SENATE BILL 377

K1 3lr1774 CF HB 590

By: Senator Kramer

Introduced and read first time: February 1, 2023

Assigned to: Finance

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

Senate action: Adopted

Read second time: March 10, 2023

CHAPTER

1 AN ACT concerning

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Workers' Compensation – Benefits – Offset and Hearing Loss Study

- 3 FOR the purpose of altering the circumstances under which the payment of a benefit by a governmental unit or quasi-public corporation to a covered employee offsets the 4 5 liability for benefits under the workers' compensation law; altering the method used 6 to determine the deduction required to be made to allow for the average amount of 7 hearing loss from nonoccupational causes in the population for purposes of calculating workers' compensation benefits for occupational deafness; requiring 8 9 tinnitus to be considered part of a covered employee's hearing loss; requiring that 10 benefits awarded related to hearing loss be awarded without adjustment due to offset 11 against other benefits; requiring the Joint Committee on Workers' Compensation Benefit and Insurance Oversight to conduct a certain evaluation and report certain 12 information; and generally relating to workers' compensation benefits. 13
- 14 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 15 Article Labor and Employment
- 16 Section 9–610 and 9–650
- 17 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 18 (2016 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)
- 19 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 20 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

Article – Labor and Employment

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.

1 9-610.

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- (a) (1) Except for benefits subject to an offset under § 29–118 of the State Personnel and Pensions Article, if a statute, charter, ordinance, resolution, regulation, or policy, regardless of whether part of a pension system, provides a benefit to a covered employee of a governmental unit or a quasi-public corporation that is subject to this title under § 9–201(2) of this title or, in case of death, to the dependents of the covered employee, payment of the benefit by the employer satisfies, to the extent of the payment, the liability of the employer and the Subsequent Injury Fund for payment of ‡similar} benefits under this title ONLY IF THE PAYMENT OF THE BENEFIT BY THE EMPLOYER AND THE PAYMENT FOR BENEFITS UNDER THIS TITLE ARE BASED ON THE SAME ACCIDENTAL INJURY OR OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, ON THE SAME BODY PART.
- 13 (2) If a benefit paid under paragraph (1) of this subsection is less than the 14 benefits provided under this title, the employer, the Subsequent Injury Fund, or both shall 15 provide an additional benefit that equals the difference between the benefit paid under 16 paragraph (1) of this subsection and the benefits provided under this title.
- 17 (3) The computation of an additional benefit payable under paragraph (2) of this section shall be done at the time of the initial award and may not include any cost of living adjustment after the initial award.
- 20 (b) (1) If federal law provides benefits for an individual who is a covered 21 employee of the Military Department of the State under § 9–215 of this title that are equal 22 to or greater than the benefits provided by this title, the covered employee is not entitled 23 to benefits under this title.
- 24 (2) If federal law provides benefits for a covered employee of the Military 25 Department of the State that are less than the benefits provided by this title, the State and 26 its insurer shall provide an additional benefit that equals the difference between the benefit 27 provided by federal law and the similar benefit provided by this title.
 - (c) (1) The Commission may:
- 29 (i) determine whether any benefit provided by the employer is equal 30 to or greater than any benefit provided for in this title; and
- 31 (ii) make an award against the employer or the Subsequent Injury 32 Fund or both to provide an additional benefit that equals the difference between the benefit 33 provided by the employer and the benefits required by this title.
- 34 (2) A claim that comes under this section is subject to the continuing 35 powers and jurisdiction of the Commission.

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1	(a) (1) Hearing loss shall be measured by audiometric instrumentation that
$\frac{1}{2}$	meets the following criteria:
	meets the following criteria.
3	(i) ANSI 3.6–1996;
4	(ii) ANSI S3.43–1992; and
5	(iii) ANSI 3.39-1987 or any ANSI standard that supersedes the
6	previous calibration or measurement criteria.
7	(2) Measurements shall be conducted in a sound room that meets the ANSI
8	3.1–1991 criteria for maximum permissible ambient noise for audiometric test rooms.
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9	(3) Behavioral psychoacoustic measurements shall be obtained with
10	instrumentation that utilizes insert earphones, as referenced in ANSI 3.6–1996.
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11	(4) Electrodiagnostic measurements such as auditory evoked potentials,
12	acoustic emittance measurements, or distortion product otoacoustic emissions may be
13	obtained to determine the nature and extent of workplace hearing loss.
14	(5) Audiologic results shall be used in conjunction with other information
15	to evaluate a claimant's compensable hearing loss.
16	(b) (1) The percentage of hearing loss for purposes of compensation for
17	occupational deafness shall be determined by calculating the average, in decibels, of the
18	thresholds of hearing for the frequencies of 500, 1,000, 2,000, and 3,000 hertz in accordance
19	with paragraph (2) of this subsection.
20	(2) The average of the thresholds in hearing shall be calculated by:
21	(i) adding together the lowest measured losses in each of the 4
22	frequencies; and
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23	(ii) dividing the total by 4.
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24	(3) To allow for the average amount of hearing loss from nonoccupational
25	causes found in the population at any given age, there shall be deducted from the total
26	average decibel loss determined under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection THE
27	LESSER OF:
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28	(I) one half of a decibel for each year of the covered employee's age
29	over 50 [at the time of the last exposure to industrial noise]; OR
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30	(H) ONE-HALF OF A DECIBEL FOR EACH YEAR SUBSEQUENT TO
31	THE DATE OF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE'S LAST INJURIOUS EXPOSURE TO
20	INDICADIAL MOICE

1	(e) (1) If the average hearing loss in the 4 frequencies determined under
2	subsection (b) of this section is 25 decibels or less, the covered employee does not have a
3	compensable hearing loss.
4	(2) If the average hearing loss in the 4 frequencies determined under
5	subsection (b) of this section is 91.7 decibels or more, the covered employee has a 100%
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6	compensable hearing loss.
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7	(3) For every decibel that the average hearing loss exceeds 25 decibels, the
8	covered employee shall be allowed 1.5% of the compensable hearing loss, up to a maximum
9	of 100% compensable hearing loss at 91.7 decibels.
10	(d) The binaural percentage of hearing loss shall be determined by:
11	(1) multiplying the percentage of hearing loss in the better ear by 5;
12	(2) adding that product to the percentage of hearing loss in the poorer ear;
13	and
10	unu
1 /	(2) dividing that gives have
14	(3) dividing that sum by 6.
15	(e) (1) In determining the percentage of hearing loss under this section,
16	consideration may not be given to whether the use of an amplification device improves the
17	ability of a covered employee to understand speech or enhance behavioral hearing
18	thresholds.
19	(2) (i) In determining a workers' compensation claim for noise-related
20	hearing loss, audiologic data shall use both bone conduction and air conduction results.
21	(ii) If a conductive loss is present, the bone conduction thresholds for
22	each ear, rather than the air conduction levels, shall be used to calculate a claimant's
23	average hearing loss.
20	average meaning ross.
0.4	(E) (1) Thyriting gives be congined by the of a company
24	(F) (1) TINNITUS SHALL BE CONSIDERED PART OF A COVERED
25	EMPLOYEE'S HEARING LOSS UNDER THIS SECTION.
26	(2) When determining the percentage of hearing loss
27	ATTRIBUTABLE TO TINNITUS, THE COMMISSION SHALL:
28	(I) CONSIDER THE EVALUATION REQUIRED UNDER § 9-721(A)
29	AND (B) OF THIS TITLE; AND
49	MAD (D) OF THIS TITLE, MAD
0.0	(77)
30	(H) ADD THE PERCENTAGE OF HEARING LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE
31	TO TINNITUS TO THE HEARING LOSS PERCENTAGE DETERMINED UNDER

$\frac{1}{2}$	SUBSECTION (D) OF THIS SECTION TO DETERMINE THE TOTAL PERCENTAGE OF THE COVERED EMPLOYEE'S HEARING LOSS.
3 4	(G) BENEFITS PROVIDED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE AWARDED WITHOUT AN ADJUSTMENT BEING MADE UNDER § 9-610 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
5 6 7	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That it is the intent of the General Assembly that this Act abrogate the holding by the Supreme Court of Maryland in Spevalov. Montgomery County, 480 Md. 562 (2022).
8 9 10	SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be applied in a manner that is consistent with the holding by the Supreme Court of Maryland in Reger v Washington County Board of Education, 455 Md. 68 (2017).
11	SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:
12 13 14 15	(a) The Joint Committee on Workers' Compensation Benefit and Insurance Oversight shall conduct an evaluation and report, with input from appropriate parties, or the effects of the amendments to § 9–610 of the Labor and Employment Article implemented by this Act.
16 17 18 19	(b) The report shall include data and analysis of the effects of this Act on the offset of benefits following the implementation of this Act compared to a comparable period of time before the Supreme Court of Maryland decision in Spevak v. Montgomery County, 480 Md. 562 (2022).
20 21 22	(c) On or before December 1, 2024, the Committee shall report its findings to interested parties and, in accordance with § 2–1257 of the State Government Article, the Senate Finance Committee and the House Economic Matters Committee.
23 24	SECTION $\stackrel{2}{=}$ 5. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2023.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	President of the Senate.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.