

HOUSE BILL 196

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6lr1210

(PRE-FILED)

By: **Delegate Taveras**

Requested: October 15, 2025

Introduced and read first time: January 14, 2026

Assigned to: Health

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Public Health – Baby Food Testing – Definition of Baby Food**

3 FOR the purpose of altering the definition of “baby food” for purposes of certain provisions
4 of law governing baby food testing to include, rather than exclude, infant formula
5 and to include infant cereal; and generally relating to baby food testing.

6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

7 Article – Health – General

8 Section 21–330.4

9 Annotated Code of Maryland

10 (2023 Replacement Volume and 2025 Supplement)

11 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,

12 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

13 **Article – Health – General**

14 21–330.4.

15 (a) (1) In this section the following words have the meanings indicated.

16 (2) (i) “Baby food” means food packaged in a jar, pouch, tub, or box sold
17 specifically for babies and children under the age of 2 years.

18 (ii) “Baby food” [does not include infant] **INCLUDES:**

19 1. **INFANT** formula, as defined in 21 U.S.C. § 321(z); AND

20 2. **INFANT CEREAL, AS DEFINED IN 7 C.F.R. § 220.2.**

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



6 (5) "Proficient laboratory" means a laboratory that:

(i) Is accredited under the standards of the International Organization for Standardization/International Electrotechnical Commission 17025:2017;

9 (ii) Uses an analytical method at least as sensitive as the analytical
10 method described in Section 4.7 of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration Elemental
11 Analysis Manual for Food and Related Products; and

12 (iii) Demonstrates proficiency in quantifying each toxic element to at
13 least 6 micrograms of the toxic element to kilogram of food through an independent
14 proficiency test by achieving a z-score that is less than or equal to plus or minus two.

15 (6) "QR code" means a machine-readable code, consisting of an array of
16 squares, used for storing an Internet website in order to access a webpage.

17 (7) "Representative sample" means a sample that consists of a number of
18 units that are drawn based on rational criteria, such as random sampling, and intended to
19 ensure that the sample accurately portrays the material being sampled.

20 (8) "Toxic heavy metal" means arsenic, cadmium, lead, or mercury.

21 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, on or after
22 January 1, 2025, a person may not sell, distribute, or offer for sale baby food in the State
23 that contains toxic heavy metals that exceed the limits established by the U.S. Food and
24 Drug Administration.

25 (2) A person may sell, distribute, or offer for sale baby food manufactured
26 before January 1, 2026.

27 (c) (1) Beginning January 1, 2025, each manufacturer of baby food shall test
28 a representative sample of each production aggregate of the manufacturer's final baby food
29 product for each toxic heavy metal

(3) A manufacturer may test the final baby food product in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection before packaging individual units of baby food for sale or distribution.

4 (d) On the request of the Department, a manufacturer of baby food shall provide
5 the results of the testing conducted under subsection (c) of this section to an authorized
6 agent of the Department.

7 (e) Beginning January 1, 2026, each manufacturer of baby food shall:

10 (i) The name and level of each toxic heavy metal present in the final
11 baby food product as determined by the testing conducted under subsection (c) of this
12 section;

16 (iii) A link to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's website that
17 includes the most recent U.S. Food and Drug Administration guidance and information
18 about the health effects of the toxic heavy metals on children; and

(2) If the baby food is tested for a toxic heavy metal subject to an action level, regulatory limit, or tolerance established by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration under 21 C.F.R. § 109, include on the baby food product label:

22 (i) The following statement: "For information about toxic element
23 testing on this product, scan the QR code."; and

24 (ii) A QR code or other machine-readable code that allows
25 consumers to access on the manufacturer's website or the baby food product information
26 page;

27 1. The test results for the toxic heavy metals; and

31 (f) If a consumer believes, based on information gathered through the use of the
32 code included on the baby food product label under subsection (e)(2) of this section, that
33 baby food is being sold in the State with toxic heavy metals that exceed limits established
34 by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, the consumer shall report the baby food to the
35 Department.

1 SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect
2 October 1, 2026.