Katie_Novotny_FAV_SB881 Uploaded by: Novotny, Katie

Position: FAV

Written Testimony of Katie Novotny in Support of SB881

February 26, 2020

I am a member of Multiple Gun Rights organizations. Maryland Shall Issue, Associated Gun Clubs, Maryland State Rifle and Pistol Association, and the National Rifle Association. I am a certified Range Safety Officer with the NRA. I compete in multiple shooting events such as Steel Challenge, 3-gun, small bore, and vintage military rifle matches. I am an avid firearms collector. I support SB881.

This bill makes good sense. The statute referenced does not contain the requirement that an applicant fire one round during training. The Maryland State Police adding additional provisions to a bill should be alarming to all citizens. What prevents them from adding additional requirements to any number of laws simply because they wish to? That is not how our government works.

Furthermore, the requirement is discriminatory. There are no ranges located within Baltimore City, and various other areas. This requirement means that a HQL class must be held at a range or other place where discharging a firearm is legal, during a time of day where it is legal. This greatly increases the price of a class, and limits where they can be held, and at what time, making them inaccessible to some people because of cost, distance, time, or all. If the firing requirement were struck down, classes could be held nearly anywhere that was convenient for people who wish to be educated about firearms. If the purpose of FSA2013 was safety, having as many people trained in basic firearm safety should be the goal, which means classes should be accessible to as many people as is possible.

Because of these reasons above, I request a favorable report.

Katherine Novotny

District 7

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SenatorBailey_FAV_SB881Uploaded by: Senator Bailey, Senator Bailey

Position: FAV

JACK BAILEY Legislative District 29 Calvert and St. Mary's Counties

Education, Health, and Environmental Affairs Committee



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February 26, 2020

Senate Bill 881 - Firearms - Handgun Qualification License - Firearms Safety Training

Dear Chairman Smith and Members of the Committee:

I am writing to introduce Senate Bill 881 – Firearms – Handgun Qualification License – Firearms Safety Training. This bill repeals the requirement that a firearms safety training course for a Handgun Qualification License include a firearms orientation component that demonstrates the person's safe operation and handling of a firearm.

The State Police has interpreted the provision of law that this bill repeals to require an applicant to fire a single round with a handgun before the HQL can be issued. This single round requirement does not demonstrate proficiency or accuracy and requires an individual to travel to a range to discharge a handgun. This same demonstration can be performed with dummy ammunition, where the person would show safe carry, loading, and firing of a handgun without having to travel to a range.

The most significant barrier posed by this requirement is the difficulty it causes prospective HQL holders living in areas that have either few or no gun ranges for the prospective holder to carry out this live fire requirement. In these jurisdictions, it is harder particularly for residents who have lower incomes and those who rely on mass transit to fulfill this requirement and obtain the HQL.

I respectfully request a favorable report on Senate Bill 881. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Senator Jack Bailey

District 29

Calvert and St. Mary's Counties

Pennak_President_MSI_FAV_SB881 Uploaded by: Pennak, Mark

Position: FWA



February 26, 2020

WRITTEN TESTIMONY OF MARK W. PENNAK, PRESIDENT, MSI, IN SUPPORT OF SB 881

I am the President of Maryland Shall Issue ("MSI"). Maryland Shall Issue is an all-volunteer, non-partisan organization dedicated to the preservation and advancement of gun owners' rights in Maryland. It seeks to educate the community about the right of self-protection, the safe handling of firearms, and the responsibility that goes with carrying a firearm in public. I am also an attorney and an active member of the Bar of Maryland and of the Bar of the District of Columbia. I recently retired from the United States Department of Justice, where I practiced law for 33 years in the Courts of Appeals of the United States and in the Supreme Court of the United States. I am an expert in Maryland firearms law, federal firearms law and the law of self-defense. I am also a Maryland State Police certified handgun instructor for the Maryland Wear and Carry Permit and the Maryland Handgun Qualification License ("HQL") and a certified NRA instructor in rifle, pistol, personal protection in the home, personal protection outside the home and in muzzle loader. I appear today as President of MSI in support of SB 881.

The HQL Statute and the Bill:

These bills would amend Md Code Public Safety 5-117.1 (HQL statute). That Section prohibits law-abiding, responsible Maryland citizens from acquiring a handgun unless they have a Handgun Qualification License ("HQL"). Md. Code Ann., Pub. Safety, § 5-117.1(c). Subsection (d) imposes training requirements, including a (i) a minimum of 4 hours of instruction by a qualified handgun instructor" consisting of "(ii) classroom instruction on: 1. State firearm law; 2. home firearm safety; 3. handgun mechanisms and operation; and (iii) a firearms orientation component that demonstrates the person's safe operation and handling of a firearm." In regulations, the Maryland State Police have added a new and additional live-fire training requirement, mandating that the HQL applicant "safely fires at least one round of live ammunition." COMAR 29.03.01.29(C)(4). That live round requirement is not found in the statute.

In the interests of full disclosure, we note that the live-fire requirement, along with the rest of the HQL statute, is presently being challenged by MSI in federal court. See *MSI v. Hogan*, 2017 WL 3891705 (D. MD. 2017) (denying the State's motion to dismiss). The district court, in a later decision, held that the plaintiffs lacked standing without reaching the merits of the constitutionality of the HQL statute. That decision is on appeal and is awaiting oral argument. See *MSI v. Hogan*, No. 19-1469 (4th Cir.). On the merits, we believe that it is highly likely that the Supreme Court will make use of a "text, history and tradition" test in reaching of the merits of *NYSPRA v. NYC*, No. 18-280, *cert granted* 139 S.Ct. 939 (2019). *NYSPRA* was argued on December 2, 2019, and numerous petitions for certiorari in Second Amendment cases are now being held by the Supreme Court pending a decision in *NYSPRA*. The HQL statute will likely fail under the text, history and tradition test that the *NYC* Court is likely to employ.

The Live-Fire Requirement Is Not Authorized By the HQL Statute and Is Discriminatory:

It is well-established in Maryland law that "[a]n agency's authority extends only as far as the General Assembly prescribes." *Thanner Enters., LLC v. Balt. Cty.*, 995 A.2d 257, 263 (Md. 2010). Thus, an agency's rule or regulations cannot "contradict the language or purpose of the statute." *Medstar Health v. Md. Health Care Comm'n*, 827 A.2d 83, 96 (Md. 2003). Here, the Maryland State Police has grafted onto Section 5-117.1(d)(3)(iii)'s requirement of a "firearms orientation component" an entirely new "practice component" under which the applicant must safely fire "at least one round of live ammunition." COMAR 29.03.01.29C(4). Although Section 5-117.1(n) provides that "[t]he Secretary may adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this section," it does not allow the Maryland State Police to add new "provisions," such as adding "a practice component" so as to mandate live-fire.

The State Police rule is directly contrary to legislative intent. As originally proposed, the HQL bill required a safety course that included "a firearms qualification component that demonstrates the person's **proficiency** and use of the firearm." 2013 Leg. Sess. SB 281 (First Reader) at 17.9 By common usage of these terms, a "qualification component" that demonstrates "proficiency" calls for live-fire. This "qualification component" was deleted by the General Assembly, however, and Section 5-117.1(d)(3)(iii) was changed to its current language by amendment in the House of Delegates proffered by then-Delegate McDermott. of Laws Maryland. Chapter the 2013 of http://mgaleg.maryland.gov/2013rs/amds/bil 0001/SB0281 48392701.pdf. The debate on the floor of the House of Delegates confirms that the amendment was intended to eliminate a live-fire requirement that would have been associated with the "proficiency and use" language of the original bill. See General Assembly of Maryland, 2013 Regular Session Proceedings – House Audio, April 2, 2013, Session 2, at 19:05 (April 2, 2013). The General Assembly's rejection of this language in the law that passed means that live-fire training exceeds the scope of the statutory grant. This body should insist that the State Police follow the law that the General Assembly actually passed.

The live-fire requirement is not only unauthorized, it effectively discriminates against residents of the City of Baltimore and the poor populations in Maryland. The live-fire component imposes severe burdens on the ability of Maryland citizens to obtain a Handgun License. Training without a live-fire requirement can take place anywhere, while training that must include live-fire can only take place at a firing range, the availability of which is highly limited (there are **none** in Baltimore City). The need for a range, in turn, acts as a complete barrier to the acquisition of a HQL License by persons, especially the poor, minorities and the disadvantaged, who live in areas, such as Baltimore and most of urban Maryland, where access to a shooting range is highly limited or non-existent. Range access is also expensive and requiring it means that the cost of the training is likewise expensive. Indeed, the discharge of such live ammunition, required by the State Police regulation, is flatly banned by local law in the urban portions of Maryland, including all of the City of Baltimore, all of Prince Georges County and most of Montgomery County. The sole exception is for discharges taking place on "established ranges" which are protected from local regulation by state law, Md. Code, Criminal Law § 4-209(d)(2). Again, there are very few such ranges in these areas (and **none** in Baltimore City).

There is no justification for a live-fire requirement that has this sort of intentional discriminatory impact. Whatever the merits of the State Police requirement, the residents of Baltimore and the urban areas of Maryland should not be placed at such a profound disadvantage. Persons with means will be able to pay a private instructor who will have access to a range. Cost will not be a barrier for these individuals. They will be able to obtain an HQL. Poorer Marylanders are out of luck. That is intolerable. Like it or not, under the Supreme Court's decision in *District of Columbia v. Heller*, 554 U.S. 570 (2008), all lawabiding, responsible adult citizens have a right to buy a handgun for self-defense. Period. Full stop. Not even the State Attorney General has disputed that basic premise in the MSI litigation. That right should be available to every law-abiding responsible citizen, regardless of whether they live in Baltimore or somewhere else in Maryland. By reversing the discriminatory requirement of live-fire, this bill will help ensure that right is available to all law-abiding citizens, just like other constitutional rights. The HQL statute will eventually fail to survive constitutional challenge, especially after a decision by the Supreme Court in NYC. In the meantime, the law-abiding citizens of Baltimore and of the other urban portions of Maryland should enjoy the same rights as enjoyed by persons with means. We urge a favorable report.

Sincerely,

Mark W. Pennak

President, Maryland Shall Issue, Inc. mpennak@marylandshallissue.org

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