Department of Legislative Services

Maryland General Assembly 2025 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE First Reader

Senate Bill 437 Finance (Senator Lam)

Health Maintenance Organizations - Payments to Nonparticipating Providers - Reimbursement Rate

This bill alters the reimbursement rate that a health maintenance organization (HMO) must pay a nonparticipating provider. Specifically, if an HMO pays a nonparticipating provider 125% of the average rate the HMO paid, reimbursement must be based on the rate paid as of January 31, 2019, indexed for inflation as specified.

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: Minimal special fund revenue increase for the Maryland Insurance Administration (MIA) from the \$125 rate and form filing fee in FY 2026 only. Any additional workload for MIA can be absorbed within existing budgeted resources.

Local Effect: None.

Small Business Effect: Potential minimal.

Analysis

Current Law/Bill Summary: Section 19-710.1 of the Health-General Article specifies how much an HMO must pay for a covered service rendered to an enrollee by a noncontracting provider.

• For an evaluation and management (E&M) service, an HMO must pay the greater of (1) 125% of the average rate the HMO paid as of January 1 of the previous calendar year, in the same geographic area, for the same covered service, to similarly licensed contracting providers or (2) 140% of the Medicare rate for the same

covered service, to a similarly licensed provider, in the same geographic area as of August 1, 2008, inflated by the change in the Medicare Economic Index from 2008 to the current year.

- For a service that is not an E&M service, an HMO must pay at least 125% of the average rate the HMO paid as of January 1 of the previous calendar year, in the same geographic area, to a similarly licensed contracting provider for the same covered service.
- An HMO must pay a noncontracting trauma physician the greater of (1) 140% of the Medicare rate or (2) the rate the HMO paid, as of January 1, 2001, in the same geographic area, for the same covered service, to a similarly licensed provider.

Under the bill, for an E&M service, an HMO must pay the greater of (1) 125% of the average rate the HMO paid as of January 31, 2019, in the same geographic area, for the same covered service, to similarly licensed contracting providers, inflated by the change in the Medicare Economic Index from 2019 to the current year or (2) 140% of the Medicare rate for the same covered service, to similarly licensed contracting providers.

Under the bill, for a service that is not an E&M service, an HMO must pay at least 125% of the average rate the HMO paid as of January 31, 2019, in the same geographic area, to a similarly licensed contracting provider for the same covered service, *inflated by the change in the Medicare Economic Index from 2019 to the current year*.

The bill does not alter the rate that an HMO must pay a noncontracting trauma physician.

Additional Information

Recent Prior Introductions: Similar legislation has been introduced within the last three years. See SB 487 and HB 570 of 2024.

Designated Cross File: HB 418 (Delegate Kipke) - Health and Government Operations.

Information Source(s): Maryland Institute for Emergency Medical Services Systems; Maryland Department of Health; Maryland Insurance Administration; Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - February 5, 2025

js/ljm

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