

## ENGAGE ARMAMENT, L.L.C.

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## WRITTEN TESTIMONY OF ANDREW RAYMOND, OWNER OF ENGAGE ARMAMENT LLC, AGAINST HOUSE BILL 638

To Whom It May Concern,

My name is Andrew Raymond, and I am the co-owner of Engage Armament LLC, a federally licensed firearms manufacturer who has been in business for 11 years. I am a lifelong Maryland resident, and my family has been in Maryland on both sides for at least 337 years.

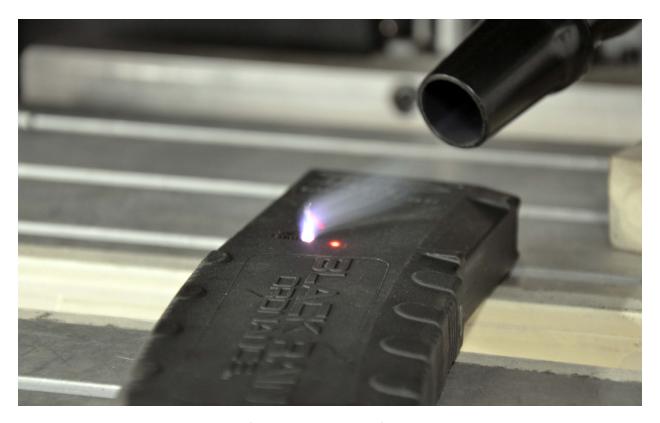
Part of firearm manufacturing is engraving the ATF required information on a firearm. I would say we have become experts on firearm markings over the past years and have invested more than \$75,000 in firearm marking equipment to not only comply with the federal regulations but also to have the most advanced equipment to do so. Our main tool is a 60W fiber laser made entirely in the United States.

From both the cost and technical implications, there are a multitude of issues with this bill.

The cost of getting quality equipment to do the job effectively. As mentioned early, we spent quite a bit of money getting quality equipment, but even cheap imported equipment to mark metal will cost at least \$7,000 and do a poor job of doing so, especially considering depth and permanency of the engraving.

The cost to the consumer will also increase significantly. For example, presently for NFA engraving we charge \$45 which is the basic requirement of name/city/state under the National Firearms Act. This bill requires individuals to have their information engraved along with serial number, model AND after 1<sup>st</sup> January 2022 the manufacturers and "importers" info. This is substantially more required markings; therefore costs are going to quite high. For example, if I need to mark the info of the person who made the forging, plus my own info, and the gun information that could easily run \$90 or more. That is on an item that would normally cost about \$50 for an AR forging. I should also mention that I did ask for friends/acquaintances who I knew built their own firearms for a brief rundown of the numbers of items they may have. It appears most people who enjoy this hobby have many items that would fall under this bill. For example, engraving 5 items at \$90 per engraving would cost \$450. Many of these people are on the younger side, and in our current economy might not be able to afford compliance with the bill.

The other issues are technical. The first to be the actual act of marking the "receivers". Generally, these "receivers" are made either out of metal or polymer. Polymer has a great deal of variance to it and engraving settings from one type of polymer will catch another set on fire:

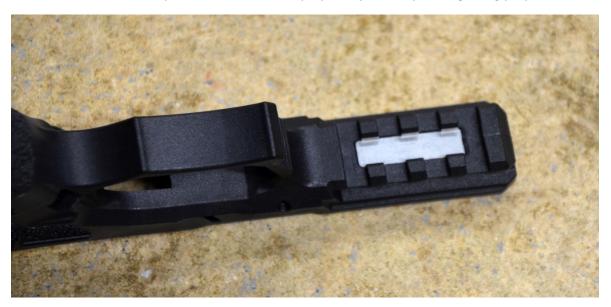


Here you can see a magazine catching fire using the settings from a known German polymer on this unknown polymer. The result is:

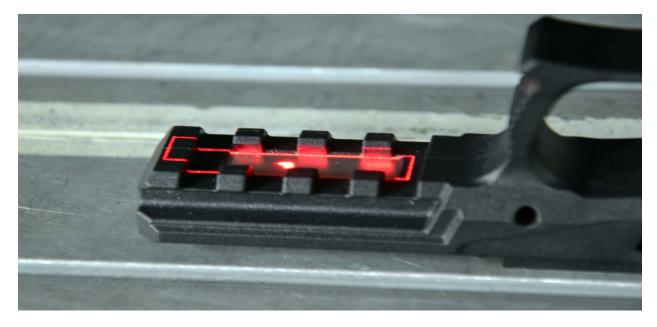


This marking is not legible and would not be compliant. Not to mention most people would now consider the product destroyed.

The next technical issue is sizing. While a metal "receiver" has a multitude of places to pollute with engravings, a good percentage of these products are polymer. A good example of the sizing issue would be the Polymer 80 "receivers" which are probably the most common plastic hobby "receivers" we see. These have a small metal piece imbedded in the polymer specifically for engraving purposes:



This small metal piece usually gives us only enough space for a serial number. In fact, to add the requirements from this law would require us to bring the size down to the point where it would not be compliant or readily legible. The below picture is a laser overlay of the space required for compliant sized markings using my personal information:



As you can see, the required engraving cannot fit in the supplied space. Once again, this is using my personal info as required under the law.

We should also consider required markings of original manufacturer and seller/importer into the state. This would double the space requirement and would not be feasible to do. Shrinking the size would not be compliant/legible either. The below is an example of that information at the minimum compliant size:



In order to fit <u>only one set</u> of the required markings my information must be shrunk to .055 which is not compliant. In the below picture, that is the 3<sup>rd</sup> example:



Another issue is going to be the length of the individual's name. For example, one of our customers is named "Ad\*\*\*\*\* Ra\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Kr\*\*\*\*\*. His name has 32 characters not including spaces. I have no idea how we can fit that along with city, state, caliber etc. I am also not going to charge standard rates for an engraving of this size and will have to move to a per character rate. I believe this will disproportionately effect persons of color and increase their cost to comply with this law.

Manufacturers/brokers will not be able to effectively fit the required information on all types of these "receivers" in a compliant fashion as there will just not be enough space on a good percentage of these items.

The cost to the customer is also going to go up substantially if people even decide to continue their hobby or be compliant.

While my company stands to gain financially from it, we stand against it not only on principle but also upon the basis of the unfeasible practicality of the requirements. I urge you to fully consider the cost implications, practicality, and the inequity of this bill and issue an unfavorable report.

Sincerely,

Andrew Starr Raymond
Co-Owner – Engage Armament LLC
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