## **SENATE BILL 410**

E1 5lr1026 HB 318/24 – JUD CF 5lr1025

By: Senator Waldstreicher

Introduced and read first time: January 20, 2025

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

## A BILL ENTITLED

1	AN A	ACT	concerning
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Criminal Law – Mail and Package Tl	heft
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- FOR the purpose of altering the prohibition against taking and breaking open a letter; prohibiting the theft of mail under certain circumstances; prohibiting a person from
- 5 possessing an arrow key under certain circumstances; providing for concurrent
- 6 jurisdiction in the District Court and circuit court to try a violation of this Act; and
- 7 generally relating to theft of mail and packages.
- 8 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 9 Article Courts and Judicial Proceedings
- 10 Section 4–301 and 4–302
- 11 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 12 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)
- 13 BY repealing
- 14 Article Criminal Law
- 15 Section 3–905
- 16 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 17 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)
- 18 BY adding to

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- 19 Article Criminal Law
- 20 Section 3–905 and 3–905.1
- 21 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 22 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)
- 23 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 24 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

## **Article - Courts and Judicial Proceedings**

 ${\bf EXPLANATION: CAPITALS\ indicate\ matter\ added\ to\ existing\ law}.$ 

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

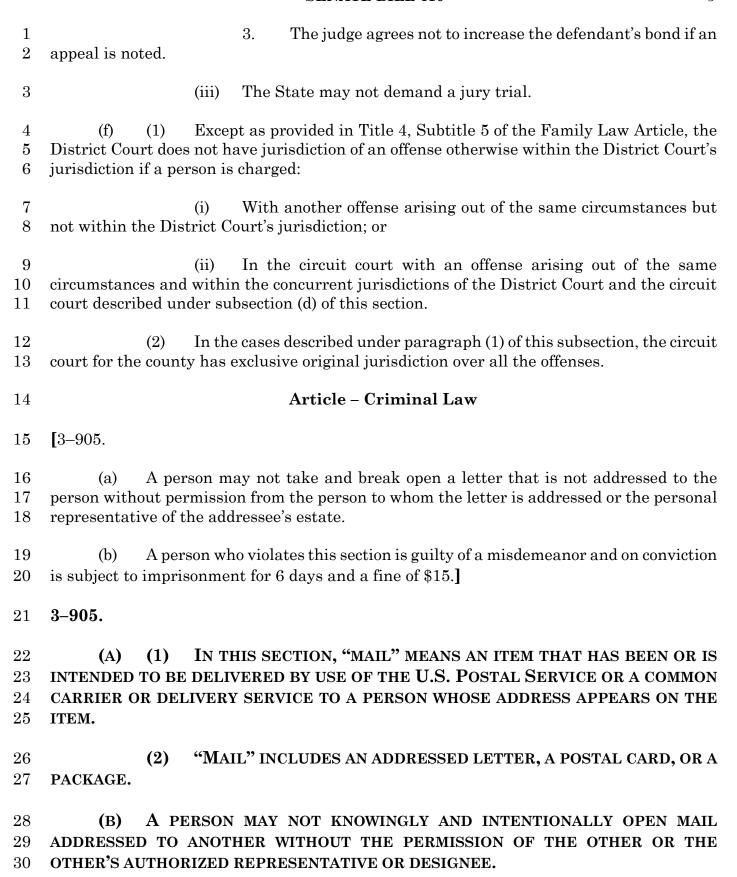


1 4-301.

- 2 (a) Except as provided in §§ 3–803 and 3–8A–03 of this article and 4–302 of this subtitle, the District Court has exclusive original jurisdiction in a criminal case in which a person at least 16 years old or a corporation is charged with violation of the vehicle laws, or the State Boat Act, or regulations adopted pursuant to the vehicle laws or State Boat Act.
- 7 (b) Except as provided in § 4–302 of this subtitle, the District Court also has 8 exclusive original jurisdiction in a criminal case in which a person at least 18 years old or 9 a corporation is charged with:
- 10 (1) Commission of a common—law or statutory misdemeanor regardless of 11 the amount of money or value of the property involved;
- 12 (2) Violation of § 7–104, § 7–105, § 7–107, or § 7–108 of the Criminal Law 13 Article, whether a felony or a misdemeanor;
- 14 (3) Violation of a county, municipal, or other ordinance, if the violation is 15 not a felony;
- 16 (4) Criminal violation of a State, county, or municipal rule or regulation, if the violation is not a felony;
- 18 (5) Doing or omitting to do any act made punishable by a fine, 19 imprisonment, or other penalty as provided by the particular law, ordinance, rule, or 20 regulation defining the violation if the violation is not a felony;
- Violation of § 8–103 of the Criminal Law Article, whether a felony or a misdemeanor;
- 23 (7) Violation of § 8–203, § 8–204, § 8–205, § 8–206, § 8–207, § 8–208, or § 24 8–209 of the Criminal Law Article, whether a felony or misdemeanor;
- 25 (8) Forgery or violation of Title 8, Subtitle 6 of the Criminal Law Article, whether a felony or misdemeanor;
- 27 (9) Violation of Title 27, Subtitle 4 of the Insurance Article, whether a felony or a misdemeanor;
- 29 (10) Violation of § 9–1106 of the Labor and Employment Article;
- 30 (11) Violation of § 8–301 of the Criminal Law Article, whether a felony or 31 misdemeanor;
- 32 (12) Violation of § 2–209 of the Criminal Law Article;

- 1 (13) Violation of Title 2, Subtitle 5 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 2 (14) Violation of Title 11, Subtitle 5 of the Financial Institutions Article;
- 3 (15) Violation of § 10–604, § 10–605, § 10–606, § 10–607, § 10–607.1, or § 10–608 of the Criminal Law Article, whether a felony or misdemeanor;
- 5 (16) Violation of Title 7, Subtitle 3, Part III of the Criminal Law Article, 6 whether a felony or misdemeanor;
- 7 (17) Violation of § 20–102 of the Transportation Article, whether a felony or 8 misdemeanor;
- 9 (18) Violation of § 8–801 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 10 (19) Violation of § 8–604 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 11 (20) Violation of Title 8, Subtitle 2, Part II of the Criminal Law Article;
- 12 (21) Violation of § 16–801, § 16–802, § 16–803, or § 16–804 of the Election
- 13 Law Article:
- 14 (22) Violation of § 3–203(c) of the Criminal Law Article;
- 15 (23) Violation of § 11–208 of the Criminal Law Article as a second or 16 subsequent offense;
- 17 (24) Violation of § 11–721 of the Criminal Procedure Article as a second or 18 subsequent offense; [or]
- 19 (25) Violation of § 3–1102(b) or § 3–1103 of the Criminal Law Article; OR
- 20 (26) VIOLATION OF § 3–905 OR § 3–905.1 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW 21 ARTICLE.
- 22 4–302.
- 23 (a) Except as provided in § 4–301(b)(2), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14),
- 24 (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (22), (23), (24), [and] (25), AND (26) of this subtitle, the
- 25 District Court does not have jurisdiction to try a criminal case charging the commission of
- a felony.
- 27 (b) Except as provided in § 4–303 of this subtitle, the District Court does not have 28 criminal jurisdiction to try a case in which a juvenile court has exclusive original
- 29 jurisdiction.

- 1 (c) The jurisdiction of the District Court is concurrent with that of the juvenile 2 court in any criminal case arising under the compulsory public school attendance laws of 3 this State.
- 4 (d) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the jurisdiction of the District Court is concurrent with that of the circuit court in a criminal case:
- 6 (i) In which the penalty may be confinement for 3 years or more or 7 a fine of \$2,500 or more; or
- 8 (ii) That is a felony, as provided in § 4–301(b)(2), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), 9 (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (22), (23), (24), [and] (25), AND (26) 10 of this subtitle.
- 11 (2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, a 12 circuit court does not have jurisdiction to try a case charging a violation of § 5–601 or § 13 5–620 of the Criminal Law Article.
- 14 (ii) A circuit court does have jurisdiction to try a case charging a 15 violation of § 5–601 or § 5–620 of the Criminal Law Article if the defendant:
- 1. Properly demands a jury trial;
- 17 2. Appeals as provided by law from a final judgment entered 18 in the District Court; or
- 19 3. Is charged with another offense arising out of the same 20 circumstances that is within a circuit court's jurisdiction.
- 21 (e) (1) The District Court is deprived of jurisdiction if a defendant is entitled 22 to and demands a jury trial at any time prior to trial in the District Court.
- 23 (2) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, unless 24 the penalty for the offense with which the defendant is charged permits imprisonment for 25 a period in excess of 90 days, a defendant is not entitled to a jury trial in a criminal case.
- 26 (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this 27 paragraph, the presiding judge of the District Court may deny a defendant a jury trial if:
- 28 1. The prosecutor recommends in open court that the judge 29 not impose a penalty of imprisonment for a period in excess of 90 days, regardless of the 30 permissible statutory or common law maximum;
- The judge agrees not to impose a penalty of imprisonment for a period in excess of 90 days; and



- 1 (C) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR
- 2 AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 1 MONTH OR
- 3 A FINE OF \$1,000 OR BOTH.
- 4 **3–905.1**.
- 5 (A) (1) IN THIS SECTION THE FOLLOWING WORDS HAVE THE MEANINGS
- 6 INDICATED.
- 7 (2) "ARROW KEY" MEANS A KEY DESIGNED EXCLUSIVELY FOR
- 8 ALLOWING AN EMPLOYEE OF THE U.S. POSTAL SERVICE OR A COMMON CARRIER OR
- 9 DELIVERY SERVICE TO ACCESS A MAILBOX OR OTHER DEPOSITORY FOR STORING
- 10 **MAIL.**
- 11 (3) "MAIL" HAS THE MEANING STATED IN § 3–905 OF THIS SUBTITLE.
- 12 (B) (1) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT THEFT UNDER § 7–104 OF THIS
- 13 ARTICLE INVOLVING AT LEAST 1 BUT FEWER THAN 16 ITEMS OF MAIL.
- 14 (2) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT THEFT UNDER § 7–104 OF THIS
- 15 ARTICLE INVOLVING 16 OR MORE ITEMS OF MAIL.
- 16 (3) A PERSON MAY NOT COMMIT THEFT UNDER § 7–104 OF THIS
- 17 ARTICLE INVOLVING ONE OR MORE ITEMS OF MAIL USING AN ARROW KEY.
- 18 (C) A PERSON MAY NOT POSSESS AN ARROW KEY WITH THE INTENT TO USE
- 19 OR ALLOW THE USE OF THE ARROW KEY IN THE COMMISSION OF A VIOLATION OF
- 20 THIS SECTION.
- 21 (D) (1) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (B)(1) OF THIS SECTION IS
- 22 GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT
- 23 NOT EXCEEDING 6 MONTHS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$1,000 OR BOTH.
- 24 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (B)(2) OF THIS SECTION IS
- 25 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT
- 26 EXCEEDING 2 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$2,000 OR BOTH.
- 27 (3) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (B)(3) OF THIS SECTION IS
- 28 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT
- 29 EXCEEDING 5 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$5,000 OR BOTH.
- 30 (4) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION IS
- 31 GUILTY OF A FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT
- 32 EXCEEDING 3 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$3,000 OR BOTH.

- 1 (E) A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS SECTION MAY BE SEPARATE FROM
- 2 AND CONSECUTIVE TO OR CONCURRENT WITH A SENTENCE FOR ANY OTHER CRIME
- 3 BASED ON THE ACTS ESTABLISHING A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION.
- 4 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
- 5 October 1, 2025.