

SENATE BILL 303

R5, L2
HB 1262/22 – ENT

3lr0628
CF 3lr1021

By: **Senator Mautz**

Introduced and read first time: January 27, 2023

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Talbot County – Speed Monitoring Systems – Intersection of Maryland Route**
3 **333 (Oxford Road) and Bonfield Avenue**

4 FOR the purpose of authorizing the placement and use of a speed monitoring system at the
5 intersection of Maryland Route 333 (Oxford Road) and Bonfield Avenue in Talbot
6 County, subject to placement and signage requirements; requiring the fines collected
7 by the Town of Oxford as a result of violations enforced by a speed monitoring system
8 to be used to assist in covering the cost of roadway and pedestrian safety
9 improvements in and around the intersection of Maryland Route 333 (Oxford Road)
10 and Bonfield Avenue; requiring a certain real-time display of a driver's traveling
11 speed for a speed monitoring system operating at the intersection of Maryland Route
12 333 (Oxford Road) and Bonfield Avenue; and generally relating to the placement and
13 use of a speed monitoring system in Talbot County.

14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
15 Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
16 Section 7–302(e)(4)
17 Annotated Code of Maryland
18 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)

19 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
20 Article – Transportation
21 Section 21–809(a)(1) and (8), (b)(1)(i) and (v), and (c)
22 Annotated Code of Maryland
23 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)

24 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
25 Article – Transportation
26 Section 21–809(b)(1)(vi) through (viii)
27 Annotated Code of Maryland
28 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
2 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

3 **Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

4 7–302.

5 (e) (4) (i) Except as provided in paragraph (5) of this subsection, from the
6 fines collected by a political subdivision as a result of violations enforced by speed
7 monitoring systems, school bus monitoring cameras, or bus lane monitoring systems, a
8 political subdivision:

9 1. May recover the costs of implementing and administering
10 the speed monitoring systems, school bus monitoring cameras, or bus lane monitoring
11 systems; and

12 2. Subject to subparagraphs (ii), (iii), and (iv) of this
13 paragraph, may spend any remaining balance solely for public safety purposes, including
14 pedestrian safety programs.

15 (ii) 1. For any fiscal year, if the balance remaining from the fines
16 collected by a political subdivision as a result of violations enforced by speed monitoring
17 systems, after the costs of implementing and administering the systems are recovered in
18 accordance with subparagraph (i)1 of this paragraph, is greater than 10% of the total
19 revenues of the political subdivision for the fiscal year, the political subdivision shall remit
20 any funds that exceed 10% of the total revenues to the Comptroller.

21 2. The Comptroller shall deposit any money remitted under
22 this subparagraph to the General Fund of the State.

23 (iii) The fines collected by Prince George's County as a result of
24 violations enforced by speed monitoring systems on Maryland Route 210 shall be remitted
25 to the Comptroller for distribution to the State Highway Administration to be used solely
26 to assist in covering the costs of:

27 1. Examining the engineering, infrastructure, and other
28 relevant factors that may contribute to safety issues on Maryland Route 210 in Prince
29 George's County;

30 2. Reporting its findings and recommendations on any
31 solutions to these safety issues; and

32 3. Implementing any solutions to these safety issues.

33 (iv) 1. From the fines collected by Baltimore City as a result of
34 violations enforced by speed monitoring systems on Interstate 83, any balance remaining

1 after the allocation of fines under subparagraph (i)1 of this paragraph shall be remitted to
2 the Comptroller for distribution to the Baltimore City Department of Transportation to be
3 used solely to assist in covering the cost of roadway improvements on Interstate 83 in
4 Baltimore City.

5 2. Fines remitted to the Baltimore City Department of
6 Transportation under subparagraph 1 of this subparagraph are supplemental to and
7 are not intended to take the place of funding that would otherwise be appropriated for uses
8 described under subparagraph 1 of this subparagraph.

9 (v) From the fines collected by Anne Arundel County as a result of
10 violations enforced by speed monitoring systems on Maryland Route 175 (Jessup Road)
11 between the Maryland Route 175/295 interchange and the Anne Arundel County–Howard
12 County line, any balance remaining after the allocation of fines under subparagraph (i)1 of
13 this paragraph shall be remitted to the Comptroller for distribution to the State Highway
14 Administration to be used solely to assist in covering the cost of speed reduction measures
15 and roadway and pedestrian safety improvements on Maryland Route 175 (Jessup Road)
16 between the Maryland Route 175/295 interchange and the Anne Arundel County–Howard
17 County line.

18 **(VI) FROM THE FINES COLLECTED BY THE TOWN OF OXFORD AS**
19 **A RESULT OF VIOLATIONS ENFORCED BY SPEED MONITORING SYSTEMS AT THE**
20 **INTERSECTION OF MARYLAND ROUTE 333 (OXFORD ROAD) AND BONFIELD**
21 **AVENUE IN TALBOT COUNTY, ANY BALANCE REMAINING AFTER THE ALLOCATION**
22 **OF FINES UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I)1 OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE REMITTED TO**
23 **THE COMPTROLLER FOR DISTRIBUTION TO THE STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION**
24 **TO BE USED SOLELY TO ASSIST IN COVERING THE COST OF ROADWAY AND**
25 **PEDESTRIAN SAFETY IMPROVEMENTS IN AND AROUND THE INTERSECTION OF**
26 **MARYLAND ROUTE 333 (OXFORD ROAD) AND BONFIELD AVENUE.**

27 **Article – Transportation**

28 21–809.

29 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

30 (8) “Speed monitoring system” means a device with one or more motor
31 vehicle sensors producing recorded images of motor vehicles traveling at speeds at least 12
32 miles per hour above the posted speed limit.

33 (b) (1) (i) A speed monitoring system may not be used in a local jurisdiction
34 under this section unless its use is authorized by the governing body of the local jurisdiction
35 by local law enacted after reasonable notice and a public hearing.

36 (v) An ordinance or resolution adopted by the governing body of a
37 local jurisdiction under this paragraph shall provide that, if the local jurisdiction moves or

1 places a mobile or stationary speed monitoring system to or at a location where a speed
 2 monitoring system had not previously been moved or placed, the local jurisdiction may not
 3 issue a citation for a violation recorded by that speed monitoring system:

4 1. Until signage is installed in accordance with
 5 subparagraph (viii) of this paragraph; and

6 2. For at least the first 15 calendar days after the signage is
 7 installed.

8 (vi) This section applies to a violation of this subtitle recorded by a
 9 speed monitoring system that meets the requirements of this subsection and has been
 10 placed:

11 1. In Montgomery County or Prince George's County, on a
 12 highway in a residential district, as defined in § 21–101 of this title, with a maximum posted
 13 speed limit of 35 miles per hour, which speed limit was established using generally accepted
 14 traffic engineering practices;

15 2. In a school zone with a posted speed limit of at least 20
 16 miles per hour;

17 3. In Prince George's County:

18 A. Subject to subparagraph (vii)¹ of this paragraph, on
 19 Maryland Route 210 (Indian Head Highway); or

20 B. On that part of a highway located within the grounds of
 21 an institution of higher education as defined in § 10–101(h) of the Education Article, or
 22 within one-half mile of the grounds of a building or property used by the institution of
 23 higher education where generally accepted traffic and engineering practices indicate that
 24 motor vehicle, pedestrian, or bicycle traffic is substantially generated or influenced by the
 25 institution of higher education;

26 4. Subject to subparagraph (vii)² of this paragraph, on
 27 Interstate 83 in Baltimore City; [or]

28 5. In Anne Arundel County, on Maryland Route 175 (Jessup
 29 Road) between the Maryland Route 175/295 interchange and the Anne Arundel
 30 County–Howard County line; **OR**

31 **6. SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (VII)³ OF THIS**
 32 **PARAGRAPH, AT THE INTERSECTION OF MARYLAND ROUTE 333 (OXFORD ROAD)**
 33 **AND BONFIELD AVENUE IN TALBOT COUNTY.**

34 (vii) 1. Not more than three speed monitoring systems may be
 35 placed on Maryland Route 210 (Indian Head Highway).

1 2. Not more than two speed monitoring systems may be
2 placed on Interstate 83 in Baltimore City.

3 **3. NOT MORE THAN ONE SPEED MONITORING SYSTEM**
4 **MAY BE PLACED AT THE INTERSECTION OF MARYLAND ROUTE 333 (OXFORD ROAD)**
5 **AND BONFIELD AVENUE IN TALBOT COUNTY.**

6 (viii) Before activating a speed monitoring system, the local
7 jurisdiction shall:

8 1. Publish notice of the location of the speed monitoring
9 system on its website and in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction;

10 2. Ensure that each sign that designates a school zone is
11 proximate to a sign that:

12 A. Indicates that speed monitoring systems are in use in the
13 school zone; and

14 B. Is in accordance with the manual for and the specifications
15 for a uniform system of traffic control devices adopted by the State Highway Administration
16 under § 25–104 of this article;

17 3. With regard to a speed monitoring system established on
18 Maryland Route 210 (Indian Head Highway) in Prince George’s County, based on proximity
19 to an institution of higher education under subparagraph (vi)³ of this paragraph, on
20 Interstate 83 in Baltimore City, [or] in Anne Arundel County on Maryland Route 175
21 (Jessup Road) between the Maryland Route 175/295 interchange and the Anne Arundel
22 County–Howard County line, **OR AT THE INTERSECTION OF MARYLAND ROUTE 333**
23 **(OXFORD ROAD) AND BONFIELD AVENUE IN TALBOT COUNTY**, ensure that all speed
24 limit signs approaching and within the segment of highway on which the speed monitoring
25 system is located include signs that:

26 A. Are in accordance with the manual and specifications for
27 a uniform system of traffic control devices adopted by the State Highway Administration
28 under § 25–104 of this article; and

29 B. Indicate that a speed monitoring system is in use; and

30 4. With regard to a speed monitoring system placed on
31 Maryland Route 210 (Indian Head Highway) in Prince George’s County, Interstate 83 in
32 Baltimore City, [or] in Anne Arundel County on Maryland Route 175 (Jessup Road)
33 between the Maryland Route 175/295 interchange and the Anne Arundel–Howard County
34 line, **OR AT THE INTERSECTION OF MARYLAND ROUTE 333 (OXFORD ROAD) AND**
35 **BONFIELD AVENUE IN TALBOT COUNTY**, ensure that each sign that indicates that a

1 speed monitoring system is in use is proximate to a device that displays a real-time posting
2 of the speed at which a driver is traveling.

3 (c) (1) Unless the driver of the motor vehicle received a citation from a police
4 officer at the time of the violation, the owner or, in accordance with subsection (f)(4) of this
5 section, the driver of a motor vehicle is subject to a civil penalty if the motor vehicle is
6 recorded by a speed monitoring system while being operated in violation of this subtitle.

7 (2) A civil penalty under this subsection may not exceed \$40.

8 (3) For purposes of this section, the District Court shall prescribe:

9 (i) A uniform citation form consistent with subsection (d)(1) of this
10 section and § 7-302 of the Courts Article; and

11 (ii) A civil penalty, which shall be indicated on the citation, to be paid
12 by persons who choose to prepay the civil penalty without appearing in District Court.

13 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
14 October 1, 2023. It shall remain effective for a period of 5 years and, at the end of September
15 30, 2028, this Act, with no further action required by the General Assembly, shall be
16 abrogated and of no further force and effect.