## **HOUSE BILL 1153**

M3 4lr2015 CF SB 956

By: Delegates Love and Ivey, Ivey, Allen, Boyce, Foley, Guyton, Healey, Lehman, J. Long, Ruth, Stein, and Terrasa

Introduced and read first time: February 7, 2024 Assigned to: Environment and Transportation

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 1, 2024

CHAPTI	${ m ER}$

1 AN ACT concerning

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

Environment – Water Pollution Control – Protecting State Waters From PFAS
 Pollution
 (Protecting State Waters From PFAS Pollution Act)

FOR the purpose of establishing a certain discharge limit for PFAS chemicals in any water, including stormwater, discharged from a certain significant industrial user; requiring a certain significant industrial user to reduce PFAS chemicals from the water it discharges to a publicly owned treatment works in a certain manner; requiring the Department of the Environment to identify certain significant industrial users in a certain manner by a certain date; requiring the Department to develop certain PFAS monitoring and testing criteria for certain users in a certain manner by a certain date; requiring the Department to develop certain PFAS action levels and certain mitigation plans in a certain manner by a certain date; requiring a certain significant industrial user to store, reuse, and dispose of certain PFAS chemicals in a certain manner; authorizing a certain significant industrial user to dispose of stored PFAS chemicals in a certain manner and in accordance with certain requirements; requiring a certain significant industrial user to measure levels of organic fluorine PFAS chemicals in industrial wastewater by a certain date and to report those levels to the Department of the Environment; requiring the Department to update a certain action plan on or before a certain date; and generally relating to State waters and PFAS pollution.

BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

Article – Environment

## EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1 2 3	Anno	on 9–101(a) through (c), (g), and (i) tated Code of Maryland Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
4 5 6 7 8 9	Section Anno	te – Environment on 9–353 through 9–356 and 9–354 to be under the new part "Part VII. Protecting State Waters From PFAS Pollution" tated Code of Maryland Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
10 11		TION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, ws of Maryland read as follows:
12		Article – Environment
13	9–101.	
14	(a)	In this title the following words have the meanings indicated.
15	(b)	"Discharge" means:
16 17	into the wat	(1) The addition, introduction, leaking, spilling, or emitting of a pollutant ters of this State; or
18 19	pollute.	(2) The placing of a pollutant in a location where the pollutant is likely to
20 21	(c) above surfa	(1) "Disposal system" means a system for disposing of wastes by surface, ce, or underground methods.
22		(2) "Disposal system" includes a treatment works and a disposal well.
23	(g)	"Pollutant" means:
24		(1) Any waste or wastewater that is discharged from:
25		(i) A publicly owned treatment works; or
26		(ii) An industrial source; or
27 28	waters of th	(2) Any other liquid, gaseous, solid, or other substance that will pollute any is State.
29	(i)	"Publicly owned treatment works" means a facility that is:

- 1 (1) Owned by this State or a political subdivision, municipal corporation, 2 or other public entity; and
- 3 (2) Used for the treatment of pollutants.
- 4 **9–351.** RESERVED.
- 5 9-352. RESERVED.
- 6 PART VII. PROTECTING STATE WATERS FROM PFAS POLLUTION.
- 7 **9–353.**
- 8 (A) IN THIS PART THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 9 INDICATED.
- 10 (B) (1) "INDUSTRIAL USER" MEANS:
- 11 (1) A PERSON WHO IS ENGAGED IN MANUFACTURING, 12 FABRICATING, OR ASSEMBLING GOODS; OR
- 13 (2) (II) A MEMBER OF ANY CLASS OF SIGNIFICANT PRODUCERS OF 14 POLLUTANTS IDENTIFIED UNDER REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY:
- 15 (H) 1. THE SECRETARY; OR
- 16 (II) 2. THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL 17 PROTECTION AGENCY.
- 18 (2) "INDUSTRIAL USER" DOES NOT INCLUDE THE FEDERAL, STATE,
- 19 AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.
- 20 (C) "PFAS CHEMICALS" MEANS A CLASS OF FLUORINATED ORGANIC
- 21 CHEMICALS THAT CONTAIN AT LEAST ONE FULLY FLUORINATED CARBON ATOM,
- 22 INCLUDING PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.
- 23 (D) "PRETREATMENT PERMIT" MEANS A DOCUMENT ISSUED BY THE
- 24 DEPARTMENT OR THE DEPARTMENT'S DESIGNEE THAT AUTHORIZES A SIGNIFICANT
- 25 INDUSTRIAL USER TO INTRODUCE INDUSTRIAL WASTES INTO A PUBLICLY OWNED
- 26 TREATMENT WORKS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS
- 27 UNDER COMAR 26.08.01.01A(69).
- 28 (E) (1) "SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER" MEANS AN INDUSTRIAL USER
- 29 **THAT:**

- 1 (1) IS SUBJECT TO CATEGORICAL PRETREATMENT STANDARDS 2 UNDER 40 C.F.R. PART 403.6;
- 3 (11) DISCHARGES AN AVERAGE OF 25,000 GALLONS PER DAY OR
- 4 MORE OF PROCESSED WASTEWATER TO A PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS,
- 5 NOT INCLUDING SANITARY, NONCONTACT COOLING, AND BOILER BLOWDOWN
- 6 WASTEWATER;
- 7 (III) CONTRIBUTES PROCESSED WASTEWATER THAT MAKES UP
- 8 5% OR MORE OF THE AVERAGE DRY-WEATHER HYDRAULIC OR ORGANIC CAPACITY
- 9 OF THE PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS; OR
- 10 (IV) IS DESIGNATED AS A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER BY
- 11 THE PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS ON THE BASIS THAT THE INDUSTRIAL
- 12 USER HAS:
- 13 (1) 1. A REASONABLE POTENTIAL FOR ADVERSELY
- 14 AFFECTING THE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT'S OPERATIONS AND SEWER
- 15 SYSTEM; OR
- 16 (H) 2. VIOLATED A PRETREATMENT STANDARD OR
- 17 REQUIREMENT.
- 18 (2) "SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER" DOES NOT INCLUDE THE
- 19 FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.
- 20 (F) "WATERS OF THE STATE" INCLUDE:
- 21 (1) BOTH SURFACE AND UNDERGROUND WATERS WITHIN THE
- 22 BOUNDARIES OF THE STATE SUBJECT TO ITS JURISDICTION;
- 23 (2) That portion of the Atlantic Ocean within the
- 24 BOUNDARIES OF THE STATE;
- 25 (3) THE CHESAPEAKE BAY AND ITS TRIBUTARIES;
- 26 (4) ALL PONDS, LAKES, RIVERS, STREAMS, PUBLIC DITCHES, TAX
- 27 DITCHES, AND PUBLIC DRAINAGE SYSTEMS WITHIN THE STATE, OTHER THAN THOSE
- 28 DESIGNED AND USED TO COLLECT, CONVEY, OR DISPOSE OF SANITARY SEWAGE; AND
- 29 (5) THE FLOODPLAIN OF FREE-FLOWING WATERS DETERMINED BY
- 30 THE DEPARTMENT ON THE BASIS OF THE 100-YEAR FLOOD FREQUENCY.
- 31 **9–354.**

- 1 (A) THIS SECTION APPLIES TO A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER THAT:
- 2 (1) HAS A PRETREATMENT PERMIT; AND
- 3 (2) (1) IS CURRENTLY AND INTENTIONALLY USING PFAS 4 CHEMICALS<del>; OR</del>
- 5 (II) OPERATES ON A SITE WHERE A PRIOR HISTORY OF PFAS 6 CHEMICAL USE IS KNOWN OR REASONABLY KNOWN.
- 7 (B) A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER SHALL ELIMINATE THE PRESENCE OF
  8 PFAS CHEMICALS IN THE WATER THAT IT DISCHARGES TO A PUBLICLY OWNED
  9 TREATMENT WORKS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER
  10 1, 2024, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL, IN COLLABORATION WITH PUBLICLY OWNED
  11 TREATMENT WORKS AND SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USERS IN THE STATE, IDENTIFY
  12 THE SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USERS THAT CURRENTLY AND INTENTIONALLY USE
  13 PFAS CHEMICALS.
- 14 (C) ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2025, IN ACCORDANCE WITH GUIDANCE
  15 FROM THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
  16 DEVELOP PFAS MONITORING AND TESTING PROTOCOLS FOR SIGNIFICANT
  17 INDUSTRIAL USERS IDENTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS
  18 SECTION.
- 19 (D) (1) ON OR BEFORE JUNE 1, 2025, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL, IN
  20 COLLABORATION WITH THE PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS AND
  21 SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USERS IN THE STATE IDENTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
  22 SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, DEVELOP PFAS ACTION LEVELS FOR
  23 ADDRESSING PFAS CONTAMINATION FROM INDUSTRIAL DISCHARGE FOR
  24 PRETREATMENT PERMITS.
- 25 (2) ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 2025, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL,
  26 IN COLLABORATION WITH THE PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS AND
  27 SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USERS IN THE STATE IDENTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
  28 SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION, DEVELOP MITIGATION PLANS FOR ADDRESSING
  29 PFAS CONTAMINATION FROM INDUSTRIAL DISCHARGE FOR PRETREATMENT
  30 PERMITS.
- 31 (3) THE MITIGATION PLANS UNDER PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS
  32 SUBSECTION SHALL INCLUDE STRATEGIES AND OPTIONS FOR REDUCING THE
  33 PRESENCE OF PFAS IN INDUSTRIAL DISCHARGE, INCLUDING:

1 2	(I) SUBSTITUTING OR ELIMINATING PRODUCTS CONTAINING PFAS CHEMICALS;
3 4	(II) TAKING PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGES;
5	(III) DECONTAMINATING OR REPLACING EQUIPMENT
6	CONTAMINATED WITH PFAS CHEMICALS; OR
7	(IV) USING ANY OTHER METHOD THE DEPARTMENT
8	DETERMINES IS NECESSARY FOR THE REDUCTION OR ELIMINATION OF PFAS
9	CHEMICALS IN WATER. IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE U.S.
10	Environmental Protection Agency regarding the elimination of PFAS
11	CHEMICALS IN WATER, THE DISCHARGE LIMIT FOR PFAS CHEMICALS IN ANY
12	WATER, INCLUDING STORMWATER, DISCHARGED FROM ANY SIGNIFICANT
13	INDUSTRIAL USER IS 4 PARTS PER TRILLION.
14	(D) IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE U.S.
15	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGARDING THE ELIMINATION OF PFAS
16	CHEMICALS IN WATER, A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER SHALL REDUCE PFAS
17	CHEMICALS FROM THE WATER THAT IT DISCHARGES TO A PUBLICLY OWNED
18	TREATMENT WORKS TO A CONCENTRATION OF NOT MORE THAN 4 PARTS PER
19	TRILLION, INCLUDING BY:
20	(1) Substituting or eliminating products containing PFAS
21	CHEMICALS;
22	(2) TAKING PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGES;
23	(3) DECONTAMINATING OR REPLACING EQUIPMENT CONTAMINATED
24	WITH PFAS CHEMICALS; OR
25	(4) USING ANY OTHER METHOD THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL
26	PROTECTION AGENCY DETERMINES IS NECESSARY FOR THE ELIMINATION OF PFAS
27	CHEMICALS IN WATER.
28	(E) (1) IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE U.S.
29	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGARDING THE STORAGE OF PFAS
30	CHEMICALS, A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER SHALL SAFELY STORE PFAS
31	CHEMICALS THAT WERE CAPTURED AFTER REDUCING PFAS CHEMICALS FROM
32	WATER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION.

1	(2) In accordance with any federal, State, or local law,
2	REGULATION, OR POLICY, A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER MAY REUSE STORED
3	PFAS CHEMICALS IN ITS FACILITY OPERATIONS.
4	(F) (1) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A
4 5	(F) (1) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER MAY DISPOSE OF STORED PFAS CHEMICALS USING
6	SAFE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS OR TECHNOLOGIES APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR
7	IN ANOTHER MANNER APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
1	TO ANOTHER MANNER AT TROVED BY THE DELAKTMENT BY REGULATION.
8	(2) A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER MAY NOT DISPOSE OF STORED
9	PFAS CHEMICALS IN ANY MANNER INVOLVING:
0	(I) DISPOSAL AT A SOLID WASTE LANDFILL;
1	(II) INCINERATION; OR
12	(III) LAND APPLICATION.
13	(G) A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER SHALL:
4	(1) (I) BY APRIL SEPTEMBER 1, 2025, MEASURE THE LEVELS OF
15	ORGANIC-FLUORINE PFAS CHEMICALS IN ITS INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER USING
16	METHODS APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT; AND
-	(T) Depos were transfer on one way at wording DEAC
17	(II) REPORT THE LEVELS OF ORGANIC FLUORINE PFAS
18	CHEMICALS IN THE INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER IN A MANNER APPROVED BY THE
19	DEPARTMENT;
20	(2) By <del>October</del> <u>July</u> 1, <del>2025</del> <u>2026</u> , And in accordance with this
21	SECTION, IMPLEMENT MEASURES TO REDUCE PFAS CHEMICALS FROM WATER
22	DISCHARGED TO A PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS;
_	SISCIMINGED TO ITT OBLICET OWNED TWENTINE WORKER,
23	(3) PROVIDE DOCUMENTATION OF PFAS STORAGE OR REUSE ON
24	REQUEST TO:
25	(I) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL;
10	(I) THE ATTORNEY GENERAL;
26	(II) THE DEPARTMENT;
27	(III) A COUNTY COUNCIL;
28	(IV) A STATE'S ATTORNEY;
29	(V) A CITY ATTORNEY; OR

1	(VI) ANY OTHER STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY; AND
2	(4) REPORT THE STORAGE OR DISPOSAL OF PFAS CHEMICALS
3	UNDER 40 C.F.R. PART 372 (TOXIC CHEMICAL RELEASE REPORTING).
4	(H) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CONSIDER THE MEMORANDUM ADDRESSING
5	PFAS DISCHARGES IN NPDES PERMITS AND THROUGH THE PRETREATMENT
6	PROGRAM AND MONITORING PROGRAMS ISSUED BY THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL
7	PROTECTION AGENCY ON DECEMBER 5, 2022, WHEN DETERMINING PERMISSIBLE
8	LEVELS OF ORGANIC FLUORINE CHEMICALS IN INDUSTRIAL WASTEWATER UNDER
9	SUBSECTION (G)(1) OF THIS SECTION.
10	(I) ANY CONTRACT OR AGREEMENT BETWEEN A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL
11	USER AND A PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS THAT AUTHORIZES A DISCHARGE
12	OF WATER INTO THE WATERS OF THE STATE THAT EXCEEDS THE DISCHARGE LIMIT
13	FOR PFAS CHEMICALS UNDER SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE
14	SUPERSEDED BY THIS SECTION.
15	<del>9–355.</del>
16	ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 1, 2024, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADOPT
17	REGULATIONS TO INCLUDE THE DISCHARGE LIMIT FOR PFAS CHEMICALS
18	ESTABLISHED UNDER § 9-354(C) OF THIS SUBTITLE AS A CONDITION FOR ISSUING A
19	PRETREATMENT PERMIT TO A SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER.
20	<del>9–356.</del>
21	(A) THE PRESENCE OF TOTAL ORGANIC FLUORINE OR PFAS CHEMICALS
22	EXCEEDING 4 PARTS PER TRILLION IN ANY DISCHARGE INTO THE WATERS OF THE
23	STATE IS A VIOLATION OF THE TERMS OF A PRETREATMENT PERMIT.
24	(B) IN ADDITION TO A VIOLATION UNDER SUBSECTION (A) OF THIS SECTION
25	THE DEPARTMENT MAY ENFORCE A VIOLATION OF THIS PART IN ACCORDANCE WITH
26	REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
27	SECTION 2. AND BE FURTHER ENACTED, That on or before December 1, 2025
28	the Department of the Environment shall update the Department's PFAS Action Plan with
29	the progress made on the requirements of this Act.

SECTION  $\stackrel{2}{=}$  3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October July 1, 2024.