SENATE BILL 648

E5 SB 132/24 – JPR 5lr2876 CF HB 311

By: **Senators Muse and Charles** Introduced and read first time: January 25, 2025 Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 Correctional Services – Medical Parole – Life Imprisonment

- FOR the purpose of repealing provisions relating to gubernatorial approval of a decision of
 the Maryland Parole Commission to grant medical parole to an incarcerated
 individual serving a term of life imprisonment; and generally relating to medical
 parole.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Correctional Services
- 9 Section 7–309
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

14

Article – Correctional Services

15 7-309.

16 (a) This section applies to any incarcerated individual who is sentenced to a term 17 of incarceration for which all sentences being served, including any life sentence, are with 18 the possibility of parole.

19 (b) An incarcerated individual who is so chronically debilitated or incapacitated 20 by a medical or mental health condition, disease, or syndrome as to be physically incapable 21 of presenting a danger to society may be released on medical parole at any time during the 22 term of that incarcerated individual's sentence, without regard to the eligibility standards 23 specified in § 7–301 of this subtitle.

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(c) (1) A request for a medical parole under this section may be filed with the

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW. [Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



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1	Maryland Parole Commission by:			
2	(i) the incarcerated individual seeking the medical parole;			
3	(ii) an attorney;			
4	(iii) a prison official or employee;			
5	(iv) a medical professional;			
6	(v) a family member; or			
7	(vi) any other person.			
$\frac{8}{9}$	(2) The request shall be in writing and shall articulate the grounds that support the appropriateness of granting the medical parole.			
10	(d) Following review of the request, the Commission may:			
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	(1) find the request to be inconsistent with the best interests of public safety and take no further action; or			
$\begin{array}{c} 13\\14\end{array}$	(2) request that department or local correctional facility personnel provide nformation for formal consideration of parole release.			
$\begin{array}{c} 15\\ 16\end{array}$	(e) The information to be considered by the Commission before granting medical parole shall, at a minimum, include:			
17 18 19	(1) (i) a recommendation by the medical professional treating the nearcerated individual under contract with the Department or local correctional facility; or			
$20 \\ 21 \\ 22 \\ 23$	(ii) if requested by an individual identified in subsection (c)(1) of this section, one medical evaluation conducted at no cost to the incarcerated individual by a medical professional who is independent from the Division of Correction or local correctional facility;			
24	(2) the incarcerated individual's medical information, including:			
$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 26 \end{array}$	(i) a description of the incarcerated individual's condition, disease, or syndrome;			
$\begin{array}{c} 27\\ 28 \end{array}$	(ii) a prognosis concerning the likelihood of recovery from the condition, disease, or syndrome;			
29 30	(iii) a description of the incarcerated individual's physical incapacity and score on the Karnofsky Performance Scale Index or similar classification of physical			

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1 impairment; and

2		(iv)	a mental health evaluation, where relevant;	
3	(3)	disch	arge information, including:	
4 5	community;	(i)	availability of treatment or professional services within the	
6		(ii)	family support within the community; and	
7		(iii)	housing availability, including hospital or hospice care; and	
8	(4)	case	management information, including:	
9		(i)	the circumstances of the current offense;	
10		(ii)	institutional history;	
$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 12 \end{array}$	detainers; and	(iii)	pending charges, sentences in other jurisdictions, and any other	
13		(iv)	criminal history information.	
14	(f) The C	Commi	ssion may require as a condition of release on medical parole that:	
$15 \\ 16 \\ 17 \\ 18$	(1) the parolee agree to placement for a definite or indefinite period of time in a hospital or hospice or other housing accommodation suitable to the parolee's medical condition, including the family home of the parolee, as specified by the Commission or the supervising agent; and			
$\begin{array}{c} 19\\ 20 \end{array}$	(2) indicate that the p	-	barolee forward authentic copies of applicable medical records to lar medical condition giving rise to the release continues to exist.	
$21 \\ 22 \\ 23 \\ 24$	(g) (1) If the Commission has reason to believe that a parolee is no longer so debilitated or incapacitated as to be physically incapable of presenting a danger to society, the parolee shall be returned to the custody of the Division of Correction or the local correctional facility from which the incarcerated individual was released.			
$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 26 \end{array}$	(2) to consider whethe	(i) er the j	A parole hearing for a parolee returned to custody shall be held parolee remains incapacitated and shall be heard promptly.	
$\begin{array}{c} 27 \\ 28 \end{array}$	maintained in cus	(ii) tody, it	A parolee returned to custody under this subsection shall be f the incapacitation is found to no longer exist.	
29 30	(3) continued incapac		ncarcerated individual whose medical parole is revoked for lack of a may be considered for parole in accordance with the eligibility	

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1 requirements specified in § 7–301 of this subtitle.

2 (h) (1) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, provisions of law relating to 3 victim notification and opportunity to be heard shall apply to proceedings relating to 4 medical parole.

5 (2) In cases of imminent death, time limits relating to victim notification 6 and opportunity to be heard may be reduced or waived in the discretion of the Commission.

7 [(i) (1) If the Commission decides to grant medical parole to an incarcerated 8 individual sentenced to life imprisonment, the decision shall be transmitted to the 9 Governor.

10 (2) The Governor may disapprove the decision by written transmittal to 11 the Commission.

12 (3) If the Governor does not disapprove the decision within 180 days after 13 receipt of the written transmittal, the decision becomes effective.]

14[(j)] (I)The Commission shall issue regulations to implement the provisions of15this section.

16 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect 17 October 1, 2025.

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