



Committee: Education, Health & Environmental Affairs

Testimony on: SB321 - Environment-Synthetic Turf & Turf Infill-Chain of Custody

Organization: MLC Climate Justice Wing

Submitting: Diana Younts, Co-Chair

Position: Favorable

Hearing Date: February 2, 2022

Dear Mr. Chairman and Committee Members:

Thank you for allowing our testimony today in support of SB321. The MLC Climate Justice Wing, a statewide coalition of over 50 grassroots and professional organizations, urges you to vote favorably on SB321.

This bill would require manufacturers and owners of synthetic turf and turf infill to report chain of custody of the turf and infill for reuse, recycling, or final disposal. Currently there are no such regulations. Each turf field contains tens of thousands of pounds of chemical-laden plastic and hundreds of thousands of pounds of granulated infill (usually tire waste, or alternative infills, and silica sand). According to the Synthetic Turf Council, the industry's leading association, one thousand deconstructed fields per year in the U.S. represent 80 million square feet of turf carpet weighing 40 million pounds and 400 million pounds of infill.

Synthetic turf's typical lifespan is a period of 8-10 years. Used synthetic turf materials may be landfilled, incinerated, repurposed or dumped in communities which then must deal with the waste. The synthetic component materials that make up artificial turf carpet systems contain known aquatic and human toxins, heavy metals, carcinogens, and immune disruptors such as PFAS, or "forever chemicals."

Several Maryland municipal waste facilities do not accept synthetic turf which then leads to illegal dumping. Numerous examples of irresponsible disposal exist including dumped or stockpiled material in lower income communities, including a 2018 example where a turf field from Richard Montgomery High School in Montgomery County was dumped near the Bird River in Baltimore County.

The technology for recycling synthetic turf is not commercially available anywhere in the United States. The result is over 60 years worth of used synthetic turf fields piled up, and growing. Right now, municipalities and jurisdictions in Maryland as well as other

regions across the country where these plastic carpets are dumped are the same jurisdictions that are forced to deal with the environmental and physical mess as they have no way of knowing who dumped the used turf without a chain of custody tracking system, as proposed in SB321.

Stakeholders have the right to know what happens to materials and hold those responsible for the materials accountable through a documented chain of custody reporting. Transparency and accountability regarding synthetic turf disposal must be required.

We support this bill and recommend a **FAVORABLE** report in committee.