HOUSE BILL 1093

N1 5lr2831

By: Delegate Roberts

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2025 Assigned to: Environment and Transportation

A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN ACT concerning
2 3 4	Landlord and Tenant – Evictions – Tenant's Personal Property and Moving Expenses and Services (Small Landlord Eviction Relief Act)
E	EOD the number of providing for the disposition of a tanget's name and property in contain
$\frac{5}{6}$	FOR the purpose of providing for the disposition of a tenant's personal property in certain evictions; prohibiting a county or municipality from enacting or enforcing a local law
7	or ordinance requiring a certain landlord to compensate a tenant for certain moving
8	expenses or to provide certain moving services or supplies in connection with an
9	eviction; and generally relating to repossession of residential rental property.
10	BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
11	Article – Real Property
12	Section 8–401(a), 8–402(a)(1), and 8–402.1(a)(1)
13	Annotated Code of Maryland
14	(2023 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)
15	BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
16	Article – Real Property
17	Section 8–401(f)(1)(i), 8–402(b)(2)(i), and 8–402.1(b)(1)
18	Annotated Code of Maryland
19	(2023 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)
20	BY adding to
21	Article – Real Property
22	Section 8–407
23	Annotated Code of Maryland
24	(2023 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)
25	SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,

That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

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Article - Real Property

2 8-401.

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- 3 Whenever the tenant or tenants fail to pay the rent when due and payable, it 4 shall be lawful for the landlord to have again and repossess the premises in accordance 5 with this section.
- 6 (f) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection AND (1)(i) 7 § 8–407 OF THIS SUBTITLE, if judgment is given in favor of the landlord, and the tenant 8 fails to comply with the requirements of the order within 7 days, the court shall, at any 9 time after the expiration of the 7 days, issue its warrant OF RESTITUTION, directed to any official of the county entitled to serve process, ordering the official to cause the landlord to 10 have again and repossess the property by putting the landlord, or the landlord's duly 11 12qualified agent or attorney, in possession of the property, and for that purpose to remove 13 from the property, by force if necessary, all the furniture, implements, tools, goods, effects 14 or other [chattels of every description whatsoever] PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to the 15 tenant, or to any person claiming or holding by or under the tenant.
- 16 8-402.
- 17 A tenant under any periodic tenancy, or at the expiration of a lease, and 18 someone holding under the tenant, who shall unlawfully hold over beyond the expiration of 19 the lease or termination of the tenancy, shall be liable to the landlord for the actual 20 damages caused by the holding over.
- 21[If upon] SUBJECT TO § 8-407 OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF ON (b) 22hearing the parties, or [in case] IF the tenant or person in possession [shall neglect to] 23DOES NOT appear after the summons and continuance, the court [shall find] FINDS that 24the landlord had been in possession of the leased property, that the [said] tenancy is fully 25ended and expired, that due notice to [quit as aforesaid had been] VACATE THE PROPERTY 26 WAS given to the tenant or person in possession and that the tenant or person in possession 27 [had] refused so to do, the court shall [thereupon] give judgment for the restitution of the 28 possession of [said] THE premises and shall [forthwith] IMMEDIATELY issue [its] A 29 warrant OF RESTITUTION to the sheriff or a constable in the respective counties 30 commanding the tenant or person in possession [forthwith] to deliver FULL POSSESSION OF THE PROPERTY IMMEDIATELY to the landlord [possession thereof in as full and ample 32 manner as the landlord was possessed of the same at the time when the tenancy was made], 33 and [shall give] ENTER judgment for costs against the tenant or person in possession [so] 34 holding over.
- 35 8-402.1.

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36 Subject to § 8–406 of this subtitle and where an unexpired lease (1)(a) 37 for a stated term provides that the landlord may repossess the premises prior to the expiration of the stated term if the tenant breaches the lease, the landlord may make complaint in writing to the District Court of the county where the premises is located if:

- 3 1. The tenant breaches the lease;
- 4 2. A. The landlord has given the tenant 30 days' written 5 notice that the tenant is in violation of the lease and the landlord desires to repossess the 6 leased premises; or
- B. The breach of the lease involves behavior by a tenant or a person who is on the property with the tenant's consent, which demonstrates a clear and imminent danger of the tenant or person doing serious harm to themselves, other tenants, the landlord, the landlord's property or representatives, or any other person on the property and the landlord has given the tenant or person in possession 14 days' written notice that the tenant or person in possession is in violation of the lease and the landlord desires to repossess the leased premises; and
- 14 3. The tenant or person in actual possession of the premises 15 refuses to comply.
- 16 (ii) The court shall summons immediately the tenant or person in 17 possession to appear before the court on a day stated in the summons to show cause, if any, 18 why restitution of the possession of the leased premises should not be made to the landlord.
 - (b) (1) **[If] SUBJECT TO § 8–407 OF THIS SUBTITLE, IF** the court determines that the tenant breached the terms of the lease and that the breach was substantial and warrants an eviction, the court shall give judgment for the restitution of the possession of the premises and issue its warrant **OF RESTITUTION** to the sheriff or a constable commanding the tenant to deliver possession to the landlord in as full and ample manner as the landlord was possessed of the same at the time when the lease was entered into. The court shall give judgment for costs against the tenant or person in possession.
- 26 **8–407.**

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- 27 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS 28 INDICATED.
- 29 (2) "DWELLING UNIT" MEANS THAT PORTION OF A BUILDING THAT IS
 30 DESIGNATED, INTENDED, OR ARRANGED FOR USE OR OCCUPANCY AS A RESIDENCE
 31 BY ONE OR MORE PERSONS, INCLUDING A RENTED ROOM IN A SINGLE-FAMILY
 32 HOUSE.
- 33 (3) "MOVING EXPENSES" MEANS COSTS INCURRED TO:
- 34 (I) PACK, UNPACK, STORE, OR TRANSPORT PERSONAL 35 PROPERTY;

1	(II) DISCONNECT AND INSTALL PERSONAL PROPERTY;
2	(III) INSURE PERSONAL PROPERTY TO BE MOVED; OR
3 4	(IV) DISCONNECT OR RECONNECT UTILITIES, INCLUDING TELEPHONE SERVICE, GAS, WATER, AND ELECTRICITY.
5	(4) "MOVING SERVICES" MEANS SERVICES FOR THE LOADING,
6	PACKING, TRANSPORTING, UNLOADING, OR OTHERWISE TAKING POSSESSION OR
7	CONTROL OF PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR THE PURPOSE OF MOVING THE PROPERTY
8	TO ANOTHER LOCATION.
9	(B) THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY TO A LANDLORD WHO OFFERS NINE OR
10	FEWER DWELLING UNITS.
11	(C) IF A WARRANT OF RESTITUTION IS EXECUTED TO PUT A LANDLORD IN
12	POSSESSION OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY UNDER § 8-401, § 8-402, OR § 8-402.1 OF
13	THIS SUBTITLE OR AN EQUIVALENT PROVISION OF LOCAL LAW, THE PERSONAL
14	PROPERTY OF THE TENANT SHALL BE DEEMED ABANDONED AND MAY BE PLACED IN
15	A PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY ABUTTING THE PROPERTY.
16	(D) A COUNTY OR A MUNICIPALITY MAY NOT ENACT OR ENFORCE A LOCAL
17	LAW OR ORDINANCE REQUIRING A LANDLORD TO COMPENSATE A TENANT FOR
18	MOVING EXPENSES OR PROVIDE MOVING SERVICES OR SUPPLIES TO A TENANT IN
19	CONNECTION WITH AN ACTION FOR POSSESSION UNDER § 8-401, § 8-402, OR §
20	8–402.1 OF THIS SUBTITLE OR UNDER AN EQUIVALENT PROVISION OF LOCAL LAW.
21	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall be construed to
22	apply only prospectively and may not be applied or interpreted to have any effect on or
23	application to any cause of action for repossession for failure to pay rent, breach of lease, or
24	tenant holdovers before the effective date of this Act.
25	SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That, if any provision of this Act or
26	the application of any provision of this Act to any person or circumstance is held invalid for
27	any reason in a court of competent jurisdiction, the invalidity does not affect other
28	provisions or any other application of this Act that can be given effect without the invalid
29	provision or application, and for this purpose the provisions of this Act are declared
30	severable.

SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July $32-1,\,2025.$