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By: Delegate J. Lewis

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2024

Assigned to: Judiciary and Health and Government Operations

## A BILL ENTITLED

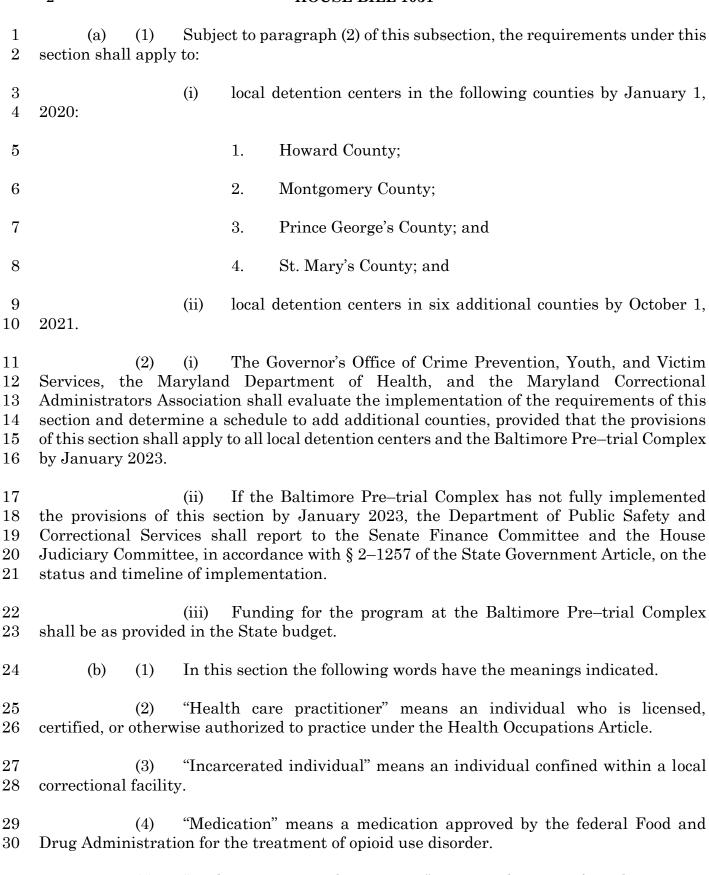
1 AN ACT concerning

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3 FOR the purpose of repealing the requirement that each local correctional facility make available least formulation certain Food 4 one of and Drug 5 Administration—approved opioid medications used for the treatment of opioid use 6 disorders; requiring the Maryland Secretary of Health to annually provide each 7 county a grant equal to the costs incurred by the county for the implementation of a 8 certain medication-assisted treatment program; expanding the authorized uses of 9 the Opioid Restitution Fund; and generally relating to medication-assisted treatment for incarcerated individuals. 10

- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article Correctional Services
- 13 Section 9–603
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 17 Article State Finance and Procurement
- 18 Section 7–331
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
- 21 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 22 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 23 Article Correctional Services
- 24 9-603.



31 (5) "Medication-assisted treatment" means the use of medication, in 32 combination with counseling and behavioral health therapies, to provide a holistic 33 approach to the treatment of opioid use disorder.

- 1 (6) "Opioid use disorder" means a medically diagnosed problematic pattern of opioid use that causes significant impairment or distress.

  (7) "Peer recovery specialist" means an individual who has been certified by an entity approved by the Maryland Department of Health for the purpose of providing
- 6 (c) An incarcerated individual in a State or local correctional facility shall be 7 placed on a properly supervised program of methadone detoxification if:

peer support services, as defined under § 7.5–101(n) of the Health – General Article.

- 8 (1) a physician determines that the incarcerated individual is a person 9 with an opioid use disorder;
- 10 (2) the treatment is prescribed by a physician; and

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- 11 (3) the incarcerated individual consents in writing to the treatment.
- 12 (d) (1) Each local correctional facility shall conduct an assessment of the 13 mental health and substance use status of each incarcerated individual using 14 evidence—based screenings and assessments, to determine:
- 15 (i) if the medical diagnosis of an opioid use disorder is appropriate; 16 and
- 17 (ii) if medication—assisted treatment is appropriate.
- 18 (2) If an assessment conducted under paragraph (1) of this subsection 19 indicates opioid use disorder, an evaluation of the incarcerated individual shall be 20 conducted by a health care practitioner with prescriptive authority authorized under Title 21 8, Title 14, or Title 15 of the Health Occupations Article.
- 22 (3) Information shall be provided to the incarcerated individual describing 23 medication options used in medication—assisted treatment.
- 24 (4) Medication—assisted treatment shall be available to an incarcerated 25 individual for whom such treatment is determined to be appropriate under this subsection.
- 26 (5) [Each local correctional facility shall make available at least one 27 formulation of each FDA-approved full opioid agonist, partial opioid agonist, and 28 long-acting opioid antagonist used for the treatment of opioid use disorders.
- 29 (6) Each pregnant woman identified with an opioid use disorder shall receive evaluation and be offered medication—assisted treatment as soon as practicable.
  - (e) Each local correctional facility shall:

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- 1 (1) following an assessment using clinical guidelines for 2 medication—assisted treatment: 3 make medication available by a qualified provider to the incarcerated individual: or 4 5 (ii) begin withdrawal management services prior to administration 6 of medication; 7 make available and administer medications for the treatment of opioid (2)8 use disorder: 9 provide behavioral health counseling for incarcerated individuals diagnosed with opioid use disorder consistent with therapeutic standards for such therapies 10 in a community setting; 11 12 **(4)** provide access to a health care practitioner who can provide access to 13 all FDA-approved medications for the treatment of opioid use disorders; and 14 (5)provide on-premises access to peer recovery specialists. 15 If an incarcerated individual received medication or medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder immediately preceding or during the incarcerated 16 individual's incarceration, a local correctional facility shall continue the treatment after 17 18 incarceration or transfer unless: 19 the incarcerated individual voluntarily discontinues the treatment, (1) 20 verified through a written agreement that includes a signature; or 21(2)a health care practitioner determines that the treatment is no longer 22medically appropriate. 23Before the release of an incarcerated individual diagnosed with opioid use 24disorder under subsection (d) of this section, a local correctional facility shall develop a plan 25of reentry that: 26 (1) includes information regarding postincarceration access to medication 27 continuity, peer recovery specialists, other supportive therapy, and enrollment in health 28 insurance plans;
- 31 (3) is reviewed and, if needed, revised by a health care practitioner or peer 32 recovery specialist.

medication continuity, peer recovery specialists, and other supportive therapy; and

includes any recommended referrals by a health care practitioner to

- 1 (h) The procedures and standards used to determine substance use disorder 2 diagnosis and treatment of incarcerated individuals are subject to the guidelines and 3 regulations adopted by the Maryland Department of Health.
  - (i) (1) [As provided in the State budget, the State shall fund the program of opioid use disorder screening, evaluation, and treatment of incarcerated individuals as provided under this section.] SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (J) OF THIS SECTION, FOR EACH FISCAL YEAR THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH SHALL PROVIDE EACH COUNTY A GRANT EQUAL TO THE COSTS INCURRED BY THE COUNTY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A MEDICATION—ASSISTED TREATMENT PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION DURING THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR.
- 11 (2) THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE
  12 OPIOID OPERATIONAL COMMAND CENTER, SHALL PROVIDE A GRANT UNDER
  13 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION FROM THE OPIOID RESTITUTION FUND
  14 ESTABLISHED UNDER § 7–331 OF THE STATE FINANCE AND PROCUREMENT
  15 ARTICLE.
- 16 (J) (1) (I) ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1 EACH YEAR, EACH COUNTY
  17 SHALL SUBMIT TO THE OPIOID OPERATIONAL COMMAND CENTER A REPORT ON
  18 THE NUMBER OF DAYS EACH INCARCERATED INDIVIDUAL WAS PROVIDED A SERVICE
  19 UNDER A MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH
  20 THIS SECTION DURING THE PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR.
- 21 (II) A REPORT SUBMITTED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2025, MAY 22 INCLUDE PRIOR YEAR COMMITMENTS NOT PREVIOUSLY FULFILLED BY STATE 23 FUNDING.
- 24 (2) If A COUNTY FAILS TO SUBMIT THE INFORMATION REQUIRED
  25 UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION WHEN DUE, THE SECRETARY OF
  26 HEALTH SHALL DEDUCT AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO 20% OF ANY GRANT AWARDED
  27 UNDER SUBSECTION (I) OF THIS SECTION FOR EACH 30 DAYS OR PART OF 30 DAYS
  28 AFTER THE DUE DATE THAT THE INFORMATION WAS NOT SUBMITTED.
- [(j)] (K) On or before November 1, 2020, and annually thereafter, the Governor's Office of Crime Prevention, Youth, and Victim Services shall report data from individual local correctional facilities to the General Assembly, in accordance with § 2–1257 of the State Government Article, on:
- 33 (1) the number of incarcerated individuals diagnosed with:
- 34 (i) a mental health disorder;
- 35 (ii) an opioid use disorder;

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1	(iii) a non-opioid substance use disorder; and
2	(iv) a dual diagnosis of mental health and substance use disorder;
3 4	(2) the number and cost of assessments for incarcerated individuals in local correctional facilities, including the number of unique incarcerated individuals examined;
5 6 7	(3) the number of incarcerated individuals who were receiving medication or medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder immediately prior to incarceration;
8 9	(4) the type and prevalence of medication or medication—assisted treatments for opioid use disorder provided;
10 11	(5) the number of incarcerated individuals diagnosed with opioid use disorder;
12 13	(6) the number of incarcerated individuals for whom medication and medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder was prescribed;
14 15	(7) the number of incarcerated individuals for whom medication and medication—assisted treatment was prescribed and initiated for opioid use disorder;
16 17 18	(8) the number of medications and medication—assisted treatments for opioid use disorder provided according to each type of medication and medication—assisted treatment options;
19 20 21	(9) the number of incarcerated individuals who continued to receive the same medication or medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder as the incarcerated individual received prior to incarceration;
22 23 24	(10) the number of incarcerated individuals who received a different medication or medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder compared to what the incarcerated individual received prior to incarceration;
25 26 27	(11) the number of incarcerated individuals who initiated treatment with medication or medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder who were not being treated for opioid use disorder prior to incarceration;
28 29	(12) the number of incarcerated individuals who discontinued medication or medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder during incarceration;
30 31 32 33 34	(13) a review and summary of the percent of days, including the average percent, median percent, mode percent, and interquartile range of percent, for incarcerated individuals with opioid use disorder receiving medication or medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder as calculated overall and stratified by other factors, such as type of treatment received;

- 1 (14) the number of incarcerated individuals receiving medication or 2 medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder prior to release;
- 3 (15) the number of incarcerated individuals receiving medication or 4 medication—assisted treatment prior to release for whom the facility had made a prerelease 5 reentry plan;
- 6 (16) a review and summary of practices related to medication and 7 medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder for incarcerated individuals with 8 opioid use disorder before October 1, 2019;
- 9 (17) a review and summary of prerelease planning practices relative to 10 incarcerated individuals diagnosed with opioid use disorder prior to, and following, October 11 1, 2019; and
- 12 (18) any other information requested by the Maryland Department of Health related to the administration of the provisions under this section.
- [(k)] (L) Any behavioral health assessment, evaluation, treatment recommendation, or course of treatment shall be reported to the Governor's Office of Crime Prevention, Youth, and Victim Services and also include any other data necessary to meet reporting requirements under this section.

## Article – State Finance and Procurement

19 7–331.

- 20 (a) In this section, "Fund" means the Opioid Restitution Fund.
- 21 (b) There is an Opioid Restitution Fund.
- 22 (c) The purpose of the Fund is to retain the amount of settlement revenues 23 deposited to the Fund in accordance with subsection (e)(1) of this section.
- 24 (d) (1) The Fund is a special, nonlapsing fund that is not subject to § 7–302 of 25 this subtitle.
- 26 (2) The State Treasurer shall hold the Fund separately, and the 27 Comptroller shall account for the Fund.
- 28 (e) The Fund consists of:
- 29 (1) all revenues received by the State from any source resulting, directly or 30 indirectly, from any judgment against, or settlement with, opioid manufacturers, opioid 31 research associations, or any other person in the opioid industry relating to any claims 32 made or prosecuted by the State to recover damages for violations of State law; and

1	(2) the interest earnings of the Fund.
2	(f) The Fund may be used only to provide funds for:
3 4 5	(1) programs, services, supports, and resources for evidence-based substance use disorder prevention, treatment, recovery, or harm reduction that have the purpose of:
6 7	(i) improving access to medications proven to prevent or reverse an overdose;
8 9 10	(ii) supporting peer support specialists and screening, brief intervention, and referral to treatment services for hospitals, correctional facilities, and other high–risk populations;
11 12	(iii) increasing access to medications that support recovery from substance use disorders;
13 14	(iv) expanding the Heroin Coordinator Program, including for administrative expenses;
15 16	(v) expanding access to crisis beds and residential treatment services for adults and minors;
17 18	(vi) expanding and establishing safe stations, mobile crisis response systems, and crisis stabilization centers;
19	(vii) supporting the behavioral health crisis hotline;
20 21	(viii) organizing primary and secondary school education campaigns to prevent opioid use, including for administrative expenses;
22 23	(ix) enforcing the laws regarding opioid prescriptions and sales, including for administrative expenses;
24 25	(x) research regarding and training for substance use treatment and overdose prevention, including for administrative expenses; and
26 27	(xi) supporting and expanding other evidence-based interventions for overdose prevention and substance use treatment;
28 29 30 31	(2) evidence—informed substance use disorder prevention, treatment recovery, or harm reduction pilot programs or demonstration studies that are not evidence—based if the Opioid Restitution Fund Advisory Council, established under § 7.5–902 of the Health – General Article:

- 1 determines that emerging evidence supports the distribution of 2 money for the pilot program or that there is a reasonable basis for funding the 3 demonstration study with the expectation of creating an evidence-based program; and 4 (ii) approves the use of money for the pilot program or demonstration 5 study; [and] 6 (3)evaluations of the effectiveness and outcomes reporting for substance 7 use disorder abatement infrastructure, programs, services, supports, and resources for 8 which money from the Fund was used, including evaluations of the impact on access to 9 harm reduction services or treatment for substance use disorders and the reduction in drug-related mortality: AND 10 **(4)** 11 GRANTS TO COUNTIES FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROGRAM UNDER TITLE 9, SUBTITLE 6 OF THE 12 13 CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE. 14 The State Treasurer shall invest the money of the Fund in the same 15 manner as other State money may be invested. 16 (2) Any interest earnings of the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. 17 (h) (1) Expenditures from the Fund may be made only in accordance with the State budget. 18 19 For settlement funds received in accordance with the final distributor (2)20 agreement of July 21, 2021, with McKesson Corporation, Amerisource Bergen Corporation, 21and Cardinal Health Incorporated, as amended, the Janssen settlement agreement of July 2221, 2021, as amended, or any other opioid-related court or administrative judgment or 23 settlement agreement involving the State and one or more of its political subdivisions: 24appropriations from the Fund in the State budget shall be made (i) in accordance with the allocation and distribution of funds to the State and its political 2526 subdivisions: 27 1. as agreed on in the State-subdivision agreement of 28 January 21, 2022, as amended; or 29 2. required under any other opioid-related court or 30 administrative judgment or settlement agreement, or any similar agreement reached under 31 an opioid-related court or administrative judgment or settlement agreement, involving the 32State and one or more of its political subdivisions; and
- 33 (ii) the Secretary of Health shall establish and administer a grant 34 program for the distribution of funds to political subdivisions of the State in accordance 35 with:

$\frac{1}{2}$	1. the State–subdivision agreement of January 21, 2022, as amended; or
3 4 5 6	2. the requirements of any other opioid—related court or administrative judgment or settlement agreement, or any similar agreement reached under an opioid—related court or administrative judgment or settlement agreement, involving the State and one or more of its political subdivisions.
7 8	(3) The Attorney General shall identify and designate the controlling version of any agreement or amendment described under paragraph (2) of this subsection.
9 10 11	(i) (1) Money expended from the Fund for the programs and services described under subsection (f) of this section is supplemental to and is not intended to take the place of funding that otherwise would be appropriated for the programs and services.
12 13	(2) Except as specified in subsection (f) of this section, money expended from the Fund may not be used for administrative expenses.
14	(j) The Governor shall:
15 16	(1) develop key goals, key objectives, and key performance indicators relating to substance use treatment and prevention efforts;
17 18 19	(2) subject to subsection (h)(2) of this section, at least twice annually, consult with the Opioid Restitution Fund Advisory Council to identify recommended appropriations from the Fund; and
20 21	(3) report on or before November 1 each year, in accordance with $\S~2-1257$ of the State Government Article, to the General Assembly on:
22 23	(i) an accounting of total funds expended from the Fund in the immediately preceding fiscal year, by:
24	1. use;
25	2. if applicable, jurisdiction; and
26	3. budget program and subdivision;
27 28	(ii) the performance indicators and progress toward achieving the goals and objectives developed under item (1) of this subsection; and
29 30	(iii) the recommended appropriations from the Fund identified in accordance with item (2) of this subsection.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2024.