

# Testimony of the Maryland Horse Council on SB 634 - Somerset County - Natural Resources - Sunday Hunting: **OPPOSE**

- ♣ A majority of Marylanders oppose Sunday hunting. An independent statewide poll conducted by Gonzales Research and Media Services in 2018 found that 68.9% of respondents oppose Sunday hunting, and 78% would decide to alter their recreational plans to avoid hunters. In a Maryland Horse Council 2016 poll, 85% of respondents said they changed their schedules or riding locations to avoid encountering hunters. Even DNR's own commissioned survey found that a majority of the general population does not favor Sunday hunting and does not want to see it expanded.¹
- **❖** This bill would allow hunting in Somerset County on every Sunday of the year.
- ❖ This bill would allow Sunday hunting on public that is leased to a hunt club as well as private land. Since the advent of the pandemic, widespread use of outdoor recreation and natural resources by the general public has only increased. For example, attendance at Maryland State Parks in 2020 increased 45% over 2019, which was also a record year.² Many of these new users are unfamiliar with the rules of hunting and hunting seasons. Now is not the time to increase general public exposure to possible hunting risks.
- ❖ The Maryland horse industry represents \$2.1 billion in economic impact; 28,000 jobs; \$1 billion in annual spending by participants; \$78 million in tax revenue. Over \$73 million in infrastructure improvements to public and private facilities around the state. There are over 100,000 horses in Maryland (more per square mile than any state in the Union), and 51.8% of Maryland households contain horse enthusiasts.³ There are horses in every county in the state.⁴ The majority of Maryland riders are trail riders.⁵

The Maryland Horse Council (MHC) is a membership-based, umbrella trade association of the entire horse industry in Maryland. Our membership includes over 40 breed, interest and discipline associations, plus horse farms and stables, horse-related businesses, and horse owners representing all facets of the Maryland equestrian community, from the owners of race horses and race tracks, to the owners of international level competition horses, local sport horses, trail horses or just beloved retired companion horses. The owner of Pimlico, Laurel and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://dnr.maryland.gov/wildlife/Documents/2018\_DeerPublicOpinionSurvey.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://news.maryland.gov/dnr/2021/02/04/lt-governor-boyd-k-rutherford-maryland-department-of-natural-resources-announce-45-percent-increase-in-maryland-state-parks-attendance-in-2020/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See attached fact sheet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> According to the 2010 Maryland Equine Census (current numbers are likely about 25% higher, based on current total statewide population): Allegany 350; Baltimore 8950; Carroll 6050; Frederick 7850; Garrett 1500; Harford 6200; Howard 4350; Montgomery 7900; Washington 3750; Anne Arundel 4500; Calvert 1350; Charles 1750; Prince George's 7100; Saint Mary's 2300; Caroline 1300; Cecil 6200; Kent 1200; Queen Anne's 1700; Talbot 1500; Dorchester 350; Somerset 270; Wicomico 1800; Worcester 880

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> http://equiery.com/trail-riding-tops-reader-survey/

Rosecroft racetracks is a member, as are vets, tack stores, and other farms, businesses and enthusiasts throughout the state. As such, we stand for over 30,000 Marylanders. Every Maryland county, without exception, is home to hundreds to thousands of horses. (See footnote 3) There are more horse per square mile in Maryland than in any state in the Union. (See attached fact sheet.)

The horse industry in Maryland is a large, engaged and thriving constituency, and a strong economic engine: 28,000 direct equine related jobs; 16,000 properties occupying over 705,000 acres (almost 10% of Maryland's total land area, and over 25% of Maryland's agricultural land) The industry represents \$2.1 billion in annual economic impact, generating \$78 million in annual tax revenue. Horse industry participants spend \$1 billion dollars annually. There are currently \$73 million dollars in infrastructure investments planned or in the pipeline for public and private equestrian facilities throughout the state. Thus, legislative actions that affect the equine industry have a broad economic effect.

### **POSITION**

The Horse Council opposes SB 634.

### **BACKGROUND**

For over 20 years, the Maryland Horse Council has worked to ensure fair use of shared natural resources during hunting season, by seeking to preserve Sundays as the one day of the week when children and adults who are hikers, birdwatchers, dog walkers, trail riders and other outdoor enthusiasts could enjoy the outdoors without concern for adverse interactions with hunters. Almost 20 years ago, we helped defeat a number of statewide Sunday hunting bills. Proponents of Sunday hunting then changed tactics, seeking to introduce Sunday hunting on a county-by-county basis, which we also opposed vigorously. Sometimes they were successful; sometimes not. When they were successful, they succeeded in making an already complicated situation more complicated, making it more difficult for others to plan their outings, and for Natural Resources Police to effectively crack down on poachers and irresponsible hunters, which has caused even more negative encounters between irresponsible hunters and other users.<sup>6</sup>

The Maryland Horse Council has proposed reasonable compromises that would still allow fair use of shared natural resources, by cutting off Sunday hunting, where allowed, at 10:30 am. This compromise still gives both hunters and trail riders and others plenty of Sunday access to opportunities. This compromise has been embraced by some legislators, who have praised the Horse Council for this reasonable approach, and it has been adopted by Montgomery, Kent and Wicomico Counties. Now we are facing a bill that would allow all day Sunday hunting in Somerset County on every Sunday of the year, because it covers all species of game birds and game mammals. According to the Maryland hunting season calendar, https://dnr.maryland.gov/huntersguide/Documents/Hunting\_Seasons\_Calendar.pdf, there is an open season for at least one species on any day of the year. Coyote, groundhog and nutria are literally year-round. This bill does nothing to improve the situation for Natural Resources Police and continues to infringe on the fair rights of other users of our shared natural resources in Maryland.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In a 2016 Maryland Horse Council survey, 35% of respondents reported "adverse incidents" with hunters while trail riding, ranging from rudeness to deliberate attempts to spook horses, threatening with firearms, and firing of "warning" shots. Significant percentages of DNR's survey respondents also reported problems when encountering hunters.

The issue of recreational Sunday hunting is certainly a fraught one. In a November 2018 independent Gonzales statewide poll, the vast majority of respondents opposed Sunday hunting:

SUNDAY HUNTING Oppose 68.9%; Favor 21.9%

Breakdown:

Strongly Favor 13.5% Somewhat Favor 8.4% Somewhat Oppose 15.4% Strongly Oppose 53.5%

These majorities opposed to Sunday hunting are true in Baltimore Metro, Washington Metro AND Rural areas. Rural Maryland opposed Sunday hunting 60.5% vs 34.1% in favor. Even DNR's own commissioned survey found that a majority of the general population does not favor Sunday hunting and does not want to see it expanded. (See footnote 1.) This bill directly contravenes that clear public opinion by authorizing DNR to allow all day hunting on all 52 Sundays of the year in Somerset. This would be a tectonic shift for Somerset, which currently has only nine Sundays open (for deer hunting) - and only on private land.

It is important to make clear that the Horse Council is not opposed to hunting. Many of our members are hunters of deer, other game mammals and game birds. We just want to ensure that everyone has a safe option for enjoyment of the outdoors, especially in this time of COVID. The COVID pandemic has dramatically increased the level of outdoor activity and use of natural resources. DNR recently announced, for example, that 2020 State Park attendance increased by 45% to 21.5 million visitors. *Lt. Governor Rutherford stated: "With the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic changing the way we live, work, and play, more and more Marylanders are finding affordable, socially-distant, and family-friendly recreation opportunities at our parks and public lands,"* (See footnote 2.) Many of these new users are unfamiliar with the rules of hunting and hunting seasons, and are unaware that they may encounter hunters in the woods. Now is not the time to roll the dice and increase the chances of potential adverse interactions between hunters and members of the pubic who are relatively new to the outdoors..

It is also sometimes argued that recreational hunters need Sundays because they have other things to do on Saturdays - a situation that plainly applies to most of Maryland's families who use outdoor resources, be they hunters, birdwatchers, dog walkers, mountain bikers, off-road vehicle enthusiasts and trail riders. So why should one group get special consideration? Where is the balancing of the public good? The number of licensed hunters in Maryland, fewer than 100,000, pales in comparison to the state's overall population of about 6 million. According to DNR's survey, only 8% of the general population has hunted in the last two years, and 84% has never hunted. Compare that with the 24% who reported making frequent or occasional trips specifically to view and experience wildlife in their native habitat for photography or other non-hunting purposes. (See footnote 1.)

In the Horse Council's statewide survey on Sunday hunting, 68% of respondents ride on trails on public or private land one or more days a week. And, perhaps most significantly, 85% said they changed their schedules or riding locations to avoid encountering hunters.

This bill would authorize Sunday hunting on both public and private land. We of course recognize that private land owners have some right to decide what uses they want to allow on

their land. But such rights have never been absolute, as any review of zoning and land use rules can plainly establish. And, as a practical matter the public/private land distinction affords little relief since public and private tracts are often relatively small, non-contiguous, intertwined and rarely well-marked. In our survey, referenced above, 56% of respondents said they ride on trails that cross both public and private land.

### CONCLUSION

We urge the Committee to give SB 634 an unfavorable report.

Respectfully submitted, Maryland Horse Council (844) MDHORSE (844-634-6773)



# THE MARYLAND HORSE **INDUSTRY**



Thoroughbred & Standardbred horse racing & breeding ◆ trail riding ◆ steeplechase ◆ sport horse competitions ◆ rodeo ◆ carriage driving ◆ therapy programs ◆ recreation ◆ rescue and more

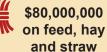
## **A Dynamic Agricultural Entity**

# 705,000 ACRES

agricultural land

10% of Maryland land





25% of the State's Pastures are amoung the best filtering devices to protect the Chesapeake Bay from harmful runoff



88,000 equine acres preserved forever as farmland

## **Number of Horses in Maryland**

Horses in Maryland - making MD the number one state in terms of the number of horses per square mile!



10.5 horses per square mile!

200

Equine Orgs. Statewide

**16,000** Horse Farms &

Stables breeds

different equine disciplines

## Integral to the State's Economy

# **Economic Impact**



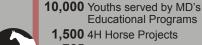




## A Global Equine Idenity



51.8% of households in MD contain horse enthusiasts



1,500 4H Horse Projects

765 Licensed Riding & Boarding Stables **55** High School Interscholastic Teams

22 Pony Clubs

12 College Equine Teams & Clubs



#### MD is home to International gems:

Triple Crown Race - the Preakness since 1875 International 5-Star at Fair Hill in 2020

# THE MARYLAND HORSE INDUSTRY ECONOMIC IMPACT



**The Racing Sector** 



Adds \$365 million in value to the state economy





**The Competition Sector** 

Competition Sector Total Economic Impact of:











### **The Recreation Sector**

Supports 4,971 jobs



Adds **\$234 million** in value to the state economy

Recreation
Sector
Total Economic
Impact of:
\$382 million



## **The Equine Therapy Sector**





Therapeutic Riding Centers Including over a dozen Veterans groups

### Information provided by

The American Horse Council Foundation 2017

Institute for Governmental Service and Research University of Maryland 2017

Maryland Equine Census, USDA 2010

# Investing in Maryland Horse Industry Infrastructure:

Improvements currently planned or in the pipeline

