



BILL NO: House Bill 1326

TITLE: Maryland Healthy Working Families Act – Revisions and Public Health

**Emergency Leave** 

COMMITTEE: Economic Matters
HEARING DATE: March 3, 2021
POSITION: SUPPORT

House Bill 1326 closes gaps in the Maryland Healthy Working Families Act ("the Act") and picks up where recent federal legislation has expired, leaving thousands of workers vulnerable. It proposes a modest expansion of the Act, by removing exemptions for employees within the agricultural sector, temporary staffing services, and on-call health care. Further, it provides protections and provisions related to public health emergencies so that employees facing a pandemic do not have to choose between their health, their safety, and a paycheck.

The Women's Law Center, as members of the Maryland Working Matters Coalition, whole-heartedly supported the Act because it provides a reasonable and comprehensive approach to ensuring an important benefit that protects the health and safety of families, workers, and the community. Of particular importance to the Women's Law Center are the provisions of the Act regarding "Safe Leave". These provisions allow an employee to use earned leave days to deal with medical, psychological or legal issues arising from domestic violence. As one in four women is the victim of domestic violence or sexual assault, it is imperative that survivors be able to get treatment for an injury or initiate legal proceedings without fearing they will lose their jobs if they take time off. This applies to all workers – regardless of their sector. The need is particularly acute during the pandemic, when domestic violence has increased due to social isolation and economic stressors<sup>1</sup>.

The ability to have legal representation and/or to go to court to obtain a protective order can have a profound effect on a victim's ability to leave an abuser and optimize their safety. But in order to do those things, the victim must first be able to take the time to make those appointments. However, financial insecurity is one of the most common reasons women stay with their abusers, and it should be no surprise to learn that taking unpaid leave to appear at court, or to make appointments with counselors or lawyers, is a financial burden too many of our clients are unable to bare.

A survey of American employees found that 44% of full-time employed adults personally experienced domestic violence's effect in their workplaces<sup>2</sup>, while up to half of employed victims of DV report that they lost their jobs in part due to DV<sup>3</sup>. In addition, as many as 96%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Covid-19 and Domestic Violence: An Indirect Path to Social and Economic Crisis, Journal of Family Violence, July 28, 2020, Amalesh Sharma and Sourav Bikash Borah, <a href="https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7386835/">https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7386835/</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Corporate Alliance to End Partner Violence, <a href="http://www.caepv.org/getinfo/facts\_stats.php?factsec=3">http://www.caepv.org/getinfo/facts\_stats.php?factsec=3</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Questions and Answers about DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND THE WORKPLACE, Sloane Work and Family Research Network, 2008,



experience problems at work due to abuse, 56% are late to work, 28% leave work early, 54% miss entire days of work<sup>4</sup>, and 47% were specifically prevented from working by the abuser<sup>5</sup>. At the same time, 65% of companies in this country do not have a formal workplace domestic violence prevention policy<sup>6</sup>, and the vast majority do not already provide leave specifically designated for victims of domestic violence. Domestic Violence has a clear and definite impact on the economy and on the Maryland workforce.

The Act allows victims to address these important issues that preserve their safety without risking job security. It ensures women do not have to weigh physical health against economic stability because paid sick and safe leave will be available to them. This includes employees within the construction industry, who deserve the same safety and security provisions as other workers.

Therefore, the Women's Law Center of Maryland, Inc. urges an favorable report on House Bill 1326.

The Women's Law Center of Maryland is a private, non-profit, membership organization that serves as a leading voice for justice and fairness for women. It advocates for the rights of women through legal assistance to individuals and strategic initiatives to achieve systemic change. The Women's Law Center operates two hotlines, Protection Order Advocacy and Representation Projects in Baltimore City, Baltimore County and Carroll County, and the statewide Collateral Legal Assistance for Survivors and Multi-Ethnic Domestic Violence Projects.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Judith McFarlane et al, Indicators of Intimate Partner Violence in Women's Employment, 48 Am. Assoc. Occupational Health Nurses J. 217 (May 2000); Employment Law and Domestic Violence, A Practitioner's Guide, American Bar Association, Commission on Domestic Violence, Julie Goldscheid and Robin Runge, (2009)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Society for Human Resource Management, When Domestic Violence Comes to Work, 2013



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