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By: Senator Jackson

Introduced and read first time: February 2, 2024 Assigned to: Budget and Taxation and Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

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Correctional Services – Medication–Assisted Treatment

3 FOR the purpose of repealing the requirement that each local correctional facility make available least formulation certain 4 at one of Food and Drug $\mathbf{5}$ Administration-approved opioid medications used for the treatment of opioid use 6 disorders; requiring the Maryland Secretary of Health to annually provide each 7 county a grant equal to the costs incurred by the county for the implementation of a 8 certain medication-assisted treatment program; expanding the authorized uses of 9 the Opioid Restitution Fund; and generally relating to medication-assisted treatment for incarcerated individuals. 10

- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 12 Article Correctional Services
- 13 Section 9–603
- 14 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 15 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 17 Article State Finance and Procurement
- 18 Section 7–331
- 19 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 20 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)
- 21 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 22 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 23

Article - Correctional Services

24 9-603.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 (a) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, the requirements under this 2 section shall apply to:

3 (i) local detention centers in the following counties by January 1,
4 2020:

5	1.	Howard County;
6	2.	Montgomery County;
7	3.	Prince George's County; and
8	4.	St. Mary's County; and

9 (ii) local detention centers in six additional counties by October 1, 10 2021.

11 (2) (i) The Governor's Office of Crime Prevention, Youth, and Victim 12 Services, the Maryland Department of Health, and the Maryland Correctional 13 Administrators Association shall evaluate the implementation of the requirements of this 14 section and determine a schedule to add additional counties, provided that the provisions 15 of this section shall apply to all local detention centers and the Baltimore Pre-trial Complex 16 by January 2023.

17 (ii) If the Baltimore Pre-trial Complex has not fully implemented 18 the provisions of this section by January 2023, the Department of Public Safety and 19 Correctional Services shall report to the Senate Finance Committee and the House 20 Judiciary Committee, in accordance with § 2–1257 of the State Government Article, on the 21 status and timeline of implementation.

(iii) Funding for the program at the Baltimore Pre-trial Complexshall be as provided in the State budget.

24 (b) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

25 (2) "Health care practitioner" means an individual who is licensed, 26 certified, or otherwise authorized to practice under the Health Occupations Article.

27 (3) "Incarcerated individual" means an individual confined within a local28 correctional facility.

(4) "Medication" means a medication approved by the federal Food and
 Drug Administration for the treatment of opioid use disorder.

31 (5) "Medication-assisted treatment" means the use of medication, in 32 combination with counseling and behavioral health therapies, to provide a holistic 33 approach to the treatment of opioid use disorder.

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"Opioid use disorder" means a medically diagnosed problematic pattern 1 (6) $\mathbf{2}$ of opioid use that causes significant impairment or distress. 3 "Peer recovery specialist" means an individual who has been certified (7)by an entity approved by the Maryland Department of Health for the purpose of providing 4 peer support services, as defined under § 7.5–101(n) of the Health – General Article. $\mathbf{5}$ 6 (c) An incarcerated individual in a State or local correctional facility shall be 7 placed on a properly supervised program of methadone detoxification if: 8 (1)a physician determines that the incarcerated individual is a person 9 with an opioid use disorder; 10 (2)the treatment is prescribed by a physician; and 11 (3)the incarcerated individual consents in writing to the treatment. 12(d) Each local correctional facility shall conduct an assessment of the (1)mental health and substance use status of each incarcerated individual using 13evidence-based screenings and assessments, to determine: 1415(i) if the medical diagnosis of an opioid use disorder is appropriate; and 16 17(ii) if medication-assisted treatment is appropriate. If an assessment conducted under paragraph (1) of this subsection 18 (2)19 indicates opioid use disorder, an evaluation of the incarcerated individual shall be 20conducted by a health care practitioner with prescriptive authority authorized under Title 218, Title 14, or Title 15 of the Health Occupations Article. 22(3)Information shall be provided to the incarcerated individual describing 23medication options used in medication-assisted treatment. 24(4)Medication-assisted treatment shall be available to an incarcerated 25individual for whom such treatment is determined to be appropriate under this subsection. 26(5)Each local correctional facility shall make available at least one 27formulation of each FDA-approved full opioid agonist, partial opioid agonist, and 28long-acting opioid antagonist used for the treatment of opioid use disorders. 29Each pregnant woman identified with an opioid use disorder shall (6)30 receive evaluation and be offered medication-assisted treatment as soon as practicable. 31Each local correctional facility shall: (e)

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1 (1)following assessment using clinical guidelines for an $\mathbf{2}$ medication-assisted treatment: 3 make medication available by a qualified provider to the (i) incarcerated individual: or 4 $\mathbf{5}$ (ii) begin withdrawal management services prior to administration 6 of medication; 7 make available and administer medications for the treatment of opioid (2)8 use disorder; 9 provide behavioral health counseling for incarcerated individuals (3)diagnosed with opioid use disorder consistent with therapeutic standards for such therapies 10 in a community setting; 11 12(4) provide access to a health care practitioner who can provide access to 13all FDA-approved medications for the treatment of opioid use disorders; and provide on-premises access to peer recovery specialists. 14 (5)15(f) If an incarcerated individual received medication or medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder immediately preceding or during the incarcerated 1617individual's incarceration, a local correctional facility shall continue the treatment after 18 incarceration or transfer unless: 19 (1)the incarcerated individual voluntarily discontinues the treatment, 20verified through a written agreement that includes a signature; or 21(2)a health care practitioner determines that the treatment is no longer 22medically appropriate. 23Before the release of an incarcerated individual diagnosed with opioid use (g) 24disorder under subsection (d) of this section, a local correctional facility shall develop a plan 25of reentry that: 26(1)includes information regarding postincarceration access to medication 27continuity, peer recovery specialists, other supportive therapy, and enrollment in health 28insurance plans; 29includes any recommended referrals by a health care practitioner to (2)30 medication continuity, peer recovery specialists, and other supportive therapy; and 31(3)is reviewed and, if needed, revised by a health care practitioner or peer 32recovery specialist.

1 (h) The procedures and standards used to determine substance use disorder 2 diagnosis and treatment of incarcerated individuals are subject to the guidelines and 3 regulations adopted by the Maryland Department of Health.

4 As provided in the State budget, the State shall fund the program of (i) (1) $\mathbf{5}$ opioid use disorder screening, evaluation, and treatment of incarcerated individuals as 6 provided under this section.] SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (J) OF THIS SECTION, FOR 7 EACH FISCAL YEAR THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH SHALL PROVIDE EACH COUNTY A 8 GRANT EQUAL TO THE COSTS INCURRED BY THE COUNTY FOR THE 9 IMPLEMENTATION OF A MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION DURING THE PRECEDING FISCAL YEAR. 10

11 (2) THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE 12 OPIOID OPERATIONAL COMMAND CENTER, SHALL PROVIDE A GRANT UNDER 13 PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION FROM THE OPIOID RESTITUTION FUND 14 ESTABLISHED UNDER § 7–331 OF THE STATE FINANCE AND PROCUREMENT 15 ARTICLE.

16 (J) (1) (I) ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER 1 EACH YEAR, EACH COUNTY 17 SHALL SUBMIT TO THE OPIOID OPERATIONAL COMMAND CENTER A REPORT ON 18 THE NUMBER OF DAYS EACH INCARCERATED INDIVIDUAL WAS PROVIDED A SERVICE 19 UNDER A MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROGRAM IN ACCORDANCE WITH 20 THIS SECTION DURING THE PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR.

21 (II) A REPORT SUBMITTED BEFORE OCTOBER 1, 2025, MAY 22 INCLUDE PRIOR YEAR COMMITMENTS NOT PREVIOUSLY FULFILLED BY STATE 23 FUNDING.

(2) IF A COUNTY FAILS TO SUBMIT THE INFORMATION REQUIRED
UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION WHEN DUE, THE SECRETARY OF
HEALTH SHALL DEDUCT AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO 20% OF ANY GRANT AWARDED
UNDER SUBSECTION (I) OF THIS SECTION FOR EACH 30 DAYS OR PART OF 30 DAYS
AFTER THE DUE DATE THAT THE INFORMATION WAS NOT SUBMITTED.

[(j)] (K) On or before November 1, 2020, and annually thereafter, the Governor's Office of Crime Prevention, Youth, and Victim Services shall report data from individual local correctional facilities to the General Assembly, in accordance with § 2–1257 of the State Government Article, on:

- 33
- (1) the number of incarcerated individuals diagnosed with:
- 34 (i) a mental health disorder;
- 35 (ii) an opioid use disorder;

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1	(iii) a non–opioid substance use disorder; and		
2	(iv) a dual diagnosis of mental health and substance use disorder;		
$\frac{3}{4}$	(2) the number and cost of assessments for incarcerated individuals in local correctional facilities, including the number of unique incarcerated individuals examined;		
5 6 7	(3) the number of incarcerated individuals who were receiving medication or medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder immediately prior to incarceration;		
8 9	(4) the type and prevalence of medication or medication-assisted treatments for opioid use disorder provided;		
10 11	(5) the number of incarcerated individuals diagnosed with opioid use disorder;		
$\begin{array}{c} 12\\ 13 \end{array}$	(6) the number of incarcerated individuals for whom medication and medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder was prescribed;		
$\begin{array}{c} 14 \\ 15 \end{array}$	(7) the number of incarcerated individuals for whom medication and medication-assisted treatment was prescribed and initiated for opioid use disorder;		
16 17 18	(8) the number of medications and medication-assisted treatments for opioid use disorder provided according to each type of medication and medication-assisted treatment options;		
$19 \\ 20 \\ 21$	(9) the number of incarcerated individuals who continued to receive the same medication or medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder as the incarcerated individual received prior to incarceration;		
$22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	(10) the number of incarcerated individuals who received a different medication or medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder compared to what the incarcerated individual received prior to incarceration;		
$25 \\ 26 \\ 27$	(11) the number of incarcerated individuals who initiated treatment with medication or medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder who were not being treated for opioid use disorder prior to incarceration;		
$\begin{array}{c} 28 \\ 29 \end{array}$	(12) the number of incarcerated individuals who discontinued medication or medication–assisted treatment for opioid use disorder during incarceration;		
30 31 32 33 34	(13) a review and summary of the percent of days, including the average percent, median percent, mode percent, and interquartile range of percent, for incarcerated individuals with opioid use disorder receiving medication or medication—assisted treatment for opioid use disorder as calculated overall and stratified by other factors, such as type of treatment received;		

1 (14) the number of incarcerated individuals receiving medication or 2 medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder prior to release;

3 (15) the number of incarcerated individuals receiving medication or 4 medication-assisted treatment prior to release for whom the facility had made a prerelease 5 reentry plan;

6 (16) a review and summary of practices related to medication and 7 medication-assisted treatment for opioid use disorder for incarcerated individuals with 8 opioid use disorder before October 1, 2019;

9 (17) a review and summary of prerelease planning practices relative to 10 incarcerated individuals diagnosed with opioid use disorder prior to, and following, October 11 1, 2019; and

12 (18) any other information requested by the Maryland Department of 13 Health related to the administration of the provisions under this section.

14 [(k)] (L) Any behavioral health assessment, evaluation, treatment 15 recommendation, or course of treatment shall be reported to the Governor's Office of Crime 16 Prevention, Youth, and Victim Services and also include any other data necessary to meet 17 reporting requirements under this section.

18

Article – State Finance and Procurement

19 7–331.

20 (a) In this section, "Fund" means the Opioid Restitution Fund.

21 (b) There is an Opioid Restitution Fund.

(c) The purpose of the Fund is to retain the amount of settlement revenues
 deposited to the Fund in accordance with subsection (e)(1) of this section.

24 (d) (1) The Fund is a special, nonlapsing fund that is not subject to § 7–302 of 25 this subtitle.

26 (2) The State Treasurer shall hold the Fund separately, and the 27 Comptroller shall account for the Fund.

28 (e) The Fund consists of:

(1) all revenues received by the State from any source resulting, directly or indirectly, from any judgment against, or settlement with, opioid manufacturers, opioid research associations, or any other person in the opioid industry relating to any claims made or prosecuted by the State to recover damages for violations of State law; and

8 **SENATE BILL 801** (2)1 the interest earnings of the Fund. $\mathbf{2}$ (f) The Fund may be used only to provide funds for: 3 programs, services, supports, and resources for evidence-based (1)substance use disorder prevention, treatment, recovery, or harm reduction that have the 4 purpose of: $\mathbf{5}$ 6 (i) improving access to medications proven to prevent or reverse an 7 overdose: 8 supporting peer support specialists and screening, brief (ii) 9 intervention, and referral to treatment services for hospitals, correctional facilities, and 10 other high-risk populations; 11 (iii) increasing access to medications that support recovery from substance use disorders: 12expanding the Heroin Coordinator Program, including for 13(iv) 14administrative expenses; 15expanding access to crisis beds and residential treatment (v) services for adults and minors; 16 17expanding and establishing safe stations, mobile crisis response (vi) systems, and crisis stabilization centers: 18 19 (vii) supporting the behavioral health crisis hotline; (viii) organizing primary and secondary school education campaigns 2021to prevent opioid use, including for administrative expenses; 22enforcing the laws regarding opioid prescriptions and sales, (ix) 23including for administrative expenses; 24research regarding and training for substance use treatment and (x) 25overdose prevention, including for administrative expenses; and 26supporting and expanding other evidence-based interventions (xi) 27for overdose prevention and substance use treatment; 28(2)evidence-informed substance use disorder prevention, treatment 29recovery, or harm reduction pilot programs or demonstration studies that are not evidence-based if the Opioid Restitution Fund Advisory Council, established under § 30 7.5–902 of the Health – General Article: 31

1 (i) determines that emerging evidence supports the distribution of 2 money for the pilot program or that there is a reasonable basis for funding the 3 demonstration study with the expectation of creating an evidence-based program; and

4 (ii) approves the use of money for the pilot program or demonstration 5 study; [and]

6 (3) evaluations of the effectiveness and outcomes reporting for substance 7 use disorder abatement infrastructure, programs, services, supports, and resources for 8 which money from the Fund was used, including evaluations of the impact on access to 9 harm reduction services or treatment for substance use disorders and the reduction in 10 drug-related mortality; AND

11 (4) GRANTS TO COUNTIES FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A 12 MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT PROGRAM UNDER TITLE 9, SUBTITLE 6 OF THE 13 CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE.

14 (g) (1) The State Treasurer shall invest the money of the Fund in the same 15 manner as other State money may be invested.

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(2)

Any interest earnings of the Fund shall be credited to the Fund.

17 (h) (1) Expenditures from the Fund may be made only in accordance with the 18 State budget.

19 (2) For settlement funds received in accordance with the final distributor 20 agreement of July 21, 2021, with McKesson Corporation, Amerisource Bergen Corporation, 21 and Cardinal Health Incorporated, as amended, the Janssen settlement agreement of July 22 21, 2021, as amended, or any other opioid–related court or administrative judgment or 23 settlement agreement involving the State and one or more of its political subdivisions:

(i) appropriations from the Fund in the State budget shall be made
in accordance with the allocation and distribution of funds to the State and its political
subdivisions:

1. as agreed on in the State–subdivision agreement of January 21, 2022, as amended; or

29 2. required under any other opioid–related court or 30 administrative judgment or settlement agreement, or any similar agreement reached under 31 an opioid–related court or administrative judgment or settlement agreement, involving the 32 State and one or more of its political subdivisions; and

(ii) the Secretary of Health shall establish and administer a grant
 program for the distribution of funds to political subdivisions of the State in accordance
 with:

$\frac{1}{2}$	1. the State–subdivision agreement of January 21, 2022, as amended; or		
$egin{array}{c} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \end{array}$	2. the requirements of any other opioid-related court or administrative judgment or settlement agreement, or any similar agreement reached under an opioid-related court or administrative judgment or settlement agreement, involving the State and one or more of its political subdivisions.		
7 8	(3) The Attorney General shall identify and designate the controlling version of any agreement or amendment described under paragraph (2) of this subsection.		
9 10 11	(i) (1) Money expended from the Fund for the programs and services described under subsection (f) of this section is supplemental to and is not intended to take the place of funding that otherwise would be appropriated for the programs and services.		
$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 13 \end{array}$	(2) Except as specified in subsection (f) of this section, money expended from the Fund may not be used for administrative expenses.		
14	(j) The Governor shall:		
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\end{array}$	(1) develop key goals, key objectives, and key performance indicators relating to substance use treatment and prevention efforts;		
$17 \\ 18 \\ 19$	consult with the Opioid Restitution Fund Advisory Council to identify recommended		
$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 21 \end{array}$	(3) report on or before November 1 each year, in accordance with § $2-1257$ of the State Government Article, to the General Assembly on:		
$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 23 \end{array}$	(i) an accounting of total funds expended from the Fund in the immediately preceding fiscal year, by:		
24	1. use;		
25	2. if applicable, jurisdiction; and		
26	3. budget program and subdivision;		
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	(ii) the performance indicators and progress toward achieving the goals and objectives developed under item (1) of this subsection; and		
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30 \end{array}$	(iii) the recommended appropriations from the Fund identified in accordance with item (2) of this subsection.		

1 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 2 October 1, 2024.