

SENATE BILL 838

K3, P2, Q3

3lr1521
CF 3lr3048

By: **Senators Kramer, Augustine, Beidle, Gile, Klausmeier, McCray, Muse, Salling,
and Waldstreicher**

Introduced and read first time: February 6, 2023

Assigned to: Finance

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Workplace Fraud and Prevailing Wage – Violations – Penalties and Referrals**

3 FOR the purpose of establishing certain criminal penalties for employers knowingly failing
4 to properly classify individuals as employees and contractors and subcontractors
5 knowingly violating State prevailing wage laws; requiring the Commissioner of
6 Labor and Industry to refer to the Comptroller certain complaints that allege a
7 violation of certain tax laws under certain circumstances; and generally relating to
8 violations of the workplace fraud and State prevailing wage laws.

9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
10 Article – Labor and Employment
11 Section 3–909 and 3–910
12 Annotated Code of Maryland
13 (2016 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)

14 BY adding to
15 Article – State Finance and Procurement
16 Section 17–227
17 Annotated Code of Maryland
18 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2022 Supplement)

19 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
20 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

21 **Article – Labor and Employment**

22 3–909.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 (a) An employer found to have knowingly failed to properly classify an individual
2 in violation of § 3–904 of this subtitle:

3 (1) shall be assessed a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 for each employee who
4 was not properly classified; AND

5 (2) IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT
6 TO A FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$5,000 OR IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 60 DAYS OR
7 BOTH FOR EACH EMPLOYEE WHO WAS NOT PROPERLY CLASSIFIED.

8 (b) In determining the amount of the penalty TO BE ASSESSED UNDER
9 SUBSECTION (A)(1) OF THIS SECTION, the Commissioner or the administrative law judge
10 shall consider:

11 (1) the gravity of the violation;

12 (2) the size of the employer's business;

13 (3) the employer's good faith;

14 (4) the employer's history of violations under this subtitle; and

15 (5) whether the employer:

16 (i) has been found, by a court or an administrative unit, to have
17 deprived the employee of any rights to which the employee would have been entitled under
18 a State protective labor law, including but not limited to:

19 1. any provision of this article;

20 2. the State prevailing wage law, under §§ 17–221 and
21 17–222 of the State Finance and Procurement Article; or

22 3. the living wage law, under § 18–108 of the State Finance
23 and Procurement Article; and

24 (ii) has made restitution and come into compliance with all such
25 State protective labor laws with respect to the employee.

26 (c) If the court or an administrative unit determines that an individual or class
27 of individuals is entitled to restitution as a result of the employer's violation of § 3–904 of
28 this subtitle, the court or administrative unit:

29 (1) shall award each individual any restitution to which the individual may
30 be entitled; and

1 (2) may award each individual an additional amount up to three times the
2 amount of such restitution.

3 (d) An employer in violation of § 3–904 of this subtitle may be assessed double the
4 administrative penalties set forth in subsection [(a)] **(A)(1)** of this section if the employer
5 has been found previously to have violated this subtitle by a final order of a court or an
6 administrative unit.

7 (e) An employer who has been found by a final order of a court or an
8 administrative unit to have violated § 3–904 of this subtitle three or more times may be
9 assessed an administrative penalty of up to \$20,000 for each employee.

10 (f) (1) An employer may be assessed civil penalties under this section or §
11 8–201.1 or § 9–402.1 of this article by only one final order of a court or administrative unit
12 for the same actions constituting a violation of this subtitle.

13 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, an employer may be
14 ordered to make restitution, pay any interest due, and otherwise comply with all applicable
15 laws and regulations by orders of a court and all relevant administrative units, including
16 the Comptroller, the Office of Unemployment Insurance, the Insurance Administration,
17 and the Workers' Compensation Commission.

18 (g) Any penalty issued under **SUBSECTION (A)(1) OF** this section against an
19 employer shall be in effect against any successor corporation or business entity that:

20 (1) has one or more of the same principals or officers as the employer
21 against whom the penalty was assessed, unless the principal or officer did not or with the
22 exercise of reasonable diligence could not know of the violation for which the penalty was
23 imposed; and

24 (2) is engaged in the same or equivalent trade or activity.

25 3–910.

26 **(A)** As authorized by State and federal law, units within the Maryland
27 Department of Labor and the Department of Budget and Management, the Secretary of
28 State, the Comptroller, the Maryland Insurance Administration, and other State agencies
29 shall cooperate and share information concerning any suspected failure to properly classify
30 an individual as an employee.

31 **(B)** **ON A SHOWING BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT A**
32 **VIOLATION OF § 3–904 OF THIS SUBTITLE HAS OCCURRED AND AS AUTHORIZED BY**
33 **FEDERAL AND STATE LAW, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REFER TO THE**
34 **COMPTROLLER ANY COMPLAINT THAT ALLEGES A VIOLATION OF § 13–1007 OR §**
35 **13–1024 OF THE TAX – GENERAL ARTICLE.**

1 **Article – State Finance and Procurement**

2 **17-227.**

3 **(A) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTIES AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS**
4 **SUBTITLE, A CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR FOUND TO HAVE KNOWINGLY**
5 **VIOLATED THIS SUBTITLE IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS**
6 **SUBJECT TO A FINE NOT TO EXCEED \$5,000 OR IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 60**
7 **DAYS OR BOTH FOR EACH VIOLATION.**

8 **(B) ON A SHOWING BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT A**
9 **VIOLATION OF THIS SUBTITLE HAS OCCURRED, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REFER**
10 **TO THE COMPTROLLER ANY COMPLAINT THAT ALLEGES A VIOLATION OF § 13-1007**
11 **OR § 13-1024 OF THE TAX – GENERAL ARTICLE.**

12 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
13 October 1, 2023.