

HB0284 Balt Sustain Commn - Senate.pdf

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BALTIMORE COMMISSION ON SUSTAINABILITY
People ♦ Planet ♦ Prosperity

March 30, 2021

Senator and Committee Chair William C. Smith
Members of the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee

Re: HOUSE BILL 0284 - **Support** Vehicle Laws – Dedicated Bus Lanes – Enforcement

Dear Chair Smith and Members of the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee,

We are writing on behalf of the Baltimore City Commission on Sustainability in **support** of House Bill 284, Vehicle Laws – Dedicated Bus Lanes – Enforcement.

The Baltimore Commission on Sustainability has 21 members, 20 of whom are Mayoral appointees, and oversees the creation and implementation of the Baltimore Sustainability Plan. The 2019 Baltimore Sustainability Plan addresses a wide range of social, economic and environmental goals for the City, and it does so through an equity lens.

The Baltimore Commission on Sustainability has a strong interest in the success of HB284. Effective enforcement of bus lanes would support the implementation of key transportation strategies identified in the Sustainability Plan, including:

- Enact policies that promote city and regional priorities for pedestrians, transit, and alternative forms of transportation.
- Improve reliability, accessibility, safety, and efficiency of transit while reducing the environmental impacts of vehicles.

HB284 is important for achieving equity in Baltimore because of the critical importance that safe and reliable public transit to citizens without consistent access to a personal vehicle. Enhanced performance of the transit system, as supported by functioning bus lanes, can also reduce personal vehicle traffic in the City, which will improve air quality, reduce noise, and create safer pedestrian conditions that are particularly needed by those who live in high traffic areas. We urge you to support House Bill 0284.

Sincerely,

Miriam Avins
Mia Blom
Co-chair, Commission on Sustainability

Cc: Delegate Lewis

HB 226 Baltimore City - Complete Streets Program F

Uploaded by: Campbell, James

Position: FAV



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**HB 226 Baltimore City - Complete Streets Program Funding - Traffic and Vehicle
Monitoring Systems
House Environment and Transportation
SUPPORT
March 11, 2021**

Good Afternoon Chairman Barve and Members of the House Environment Transportation Committee. My name is Jim Campbell; I am the State President for AARP Maryland. AARP Maryland has over 897,000 members in Maryland and its members overwhelmingly support HB 226 Baltimore City - Complete Streets Program Funding - Traffic and Vehicle Monitoring Systems. We thank Delegate Robbyn Lewis for sponsoring this bill.

HB 226 establishes the Baltimore City Complete Streets Program Fund, administered by the Baltimore City Department of Transportation. Any fines collected by a speed monitoring system, a school bus monitoring camera, or a vehicle height monitoring system shall be used to fund the Complete Streets Program Fund. The fund may be used only to advance the purpose and goals of the Complete Streets Program within Baltimore City. Expenditures from the fund may be made only in accordance with the State budget.

AARP especially likes that the bill addresses the issue of equity where it requires Complete Streets” policies to benefit” all users equitably, particularly the most underinvested and underserved communities. We also like this bill because it requires a funding stream for Complete Streets Projects.

Streets are a vital part of livable, attractive communities. Everyone, regardless of age, ability, income, race, or ethnicity, ought to have safe, comfortable, and convenient access to community destinations and public places—whether walking, driving, bicycling, or taking public transportation. But too many of our streets are designed only for speeding cars or creeping traffic jams.

AARP seeks to improve older adults’ quality of life by promoting the development of safe, accessible and vibrant environments often called livable communities. Livable communities’ policies address issues such as land use, housing, access to fresh and available food, transportation and broadband — all of which facilitate aging in place.

Older adults need transportation to places and services that support their independence and healthy living. Policies that encourage adequate, safe and accessible transportation

Real Possibilities

infrastructure and services help people of all ages stay active and engaged in their communities.

For these reason AARP supports HB 226 and respectfully requests the House Environment and Transportation Committee issue a Favorable Report. For questions please contact Tammy Bresnahan at tbresnahan@arp.org.

HB0226 - 04.01.21 (in Senate) -- Baltimore City -

Uploaded by: Fry, Donald

Position: FAV



POSITION STATEMENT

**TESTIMONY PRESENTED TO THE SENATE JUDICIAL PROCEEDINGS COMMITTEE
HOUSE BILL 226 -- BALTIMORE CITY - COMPLETE STREETS PROGRAM FUNDING --
TRAFFIC AND VEHICLE MONITORING SYSTEMS**

Sponsor: Delegate R. Lewis

April 1, 2021

**DONALD C. FRY
PRESIDENT & CEO
GREATER BALTIMORE COMMITTEE**

Position: Support

The Greater Baltimore Committee (GBC) supports House Bill 226. The bill authorizes Baltimore City to use any fines collected by Baltimore City as a result of violations from specified automated enforcement systems to be used to administer the systems and requires any remaining funds to be used for public safety or transportation infrastructure improvements consistent with the purpose and goals of the State Complete Streets Program and the city's Complete Streets Transportation System.

According to the National Complete Streets Coalition, more than 1,600 complete streets policies have been passed in the United States. Baltimore City joined that list in 2018 with the passage of the Complete Streets Ordinance. Complete Streets laws and policies are intended to ensure that the public rights-of-way are designed to safely and efficiently accommodate all users of the transportation network, including pedestrians, cyclists, transit users, drivers, and those who travel via scooter or other new mobility options. Baltimore City's ordinance was particularly strong in the area of equity and in ensuring that projects are designed and prioritized through an equity lens. This is of particular significance in Baltimore City, where approximately 30 percent of households do not have a car and rely on other means of transportation to access education, training, and jobs.

By design, automated transportation enforcement (ATE) systems are intended to enhance public safety by automatically issuing citations to individuals who violate certain traffic laws, such as spending or running a red light. Research indicates that ATE systems, when implemented appropriately, are effective behavior modification tools in that they reduce traffic safety violations in the areas that they are operational. Because complete streets laws and policies are also designed to improve the safety of the traveling public, the policy proposal to designate ATE revenues to support the implementation of complete streets is sound.

This bill is consistent with a key tenet in *Gaining the Competitive Edge: Keys to Economic Growth and Job Creation in Maryland*, a report published by the GBC that identifies eight core pillars for a competitive business environment and job growth:

Superior transportation infrastructure with reliable funding mechanisms. An essential prerequisite of a competitive business environment includes well-funded and maintained highway, transit, port, and airport infrastructure that provides reliable and efficient options to move people, goods and services.

Finally, House Bill 226 is consistent with the Greater Baltimore Committee's 2021 Legislative Priorities, which advocate for policymakers to implement a balanced transportation policy and funding priorities that create interconnected, multimodal transportation networks and promote equitable investment in systems across regions, modes, and communities.

For these reasons, the Greater Baltimore Committee urges a favorable report with amendments on House Bill 226.

The Greater Baltimore Committee (GBC) is a non-partisan, independent, regional business advocacy organization comprised of hundreds of businesses -- large, medium and small -- educational institutions, nonprofit organizations and foundations located in Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, and Howard counties as well as Baltimore City. The GBC is a 66-year-old, private-sector membership organization with a rich legacy of working with government to find solutions to problems that negatively affect our competitiveness and viability.

GREATER BALTIMORE COMMITTEE

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DelLewis HB226 Testimony&Hearing Packet.pdf

Uploaded by: Lewis, Delegate Robbyn

Position: FAV

ROBBYN LEWIS
Legislative District 46
Baltimore City

Health and Government Operations
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THE MARYLAND HOUSE OF DELEGATES
ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21401

Delegate Testimony in Support of HB 226

**Baltimore City – Complete Streets Program Funding – Traffic and Vehicle
Monitoring Systems**

1. Sponsor Testimony
2. HB226 Factsheet
3. Complete Streets Visual Aids
4. CPHA – City Council Passes Complete Streets and Affordable Housing Legislation (2018)
5. AARP Public Policy Institute – Planning Complete Streets for an Aging America Summary (2009)
6. ChangeLab Solutions – What are Complete Streets? A Fact Sheet for Advocates and Community Members (2010)
7. Mapping Baltimore City Crashes

ROBBYN LEWIS
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THE MARYLAND HOUSE OF DELEGATES
ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21401

Testimony in Support of House Bill 226

Baltimore City - Complete Streets Program Funding - Traffic and Vehicle Monitoring Systems

Dear Chairman Smith and Members of the Judicial Proceedings Committee:

HB226 is a bill to direct revenues from all automatic camera citations in Baltimore City to Baltimore Complete Streets for the purposes of increasing funding, strengthening equity and improving the quality of transit in Baltimore City.

This bill was introduced in the 2020 legislative session as HB107. The bill before you is in the same posture. It passed out of the House unanimously 132 - 0, and ran out of time in the Senate. This is a Baltimore City local bill, and has the support of the House Delegation as well as the Office of Mayor Brandon Scott and other groups. This bill has no fiscal note and no opposition.

A complete street is one that is comfortable, accessible and physically safe for every human being who uses it. Imagine an elder using a walker, a child walking to school, or a woman pushing a stroller and ask, what characteristics of place would serve their needs best? Broad sidewalks, protection from reckless speeding cars, raised crosswalks - those are examples of complete streets designs. This is an issue that's been near to my heart since 2011, when I served as a volunteer member of the Southeast Complete Streets Design Workgroup and helped create the first community plan.

The policy foundations for human-centered rights of way have been laid here in Maryland. In 2018, the General Assembly enacted the statewide Complete Streets Program, which established a matching grant within the Maryland Department of Transportation (MDOT) providing a minimum of \$1 million per year for local projects that promote complete streets. Baltimore City passed its own Complete Streets Ordinance later that year, committing itself to prioritizing pedestrians, bicyclists and transit users in planning and road design to increase quality of life and mobility in Baltimore City.

Since that time, the Baltimore City Department of Transportation (BCDOT) has issued a draft Complete Streets Design Manual, which, once finalized, will be used to build human-centered streets throughout our city.

Despite all of that, Maryland streets and roads remain dangerous by design: people moving around on foot or other non-car transit modes, are in more danger now than they were before we passed complete streets policies. Why? Because none of these life-saving principles have been implemented as they should for lack of funding. We have not created the complete streets that our policies have enabled. At the state level, the complete streets grant program has never been funded. And in Baltimore city, the first jurisdiction to enshrine such policies in law, we remain far behind our goal of creating pedestrian-safe, walkable streets that our residents have asked for.

HB226 fixes this problem. It helps fill the city's funding gap and makes it possible to achieve the equitable, public health benefits of complete streets.

A healthy, walkable and just city is possible. Funding to make our streets complete will make that vision possible. Thank you for your consideration.

I request a favorable report.



THE MARYLAND HOUSE OF DELEGATES ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21401

Baltimore City - Complete Streets Program Funding - Traffic and Vehicle Monitoring Systems HB226 - FAQ's

What does HB226 do?

- Requires that all net revenue collected by the city's automated camera monitoring systems (e.g. speed cameras, school bus cameras, red light cameras, overhead height monitoring cameras) be used to advance the purpose and goals of the Baltimore City Complete Streets Program
- Supports projects in Baltimore City that make our streets safer and more livable

Why is this Legislation Important for Baltimore?

- The Baltimore City Council passed the Complete Streets ordinance in 2018 and since formed a Complete Streets Advisory Committee to develop a Complete Streets Manual, propose complete streets projects and engage with community members across the city.
- Funding provided by HB226 will support the city's efforts to design complete streets that are:
 - **Equitable:** 33% of Baltimore residents—up to 80% of residents in communities of color - lack access to a car and rely on alternative methods of transit to move around
 - **Safe:** Baltimore City's streets are inhospitable, because they are designed for moving cars, and Baltimore's fatal, injury and property damage crash rates continue to increase.
 - **Cost Effective:** Bike and pedestrian projects are less expensive and have a higher return on investment than traditional road construction

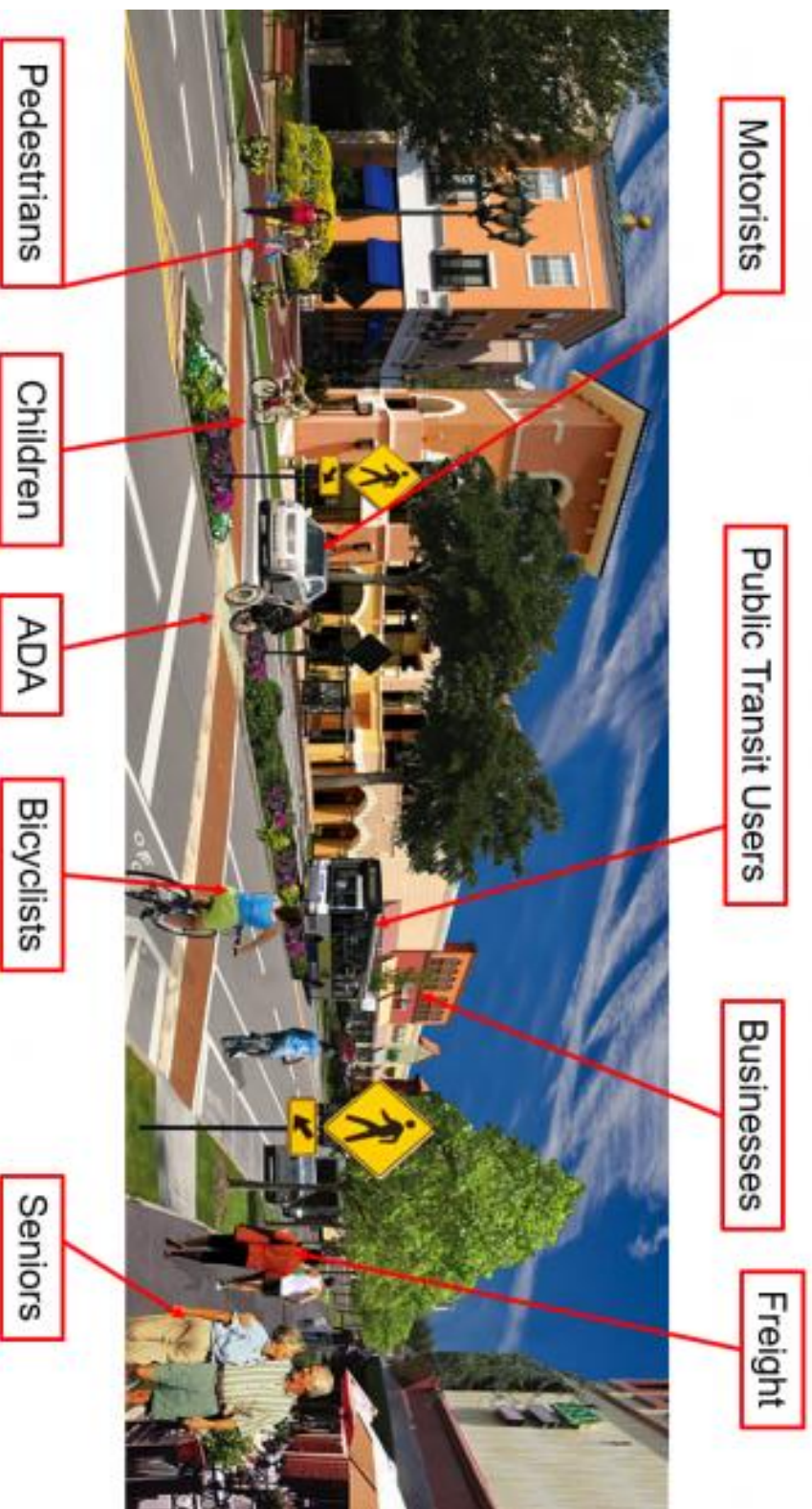
Where does Money from Automatic Cameras Currently Go?

- Revenue created by Baltimore City's automated camera monitoring systems currently goes into the city's general fund.

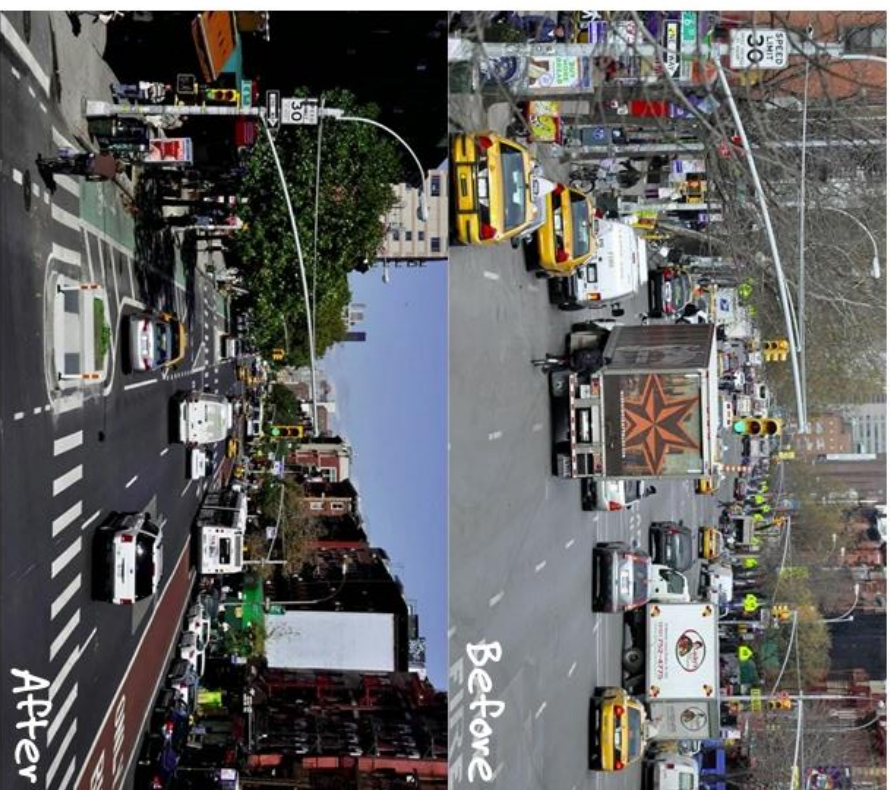
Did you Know?

- The General Assembly established the Complete Streets Program in 2018 to provide at least \$1 million in state funds each year for local projects that promote livable streets.
- Revenue collected under HB226 will supplement funds already allocated to the Complete Streets Program.
- Baltimore City already uses automatic cameras to enforce traffic safety laws. HB226 takes the revenue generated from these cameras to fund projects that protect people who are most impacted by unsafe drivers: city residents, public transit users, bikers and pedestrians.

Components of a Complete Street



NYC: Before and After Complete Streets

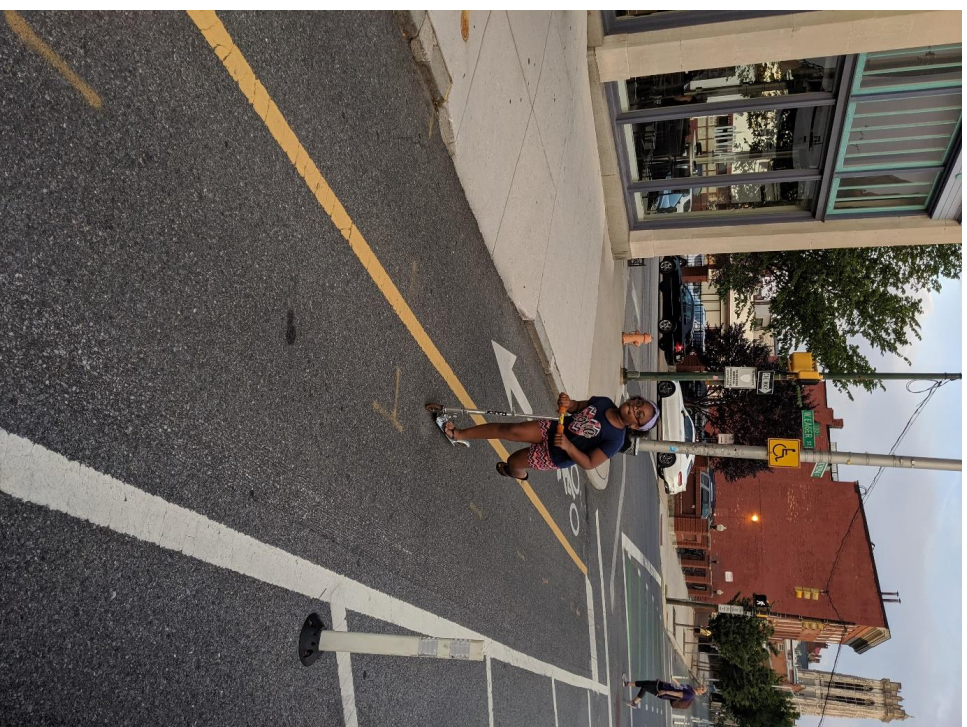


First Avenue Improvements, New York City

Examples of Dangerous Baltimore City Intersections



Baltimore City Complete Streets Improvements





City Council Passes Complete Streets and Affordable Housing Legislation

NOVEMBER 08, 2018Z

BY: GREGORY FRIEDMAN



We applaud the City Council for passing [two important bills](#) that will make our City more livable and affordable.

The first bill is [comprehensive complete streets legislation](#). The idea behind complete streets is that planners should design roadways for everyone that uses them. This includes transit vehicles, cyclists, and pedestrians. The bill just passed, mandates that the City Department of Transportation adopt guidelines that take into consideration the needs of those mentioned above. Cities across the country have passed similar bills.

But what makes Baltimore’s proposed Complete Streets policy truly unique is its [focus on racial equity](#). In a section of the bill titled “equity lens,” the Department of Transportation, when writing its annual report on the law must include data by population area such as census tract and also conduct separate reporting by race, income, and vehicle access. Additionally, the Director of Transportation is required to submit a report within 60 days of the ordinance’s passage that describes what methods of community engagement they will use to obtain public input. This must include ways of overcoming barriers to participation with regards to race, income, age, disability, English language proficiency, and vehicle ownership status.

The passage of the Complete Streets was supported by a broad and diverse [coalition of organizations](#) that included [AARP](#), [Transit Choices](#), [Central Maryland Transportation](#)

[Alliance](#), [No Boundaries Coalition](#), [Downtown Partnership of Baltimore](#), and many others. [Bikemore](#) and [Councilman Ryan Dorsey](#), in particular, are to be given credit for their leadership in developing the bill and ensuring its passage.

At the same session, the City Council passed legislation funding affordable housing. In 2016, City voters approved a charter amendment creating an [Affordable Housing Trust Fund](#) but did not include any money for it. The bill just passed provides a dedicated source of revenue for the fund through an increase in the City's transfer and recordation tax for properties assessed at over \$1 million. One way to use this funding could be through [Community Land Trusts](#).

This legislation does not include any improvements to the City's [failed inclusionary housing law](#) nor does it create a comprehensive plan for how to address the City massive affordable housing crisis.

Credit for this bill goes to the [United Workers](#), [Baltimore Housing Roundtable](#), and the [Public Justice Center](#).

Planning Complete Streets for an Aging America

America needs streets designed to be safe and convenient for travel by automobile, foot, bicycle and transit regardless of age or ability. As the nation ages, Complete Streets planning presents an opportunity to increase the safety and availability of older adults' travel options.

More than 80 states and localities have adopted Complete Streets policies. But, less than one-third of these explicitly address the needs of older road users. Road design consistent with a Complete Streets approach can help planners and engineers balance the sometimes conflicting needs of older drivers and pedestrians.

Safety on America's Streets is a Major Concern for Older Adults

In a poll conducted for this study, 40 percent of adults age 50 and older reported inadequate sidewalks in their neighborhoods. More sobering, nearly 50 percent reported they cannot cross main roads close to their home safely. Half of those who reported such problems said they would walk, bicycle, or take the bus more if these problems were fixed.¹

These concerns are borne out by statistics showing older adults are more likely to be victims in both motor vehicle and pedestrian fatalities.

Roads Built Today Need to Serve Tomorrow's Needs

By 2025, one in four U.S. drivers will be age 65 and older. Surveys show today's generation of older Americans drive farther and more often, but the aging process makes driving safely more difficult for some. At the same time, increasing frailty puts older road users at greater risk of serious injury and death. Proper road design can make roads

safer for users of all ages. Because of the time it takes to plan, design, fund, and build capital projects, communities need to begin retrofitting their infrastructure now to be ready for the age wave.

Do planners and engineers consider the needs of older road users?

Since the conclusion of World War II, transportation planning has emphasized vehicular mobility, often without attention to the needs of those traveling by foot, bicycle, or public transportation, or those experiencing reduced function due to age.

An online survey conducted for this study of more than 1,000 transportation planners and engineers revealed that nearly two-thirds have not yet begun considering the needs of older users in their multi-modal planning.

Complete Streets Help to "Right the Balance"

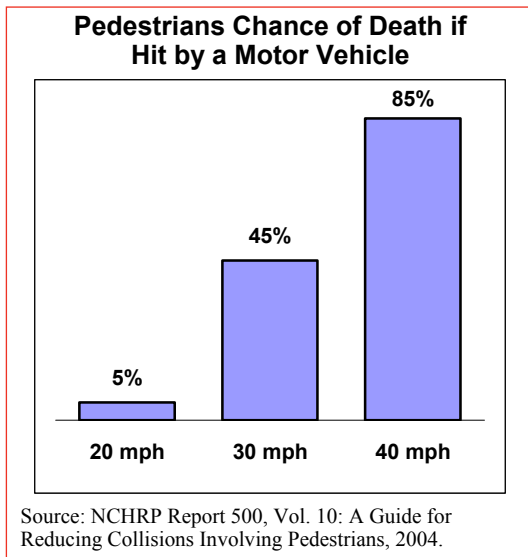
Complete Streets initiatives encourage local, regional, and state planning agencies to change policies and procedures so that non-auto forms of travel become a routine part of project development. Complete Streets can also address the needs of older drivers and pedestrians. Three basic planning and design principles can simplify the road environment and increase its safety for all users:

Slow Down

Reduce vehicle travel speeds in areas where vehicles and pedestrians interact and where older drivers and pedestrians need more time to make decisions and execute changes.

Speed matters. This is especially true at intersections where vehicles and pedestrians

¹ Laura Skufca. *Is the Cost of Gas Leading Americans to Use Alternative Transportation?* AARP Knowledge Management, August 2008.



interact and where older drivers need more time to react to traffic and execute turns. Half of all older driver deaths occur at intersections.² Roads can be engineered for slower speeds through changes to curb radii, lane widths, or replacement of typical intersections with roundabouts.

Make It Easy

Make the physical layout of transportation systems easy to navigate for older drivers and pedestrians who have lost some of their dexterity.

Intersections can be improved by providing travelers with a connected network of streets with lower-speed routes that are easier to maneuver. This type of network spreads traffic across many streets rather than channeling it on to just a few arteries. Protected left turn lanes with green arrows can cut left turn crashes in half.³ They should be used where pedestrians are present and in areas of high traffic volume.

Enjoy The View

Make it easy for older drivers and pedestrians to notice, read, understand, and respond to visual cues and information.

Design improvements can make roads easier to navigate, including: reduction in sign

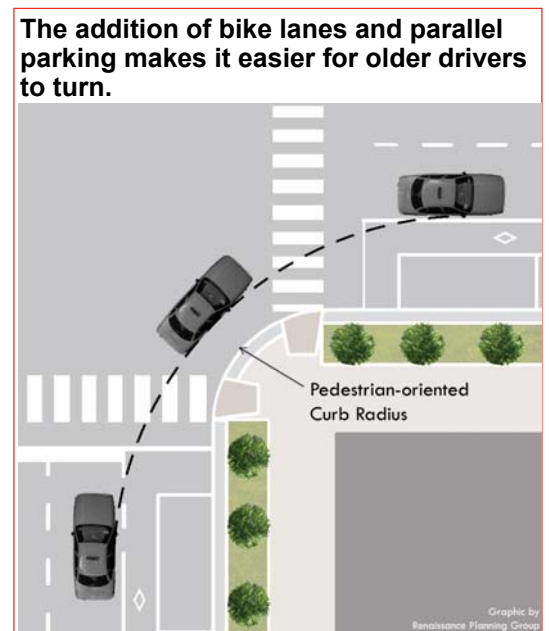
² TRIP, 2003

³ USDOT FHWA and ITE, *Toolbox of Countermeasures and Their Potential Effectiveness to Make Intersections Safer*, April 2004.

clutter; better placement of driveways and medians; use of larger sign fonts; reflective signs and pavement markings; and improvements to landscaping and lighting.

Balance Competing Needs

Application of these design principles often requires that engineers balance the competing needs of different road users. While older drivers benefit from a rounded curb, it increases turning speeds and pedestrian crossing distance. One way to address this is to provide bike lanes and parallel parking. This increases the effective turning radius without reducing the safety and comfort of pedestrians. The figure below provides an example of how road designers can balance the needs of older drivers and pedestrians using a Complete Streets approach.



In Brief 167, May 2009

This In Brief is a synopsis of the AARP Public Policy Institute Research Report of the same title, 2009-02, by Jana Lynott, et al., AARP Public Policy Institute, 601 E Street, NW, Washington, DC 20049 www.aarp.org/ppi. 202-434-3890, ppi@aarp.org © 2009, AARP. Reprinting with permission only.



Photos by Lydia Daniller

Complete streets allow people to get around safely on foot, bicycle, or public transportation. By providing safe and convenient travel for everyone—including children, families, older adults, and people with disabilities—complete streets not only help people stay active and healthy but also reduce traffic and pollution.

What Are Complete Streets? A Fact Sheet for Advocates and Community Members

Streets are key public spaces that often make up much of the land in a town or city. But across America, streets are frequently built for cars, with few features like sidewalks to make them safe and pleasant places to walk or bike. Conventional street design promotes traffic congestion, pollution, and collision injuries,^{1,2,3} and discourages physical activity.

Regular physical activity is critical to preventing obesity and its related illnesses, such as diabetes and heart disease. But American youth fail to get the recommended levels of daily exercise.^{4,5} Many schools have eliminated or reduced physical education, and in the last 30 years, the number of children walking or biking to school has dropped from 42 percent to a mere 16 percent. Young people living in low-income communities and youth of color get even less physical activity and have higher rates of obesity.⁶



**ChangeLab
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Law & policy innovation
for the common good.



NATIONAL POLICY & LEGAL ANALYSIS NETWORK
TO PREVENT CHILDHOOD OBESITY

Complete Streets Encourage Physical Activity

Research shows that the way streets, sidewalks, and transportation networks are designed affects the amount of regular physical activity that children and adults get.

Complete streets promote:

- **Lower obesity rates.** A study of Atlanta residents found that people who lived in the most walkable neighborhoods were 35 percent less likely to be obese than those living in the least walkable areas.⁷
- **Physical activity for children.** In a review of 33 studies, researchers found that sidewalks and destinations within walking distance were linked with greater physical activity among children, while traffic hazards and unsafe intersections were linked with lower levels of physical activity.⁸
- **Physical activity for teens.** A study of teenagers in San Diego found that for both Mexican American and white teens, those who lived in walkable neighborhoods were more physically active than those in less walkable neighborhoods.⁹
- **Active travel.** More children walk to school when there are sidewalks along main roads.¹⁰

Policies to Create Complete Streets

Local and state governments have the power to make communities healthier by implementing laws and policies that support complete streets. Complete streets policies change how streets are designed and built, so that residents of all ages and abilities can travel easily and safely along community streets, whether they are walking, biking, or riding the bus.

Each street doesn't require the same features to be safe for active travel. A low design speed may be enough to make some streets safe; other streets may require elements such as frequent crosswalks, accessible transit stops and pedestrian signals, median islands, sidewalks, and bicycle lanes. Because complete streets features are only required when streets are newly built or reconstructed, their cost is incorporated into budgeted transportation projects.

To date, more than 100 jurisdictions – state, local, and regional – have adopted complete streets policies. For example:

- In Columbia, Missouri, the city enacted an ordinance providing for new street design standards along with narrower streets, wider sidewalks, and bike lanes or wide shared-use travel lanes.¹¹
- Seattle's complete streets ordinance requires new transportation projects to accommodate all users.¹²
- A resolution by the South Carolina Department of Transportation affirmed that provisions for biking and walking should be a routine part of the department's planning and programming.¹³
- Oregon's "Bike Bill," enacted in 1971, requires local governments to include walkways and bikeways whenever a road, street, or highway is built or rebuilt.¹⁴

Complete streets policies provide the infrastructure to make streets more child-friendly and increase opportunities for children and families to lead more active lives. By implementing complete streets policies, communities can make it safer for residents to get regular exercise through daily activities.

For NPLAN's products on complete streets, visit www.nplan.org:

- Model Local Resolutions on Complete Streets - Introductory & Advanced
- Model State/Regional Resolutions on Complete Streets - Introductory & Advanced
- Model Local Ordinance on Complete Streets
- Model State Statute on Complete Streets
- Model Comprehensive Plan Language on Complete Streets
- Findings for Complete Streets Laws and Resolutions

The National Policy & Legal Analysis Network to Prevent Childhood Obesity (NPLAN) is a project of ChangeLab Solutions. ChangeLab Solutions is a nonprofit organization that provides legal information on matters relating to public health. The legal information in this document does not constitute legal advice or legal representation. For legal advice, readers should consult a lawyer in their state.

Support for this document was provided by a grant from the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation.

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¹ See *Complete Streets Improve Safety for Everyone*. Washington DC: The National Complete Streets Coalition. Available at: www.completestreets.org/webdocs/factsheets/cs-safety.pdf.

² See *Complete Streets Fight Climate Change!* Washington DC: The National Complete Streets Coalition. Available at: www.completestreets.org/webdocs/factsheets/cs-climate.pdf.

³ See *Costs of Complete Streets*. Washington DC: The National Complete Streets Coalition. Available at: www.completestreets.org/webdocs/factsheets/cs-costs.pdf.

⁴ Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. *Physical Activity for Everyone*. Atlanta: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2008. Available at: www.cdc.gov/physicalactivity/everyone/guidelines/children.html.

⁵ Levi J, Vinter S, Richardson L, et al. *F as in Fat: How Obesity Policies are Failing in America 2009*. Trust for America's Health, 2009, p 24. Available at: <http://healthyamericans.org/reports/obesity2009/Obesity2009Report.pdf>.

⁶ Kerr J. *Designing for Active Living Among Children*. Active Living Research. 2007.

⁷ Frank LD, Andresen MA, Schmid TL. Obesity relationships with Community design, physical activity, and time spent in cars. *American Journal of Preventative Medicine*, 27:87-96, 2004.

⁸ *The Surgeon General's call to action to prevent and decrease overweight and obesity*. Rockville, MD: US Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Office of the Surgeon General, 2001.

⁹ Kligerman M, Salis JF, Ryan S, et al. "Association of neighborhood design and recreation environment variables with physical activity and body mass index in adolescents." *American Journal of Health Promotion*, 21(4): 274-277, 2007.

¹⁰ Ewing R, Schroer W, and Greene W. "School Location and Student Travel: Analysis of Factors Affecting mode Choice." *Transportation Research Record: Journal of the Transportation Research Board*, 1895:55-63, 2004.

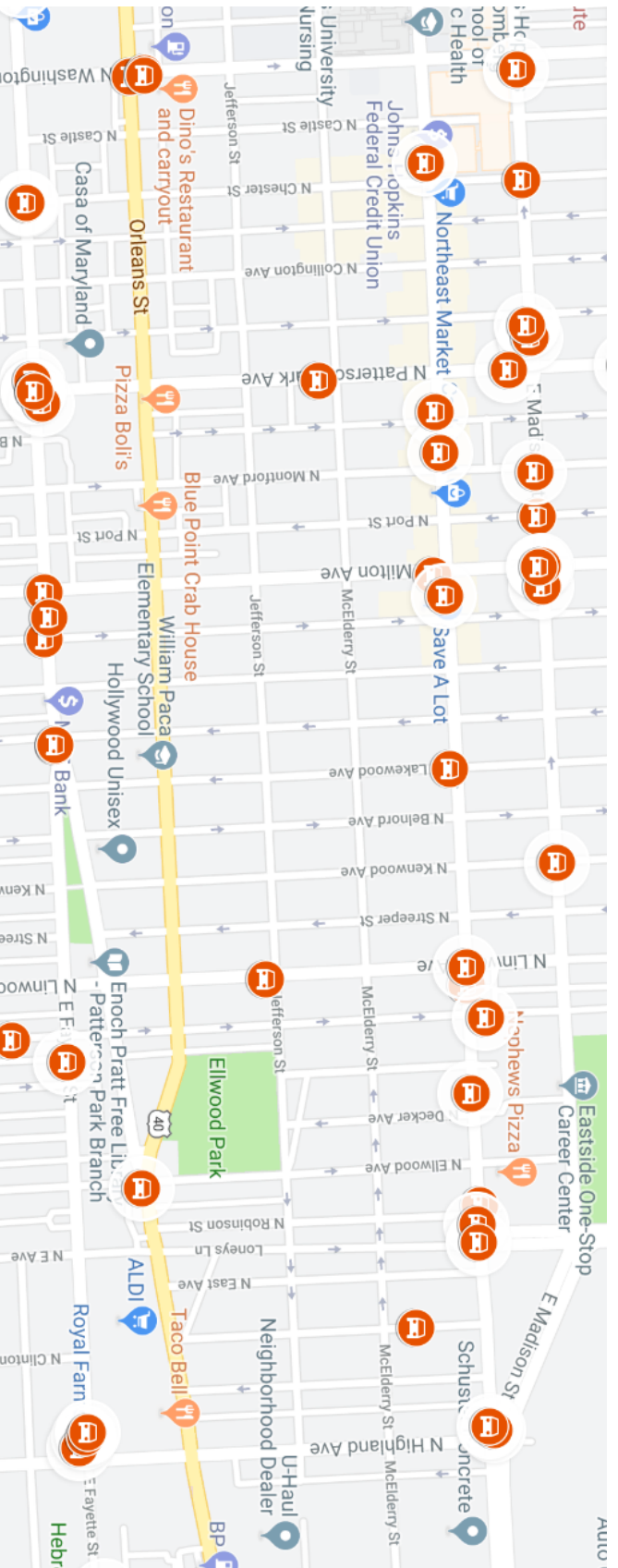
¹¹ Columbia, MO Code §105-247. Available at: www.gocolumbiamo.com/Council/Code_of_Ordinances_PDF/Street_Standards.

¹² Seattle, WA Ordinance No. 122386.

¹³ Available at: www.scdot.org/getting/pdfs/bike_resolution.pdf.

¹⁴ Oregon Rev. Stat. §366.514.

SITE BOUNDARY

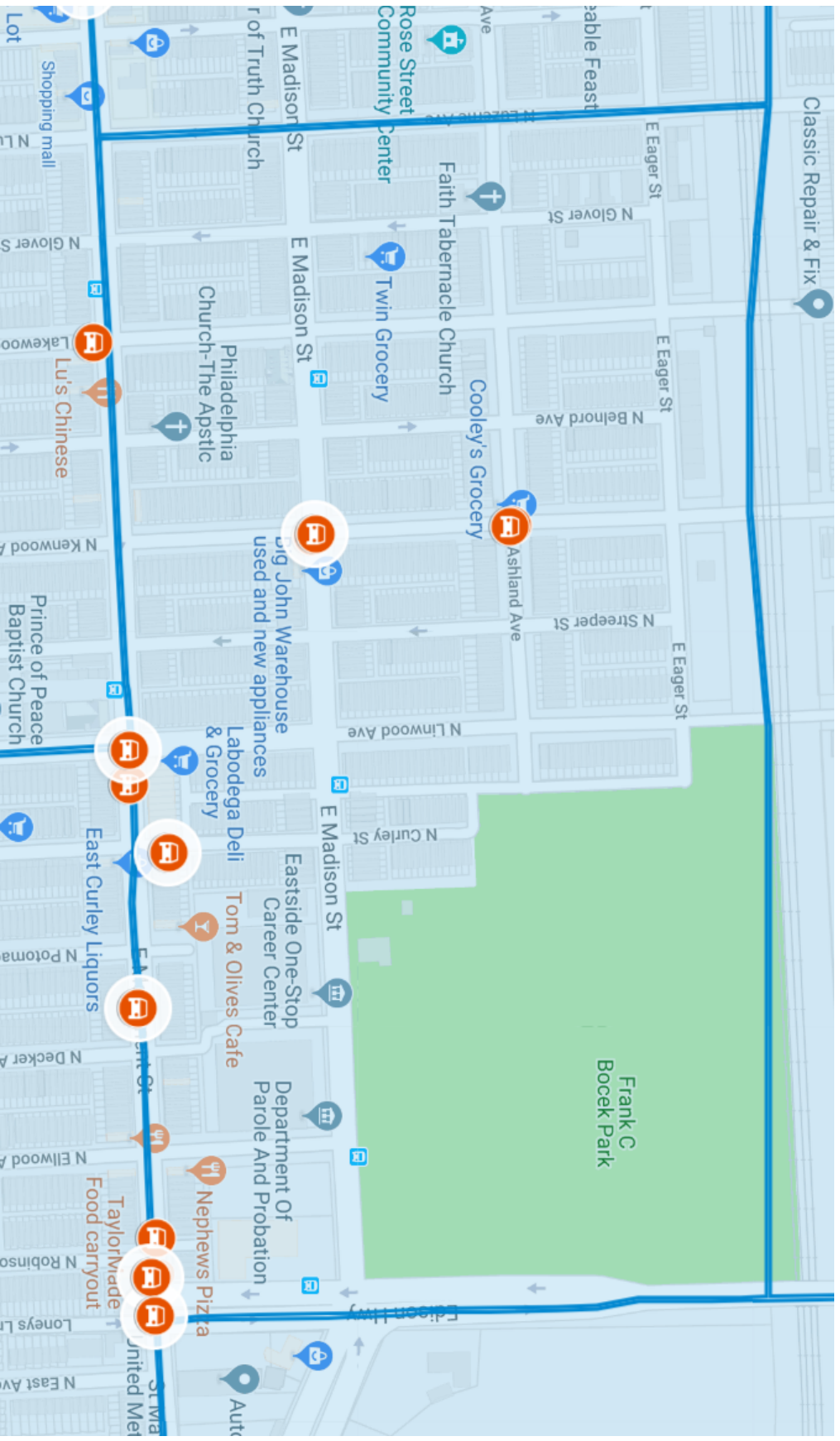


Note: Map does not include unreported crashes. The map creator makes no representation regarding the completeness, accuracy, or timeliness of any information and data in the map or that such information and data will be error-free.

Map Creator: Anikwenze Ogbue Created: October 2019

Sources: Maryland Statewide Vehicle Crashes, <https://data.maryland.gov/2017Q1-2018Q3>; Baltimore Community Statistical Areas <https://data.baltimorecty.gov/Neighborhoods/Community-Statistical-Area-KWZ/m5yw-hcms>

MADISON-EASTEND

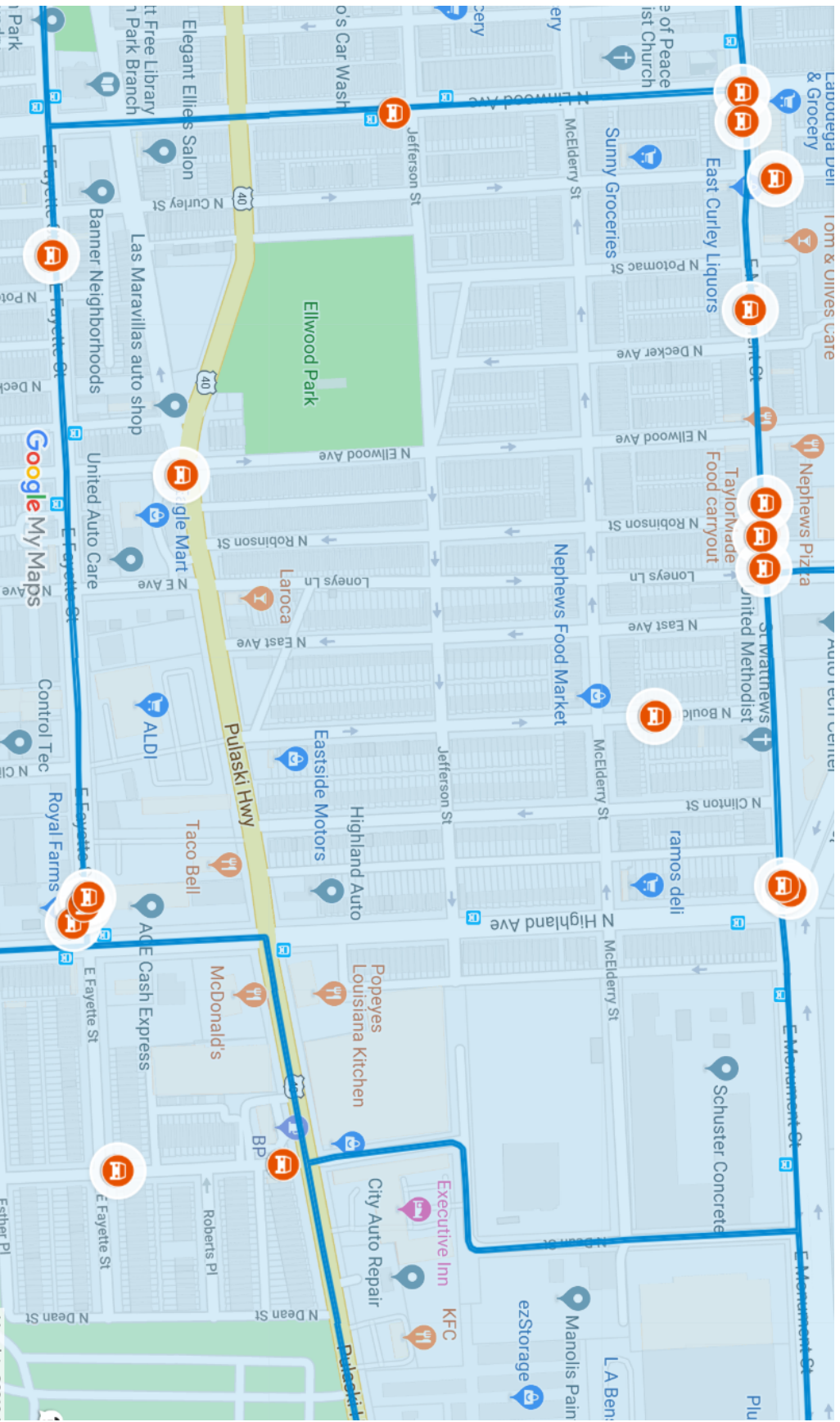


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ELLWOOD PARK

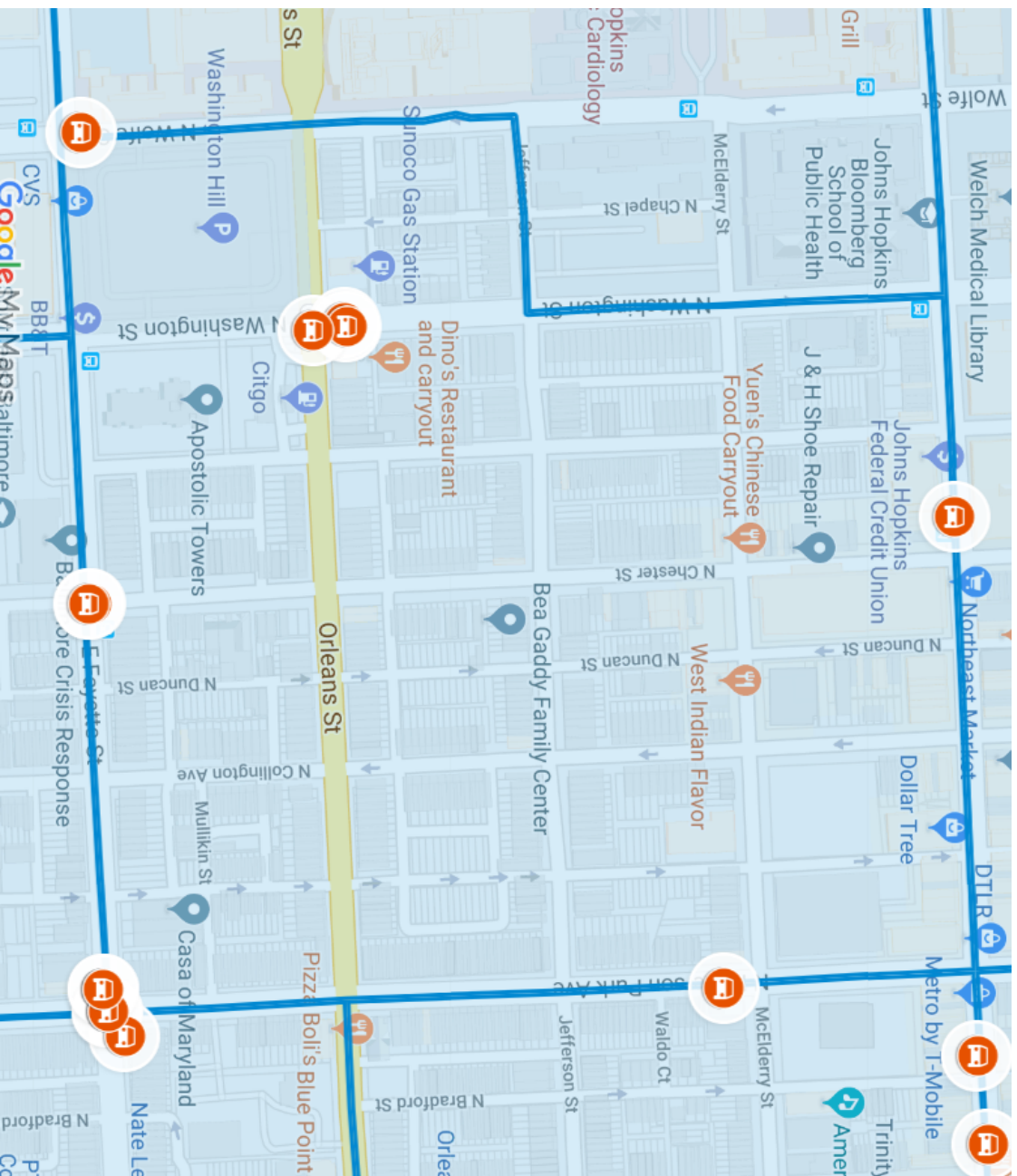


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CARE

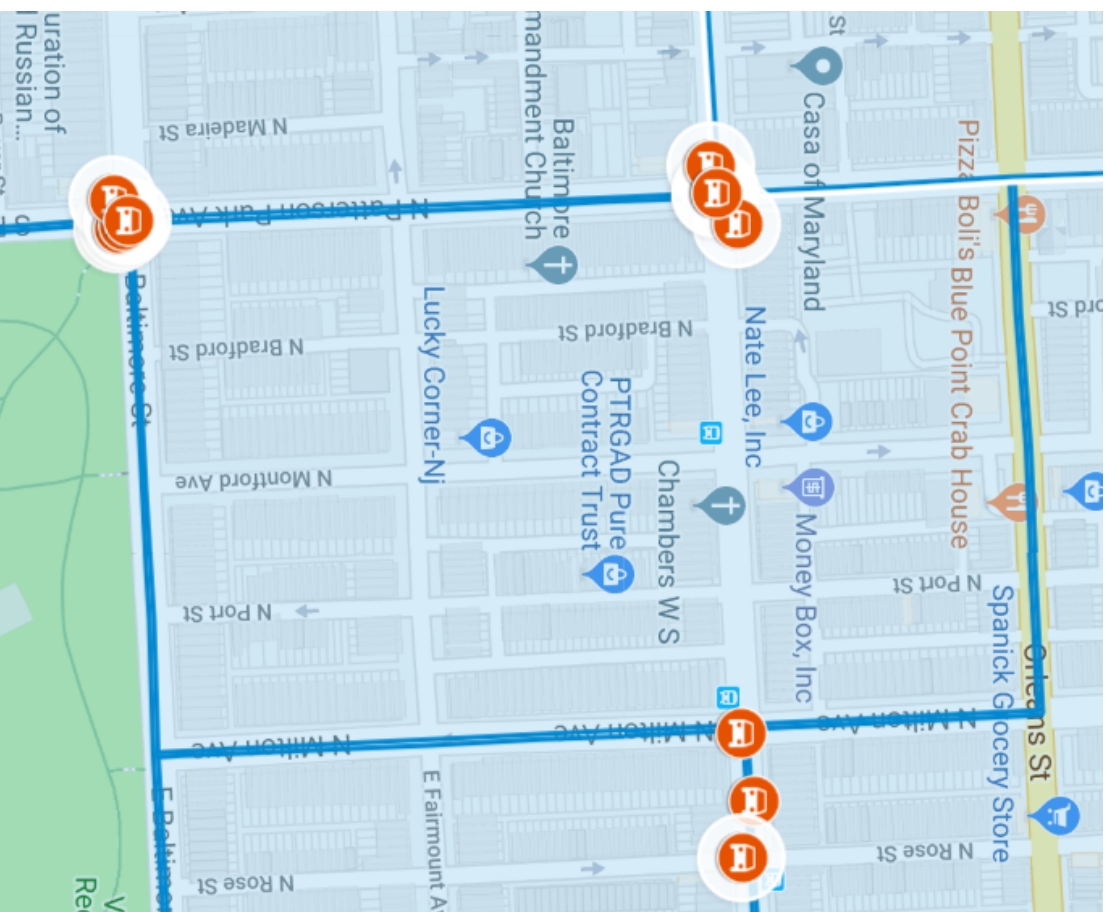


Note: Map does not include unreported crashes. The map creator makes no representation regarding the completeness, accuracy, or timeliness of any information and data in the map or that such information and data will be error-free.

Map Creator: Anikwenze Ogbue Created: October 2019

Sources: Maryland Statewide Vehicle Crashes, <https://data.maryland.gov/2017Q1-2018Q3>; Baltimore Community Statistical Areas <https://data.baltimorecity.gov/Neighborhoods/Community-Statistical-Area-KWZ/m5yw-hcns>

PATTERSON PLACE

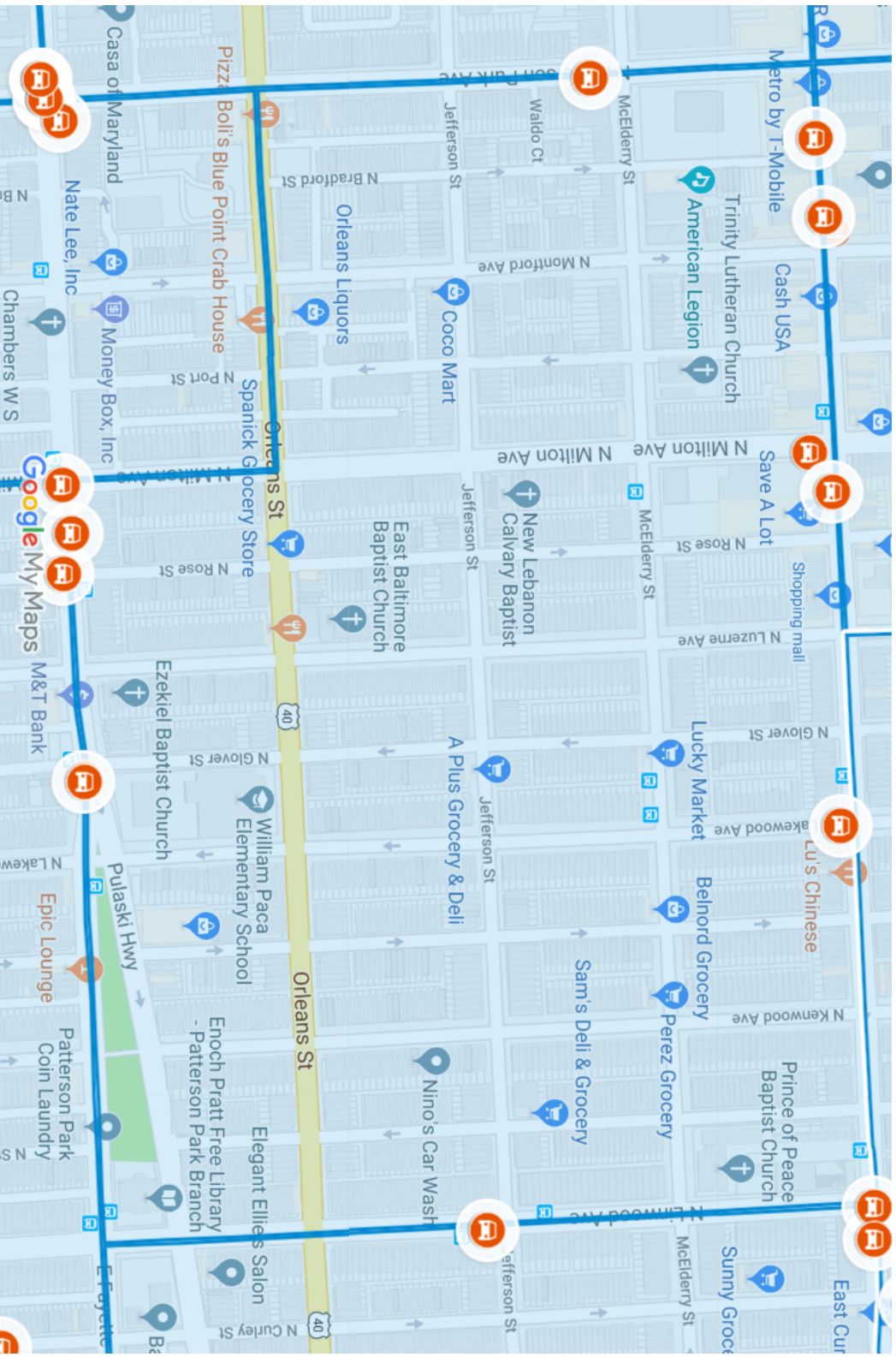


Note: Map does not include unreported crashes. The map creator makes no representation regarding the completeness, accuracy, or timeliness of any information and data in the map or that such information and data will be error-free.

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Sources: Maryland Statewide Vehicle Crashes, <https://data.maryland.gov/2017Q1-2018Q3; Baltimore Community Statistical Areas> <https://data.baltimorecity.gov/Neighborhoods/Community-Statistical-Area-KMZ/m5yw-hcns>

MCELDERRY PARK



Note: Map does not include unreported crashes. The map creator makes no representation regarding the completeness, accuracy, or timeliness of any information and data in the map or that such information and data will be error-free.

Map Creator: Anikwenz Ogbue Created: October 2019

Sources: Maryland Statewide Vehicle Crashes, <https://data.maryland.gov> 2017Q1 -2018Q3; Baltimore Community Statistical Areas <https://data.baltimorecity.gov/Neighborhoods/Community-Statistical-Area-KMZ/m5yw-hcms>

HB0226-JPR-FAV.pdf

Uploaded by: Mehu, Natasha

Position: FAV



BRANDON M. SCOTT
MAYOR

*Office of Government Relations
88 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401*

HB 226

April 1, 2021

TO: Members of the Senate Judicial Proceedings Committee

FROM: Natasha Mehu, Director of Government Relations

RE: House Bill 226 – Baltimore City – Complete Streets Program Funding – Traffic and Vehicle Monitoring Systems

POSITION: Support

Chair Smith, Vice Chair Waldstreicher, and Members of the Committee, please be advised that the Baltimore City Administration (BCA) **supports** House Bill (HB) 226.

HB 226 would require Baltimore City to spend revenues generated by traffic control, vehicle speed, school bus monitoring, and vehicle height monitoring camera systems on public safety and transportation purposes that are consistent with the State and local complete streets programs. The City would be permitted to first recoup the cost of installing and administering the camera systems.

In 2018, Baltimore City passed one of the most thorough and forward-looking complete streets ordinances in the country. All transportation projects undertaken by the City must be evaluated through a complete streets lens and give consideration to use by all types of road users – public transit, pedestrians, bicycles, and other transportation modes as well as cars. Earlier this month, the BCA released the City's Complete Streets Manual.

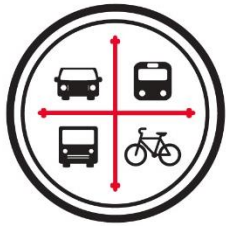
The BCA plans to invest millions into public education and public safety initiatives. We are sincerely grateful to the sponsor of the bill for her work last year on the amendments that advance the goal of building a world-class complete streets transportation network in Baltimore City while preserving the BCA's financial flexibility.

We respectfully request a **favorable** report on House Bill 226.

HB 226 Support_CMTA Bikemore_JPR.pdf

Uploaded by: Norton, Eric

Position: FAV



**Transportation
Alliance**



Bikemore

April 1, 2021

**Testimony on HB 226 –
Baltimore City – Complete Streets Program Funding –
Judicial Proceedings**

Position: Favorable

The Central Maryland Transportation Alliance and Bikemore support HB 226.

In Maryland pedestrians and bicyclists remain the most vulnerable people on the roadways. In 2018 even though traffic fatalities were down overall, pedestrian deaths were up 14 percent. In Maryland the vast majority of pedestrian fatalities occur in urban areas.

One way to make the roads safer for pedestrians and bicyclists is to enforce safe driving laws. Another is to design and operate streets to enable safe access for all users, including pedestrians, bicyclists, transit riders, and motorists. The latter approach, known as complete streets, requires redesigning streets that have been designed to optimize vehicular throughput, often at the expense of safe access for all users.

HB 226 establishes a clear nexus between fines for unsafe driving practices (such as running red lights or driving cars and trucks in lanes designated for other types of use) and funding the design and implementation of complete streets. As Maryland Department of Transportation officials have said, “all transportation fatalities are preventable.” HB 226 provides an opportunity to make roadways in one of Maryland’s most urban areas safer.

We encourage a favorable report.

HB 0226 - AIA MD Ltr of Support for Senate Hearing

Uploaded by: Parts, Chris

Position: FAV



AIA
Maryland

Promoting Maryland Architecture Since 1965

30 March 2021

The Honorable William C. Smith, Jr.
Chair, Judicial Proceedings Committee
2 East
Miller Senate Office Building
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Re: Letter of Support for HB 0226
Baltimore City - Complete Streets Program Funding - Traffic and Vehicle Monitoring Systems

Dear Chairman Smith:

On behalf of AIA Maryland and the nearly 2,000 Architects we represent, we fully support sustainable strategies in the built environment as we collectively work to lessen our impact on the natural world. AIA Maryland sees HB 0226 as an opportunity for improving the built environment in Baltimore City.

Streets are a vital part of livable, attractive communities. Every resident of this state deserves to have safe, comfortable, and convenient access to community destinations and public places—whether walking, driving, bicycling, or taking public transportation. In addition, streets are public spaces. They are extensions of our homes. Streets are where we meet our neighbors, go to work or shop.

Complete Streets is a transportation philosophy that calls for designing and building streets that are optimal for all road users regardless of age, ability, income, race, ethnicity, or chosen mode of travel.

Complete Streets policies generally support equitable urban transportation and development. A successful policy depends on the integration of complete streets with other policy reforms, including improved alternative transportation offerings, urban infill development, adaptive reuse, zoning reform, smart growth/transit-oriented development, and parking and transportation demand management.

A Complete Streets policy can also address stormwater management and urban heat island mitigation. Applied city-wide, landscaping elements that help curb stormwater runoff – bioswales, planters, rain gardens, and street trees – are mutually beneficial for mobility and ecology. Such green elements are increasingly found to be important deterrents of crashes and injuries, Traffic-calming elements like chicanes, islands, and curb extensions – all design options in creating Complete Streets – provide site opportunities for bioswales, street trees, and rain gardens.

As architects, we know the tremendous value and benefits of an integrated design process. By employing such an approach, a design can be cost effective, provide added value and avoid expensive changes after construction has finished. The Complete Streets approach integrates people and place in the planning, design, construction, operation, and maintenance of our transportation networks. This helps to ensure streets are safe for people of all ages and abilities, balance the needs of different modes of transportation, and support local land uses, economies, cultures, and natural environments. By looking at streets holistically, with a Complete Streets policy in place, there are many opportunities for benefits with no or minimal costs.

The American Institute of Architects

AIA Maryland
86 Maryland Avenue
Annapolis, MD 21401

T (410) 263 0916

www.aiamd.org

For these reasons, AIA Maryland supports the intent of HB 0226, establishing the Baltimore City Complete Streets Program Fund to provide a non-lapsing fund to be used only to advance the purpose and goals of the Complete Streets Program established under § 8-903 of the transportation article in Baltimore City. We are happy to provide testimony to describe the value of the Complete Streets program and how that benefits Baltimore City.

To access more information on Complete Streets, we suggest The National Complete Streets Coalition, which is part of Smart Growth America, 1152 15th St NW Suite 450 Washington, DC 20005 (202) 207-3355. The website is <https://smartgrowthamerica.org/program/national-complete-streets-coalition/> .

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'C. P.' with a long horizontal line extending to the right.

Chris Parts, AIA
Director, Past President

cc: Judicial Proceedings Committee
Jeff Waldstreicher, Vice Chair
Robert Cassilly
Michael A Jackson
Chris West

Jack Bailey
Shelly Hettleman
Susan C. Lee

Jill P. Carter
Michael J. Hough
Charles E. Sydnor, III

AIA Maryland Board of Directors

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2021_HB0226_Favorable_Richman.pdf

Uploaded by: Richman, Daniel

Position: FAV

Testimony in Support of HB 226: Baltimore City – Complete Streets Program Funding – Traffic and Vehicle Monitoring Systems

To: Chair Smith, Vice Chair Waldstreicher, and members of the Judicial Proceedings Committee
From: Daniel Richman

March 30, 2021

My name is Dan Richman. I am a resident of Baltimore, Maryland, legislative District 46. I am submitting this testimony in support of HB 226, Complete Streets Program funding from monitoring system revenues.

I was relieved that Baltimore adopted a Complete Streets ordinance a few years ago. I walk to work on Fayette or Orleans in East Baltimore, and it is challenging and scary because these streets and even the smaller ones that branch off them are car-centric to a ridiculous extreme.

This is true all over neighborhoods that are dense with homes, businesses, and restaurants. Neighborhoods around me in East Baltimore and all over Baltimore lose economic and cultural activity like stores, restaurants, and gathering space because the city and state are prioritizing the ability to drive cars through them or park in them rather than getting people around more efficiently than private cars and securing the space for economic and cultural activity.

To start fixing these problems the Complete Streets initiative needs more funding. Having fines from various types of traffic monitoring systems flow into projects that will help pedestrians and other non-car users of streets seems like a just way to use those fees.

I respectfully urge a favorable report for HB 226.