.
Additional Information

**Prior Introductions:** HB 1078 of 2021, a similar bill, received a hearing in the House Health and Government Operations Committee, but no further action was taken.

**Designated Cross File:** None.

**Information Source(s):** Office of the Attorney General; Maryland State Commission on Criminal Sentencing Policy; Judiciary (Administrative Office of the Courts); Office of the Public Defender; Maryland Department of the Environment; Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services; Maryland State’s Attorneys’ Association; Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - March 4, 2022

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