Department of Legislative Services<br>Maryland General Assembly 2024 Session<br>FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE<br>First Reader<br>(Delegate Allen)

House Bill 1029
Ways and Means

## Gaming - Problem Gambling - Prevalence Study and Fund Revenue

This bill requires a percentage of State lottery, fantasy competition, and sports wagering revenues to be deposited into the Problem Gambling Fund. The bill specifies that the prevalence study and replication prevalence studies that the Secretary of Health must conduct under current law are for problem and pathological in-person gambling in the State, and the bill requires an additional study and replication studies on mobile gambling with the first study being completed by July 1, 2029, and subsequent replication prevalence studies conducted at least every five years. The bill takes effect July 1, 2024.

## Fiscal Summary

State Effect: Special fund revenues and expenditures for the Problem Gambling Fund increase by $\$ 8.6$ million in FY 2025 and by approximately $\$ 8.3$ million annually thereafter. General fund revenues decrease by $\$ 5.2$ million in FY 2025 and by approximately $\$ 4.8$ million annually thereafter.

| (\$ in millions) | FY 2025 | FY 2026 | FY 2027 | FY 2028 | FY 2029 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| GF Revenue | $(\$ 5.2)$ | $(\$ 4.9)$ | $(\$ 4.8)$ | $(\$ 4.8)$ | $(\$ 4.8)$ |
| SF Revenue | $\$ 8.6$ | $\$ 8.3$ | $\$ 8.3$ | $\$ 8.3$ | $\$ 8.4$ |
| SF Expenditure | $\$ 8.6$ | $\$ 8.3$ | $\$ 8.3$ | $\$ 8.3$ | $\$ 8.4$ |
| Net Effect | $(\$ 5.2)$ | $(\$ 4.9)$ | $(\$ 4.8)$ | $(\$ 4.8)$ | $(\$ 4.8)$ |

Local Effect: None. State aid to public schools is not affected.
Small Business Effect: Potential meaningful.

## Analysis

Bill Summary: Each month after June 30, 2024, after payments to lottery winners and agents and to the State lottery for operating expenses and after specified statutory distributions, the Comptroller must deposit $1 \%$ of the remaining money, except money from instant ticket lottery machines, to the Problem Gambling Fund.

Fantasy competition operators and sports wagering licensees each retain $84 \%$, instead of $85 \%$, of their respective proceeds. Under current law, the Blueprint for Maryland's Future Fund (BMFF) receives the remaining $15 \%$ of proceeds; the bill alters this so that of the remaining proceeds, $93.75 \%$ is distributed to BMFF and $6.25 \%$ is distributed to the Problem Gambling Fund. This equates to BMFF receiving $15 \%$ of proceeds from fantasy competitions and sports wagering, and the Problem Gambling Fund receiving 1\% of proceeds.

## Current Law:

## Problem Gambling

Video lottery operation licensees must pay an annual fee of $\$ 425$ per video lottery terminal for a Problem Gambling Fund administered by the Maryland Department of Health (MDH), and the State Lottery and Gaming Control Commission (SLGCC) may establish an annual fee of up to $\$ 500$ per table game for the Problem Gambling Fund. The Problem Gambling Fund is used to fund programs to treat and prevent gambling addiction. After satisfying specified requirements, any unspent funds in the Problem Gambling Fund may be expended by MDH on drug and other addiction treatment services.

MDH is required to conduct a problem and pathological gambling prevalence study to measure the rate of problem and pathological gambling in the State. Replication prevalence studies must be conducted at least every five years with measures taken to permit comparisons between the initial prevalence study and subsequent replication prevalence studies.

## State Lottery Fund

Each month, after payments to lottery winners and agents and to the State lottery for operating expenses, the Comptroller must make payments from the State Lottery Fund for various purposes. After specified statutory distributions are made from the State Lottery Fund, the remainder is deposited into the State's general fund.

## Distribution of Sports Wagering Proceeds

Sports wagering facility licensees and mobile sports wagering licensees retain $85 \%$ of proceeds from sports wagering. The remainder of the proceeds must be transferred monthly to the State Lottery Fund and, in turn, distributed on a monthly basis to the BMFF. If a sports wagering licensee returns to successful players more than the amount of money wagered in any month, the licensee may subtract that amount from the proceeds of up to the three following months.

## Fantasy Competition

A fantasy competition operator retains $85 \%$ of its proceeds and must pay the remaining $15 \%$ to SLGCC, which must distribute these funds to the BMFF.

Appendix - Maryland Gaming provides the status of gaming in Maryland as of December 2023.

State Fiscal Effect: Based upon December 2023 projections of sports wagering revenues, special fund revenues to the Problem Gambling Fund increase by $\$ 8.6$ million in fiscal 2025 and by approximately $\$ 8.3$ million annually thereafter, as shown in Exhibit 1. Special fund expenditures from the Problem Gambling Fund increase correspondingly for prevalence studies and to fund programs to treat and prevent gambling addiction.

General fund revenues decrease by $\$ 5.2$ million in fiscal 2025 and by approximately $\$ 4.8$ million annually thereafter due to diverting $1 \%$ of lottery funds to the Problem Gambling Fund.

## Exhibit 1 <br> Estimated Revenue Changes Under the Bill (\$ in Millions)

|  | FY 2025 |  | FY 2026 |  | FY 2027 |  | FY 2028 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  | FY 2029 |  |  |  |  |
| Sports Wagering Revenue - Retail | $\$ 0.1$ |  | $\$ 0.1$ |  | $\$ 0.1$ |  | $\$ 0.1$ |
|  |  | $\$ 0.1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sports Wagering Revenue - Mobile | 3.1 | 3.2 |  | 3.2 |  | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Fantasy Competition | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |
| Lottery | 5.2 | 4.9 |  | 4.8 |  | 4.8 | 0.1 |
| Problem Gambling Fund | $\$ 8.6$ | $\$ 8.3$ |  | $\$ 8.3$ |  | $\$ 8.3$ | $\$ 8.4$ |
| General Fund | $\mathbf{( \$ 5 . 2 )}$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 4 . 9 )}$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 4 . 8 )}$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 4 . 8 )}$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 4 . 8 )}$ |  |  |

Source: Department of Legislative Services

Small Business Effect: Small businesses that are sports wagering licensees or fantasy competition operators must pay an additional percentage point of proceeds to the State.

## Additional Information

Recent Prior Introductions: Similar legislation has not been introduced within the last three years.

Designated Cross File: SB 878 (Senator Klausmeier) - Budget and Taxation.
Information Source(s): Comptroller's Office; Maryland State Department of Education; Maryland Department of Health; Maryland State Lottery and Gaming Control Agency; Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - February 19, 2024 rh/jrb

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## Appendix - Maryland Gaming

The State of Maryland has authorized and awarded six video lottery operation licenses in Baltimore City and Allegany, Anne Arundel, Cecil, Prince George's, and Worcester counties with a maximum number of 16,500 video lottery terminals (VLTs) allotted in the State. The opening date and the number of VLTs and table games in operation for each facility as of December 2023 are shown in Exhibit 1.

## Exhibit 1 <br> Number of VLTs and Table Games in Maryland

| Casino | County | $\underline{\text { Opening Date }}$ | VLTs | Table Games |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
|  | Hollywood Casino | Cecil | September 2010 | 709 |
| Ocean Downs | Worcester | January 2011 | 845 | 22 |
| Maryland Live! | Anne Arundel | June 2012 | 3,849 | 19 |
| Rocky Gap Casino | Allegany | May 2013 | 616 | 179 |
| Horseshoe Casino | Baltimore City | August 2014 | 1,401 | 16 |
| MGM National Harbor | Prince George's | December 2016 | 2,266 | 207 |

VLT: video lottery terminal
Source: State Lottery and Gaming Control Agency; Department of Legislative Services

## Video Lottery Terminals and Table Game Revenues

The estimated revenues from VLTs and table games in fiscal 2025 through 2029 are shown in Exhibit 2. A total of $\$ 2.0$ billion in gross gaming revenues is projected in fiscal 2025, including $\$ 596.7$ million to be distributed to the Education Trust Fund.

# Exhibit 2 <br> Distribution of Estimated VLT and Table Game Revenues in Maryland Current Law (\$ in Millions) 

FY 2025 FY 2026 FY 2027 FY 2028 FY 2029

| VLTs Distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\quad$ Education Trust Fund | $\$ 500.9$ | $\$ 506.7$ | $\$ 514.3$ | $\$ 521.0$ | $\$ 533.3$ |
| Lottery Operations | 13.3 | 13.4 | 13.6 | 13.8 | 13.9 |
| Purse Dedication Account | 79.6 | 80.6 | 81.5 | 82.6 | 83.7 |
| Racetrack Renewal Account | 13.3 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 6.9 |
| Local Impact Grants | 73.0 | 73.8 | 74.7 | 75.7 | 76.7 |
| Business Investment | 19.9 | 20.1 | 20.4 | 20.6 | 20.9 |
| Licensees | 627.2 | 634.5 | 641.9 | 650.4 | 658.9 |
| Total VLTs | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 2 7 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 4 2 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 5 8 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 7 6 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 9 4 . 3}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Table Games Distribution | $\$ 95.8$ | $\$ 97.0$ | $\$ 98.2$ | $\$ 99.5$ | $\$ 100.9$ |
| $\quad$ Education Trust Fund | 31.9 | 32.3 | 32.7 | 33.2 | 33.6 |
| Local Impact Grants | 510.8 | 517.2 | 523.7 | 530.8 | 538.0 |
| Licensees | $\mathbf{\$ 6 3 8 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 4 6 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 5 4 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 6 3 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 7 2 . 6}$ |
| Total Table Games |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 9 6 5 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 9 8 9 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 0 1 2 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 0 3 9 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 0 6 6 . 8}$ |
| Total VLTs and Table Games | $\mathbf{\$ 6 0 3 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 1 2 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 2 0 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 3 4 . 2}$ |  |

VLT: video lottery terminal
Note: Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.
Source: Board of Revenue Estimates; Department of Budget and Management; Department of Legislative Services

Chapter 492 of 2020, a constitutional amendment approved by the voters at the November 2020 general election, authorized sports and event wagering, contingent upon implementation legislation passed by the General Assembly. Chapter 356 of 2021 implemented sports wagering in the State and provides for regulation of sports wagering and fantasy gaming competitions. Licensees receive $85 \%$ of proceeds from sports wagering and fantasy gaming and the State receives $15 \%$, as well as license fee revenues. State revenues from sports wagering and fantasy gaming and their distributions are shown in Exhibit 3.

# Exhibit 3 <br> Distribution of Estimated State Sports Wagering and <br> Fantasy Competition Revenues <br> Current Law <br> (\$ in Millions) 

FY 2025 FY 2026 FY 2027 FY 2028 FY 2029

| State Revenues |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\quad$ Sports Wagering - Retail | $\$ 2.1$ | $\$ 2.1$ | $\$ 2.1$ | $\$ 2.2$ | $\$ 2.2$ |
| Sports Wagering - Mobile | 47.2 | 47.9 | 48.6 | 49.4 | 50.1 |
| Sports Wagering License Fees | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.8 |
| Fantasy Competition | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 5 0 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 1 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 1 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 2 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 . 2}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distribution |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blueprint for Maryland's Future Fund $^{1}$ | $\$ 50.3$ | $\$ 51.0$ | $\$ 51.8$ | $\$ 52.8$ | $\$ 55.2$ |
| SMWOBSWA Fund $^{2}$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Problem Gambling Fund $^{3}$ | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 |

SMWOBSWA: Small, Minority-Owned, and Women-Owned Business Sports Wagering Assistance
${ }^{1}$ The Blueprint for Maryland's Future Fund is intended to assist in providing adequate funding for early childhood education and primary and secondary education to provide a world-class education to students in Maryland.
${ }^{2}$ Five percent of the class A-1 license fees ( $\$ 2.0$ million each) and of the class A-2 license fees ( $\$ 1.0$ million each) are paid into the SMWOBSWA Fund. Five percent of renewal fees are transferred to the SMWOBSWA Fund.
${ }^{3}$ Player winnings not claimed within 182 days are distributed to the Problem Gambling Fund.
Note: Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.
Source: Board of Revenue Estimates; Department of Legislative Services

