

**Department of Legislative Services**  
Maryland General Assembly  
2022 Session

**FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE**  
**Third Reader**

Senate Bill 997

(Senator Eckardt)

Budget and Taxation

Appropriations

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**Correctional Officers' Retirement System - Talbot County**

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This bill makes Talbot County detention center officers members of the Correctional Officers' Retirement System (CORS) as a condition of employment, subject to Talbot County beginning participation in CORS. Past eligibility and creditable service with Talbot County transfers to CORS for the affected officers, and they are not subject to specified credit transfer provisions in current law. **The bill takes effect July 1, 2022.**

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**Fiscal Summary**

**State Effect:** None. The bill affects only Talbot County.

**Local Effect:** Assuming Talbot County elects to participate in CORS, its pension liabilities increase by \$918,300, resulting in an annual increase of \$94,000 in Talbot County's employer pension contribution. No discernible effect on pension liabilities or employer contribution rates for other participating governmental units (PGUs) in CORS. No effect on local revenues.

**Small Business Effect:** None.

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**Analysis**

**Current Law:** In general, when a PGU withdraws or transfers from a State pension plan, assets and liabilities credited to the withdrawing members are calculated in a manner specified by statute. If there is a net withdrawal liability, the withdrawing PGU must make regular payments to the State Retirement and Pension System (SRPS) until the liability is paid off. In the case of transfers to another plan, the assets and liabilities from the original plan are transferred to the members' "new" plan, but they are still subject to the same withdrawal asset/liability calculation.

Title 37 of the State Personnel and Pensions Article governs transfers from the Employees' Pension System (EPS) to another contributory pension system (like CORS). Under Title 37, a "new system" means the system into which the member is transferring service credit, and "previous system" means the system from which the individual is transferring. Members transferring creditable service from EPS to another contributory system must pay the difference in the member contribution rates in effect for the period of service covered by the transferred service credit, plus interest. They are also refunded any accumulated contributions in the previous system that are in excess of the member contributions required by the new system.

Talbot County is currently a PGU in EPS, but the county seeks to transfer its 38 detention center officers from EPS to CORS. **Exhibit 1** shows the benefit structures for both plans.

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**Exhibit 1**  
**Pension Plan Provisions**

	<b>Employees' Pension System</b>		<b>CORS</b>
	<b><u>Hired Before July 1, 2011</u></b>	<b><u>Hired After June 30, 2011</u></b>	
Normal Retirement Age	62 <sup>1</sup>	65 <sup>2</sup>	55 <sup>3</sup>
Years of Service for Normal Retirement	30	Age and service add to 90	20
Employee Contribution	None prior to 1998 2.0% (1998-2006) 3.0% in 2007 4.0% in 2008 5.0% (2009-2011) 7.0% after June 30, 2011	7.0%	5.0%
Benefit Multiplier	1.8% (after 1998) 1.2% (before 1998)	1.5%	1.82% of AFC

AFC: average final compensation  
CORS: Correctional Officers' Retirement System

<sup>1</sup>Retiree must have at least 5 years of service.

<sup>2</sup>Retiree must have at least 10 years of service.

<sup>3</sup>Retiree must have 5 years of service if hired before July 1, 2011; otherwise, retiree must have 10 years of service if hired on or after July 1, 2011.

Source: Maryland Annotated Code; State Personnel and Pensions Article

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As Exhibit 1 shows, the member contribution rate for EPS was less than the CORS rate of 5% prior to fiscal 2009. Thus, under Title 37, an employee of the Talbot County detention center would have to pay the difference in contribution rates for any prior service credit in EPS before fiscal 2009, with interest. However, the bill exempts them from that requirement.

**Local Expenditures:** As transferring members are not required to pay the difference in member contribution rates, Talbot County assumes any additional liability from the lack of payment. Assuming Talbot County elects to participate in CORS and based on the withdrawal and new entrant liability calculations by the SRPS actuary, Talbot County pension liabilities increase by \$918,324, resulting in an annual withdrawal and new entrant liability payment of \$94,000 through calendar 2043.

The CORS municipal pool is small, so the addition of Talbot County's 38 detention officers increases the size of the pool by 28%, which alters the demographic composition of the group. As a result, unfunded liabilities for the pool actually shrink by \$81,000. This decrease is negligible and has no discernible effect on pension contribution rates for other members of the CORS municipal pool.

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### **Additional Information**

**Prior Introductions:** None.

**Cross File:** HB 1476 (Delegates Mautz and Adams) - Judiciary.

**Information Source(s):** Talbot County; State Retirement Agency; Bolton; Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - March 15, 2022  
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