# **Department of Legislative Services**

Maryland General Assembly 2023 Session

### FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE First Reader

House Bill 268 Ways and Means (Delegate Wilkins)

#### Maryland Estate Tax - Unified Credit

This bill establishes that the value of the federal unified credit used to calculate the Maryland estate tax is equal to the amount corresponding to an applicable exclusion amount of \$1.0 million. The bill also provides that, unless the federal estate tax credit used to calculate the Maryland estate tax is in effect at the time of a decedent's death, the federal credit used to determine the State estate tax may not exceed 16% of the amount by which a decedent's taxable estate exceeds \$1.0 million. The bill takes effect July 1, 2023.

### **Fiscal Summary**

**State Effect:** General fund revenues increase by \$58.2 million in FY 2024, which reflects the decrease in the value of the federal unified credit and the impact of less than one-half of a taxable year. Future year revenue estimates reflect annualization, the estimated payment schedule of State estate taxes, and the current revenue forecast. No effect on expenditures.

(\$ in millions)	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028
GF Revenue	\$58.2	\$133.7	\$157.1	\$164.5	\$169.5
Expenditure	0	0	0	0	0
Net Effect	\$58.2	\$133.7	\$157.1	\$164.5	\$169.5

Note: () = decrease; GF = general funds; FF = federal funds; SF = special funds; - = indeterminate increase; (-) = indeterminate decrease

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Minimal.

# Analysis

## **Current Law:**

### Estate Tax

The State imposes a tax on property that passes at or after the death of an individual through an estate tax and an inheritance tax. In fiscal 2024, estate tax revenues are projected to total \$160.7 million. Estates may generally claim a credit against the estate tax for the amount of inheritance taxes paid.

A Maryland estate tax return is required for every estate with a federal gross estate, plus specified adjustments, that equals or exceeds the Maryland estate tax exclusion amount for the decedent's date of death. An estate with a value that exceeds this exclusion amount must file a return if the decedent, at the date of death, was a Maryland resident or the decedent was a nonresident who owned real or tangible personal property having a taxable situs in Maryland.

### Recent Legislation

Among other changes, the federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 decreased federal estate taxes by doubling the federal exclusion amount for decedents dying in calendar 2018 through 2025. The Act's estate tax provisions terminate for decedents dying beginning in calendar 2026. Chapters 15 and 21 of 2018 decoupled the Maryland estate tax from the increased federal exclusion amount enacted by the federal Act. Beginning January 1, 2019, the State exclusion amount equals \$5.0 million. Special rules apply under the Maryland estate tax for qualified agricultural land.

Chapters 15 and 21 also established "portability" under the State estate tax by allowing, under specified circumstances, the estate of a married taxpayer to pass along the unused part of the estate tax exclusion amount to the surviving spouse. A surviving spouse may subsequently elect to claim the unused portion of the estate tax exclusion amount of the predeceased spouse.

In addition, unless the federal estate tax credit used to calculate the Maryland estate tax is in effect at the time of a decedent's death, the federal credit used to determine the State estate tax may not exceed 16% of the amount by which a decedent's taxable estate exceeds the applicable exclusion amount.

**State Fiscal Effect:** Under current law, the value of the federal unified credit used to calculate the Maryland estate tax is equal to \$5.0 million. The bill establishes that the value of the federal unified credit used in the calculation of Maryland estate tax will be HB 268/ Page 2

\$1.0 million for decedents dying after July 1, 2023. As shown in **Exhibit 1**, altering the exclusion amount will increase general fund revenues by \$58.2 million in fiscal 2024 and by \$169.5 million in fiscal 2028.

# Exhibit 1 State Revenue Impacts Fiscal 2024-2028 (\$ in Millions)

<u>FY 2024</u>	<u>FY 2025</u>	FY 2026	FY 2027	<u>FY 2028</u>
\$58.2	\$133.7	\$157.1	\$164.5	\$169.5

This estimate is based on the December 2022 revenue forecast and a microsimulation of changes to the estate tax exclusion amount for recent decedents adjusted for differences in the Maryland estate tax. An estate tax return must be filed within nine months of a decedent's death; as such, it is assumed that 75% of estates remit taxes due in the fiscal year following the date of death, and the remaining amount is paid in the next fiscal year.

**Small Business Effect:** Small businesses that pay estate taxes will be negatively impacted by increased estate tax liabilities. However, the number of impacted businesses is expected to be minimal.

# **Additional Information**

**Prior Introductions:** Similar legislation has been introduced within the last three years. See HB 165 of 2021 and HB 256 of 2020.

Designated Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): Comptroller's Office; Department of Legislative Services

**Fiscal Note History:** First Reader - February 7, 2023 js/jrb

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