Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2025 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE First Reader

House Bill 167 Ways and Means (Delegate Fair, et al.)

Vehicle Excise Tax - Rate Increase

This bill increases the State vehicle excise tax rate from 6.0% to 6.75%. The bill takes effect July 1, 2025, and applies to (1) all certificates of title issued in the State on or after July 1, 2025, and (2) all motor vehicles, trailers, or semitrailers subject to the excise tax that are in interstate commerce and registered without a certificate of title on or after July 1, 2025.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: Transportation Trust Fund (TTF) revenues and Off-Highway Recreational Vehicle (OHRV) Trail Fund revenues increase by an estimated \$137.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, in FY 2026. Future years reflect projected growth in taxable vehicle sales. Transportation bond capacity increases by over \$670 million over FY 2026 through 2030, including an estimated \$85.8 million in FY 2026. TTF expenditures for local highway user revenue grants and debt service increase by \$20.3 million in FY 2026; future years reflect existing highway user revenue distribution provisions and projected ongoing debt service costs.

(\$ in millions)	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030
SF Revenue	\$137.3	\$141.5	\$144.3	\$147.2	\$150.1
Bond Rev.	\$85.8	\$159.0	\$144.0	\$131.0	\$154.0
SF Expenditure	\$20.3	\$26.6	\$30.0	\$41.9	\$58.0
Net Effect	\$202.9	\$273.8	\$258.3	\$236.3	\$246.1

Note: () = decrease; GF = general funds; FF = federal funds; SF = special funds; - = indeterminate increase; (-) = indeterminate decrease

Local Effect: Local highway user revenues increase by \$18.3 million in FY 2026 and similar amounts annually thereafter. Local expenditures are not affected.

Small Business Effect: Minimal.

Analysis

Current Law: Subject to specified exemptions, the vehicle excise tax is imposed for each original and subsequent certificate of title issued in the State for a motor vehicle, a trailer, a semitrailer, a moped, a motor scooter, or an OHRV and for specified vehicles in interstate operation that are registered without a certificate of title. The tax is applied to the fair market value of the vehicle, which is defined as:

- for the sale of a new or used vehicle by a licensed dealer, the total purchase price, as certified by the dealer;
- for a used vehicle that is sold by a person other than a licensed dealer and that has a designated model year that is seven years old or older, the greater of the total purchase price or \$640;
- for any other used vehicle sold by a person other than a licensed dealer, the total purchase price or, if the total purchase price is more than \$500 below the retail value of the vehicle as shown in a national publication of used car values adopted for use by the Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT) and is not verified to the satisfaction of the Motor Vehicle Administration, the valuation shown in the national publication of used car values;
- for a used trailer, a motor scooter, a moped, or an OHRV that is sold by a person other than a licensed dealer, the greater of the total purchase price or \$320; and
- in any other case, the valuation shown in a national publication of used car values adopted for use by MDOT.

Chapter 6 of the 2007 special session ("Transportation and State Investment Act") increased the vehicle excise tax rate from 5% to 6% and authorized a trade-in allowance against the tax equal to the full value of the trade-in vehicle. Subsequent legislation extended the trade-in allowance to persons trading in a nonleased vehicle as part of a vehicle lease agreement and persons trading in a leased vehicle to enter into a lease with a different leasing company or to purchase a vehicle.

With the exception of specified revenues from the excise tax imposed on OHRVs, the proceeds from the vehicle excise tax are deposited in TTF, of which two-thirds are credited to the Gasoline and Motor Vehicle Revenue Account (GMVRA) within TTF. A portion of funds credited to GMVRA are used to provide capital transportation grants to local governments (local highway user revenues).

State Fiscal Effect: Exhibit 1 displays the bill's estimated effect on MDOT revenues and expenditures. As shown in the exhibit, TTF revenues from the vehicle excise tax increase by an estimated \$137.2 million in fiscal 2026; future years reflect projected growth in taxable vehicle sales.

As also shown in the exhibit, TTF revenues generated by the bill's changes are estimated to increase MDOT bond capacity by over \$670 million over fiscal 2026 through 2030, including \$85.8 million in fiscal 2026.

TTF expenditures for local highway user revenue grants and debt service on transportation bonds increase by \$20.3 million in fiscal 2026; future years reflect existing highway user revenue distribution provisions and ongoing debt service costs. The net MDOT effect, as shown below, reflects the remaining additional revenues available for MDOT's capital program.

Exhibit 1
Projected Effect on MDOT Revenues and Expenditures
Fiscal 2026-2030
(\$ in Millions)

	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030
MDOT Revenues	\$223.0	\$300.3	\$288.1	\$278.0	\$303.9
TTF Revenues	137.2	141.3	144.1	147.0	149.9
Bond Revenues	85.8	159.0	144.0	131.0	154.0
MDOT Expenditures	\$20.3	\$26.6	\$30.0	\$41.9	\$58.0
LHUR Grants	18.3	18.8	15.0	15.3	15.6
Debt Service	2.0	7.8	15.0	26.6	42.4
Net MDOT Effect	\$202.7	\$273.6	\$258.1	\$236.1	\$245.9

LHUR: local highway user revenue

MDOT: Maryland Department of Transportation

TTF: Transportation Trust Fund

Note: Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

Source: Department of Legislative Services

Fifty percent of the proceeds from the excise tax imposed on OHRVs are deposited in the OHRV Trail Fund; thus, OHRV Trail Fund revenues increase by an estimated \$192,000 in fiscal 2026 and \$210,000 in fiscal 2030 (not shown above).

Local Revenues: Exhibit 2 displays the bill's estimated effect on local highway user revenues. As shown in the exhibit, in fiscal 2026, local highway user revenues increase by

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an estimated \$18.3 million, including \$11.2 million for Baltimore City, \$4.4 million for counties, and \$2.7 million for municipalities. Future years reflect local jurisdictions' shares of highway user revenues in fiscal 2027 through 2030.

Exhibit 2 Projected Local Highway User Revenue Effects Fiscal 2026-2030 (\$ in Millions)

	<u>FY 2026</u>	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030
Baltimore City	\$11.2	\$11.5	\$9.1	\$9.3	\$9.5
Counties	4.4	4.5	3.6	3.6	3.7
Municipalities	2.7	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.4
Total LHURs	\$18.3	\$18.8	\$15.0	\$15.3	\$15.6

LHUR: local highway user revenue

Note: Numbers may not sum to total due to rounding.

Source: Department of Legislative Services

Additional Information

Recent Prior Introductions: Similar legislation has been introduced within the last three years. See HB 925 of 2024.

Designated Cross File: None.

Information Source(s): Comptroller's Office; Maryland Department of Transportation;

Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - January 26, 2025

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