E3 4lr1271 CF SB 52

By: Delegates Kipke, Szeliga, Adams, Anderton, Arentz, Baker, Buckel, Chisholm, Ciliberti, Fisher, Ghrist, Grammer, Griffith, Hartman, Hinebaugh, Hornberger, Howard, Hutchinson, Jacobs, R. Long, Mangione, McComas, Metzgar, Miller, M. Morgan, T. Morgan, Munoz, Nawrocki, Otto, Pippy, Reilly, Rose, Schmidt, Stonko, Tomlinson, Valentine, and Wivell

Introduced and read first time: January 15, 2024

Assigned to: Judiciary

## A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2

Juvenile Justice Restoration Act of 2024

- FOR the purpose of altering the jurisdiction of the juvenile court to establish that the juvenile court has exclusive original jurisdiction over a child who is at least a certain age alleged to have committed a certain offense; altering a certain provision of law authorizing a law enforcement officer to conduct an otherwise lawful custodial interrogation of a child under certain circumstances; and generally relating to juvenile law.
- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 10 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 11 Section 3–8A–03 and 3–8A–14.2
- 12 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 13 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
- 14 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 15 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## 16 Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings

- 17 3–8A–03.
- 18 (a) In addition to the jurisdiction specified in Subtitle 8 of this title, the court has 19 exclusive original jurisdiction over:
- 20 (1) A child:

31

(i)

1 (i) Who is at least 13 years old alleged to be delinquent; or 2 Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, who is at least (ii) 3 10 years old alleged to have committed an act: 4 1. That, if committed by an adult, would constitute [a]: 5 Α. A crime of violence, as defined in § 14–101 of the Criminal 6 Law Article; [or] 7 В. A CRIME INVOLVING THE USE OR POSSESSION OF A 8 FIREARM, AS DEFINED IN § 5–101 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE; OR 9 C. ANY CRIME, IF THE CHILD HAS BEEN ARRESTED ON 10 TWO PRIOR OCCASIONS; OR 11 2. Arising out of the same incident as an act listed in item 1 of this item: 1213 (2)A child who is in need of supervision; A child who has received a citation for a violation; 14 (3) 15 Except as provided in subsection (d)(6) of this section, a peace order proceeding in which the respondent is a child; and 16 17 (5)Proceedings arising under the Interstate Compact on Juveniles. The court has concurrent jurisdiction over proceedings against an adult for 18 (b) the violation of § 3-8A-30 of this subtitle. However, the court may waive its jurisdiction 19 20under this subsection upon its own motion or upon the motion of any party to the proceeding, if charges against the adult arising from the same incident are pending in the 2122criminal court. Upon motion by either the State's Attorney or the adult charged under § 23 3-8A-30 of this subtitle, the court shall waive its jurisdiction, and the adult shall be tried 24in the criminal court according to the usual criminal procedure. 25 The jurisdiction of the court is concurrent with that of the District Court 26 in any criminal case arising under the compulsory public school attendance laws of this 27 State. 28 (2)The jurisdiction of the court is concurrent with that of a federal court 29 sitting in the State over proceedings involving a violation of federal law committed by a 30 child on a military installation of the U.S. Department of Defense if:

The federal court waives exclusive jurisdiction; and

1		(ii)	The violation of federal law is also a crime under State law.			
2	(d)	The court do	oes not have jurisdiction over:			
3 4 5 6	(1) A child at least 14 years old alleged to have done an act that, if committed by an adult, would be a crime punishable by life imprisonment, as well as all other charges against the child arising out of the same incident, unless an order removing the proceeding to the court has been filed under § 4–202 of the Criminal Procedure Article;					
7 8 9	(2) A child at least 16 years old alleged to have done an act in violation of any provision of the Transportation Article or other traffic law or ordinance, except an act that prescribes a penalty of incarceration;					
10 11 12	(3) A child at least 16 years old alleged to have done an act in violation of any provision of law, rule, or regulation governing the use or operation of a boat, except an act that prescribes a penalty of incarceration;					
13 14 15 16	(4) A child at least 16 years old alleged to have committed any of the following crimes, as well as all other charges against the child arising out of the same incident, unless an order removing the proceeding to the court has been filed under § 4–202 of the Criminal Procedure Article:					
17		(i)	Abduction;			
18		(ii)	Kidnapping;			
19		(iii)	Second degree murder;			
20		(iv)	Manslaughter, except involuntary manslaughter;			
21		(v)	Second degree rape;			
22		(vi)	Robbery under § 3–403 of the Criminal Law Article;			
23 24	Law Article;	(vii)	Third degree sexual offense under § 3–307(a)(1) of the Criminal			
25 26	the Public Sa	(viii) afety Article;	A crime in violation of § 5–133, § 5–134, § 5–138, or § 5–203 of			
27 28	in relation to	(ix) a drug traff	Using, wearing, carrying, or transporting a firearm during and ficking crime under § 5–621 of the Criminal Law Article;			
29		(x)	Use of a firearm under § 5–622 of the Criminal Law Article;			
30 31	Law Article;	(xi)	Carjacking or armed carjacking under § 3–405 of the Criminal			

- 1 (xii) Assault in the first degree under § 3–202 of the Criminal Law 2 Article: 3 (xiii) Attempted murder in the second degree under § 2-206 of the Criminal Law Article: 4 5 Attempted rape in the second degree under § 3-310 of the 6 Criminal Law Article; 7 Attempted robbery under § 3–403 of the Criminal Law Article; or (xvi) A violation of § 4-203, § 4-204, § 4-404, or § 4-405 of the 8 9 Criminal Law Article: 10 A child who previously has been convicted as an adult of a felony and is 11 subsequently alleged to have committed an act that would be a felony if committed by an 12adult, unless an order removing the proceeding to the court has been filed under § 4–202 of 13 the Criminal Procedure Article: 14 A peace order proceeding in which the victim, as defined in § 15 3-8A-01(cc)(1)(ii) of this subtitle, is a person eligible for relief, as defined in § 4-501 of the 16 Family Law Article; or 17 Except as provided in subsection (a)(1)(ii) of this section, a delinquency (7)18 proceeding against a child who is under the age of 13 years. 19 If the child is charged with two or more violations of the Maryland Vehicle 20 Law, another traffic law or ordinance, or the State Boat Act, allegedly arising out of the 21same incident and which would result in the child being brought before both the court and 22a court exercising criminal jurisdiction, the court has exclusive jurisdiction over all of the 23 charges. 24(f) A child under the age of 13 years may not be charged with a crime. 253-8A-14.2.In this section the following words have the meanings indicated. 26 (a) (1) 27 (2) "Custodial interrogation" retains its judicially determined meaning. "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning stated in § 1–101 of 28(3)(i) 29 the Public Safety Article.
- 30 (ii) "Law enforcement officer" includes a school resource officer, as 31 defined in § 7–1501 of the Education Article.

1 2	(b) until:	A law enforcement officer may not conduct a custodial interrogation of a child			
3		(1)	The c	hild has consulted with an attorney who is:	
4			(i)	Retained by the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child; or	
5			(ii)	Provided by the Office of the Public Defender; and	
6 7 8	to give actual			aw enforcement officer has made an effort reasonably calculated the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child that the child will be	
9	(c)	A con	sultati	on with an attorney under this section:	
0		(1)	Shall	be:	
$\frac{1}{2}$	``				
13			(ii)	Confidential; and	
4		(2)	May	pe:	
15			(i)	In person; or	
16			(ii)	By telephone or video conference.	
17 18 19	(d) To the extent practicable and consistent with the Maryland Rules of Professional Conduct, an attorney providing consultation under this section shall communicate and coordinate with the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child in custody.				
20	(e)	The requirement of consultation with an attorney under this section:			
21		(1)	May	not be waived; and	
22 23	under this s	(2) ubtitle		es regardless of whether the child is proceeded against as a child harged as an adult.	
24 25 26			ıtain a	v enforcement agency conducting an interrogation under this record of the notification or attempted notification of a parent, nder this section, including:	
27 28	employed by	y the a	(i) agency	A signed statement by a duly authorized law enforcement officer that an attempt to notify a parent, guardian, or custodian was	

29

made;

34

the requirements of this section.

1 (ii) The name of the person sought to be notified; and 2 The method of attempted notification. (iii) 3 (2)(i) A law enforcement agency conducting an interrogation under this section shall maintain a record of the name of the attorney contacted and the county 4 5 or counties in which the attorney provided the consultation. 6 An attorney contacted to provide legal consultation to a child (ii) 7 under this subtitle shall provide to a law enforcement officer the information required for the record required to be maintained under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. 8 9 Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, a law enforcement officer may conduct an otherwise lawful custodial interrogation of a child if: 10 11 1. The law enforcement officer reasonably believes that the (i) 12 information sought is necessary to protect against a threat to public safety; and 13 [(ii)] **2.** The questions posed to the child by the law enforcement 14 officer are limited to those questions reasonably necessary to obtain the information necessary to protect against the threat to public safety; OR 15 16 (II) THE CHILD'S PARENT, GUARDIAN, OR **CUSTODIAN** CONSENTS TO THE CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION OF THE CHILD WITHOUT THE 17 18 CHILD'S CONSULTATION WITH AN ATTORNEY. 19 Unless it is impossible, impracticable, or unsafe to do so, an 20 interrogation conducted under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be recorded. 21In a jurisdiction that has adopted the use of body-worn digital 22recording devices by law enforcement officers, the interrogation of a child may be recorded 23using a body-worn digital recording device in a manner that is consistent with departmental policies regarding the use of body-worn digital recording devices. 2425In a jurisdiction that has not adopted the use of body-worn (iii) digital recording devices, the interrogation of a child may be recorded using other video and 26 27 audio recording technology in a manner that is consistent with any policies of the law 28enforcement agency regarding the use of video and audio recording technology. 29 A child being interrogated under this subsection shall be (iv) informed if the interrogation is being recorded. 30 31 There is a rebuttable presumption that a statement made by a child 32 during a custodial interrogation is inadmissible in a delinquency proceeding or a criminal 33 prosecution against that child if a law enforcement officer willfully failed to comply with

- 1 (2) The State may overcome the presumption by showing, by clear and 2 convincing evidence, that the statement was made knowingly, intelligently, and 3 voluntarily.
- 4 (3) This subsection may not be construed to render a statement by that 5 child inadmissible in a proceeding against another individual.
- 6 (i) The Office of the Public Defender shall:
- 7 (1) Develop and implement policies to provide guidance and instruction to 8 attorneys to meet the requirements of this section; and
- 9 (2) On or before October 1, 2022, publish on its website, or provide to law enforcement on request, information on attorneys available to act as counsel to a child in accordance with this section.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 13 October 1, 2024.