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217 E Redwood Street Suite 1300 Baltimore, MD 21202



7000 Tudsbury Road Windsor Mill, MD 21244 Senate Budget and Taxation Committee
SB093 – Tax Credits Employment of Individuals with Disabilities.
January 18, 2022
Position: Support

The Maryland Developmental Disabilities Coalition (DD Coalition) is comprised of five statewide organizations that are committed to improving the opportunities and outcomes for Marylanders with intellectual and developmental disabilities (IDD). As such, the DD Coalition supports SB 93.

Marylanders with disabilities and their families clearly express their desire for jobs in the community, earning living wages with benefits, and with opportunities for career advancement.

- While Maryland is above average compared to national data in the number of people it supports in integrated employment, there has been little growth in the past decade.
- According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the forth quarter of 2019, 19.2% of workers with a disability were employed compared to 66.6% of workers without a disability.¹
- As the economy recovered in 2021, the unemployment rates for people with and
 without disabilities declined from their highs in 2020. However, in the third quarter of
 2021, the unemployment rate for people with disabilities was more than twice that
 of people without disabilities: 10.6% compared to 4.9%.
- Data from the Developmental Disabilities Administration's collaboration with statedata.info from 2018ⁱⁱ indicates that employment was higher for people with any disability at 43% of the population in Maryland, compared to 78% of people with no disability employed, however only 32% of people with cognitive disabilities were employed. And only 30% of people with developmental disabilities who receive services were employed in their communities.ⁱⁱⁱ

Why SB 93 is important:

Simply, the tax credits provide a financial incentive for employers to hire people with disabilities. This makes sense for employers because they save money by hiring qualified, motivated candidates. The tax credit benefits the State because it provides one option to address the high unemployment of people with disabilities. Finally, the tax credits benefit people with disabilities because they earn money, receive benefits, become more independent, and are included in the community. The tax credit has not increased since 2015 when previous legislation passed in Maryland.

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¹ https://www.bls.gov/spotlight/2021/labor-market-characteristics-of-people-with-a-disability/home.htm

ii https://www.statedata.info/bbstates/Maryland.pdf

iii https://www.statedata.info/statepages/Maryland