

Support of HB 556 - Queen Anne's County – Natural

Uploaded by: Colby Ferguson

Position: FAV



Maryland Farm Bureau, Inc.

3358 Davidsonville Road • Davidsonville, MD 21035 • (410) 922-3426

February 18, 2022

To: House Environment & Transportation Committee

From: Maryland Farm Bureau, Inc.

Re: Support of HB 556 – Queen Anne’s County – Natural Resources – Sunday Hunting

On behalf of our member families in Queen Anne’s County, I submit this written testimony in support of HB 556 legislation that would add Queen Annes County to a list of counties that allow a person to hunt any game bird or game mammal on a Sunday during the open season for that game bird or game mammal. Current counties that allow this are: Allegany, Cecil, Garrett, St. Mary’s and Washington.

Crop damage created by deer is nearly \$50 per acre today. These numbers are even higher in On the Eastern Shore. DNR reports show that more than 10% of the deer harvested this hunting season were done on Sundays. Allowing Queen Anne’s County to have these additional Sunday hunting dates will allow the hunters to help address the overpopulation of deer in Queen Anne’s County.

MDFB Policy: We support statewide Sunday hunting on private lands.

MARYLAND FARM BUREAU SUPPORTS HB 556 AND ENCOURAGES A FAVORABLE REPORT.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Colby Ferguson'.

Colby Ferguson
Director of Government Relations

For more information contact Colby Ferguson at (240) 578-0396

CSF Testimony-H. 556-Support.pdf

Uploaded by: Joseph Mullin

Position: FAV



To: House Environment and Transportation Committee
House Office Building
Room 251
Annapolis, MD 21401

Re: H. 556 – An Act Concerning Queen Anne’s County – Natural Resources – Sunday Hunting

Position: Support

Date: February 16, 2022

Honorable Members of the House Environment and Transportation Committee:

My name is Joseph Mullin, and I am the Assistant Manager, Northeastern States, for the Congressional Sportsmen’s Foundation (CSF). I respectfully urge you to support House Bill 556 (H. 556) – legislation that would expand the existing Sunday hunting authorizations on private property in Queen Anne’s County to all “game bird and game mammal seasons” on each Sunday. This bill would bring Queen Anne’s County in line with five other counties that allow for unabridged Sunday hunting opportunities on private lands. Limitations on Sunday hunting serve as hurdles for existing sportsmen and women and as a barrier to entry for those who are interested in learning to hunt. These constraints also curb potential economic benefits that the state would otherwise be earning. Nothing in this bill would eliminate or infringe on private property rights or force individual property owners to allow access to their lands on Sundays. Contrarily, this bill expands property rights by allowing landowners or their designees the opportunity to hunt on their own properties on Sundays in Queen Anne’s County should they wish to do so. With these considerations in mind, I urge the Committee to seek ways to increase access and opportunity for sportsman and women by lessening the restrictions on Sunday hunting on private land in Queen Anne’s County.

Since 1989, CSF has dedicated itself to the mission of working with Congress, governors, and state legislatures to protect and advance hunting, angling, recreational shooting and trapping. The unique and collective force of the Congressional Sportsmen's Caucus, the Governors Sportsmen's Caucus, and the National Assembly of Sportsmen's Caucuses, working closely with CSF, and with the support of major hunting, recreational fishing and shooting, and trapping organizations, serves as an unprecedented network of pro-sportsmen elected officials that advance the interests of

America's hunters and anglers.

Access is a major limiting factor hindering participation in hunting, and restrictions on Sunday hunting provide a temporal-access barrier to youth and others that work or attend school throughout the week and are often involved in extra-curricular activities on Saturdays. The hunting conservation community strongly supports measures that increase access and opportunity for sportsmen and women, and I encourage you to support H. 556 to afford families seven-day hunting opportunities on private land in Queen Anne's County during all game bird and game mammal seasons. Under the discretion of the Maryland Department of Natural Resources (DNR), this bill would significantly improve access and opportunity for hunters and would likely result in increased hunting participation. A lack of access is regularly cited as the number one reason (over which policy makers have any control) that lapsed hunters give when asked why they decided to stop hunting, and this bill poses to take another incremental step in the right direction.¹ As such, the overall increase in access that H. 556 would create has the potential to boost hunter participation – something that has been on a generally declining trend in Maryland for the past 30 years. In 1991, the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service reported a total of 157,356 certified paid license holders²; by 2020, that number had decreased to 119,202.³ Because the DNR relies heavily on funding generated by the sale of hunting licenses, the decline of hunters in Maryland poses a threat to the future ability of the DNR to effectively carry out its mission.

Sportsmen and women are the primary funders of state-level conservation efforts and are thus an important constituency that provides benefits for all residents of Maryland. In 2020 alone, Maryland's sportsmen and women generated over \$24 million for conservation through revenue derived from license sales and excise taxes on sporting-related goods in the unique “user pays – public benefits” structure known as the American System of Conservation Funding (ASCF). The funds collected through this program are the lifeblood of state fish and wildlife agencies (including the DNR) – the primary managers of our nation's fish and wildlife resources. These critical conservation dollars fund a variety of efforts including: enhanced fish and wildlife habitat and populations, recreational access to public and private lands, shooting ranges and boat access facilities, wetlands protection and its associated water filtration and flood retention functions, and improved soil and water conservation – all which benefit the public at large, not just sportsmen and women.

Expanding Sunday hunting opportunities would also significantly benefit Maryland's economy, particularly in rural areas, by increasing economic output and job creation. An additional day to hunt would mean more dollars spent by hunters in restaurants, gas stations and stores throughout the state. Maryland's sportsmen and women are a significant economic force – spending more than \$815 million, supporting more than 10,707 jobs, and generating \$84 million in state and local taxes.⁴ Creating additional opportunities will also encourage out-of-state hunting-related tourism and further bolster rural economies throughout the state.

¹ Duda, M. D., Jones, M. F., & Criscione, A. (2010). Page 207. *The Sportsman's Voice: Hunting and Fishing in America*. State College: Venture Publishing Inc. ISBN-10: 1-892132-90-7.

² *National Hunting License Report*. US Fish and Wildlife Service, 2003. Available online at: <https://www.fws.gov/wsfrprograms/subpages/licenseinfo/HuntingLicCertHistory.pdf>.

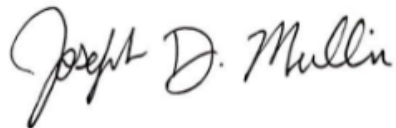
³ *National Hunting License Report*. US Fish and Wildlife Service, 2015. Available online at: <https://www.fws.gov/wsfrprograms/subpages/licenseinfo/Nat1%20Hunting%20License%20Report%202020.pdf>.

⁴ *Maryland's Sportsmen and Women*. Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation. Available online at:

The desire to remove and/or lessen Sunday hunting restrictions has been a growing theme across the nation. Most states with Sunday hunting restrictions have been actively working to lessen or eliminate said prohibitions over the past decade. These states include Connecticut, Delaware, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia – all of whom have made significant positive changes to their Sunday hunting laws, or (in the case of West Virginia) have eliminated all restrictions on hunting on Sundays. In all instances where restrictions have been lessened or eliminated states have not seen an increase in enforcement concerns or conflicts between user groups and there have not been any reported negative impacts on wildlife populations. Letters from several state fish and wildlife agencies detailing their positive experiences following these policy changes are attached for your consideration.

For the reasons stated above, I respectfully urge the members of the House Environment and Transportation Committee to support H. 556. Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this issue. Should you require any additional information on this, or any other sportsmen-related topic, please feel free to contact me at any time.

Sincerely,



Joseph Mullin
Assistant Manager, Northeastern States | Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation
110 North Carolina Ave., SE | Washington, DC 20003
Jmullin@congressionalsportsmen.org | 202-253-6883

Enclosed: Letter from the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection detailing its experiences following the passage of legislation to authorize Sunday hunting for deer on private lands.

Letter from the Delaware Division of Fish and Wildlife detailing its experiences following the passage of legislation to authorize deer hunting for five Sundays on private and public lands designated by government agencies.

Letter from the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries following the passage of legislation to authorize Sunday hunting on private lands throughout the state and on public waters for waterfowl.

<https://congressionalsportsmen.org/uploads/page/Maryland-Factsheet.pdf>.

May 16, 2016

Brent Miller
Northeast States Director
Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation
110 North Carolina Avenue, SE
Washington, DC 20003

Dear Mr. Miller:

In 2015, the Connecticut General Assembly adopted Public Act 15-204, An Act Authorizing Bow and Arrow Hunting on Certain Private Property on Sundays. By adoption, the array of legal forms of hunting was expanded to include archery hunting for white tailed deer on private lands in zone determined by the commissioner to be overpopulated, the taking of propagated birds on licensed private shooting preserves with the consent of the town in which the preserve is located, and takings in conjunction with regulated trapping.

Although limited in scope, authorizing archery deer hunting on private lands represents a significant expansion of hunting privileges in Connecticut. Whitetailed deer hunting is the most intensely pursued form of hunting with similar numbers of sportsmen engaged in archery as firearms deer hunting.

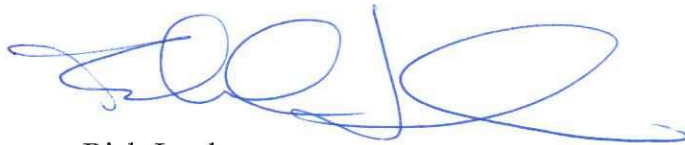
In 2011 we conducted a survey of licensed archers in an area of the state with particularly high deer densities. In that survey, hunters identified hunting on Sunday as one of the changes they believed would increase opportunity the most. In fact, ninety four percent of archers indicated they would hunt on Sundays if given the chance.

Since adoption of PA 15-204, we have enjoyed one season of expanded deer hunting. We did not change season lengths, bag limits, or any other rules relative to the taking of deer. We have continued to collect hunter activity and harvest data and the results are much as we anticipated. Although Saturday remained the most popular weekend-day for hunting activity during the fall archery season (September through December), effort was slightly higher on Sunday during the January season. Overall, harvest on weekends (Saturday and Sunday combined) was higher than, but not substantially different from, previous years when hunters only had access on Saturday. In short, harvest didn't increase substantially. Rather it spread out over the two days available.

As of this date there have been no reported shooting related injuries nor loss of property associated with archery deer hunting on private lands on Sunday, nor have we received substantial negative reaction from the non-hunting public. Rather, of the few negative comments received, the majority have come from hunters expressing angst that the two of the thirteen deer management zones that were not opened to Sunday archery deer hunting and should have been. NOTE: Those zones were determined to be at or near the target deer densities for the management zone.

In summary, adoption of Public Act 15-204, An Act Authorizing Bow and Arrow Hunting on Certain Private Property on Sundays has been an unqualified success. It has bolstered our ability to manage deer populations and created added opportunities for Connecticut sportsmen.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Rick Jacobson', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Rick Jacobson,
Director – Wildlife Division



STATE OF DELAWARE
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES &
ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL
DIVISION OF FISH & WILDLIFE
89 Kings Highway
Dover, DE 19901

**OFFICE OF THE
DIRECTOR**

**Phone: (302) 739-9910
Fax: (302) 739-6157**

March 8, 2017

Alana M. Barricks
Mid-Atlantic States Coordinator
Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation
110 North Carolina Avenue, SE
Washington, DC 20003

Dear Ms. Barricks:

The State of Delaware enacted legislation in 2016 authorizing deer hunting on five prescribed Sundays during established deer seasons on private lands and on those public lands so designated by government agencies. The Division of Fish & Wildlife worked closely with the Delaware Legislative Sportsmen's Caucus that initiated the legislation.

The Division coordinated with our wildlife advisory council and engaged the public to help determine which public wildlife areas would be open to Sunday deer hunting in consideration of balancing multiple uses of these areas. Approximately 80% of our public wildlife area acreage was open to Sunday deer hunting during the 2016/2017 hunting season, with no reported notable user conflicts on these public lands (or on private lands).

Sunday deer hunting provided additional hunting opportunities and another tool to sustainably manage Delaware's robust deer population. Statewide, 1,170 harvested deer were reported on the five Sundays, helping achieve a record reported deer harvest of 14,742 deer during the 2016/2017 hunting season.

Delaware's inaugural Sunday deer hunting was successful and we look forward to continuing to provide this value-added hunting opportunity for Delaware's hunters.

Sincerely,

David E. Saveikis
Director

*We Bring You Delaware's Great Outdoors
through Science and Service*



Molly J. Ward
Secretary of Natural Resources

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA
Department of Game and Inland Fisheries

Bob Duncan
Executive Director

April 15, 2016

Bee Frederick
Southeastern States Manager
Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation
624 S. Perry Street
Montgomery, AL 36104

Dear Mr. Frederick:

As you are aware, in 2014 the Virginia General Assembly passed Senate Bill 154 and House Bill 1237, which permitted Sunday hunting under certain circumstances. With a few exceptions, Sunday hunting is now permitted for waterfowl and is also allowed for other species by private landowners, their families, or anyone with written permission from the landowner. Hunting of deer or bear with dogs while using a weapon is not permitted on Sundays, and certain limitations pertaining to areas near places of worship and other restrictions were also included in the legislation.

You have inquired as to the results of the implementation of the new Sunday hunting allowances in Virginia, as we have now had it in place for nearly two years. I can report to you that hunting on Sundays has gone well statewide. The Department elected to largely leave hunting seasons in place as they existed previously, and simply allow Sunday hunting as directed by the legislation. Bag limits were likewise left in place as they existed before.

Sunday hunting has not had a detrimental impact upon our deer herd. So far, average deer harvests for Sundays more closely approximate the averages for weekdays, and are far less than Saturdays (approximately 50% of the average Saturday during both archery and muzzleloader seasons, and roughly 20% of the average Saturday during general firearms season). While some had feared that the addition of another day of hunting to the week could lead to an unacceptably high deer harvest, that has not been our experience. Turkey harvests on Sundays have also closely approximated weekday averages.

Another concern of some related to Sunday hunting had been whether it might pose an undue burden upon our law enforcement officers. Again, to date, those fears have not been realized. Similar to harvest statistics, the number of hunting-related calls to our law enforcement dispatch on Sunday's number similarly to the average weekday, increasing only a modest

Bee Frederick
Southeastern States Manager
Congressional Sportsmen's Foundation
April 15, 2016
Page 2

amount over the number of calls that were received on Sundays before hunting was allowed. Hunting-related arrests trend similarly.

In sum, I can say that Virginia's experience so far with Sunday hunting is that of additional opportunities for sportsmen and women in the field without unacceptable impacts upon our wildlife resources, notable increases in citizen complaints, or other serious law enforcement concerns. We look forward to the coming seasons and to our hunters continuing to have this additional day available to them.

Sincerely,



Robert W. Duncan
Executive Director

RWD/RJB

HB 556_mgoldstein_fav 2022.pdf

Uploaded by: Mathew Goldstein

Position: FAV



Secular Maryland

secularmaryland@tutanota.com

February 18, 2022

HB0556 - SUPPORT

Queen Anne's County – Natural Resources – Sunday Hunting

Dear Chair Barve, Vice-Chair Stein, and Members of the Environment and Transportation Committee,

Maryland bans, or otherwise limits, the sale of automobiles and other vehicles (Business Regulation Code Ann. §18–101), and the sale of alcohol (Alcoholic Beverages Code Ann. §11–102), on Sundays. Financial institutions must be closed on Sunday (Financial Institutions Code Ann. §5–704). Maryland is one of eleven states where hunting is still banned or otherwise restricted on Sunday (Natural Resources Code Ann. §10-410). Counties (and Baltimore) have requested, and usually obtained, a variety of exemptions from some of these Sunday activity restrictions from the General Assembly. Secular Maryland supports these requests to reduce or eliminate Sunday activity restrictions. We disagree with the state level Sunday activity restrictions.

Sunday is a special day of the week for many Christians. For other citizens the day of rest and worship may be Friday or Saturday, and for some citizens there is no god to worship or no fixed day of rest each week. Maryland law can be, and should be, more accommodating to this diversity of belief among its citizens. Legally banning business and leisure activity on Sundays favors a majority religious practice. Favoring a majority religious practice is not a proper goal of the laws. To the fullest extent feasible, our laws should accommodate minority religious practices along with non-religious and anti-religion beliefs.

The decisions regarding which day to hunt, to buy or sell alcohol, to buy or sell vehicles, to initiate and process financial transactions, etc., are best left to the citizens. State lawmakers can require one day off every week without specifying a particular day of the week by delegating that decision to the affected businesses. Hunting restrictions to accommodate horseback riding, hiking, and the like during the hunting season can be defined for particular hours throughout the week or rotated to different days for each week of the month instead of being on every Sunday.

Respectfully,

Mathew Goldstein
3838 Early Glow Ln
Bowie, MD

HB556- Sunday Hunting - LOS.pdf

Uploaded by: Kaleigh Leager

Position: FWA



House Bill 556

Queen Anne's County – Natural Resources – Sunday Hunting

Position: **SUPPORT**

Date: February 9, 2022

To: Environment and Transportation Committee

The Caroline County Commissioners **SUPPORT** HB 556, Queen Anne's County – Natural Resources – Sunday Hunting with the amendment submitted by Delegate Arentz to add Caroline County to this legislation. This legislation will permit the hunting of game birds (excluding migratory game birds) and game mammals on every Sunday of the mentioned seasons on private land only.

Caroline County and Queen Anne's County are rural, agricultural counties. As such, crop damage caused by deer is a serious economic problem. The U.S. Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service has found that deer cause the majority of wildlife crop damage, which results in millions of dollars of loss to farmers each year. Most of our farms are small, family-owned business and given the slim profit margins on agriculture, deer represent for a serious threat to financial security.

Furthermore, given the high whitetail deer population in rural areas, they also account for many automobile accidents each year. These accidents typically cause substantial vehicle damage and often injury to drivers and passengers. According to data from State Farm, there are more than 30,000 deer related collisions each year in Maryland. The average cost of repairs per collision is approximately \$4,000. This is a substantial sum of money in a poor countylike Caroline.

Expanded Sunday hunting would not just create cost avoidance, but also provide opportunities for small businesses focused on selling hunting gear or providing lodging for hunting trips to increase their revenue. Due to work schedules, it is often difficult for people to hunt except on weekends. By doubling the number of weekend hunting days, this legislation would greatly enhance the ability of these small businesses to generate revenue.

Finally, with such a large deer population, there is very little risk of over-hunting. Most farmers in Caroline and Queen Anne's County are truly hunting to protect their crops and to feed their families. Hunted venison is a high protein, low fat meat that has substantial nutritional value and is produced with little to no energy or environmental impact. In addition to venison, game birds and other small game mammals provide a similar source of nutritional value for individuals and families with a little to no environmental impact. By expanding hunting opportunities, the legislation would allow farmers and citizens to feed their families at a lower cost.

Additionally, farmers in Caroline County and Queen Anne's County donate a substantial amount of processed meat that they do not need to local food banks. Fresh, high-quality protein is expensive to purchase, so donated venison provides local food banks with a much-needed resource to help feed our most vulnerable residents.

This bill is a positive measure that will assist farms and other small businesses, while also providing greater access to a healthy and environmentally friendly food source. The Caroline County Commissioners respectfully request that the Committee issue a favorable report on HB 556 with the proposed amendment submitted by Delegate Arentz.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Larry Porter". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "L" and "P".

Larry Porter
President
Caroline County Commissioners

hunting accident report 2007-2021.pages.pdf

Uploaded by: Jane Seigler

Position: UNF

Excerpts from 15 years of DNR's Annual Hunting Accident Reports

<https://dnr.maryland.gov/nrp/pages/hunting-incident-reports.aspx>

2021

— A 58-year old Washington County Deer Hunter (Firearms Season) was actively hunting in a wooded area when they were struck in the thigh with a round from another firearm. NRP investigation revealed that the victim was shot in the thigh by a 10-year old relative in their hunting party who had mistaken the victim for game. Victim was transported to the hospital for non-life threatening injuries. No charges were filed against the shooter.

2020

--- A Frederick County resident observed damage to the exterior of their residence, which was consistent with that of pellet strikes from a shotgun. While investigating officers located no hunting activity in the area, the incident did occur during the end of spring turkey season. No further suspect / hunter information was developed throughout the investigation.

— A Kent County resident observed damage to their vehicle's windshield, which was consistent with that of pellet strikes from a shotgun. Nearby waterfowl hunters were interviewed and denied any involvement, which was confirmed through an on-scene investigation. The area in question is known for waterfowl hunting and there were reports of numerous shots leading up to the incident. No further suspect / hunter information was developed throughout the investigation.

— A Kent County waterfowl hunter, returning from a hunt, observed damage to their parked vehicle's tailgate, which consisted of a rifle round lodged into the plastic molding of said tailgate. Nearby waterfowl hunters were interviewed and denied any involvement, which was confirmed through an on-scene investigation. The area in question is known for waterfowl hunting. No further suspect / hunter information was developed throughout the investigation.

— A 17 year-old Wicomico County Waterfowl Hunter was underway in a vessel with other hunters when they were struck with shotgun pellets. Investigation revealed that other members of the victim's hunting party were on shore and approximately 50-60 yards away when a 20 year-old fired a shot towards the victim's vessel in an alleged attempt to scare him and his hunting party. The victim sustained non-life threatening injuries. Natural resources / criminal charges were filed against the shooter in this incident.

— A 14 year-old Somerset County Turkey Hunter (Firearms - Junior Hunt Days) was on foot and stalking turkeys with other juvenile hunters and under adult supervision. As the juveniles were walking 50-70 yards apart, under thick tree cover and out of sight from one another, a 14-year old shooter observed a turkey and fired their shotgun twice at said game. As a result, shotgun pellets ultimately struck the victim. The shooter was not aware that the victim was in the background. The victim sustained non-life threatening injuries.

2019

---- A 61-year-old Washington County Woodchuck Hunter was shooting from the front of their residence off a picnic table for support when one shot went errant and struck a person fishing at an adjacent pond, grazing

their shoulder. The victim was approximately two tenths of a mile away obscured by heavy brush and tree cover. Rimfire .22 long rifle ammunition from a rifle was the implement used.

--- An unknown Washington County Deer Hunter (Archery season) shot a crossbow bolt through a Honda SUV while it was parked in the victims driveway. Apparently the shot took place after sunset the evening before the damage was observed. Deer frequent the lawn of this residence and other residences within the neighborhood most evenings. No suspect(s) were observed at the time of the damage.

---- A Montgomery County residence received a broken window caused by a stray bullet fired from a rifle. The projectile was recovered on scene lodged in between two plates of glass. No suspects at the time of the shooting but several shots were reported just before the window received damage.

2018

No relevant reports

2017

--- A 26 year old Talbot County deer hunter (firearms season) shot at two deer with 12 gauge shotgun slugs. The first deer was struck and ran 40 yards before collapsing, the second deer was shot at but the first slug went over its back, the second shot dropped the deer in the location where it was standing. Apparently the slug that missed struck an occupied residence just to one side of the front door. Upon a 911 call a sheriff's department deputy had searched and located the lone hunter. After an investigation by NRP the hunter was charged with negligent hunting and discharging a firearm within the safety zone. Property damage only

--- An unknown Carroll County deer hunter (firearms season) sent a 7mm projectile through the side of a residence, through the bedroom wall, through a wooden dresser, then through a closet wall before coming to rest in a pile of towels in the closet. Two people were in the bedroom at the time but neither was injured. A search of nearby farms was unsuccessful in locating any hunter(s). Property damage only

--- A 52 year old Cecil County deer hunter (late firearms season) took two shots at a deer with a 30/30 rifle toward the direction of a neighboring farm. One of the shots (both of which missed the deer) struck a dining room window of the adjacent residence and stopped, being found on the windowsill. During the investigation it was determined that the round that struck the window had ricocheted off of the ground. The distance from the shooter to the house was 398 yards.

(DNR's on-line annual report for 2017 is identical to DNR'S 2016's report – the 2016 appears to be missing)

2015

--- A 16 year old Allegany County turkey hunter fired two (2) shots from a 12 gauge shotgun at what they believed to be the white head of a spring gobbler. The shot traveled approximately 53 yards and struck a 70 year old camouflaged turkey hunter in the face. This hunter had walked into the woods, sat down and was listening for turkey's completely camouflaged except for the side of his face which is what the shooter was observing and mistook for a turkey. Non-Fatal

2014

--- A 50 year old Carroll County Fox Hunter sent a 6mm rifle round through a patio glass door. The round went through a vinyl garden hose and a plastic lawn chair before going through the door and striking a kitchen chair. The homeowner was the only occupant in the residence at the time and they were in bed sleeping.

--- A 52 year old Kent County Turkey Hunter (Spring Season) took two shots at a gobbler out in an open field. The second shot was at the bird while in flight. One pellet struck the storm door of an adjacent house causing the glass to shatter. The homeowner was present in the home at the time.

2013

--- A 47 year old Calvert County rabbit hunter received a gunshot (shotgun) wound to his body/thigh/head when he was shot by a 15 year old hunting partner. A party of 4 was hunting with the aid of a dog when a rabbit ran between the men who were approximately 40 yards apart. The shooter stated that he could not see the other hunter when he shot at the rabbit

--- A 52 year old Charles County deer hunter shot his 22 year old son with a rifle across an open field. The shooter and the victim had been hunting together and at dusk the shooter fired out at movement in the field which he mistook for a deer. was walking through the field prior to ending the hunt and returning to the vehicles.

--- A 28 year old Charles County deer hunter while hunting within the safety zone ---discharged his shotgun resulting in the rifled slug passing through a window of the residence striking a chandelier in the dining room and becoming embedded in a wall. Thankfully the residence was vacant at the time of the incident.

--- A rifle round was recovered from a Frederick County home during the second day of the extended fire arms deer season. The round went through the wall of the home and struck a sliding glass door causing it to shatter. The round was recovered at the scene by the sheriff's department. The nearest wooded area was over 400 yards away. Property Damage Only

--- A rifle round was recovered from a "second" Frederick County home during the extended firearms deer season. The round entered through the front wall of the residence blew out the drywall in the living room at which time the bullet came to rest on the floor and was recovered by the homeowner. The bullet was a full metal jacket round (illegal to use on big game)

2012

--- A 62 year old Harford County landowner was struck by a random shot on their property. Upon investigation it was determined the landowner had been hearing a volley of shots repeatedly behind her home. As she and her husband went outside to investigate, a piece of shot struck her in the left forearm. Law enforcement responded and never found hunters in the area. The landowners advised no one had permission to be there, therefore trespassers were suspected to be the shooters. No suspects were located nor arrests made. The victim suffered a very minor wound to her forearm. Non Fatal.

--- A home in Dorchester County was struck by a projectile: Upon investigation it was determined the homeowner heard shots and found a French door in the back of their home was shattered due a projectile striking the lower left hand pane. The area behind the home is a public hunting area. No suspects were ever located. It was also never determined hunters caused this situation.

2011

--- A 41 year old Carroll County woman was struck in the right leg by a stray projectile while she was in her back yard. Upon investigation it was determined two individuals were plinking and shooting at squirrels & birds with a .22 cal. rifle in a wooded area behind her residence. Due to an unsafe backstop, it was determined their projectile traveled approximately .26 miles to the victim's property causing the leg injury. Squirrel season was closed at the time of this incident. Charges pending. Non fatal.

--- A 57 year old Dorchester County deer hunter shot his 57 year old hunting companion who he had mistaken for a deer: Upon investigation it was determined the shooter and victim had split up to hunt deer. Both hunters were wearing fluorescent orange when they departed each others company. The shooter had gone approximately 95 yards to his stand, climbed into it and began to hunt deer. The shooter observed a dark movement coming towards his location. The shooter was using a .30-06 scoped rifle. The shooter advised he determined he was shooting at a deer by looking through his scope, and shot at center mass.

--- A 48 year old Caroline County deer hunter shot his 46 year old hunting companion that he had mistaken for a deer: Upon investigation it was determined the shooter heard a disturbance of brush and saw movement, thinking it was a deer. The shooter fired a crossbow bolt at the movement at a distance of 62 yards, striking the victim in his left tibia. The time of the incident was four minutes after legal shooting hours. The shooter was charged with Negligent Hunting. Non Fatal.

--- A 16 year old Dorchester County deer hunter shot his 19 year old hunting companion while shooting at a running deer: Upon investigation 8 hunters had organized a deer drive in a marshy dense wooded area. 5 hunters were pushing deer while 3 were standers. As a deer passed between two standers, the shooter shot at a running deer, striking his hunting companion in both femurs with a .12 ga. shotgun using #4 buckshot at a distance of 60 yards. The shooter advised he never saw the victim. Both hunters were wearing daylight fluorescent orange. Non Fatal.

--- A 56 year old Dorchester County turkey hunter shot his 36 year old hunting companion, mistaking him for game: Upon investigation it was determined the two hunters entered their hunting area and posted three turkey decoys in an open field. They then split up to hunt the area and the shooter advised he did not see which direction the victim went. After a period of time the shooter saw three turkeys to the right of the decoys 40 yards away. The shooter advised he could not see the birds at all times. After an hour he called his companion on a cell phone to ask him if he saw the birds. Immediately after their conversation, the shooter saw a movement then shot. He had shot his hunting companion. The movement he saw was the victim putting his cell phone away. The victim was shot at a distance of 38 yards. The victim received 24 #4 shotgun pellets which were fired from the shooters 12 .ga shotgun. The victim was struck in the right side of his body receiving wounds in his head, neck, shoulder, torso, calf, knee, and ankle. The shooter was charged with Negligent Hunting. Non Fatal.

--- A 13 year old Dorchester County deer hunter, while shooting at a deer, struck a home in the background: Upon investigation the shooter discharged a .45 cal. muzzleloader at a deer 6 minutes after legal shooting hours. The projectile, missing the deer, traveled 242 yards striking a house 48 inches from the ground. As the projectile entered the house, it penetrated exterior and interior walls and lodged in a recliner. A resident in the home was sitting in the chair at the time and received a redmark on their shoulder where the projectile stopped on impact. Non Fatal

2010

--- During the 2010 Firearm Deer Season, residents of a home located in the area of Walkersville (Frederick County), reported their house had been struck by a projectile: Upon investigation it was determined the home had been struck by a projectile doing damage to the exterior & interior walls. Interviews were conducted with seven hunters who were in the vicinity of the area the day before hunting deer as regarding their actions that

day. It was never determined who may have been the shooter, but one scenario did reveal a hunter had fired a .30.30 rifle at a deer pointed in the direction that the home approximately 3,940 feet away. No evidence was found to support charges. Non Fatal.

--- A 45 year old Frederick County deer hunter, while shooting at a deer, struck a home in the background: Upon investigation the shooter had discharged a .12 gauge shotgun using slugs at a herd of deer. The gun jammed, the shooter cleared the gun, turned and shot at another deer in the direction of the home. The shooter advised he had become disoriented as to the direction he was shooting. The slug entered the home at a distance of 114 yards, traveled through the exterior and two interior walls, through two rooms, and into appliances and home furnishings. No one was in the home at the time of the incident. The shooter was charged with Negligent Hunting and Hunting within 150 yards of a dwelling (Safety Zone). Non Fatal.

--- A 53 year old Howard County deer hunter was shot by his 36 year old hunting companion. The shooter shot at a standing deer with a .12 gauge slug in an open field at approximately 243 yards. The bullet missed the deer, striking the victim sitting in a wooden ground blind at the opposite end of the field. The victim received injuries to his right arm and hand. Non Fatal. Charges pending an investigation

--- A 46 year old Queen Anne's County deer hunting was shot by his 25 year old hunting companion. With both subjects participating in a deer drive, the shooter shot at a running deer twice with a .20 gauge shotgun slug. A slug traveled 70 yards, striking the victim positioned at the opposite end of the field in the left leg. Non Fatal. Negligent Hunting charges pending.

--- A 55 year old Dorchester County rabbit hunter was shot by his 55 year old hunting companion. The shooter shot at a running rabbit with a .20 gauge shotgun in a thicket. The shot pellets traveled approximately 30 to 40 feet through the thicket striking the victim. The victim received injuries to the right side of his head, neck, eye, arm and left

--- A Frederick County garage window was struck by a bullet from an unknown source. An investigation could not recover the projectile nor related evidence. This incident occurred during the firearm's deer season.

2009

--- A 57 year-old goose hunter in Kent County was shot by another hunter while attempting to retrieve a wounded goose. The victim received a minor wound to the face from a shotgun pellet which deflected off the water striking the victim.

--- A window was broken at an occupied daycare facility from a slug fired by a shotgun in Howard County. Several hunters were found in the area and interviewed by several police agencies. Negligent hunting charges were filed, but the States Attorney elected not to prosecute due to insufficient evidence.

--- A window in a house was struck and broken by a sabot round fired by a deer hunter in Talbot County. The investigation found that in this case , the hunter was not negligent and charges were not filed.

--- While checking vacant buildings, several Frederick County Sheriff Deputy vehicles were struck by shot gun pellets causing minor damage. Several individuals who were hunting quail in the area were located and charges were filed by the States Attorney's office for Reckless Endangerment.

--- A 69 year-old deer hunter in Dorchester County found himself in the middle of a deer drive on a wildlife refuge. After hearing several shots the hunter realized that his shotgun had been struck on the barrel and magazine by lead shot. The shooter was never found or located.

2008

— A 47 year-old Allegany County deer hunter, walking into the woods without hunter orange, was shot by a 32 year-old hunter. The shooter heard noise, saw movement through the trees and shot the victim without identifying the target. Fatal.

— A 40 year-old Talbot County goose hunter was shot by his hunting partner when the shooter, from outside the blind, shot at a wounded goose. The victim in the blind was in the line of fire. One pellet entered his eye and lodged in his brain. Non-fatal.

— A 64 year-old Garrett County deer hunter was shot in the abdomen by another hunter who mistook the victim for a deer. Shooter was charged with negligent hunting. Non-fatal.

2007

— A 51 year-old Caroline County quail hunter shot his hunting partner when a quail flew between them. The victim received 4 pellets to his upper body.

— A 54 year-old Talbot County deer hunter was shot by his hunting partner when a deer ran between them and the shooter shot at the deer. The shooter hit the deer and shrapnel from the slug hit the victim in the hand causing minor injuries.

— A 59 year-old Queen Anne's County deer hunter was shot by his hunting partner when a deer ran between them. The victim was below field level, climbing a hill out of site of the shooter. He received neck injuries.

— A 38 year-old Garrett County deer hunter was shot in the shoulder by his 16 year-old hunting partner when the victim was moving through bushes and mistaken for game. Victim was not wearing fluorescent orange.

— A 64 year-old Charles County Turkey hunter was shot by his hunting partner when the victim started to retrieve a turkey and was mistaken for another turkey by the shooter. Victim received 4 pellet wounds to various parts of the body.

INCIDENTS -- NOT REPORTED IN DNR ACCIDENT REPORTS (2016 to present)– that were recorded in other news sources:

--- MD: Woman attempting to shoot groundhog accidentally hits man fishing at park

May 28, 2019

The Maryland Natural Resource Police are investigating an incident of a bullet that grazed a man in the shoulder on Sunday afternoon.

According to police, a 61-year-old woman was shooting a groundhog in her backyard, which borders the Smithsburg Lions Community Park.

The woman missed and the bullet ricocheted across the water and struck a 28-year-old man who was fishing.

Officials said there doesn't seem to be any issues with limitation, however the shooter is responsible for anything in background, like in this case, the park....

--- **Fatality** : Maryland Natural Resources police were investigating a fatal hunting accident in Frederick County on Saturday, the opening day of deer season for firearms. Police said the rifle of a first-time hunter from Altadena, Calif., was accidentally discharged while he was deer hunting on private property on Eylers Valley Flint Road near Thurmont. Police identified the victim as Vincent Cavallo, 32.

Cavallo and his uncle were hunting in separate areas of the property when the uncle heard a gunshot. He went to check on his nephew and found him dead, DNR police spokeswoman Candy Thomson said. Police were called to the scene at 9:24 a.m.

Police said the victim is believed to have slipped or dropped the gun and it discharged, hitting him in the head. His body was taken to the medical examiner's office. Natural Resources police were assisted by the Frederick County Sheriff's Department in the investigation.

lorraine.mirabella@baltsun.com

--- Author: Scott Broom

Published: 6:07 PM EDT October 24, 2016

The mystery is still not solved after an 87-year old man was apparently struck (ed. note: in the head) by a shotgun pellet or bullet fragment while walking on his property in rural Montgomery County Saturday. Authorities suspect a hunting accident, but they don't know who fired the shot or from where. Residents and hunters say they are deeply concerned by the incident. The victim's property is on the boundary of the Patuxent River State Park where hunting with firearms is permitted. Hunters may not fire guns within 150 yards of an occupied dwelling without a residents' permission, even if the hunter is on another property or public land nearby. Maryland averages 2-3 hunting accidents involving firearms annually. The victim is almost always a hunter.

NOTE: see more of this episode at:

https://www.washingtonpost.com/local/man-87-in-marylands-montgomery-county-struck-by-a-small-metallic-projectile/2016/10/22/bc0e5974-98c8-11e6-bc79-af1cd3d2984b_story.html

<https://www.google.com/amp/s/www.wusa9.com/amp/article/news/local/mystery-surrounds-shooting-of-elderly-md-man-walking-home/65-340868641>

--- **Fatality**: Oct 11, 2015 - WASHINGTON — A 75-year-old huntsman was fatally *shot during* a hunting trip Saturday in Queen Anne's County, ... *Marvin Bowen Coppage*, a resident of *Henderson*, was hired to lead a guided *pheasant and chukar* hunt.

--- 2014 A mountain biker was peppered by bird shot while riding his bike in the Tuckahoe State Park on Maryland's Eastern (related by Tuckahoe park staff) knowledge)

Citizen report:

Date: March 15, 2019 at 9:15:38 AM EDT

To: <mwc.dnr@maryland.gov>, <animalcontrol@howardcountymd.gov>, <hcpdcrimetips@howardcountymd.gov>

Subject: Hunting Violation in Western Howard County

Hello,

I want to report a hunting violation that I encountered yesterday afternoon between 2 p.m. and 3 p.m. in the Woodbine parcel of the Patuxent State Park.

I was in the park on horseback and one or two people began shooting firearms near the trail head that is immediately north of the farm at 4505 Jennings Chapel Road.

I hollered several times so that they could hear that I was there and stop shooting long enough for me to get out of the park. They were shooting between me and the closest way out of the park so my way was totally blocked.

They did not stop shooting even as I hollered and eventually my very sane and experienced horse bolted to try to get away from the noise, which was echoing everywhere.

Luckily I am a strong rider and I did not have a mishap but my horse was badly frightened, as was I, frankly. It was mainly luck that we did not run into a tree or barbed wire or worse.

Once I finally got to the trail head – after picking my way along as close to the edge of the park as I possibly could on the theory they would not fire towards residences – I saw their vehicles and got their license plates. They were both Maryland vehicles, one was 5CC8856 and the other was 5C74853.

I have attached photographs of the vehicles. I also have a photograph of my riding attire yesterday, which included a safety orange saddle pad and a reflective yellow jacket, which I can provide if necessary.

I have been riding in this part of the park for over 15 years and every time I have encountered hunters we have been courteous to one another and respectful of each other's sport and mindful of each other's safety. These people were obviously an exception.

I am happy to discuss further by telephone if necessary.

testimony - Sunday hunting - 2022 year round - QA.

Uploaded by: Jane Seigler

Position: UNF



Testimony of the Maryland Horse Council on HB 556 - Queen Anne's County - Natural Resources - Sunday Hunting: OPPOSE

- ❖ **A majority of Marylanders oppose Sunday hunting.** An independent statewide poll conducted by Gonzales Research and Media Services in 2018 found that 68.9% of respondents oppose Sunday hunting. Even DNR's own 2018 commissioned survey found that a majority of the general population does not favor Sunday hunting and does not want to see it expanded.¹
- ❖ **This bill would allow hunting in Queen Anne's County on every Sunday of the year.**
- ❖ **This bill would infringe on the rights of the general public to enjoy outdoor recreation, the importance of which has received increased attention, including the State Park Investment Commission, a new Office of Outdoor Recreation in DNR, and the introduction of SB 541, the Great Maryland Outdoors Act. 78% of the Gonzales poll respondents said they would decide to alter their recreational plans to avoid hunters. In a Maryland Horse Council 2016 poll, 85% of respondents said they changed their schedules or riding locations to avoid encountering hunters.**
- ❖ **Since the advent of the pandemic, widespread use of outdoor recreation and natural resources by the general public has only increased.** For example, attendance at Maryland State Parks in 2020 increased 45% over 2019, which was also a record year.² Demand remained strong through 2021. **Many of these new users are unfamiliar with the rules of hunting and hunting seasons, including the distinctions between public and private lands. Now is not the time to increase general public exposure to possible hunting risks or to further deter the public from outdoor recreation. We have separately submitted with this testimony a report of hunting incidents from 2007 - 2021, compiled from DNR's own data.**
- ❖ **The Maryland horse industry represents \$2.1 billion in economic impact; 28,000 jobs; \$1 billion in annual spending by participants; \$78 million in tax revenue. There are over 100,000 horses in Maryland (more per square mile than any state in the Union), and 51.8% of Maryland households contain horse enthusiasts.³ There are horses in every county in the state.⁴ The majority of Maryland riders are trail riders.⁵**

¹ https://dnr.maryland.gov/wildlife/Documents/2018_DeerPublicOpinionSurvey.pdf

² <https://news.maryland.gov/dnr/2021/02/04/lt-governor-boyd-k-rutherford-maryland-department-of-natural-resources-announce-45-percent-increase-in-maryland-state-parks-attendance-in-2020/>

³ See attached fact sheet.

⁴ According to the 2010 Maryland Equine Census (current numbers are likely about 25% higher, based on current total statewide population): Allegany 350; Baltimore 8950; Carroll 6050; Frederick 7850; Garrett 1500; Harford 6200; Howard 4350; Montgomery 7900; Washington 3750; Anne Arundel 4500; Calvert 1350; Charles 1750; Prince George's 7100; Saint Mary's 2300; Caroline 1300; Cecil 6200; Kent 1200; Queen Anne's 1700; Talbot 1500; Dorchester 350; Somerset 270; Wicomico 1800; Worcester 880

⁵ <http://equiery.com/trail-riding-tops-reader-survey/>

The Maryland Horse Council (MHC) is a membership-based, umbrella trade association of the entire horse industry in Maryland. Our membership includes breed, interest and discipline associations, plus horse farms and stables, horse-related businesses, and horse owners representing all facets of the Maryland equestrian community, from the owners of race horses and race tracks, to the owners of international level competition horses, local sport horses, trail horses or just beloved retired companion horses. The owner of Pimlico, Laurel and Rosecroft racetracks is a member, as are vets, tack stores, and other farms, businesses and enthusiasts throughout the state. Every Maryland county, without exception, is home to hundreds to thousands of horses. (See footnote 4) There are more horse per square mile in Maryland than in any state in the Union. (See attached fact sheet.)

The horse industry in Maryland is a large, engaged and thriving constituency, and a strong economic engine: 28,000 direct equine related jobs; 16,000 properties occupying over 705,000 acres (almost 10% of Maryland's total land area, and over 25% of Maryland's agricultural land) The industry represents \$2.1 billion in annual economic impact, generating \$78 million in annual tax revenue. Horse industry participants spend \$1 billion dollars annually (compare that to the \$260 million annual figure for hunters cited in the Fiscal and Policy Note). Thus, legislative actions that affect the equine industry have a broad economic effect.

POSITION

The Horse Council opposes HB 556.

BACKGROUND

For over 20 years, the Maryland Horse Council has worked to ensure fair use of shared natural resources during hunting season, by seeking to preserve Sundays as the one day of the week when children and adults who are hikers, birdwatchers, dog walkers, trail riders and other outdoor enthusiasts could enjoy the outdoors without concern for adverse interactions with hunters. Almost 20 years ago, we helped defeat a number of statewide Sunday hunting bills. Proponents of Sunday hunting then changed tactics, seeking to introduce Sunday hunting on a county-by-county basis, which we also opposed vigorously. Sometimes they were successful; sometimes not. When they were successful, they succeeded in making an already complicated situation more complicated, making it more difficult for others to plan their outings, and for Natural Resources Police to effectively crack down on poachers and irresponsible hunters, which has caused even more negative encounters between irresponsible hunters and other users.⁶

The Maryland Horse Council has proposed reasonable compromises that would still allow fair use of shared natural resources, by cutting off Sunday hunting, where allowed, at 10:30 am. This compromise still gives hunters, trail riders and others plenty of Sunday access to opportunities. This compromise has been embraced by some legislators, who have praised the Horse Council for this reasonable approach, and it has been adopted by Montgomery, Kent and Wicomico Counties. Now we are facing a bill that would allow all day Sunday hunting in Queen Anne's County on every Sunday of the year, because it covers all species of game birds and game mammals. According to the Maryland hunting season calendar, <https://dnr.maryland.gov/>

⁶ In a 2016 Maryland Horse Council survey, 35% of respondents reported "adverse incidents" with hunters while trail riding, ranging from rudeness to deliberate attempts to spook horses, threatening with firearms, and firing of "warning" shots. Significant percentages of DNR's survey respondents also reported problems when encountering hunters.

[huntersguide/Documents/Hunting_Seasons_Calendar.pdf](#), there is an open season for at least one species on any day of the year. Coyote, groundhog and nutria are literally year-round. This bill does nothing to improve the situation for Natural Resources Police and continues to infringe on the fair rights of other users of our shared natural resources in Maryland.

The issue of recreational Sunday hunting is certainly a fraught one. In a November 2018 independent Gonzales statewide poll, the vast majority of respondents opposed Sunday hunting:

SUNDAY HUNTING Oppose 68.9%; Favor 21.9%

Breakdown:

Strongly Favor 13.5%

Somewhat Favor 8.4%

Somewhat Oppose 15.4%

Strongly Oppose 53.5%

These majorities opposed to Sunday hunting are true in Baltimore Metro, Washington Metro AND Rural areas. Rural Maryland opposed Sunday hunting 60.5% vs 34.1% in favor. Even DNR's own commissioned survey found that a majority of the general population does not favor Sunday hunting and does not want to see it expanded. (See footnote 1.) This bill directly contravenes that clear public opinion by authorizing DNR to allow all day hunting on all 52 Sundays of the year in Queen Anne's. This would be a tectonic shift for Queen Anne's, which currently has only nine Sundays open (for deer hunting).

It is important to make clear that the Horse Council is not opposed to hunting. Many of our members are hunters of deer, other game mammals and game birds. We just want to ensure that everyone has a safe option for enjoyment of the outdoors, especially in this time of COVID. The COVID pandemic has dramatically increased the level of outdoor activity and use of natural resources. According to DNR, 2020 State Park attendance increased by 45% to 21.5 million visitors. 2021 demand remained strong. **Lt. Governor Rutherford stated: "With the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic changing the way we live, work, and play, more and more Marylanders are finding affordable, socially-distant, and family-friendly recreation opportunities at our parks and public lands,"** (See footnote 2.) Many of these new users are unfamiliar with the rules of hunting and hunting seasons, and are unaware that they may encounter hunters in the woods. Now is not the time to roll the dice and increase the chances of potential adverse interactions between hunters and members of the public who are relatively new to the outdoors..

It is also sometimes argued that recreational hunters need Sundays because they have other things to do on Saturdays - a situation that plainly applies to most of Maryland's families who use outdoor resources, be they hunters, birdwatchers, dog walkers, mountain bikers, off-road vehicle enthusiasts and trail riders. So why should one group get special consideration? Where is the balancing of the public good, the equitable access? The number of licensed hunters in Maryland, about 100,000, is less than 2% of the state's population of about 6 million. The number of licensed resident hunters is reportedly ninth lowest among all the states.⁷ Compare that with the 24% who reported (pre-pandemic) making frequent or occasional trips

⁷ <https://www.msn.com/en-us/news/us/maryland-is-the-9-state-with-the-fewest-registered-hunters/ar-AAPKtT8>

specifically to view and experience wildlife in their native habitat for photography or other non-hunting purposes. (See footnote 1.)

In the Horse Council's statewide survey on Sunday hunting, 68% of respondents ride on trails on public or private land one or more days a week. And, perhaps most significantly, 85% said they changed their schedules or riding locations to avoid encountering hunters.

We of course recognize that private land owners have some right to decide what uses they want to allow on their land. But such rights have never been absolute, as any review of zoning and land use rules can plainly establish. And, as a practical matter the public/private land distinction affords little relief since public and private tracts are often relatively small, non-contiguous, intertwined and rarely well-marked. In our survey, referenced above, 56% of respondents said they ride on trails that cross both public and private land.

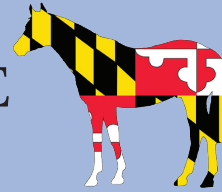
CONCLUSION

We urge the Committee to give HB 556 an unfavorable report.

Respectfully submitted,
Maryland Horse Council
(844) MDHORSE (844-634-6773)



THE MARYLAND HORSE INDUSTRY



Thoroughbred & Standardbred horse racing & breeding ♦ trail riding ♦ steeplechase ♦ sport horse competitions ♦ rodeo ♦ carriage driving ♦ therapy programs ♦ recreation ♦ rescue and more

A Dynamic Agricultural Entity

705,000 ACRES



25% of the State's agricultural land

Pastures are among the best filtering devices to protect the Chesapeake Bay from harmful runoff

10% of Maryland land



\$80,000,000 on feed, hay and straw

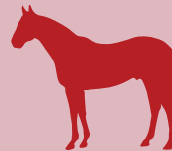
88,000 equine acres preserved forever as farmland



Number of Horses in Maryland

101,457

Horses in Maryland - making MD the number one state in terms of the number of horses per square mile!



10.5 horses per square mile!

200

Equine Orgs. Statewide

16,000

Horse Farms & Stables

35

different equine disciplines

40

breeds

Integral to the State's Economy



\$2.1 Billion

Economic Impact



\$78m

 in tax revenue

28,000

 industry jobs

\$1B

 spent by participants

A Global Equine Identity



51.8% of households in MD contain horse enthusiasts



10,000 Youths served by MD's Educational Programs

1,500 4H Horse Projects

765 Licensed Riding & Boarding Stables

55 High School Interscholastic Teams

22 Pony Clubs

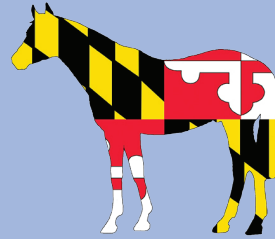
12 College Equine Teams & Clubs



MD is home to International gems:

Triple Crown Race - the Preakness since 1875
International 5-Star at Fair Hill in 2020

THE MARYLAND HORSE INDUSTRY ECONOMIC IMPACT



The Racing Sector



Adds **\$365 million** in value to the state economy



Racing Sector Total Economic Impact of:
\$572 million



Supports **5,214 jobs**

The Competition Sector

Competition Sector Total Economic Impact of:

\$270 million



Supports **3,346 jobs**



Adds **\$162 million** in value to the state economy



The Recreation Sector



Supports **4,971 jobs**



Adds **\$234 million** in value to the state economy

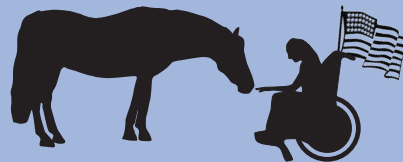
Recreation Sector Total Economic Impact of:
\$382 million



The Equine Therapy Sector



Adds **\$8.4 million** in value to the state economy



40 Therapeutic Riding Centers Including over a dozen Veterans groups

Information provided by

The American Horse Council Foundation 2017

Institute for Governmental Service and Research University of Maryland 2017

Maryland Equine Census, USDA 2010

written testimony HB 558 2022.pdf

Uploaded by: Joyce Bell

Position: UNF

I represent the membership of TRAIL RIDERS OF TODAY (TROT), a 40 year old Maryland non-profit organization that advocates for the preservation of equestrian trails and open space for public recreational use. Our members live in counties all across the state. TROT’s members staunchly oppose this bill.

I am also a long-time member and former board member the Tuckahoe Equestrian Center Foundation, Inc., (TEC) a non-profit which leases property within Tuckahoe State Park. Many of TEC’s activities take place in the park, which has trails on both side of the Tuckahoe River: about half the trails are in Queen Anne’s County, and the other half are in Caroline County.

All public land is bordered by private land. Property lines within the woods are often difficult to know – and, even if property lines were flagged with tape or paint, bullets and arrows don’t stop at property lines. The windshields of the cars in our driveway were pockmarked by birdshot. I know of many people who have had issues with hunters. Accidents do happen.

DNR reports of hunting accidents are woefully incomplete. One unreported accident (but verified by park officials) occurred in 2014: a biker in Tuckahoe State Park was shot in the legs. Another unreported accident (but recorded on television) occurred in 2016 when an 87 year old man was struck in the head by a bullet while walking on his own property which adjoined Patuxant River Park in Montgomery County. In 2019 a woman was shooting a groundhog in her back yard and grazed a man’s shoulder; he was walking in a park which bordered her land – again, not reported by DNR but found in the newspaper.

How many other accidents would there be if the perception of danger kept so many Marylanders out of the woods – even when they own the woods -- like my husband and I do? Many horse owners do not own horse trailers, and their own property may be the only place that they *can* enjoy their passions.

My husband is an avid birdwatcher. The Maryland Ornithological Society (MOS) has chapters in 15 counties, and many county chapters schedule bird walks on Sunday mornings. Sundays should be days for everyone to enjoy, not just the 2-3% who like to hunt.

I often hear the argument that hunters need Sundays because sometimes they're busy on Saturday. This argument certainly applies to everyone, and especially to non-hunters, who already have given up 9 Sundays in Queen Anne's County to hunters. During parts of the year, hunters can hunt 30-35 days without a break. This bill would be open season for hunters nearly 365 days of the year. Many people look forward an outing in the fall when the bugs and heat abate. These people, too, might only have Sundays available.

The legislative fiscal note says that this bill is not expected to materially affect state or local finances and will have minimal overall financial impact -- from a hunting standpoint. But what about the wildlife watchers (photographers, hikers, birdwatchers) who make up 83% of the population, according to the 2016 US Fish and Wildlife census report. According to this report Wildlife Watchers spend 3 times more than hunters. Just google "growth of birdwatching" and you'll find numerous articles on the "fastest growing hobby in the US". Wildlife watchers should be given consideration for their dollar contributions, too.

We need to encourage children to get outside, away from their hand-held devices! Why is it unreasonable for people to want a single day to enjoy the outdoors, when hunters already have 6 days to hunt??

The horse industry's \$2.1 billion impact on Maryland's economy is huge. Horse farms make up 10% of Maryland's land, and pastures are among the best filtering devices to protect the Bay from runoff. Pastures are also excellent absorbers of carbon dioxide, they are critical habitat for many grassland bird species that are in severe decline, and they provide open space for all to enjoy.

Please, in the name of equity for all and science for a better environment, vote against HB 558.

Respectfully submitted,
Joyce Bell

22 02 17 SF HB 556.pdf

Uploaded by: Stacy Frank

Position: UNF

As the treasurer of the Tuckahoe Equestrian Center (TEC) and lifelong equestrian, I firmly oppose HB 556.

TEC has over 300 members, some of whom are hunters. But as an organization we oppose extending the days already allowed to include all these additional Sundays.

I live directly across from the Tuckahoe State Park with its many miles of multi-use trails. The main reason for buying this property was its proximity to the trails.

While only 2% of Maryland's population have hunting licenses, the number of residents who frequent the State's parks to ride, hike, bird-watch, dog walk, jog or otherwise enjoy nature with their families is many multiples of the number of hunters.

The hunters want to claim the only weekend day where the majority of MD's residents can safely enjoy their pursuits without fearing gunshots that may startle horses and disrupt all these other activities.

Hunters claim they have the right to take their children out to hunt. What about the majority of other families that want to safely enjoy their pursuits?

Existing hunting seasons offer hunters amply days and times to enjoy their "sport" since only the smallest percentage of the 2% are actually hunting for food.

It seems the hunters have managed to have their voices heard loud and clear over the "silent majority."

Do we really need extra days to teach our children how to kill animals?

Please do NOT pass HB 556

HB0566_DNR_LOI_ENT_2-18-22.pdf

Uploaded by: Bunky Luffman

Position: INFO



Larry Hogan, Governor
Boyd K. Rutherford, Lt. Governor
Jeannie Haddaway-Riccio, Secretary
Allan Fisher, Deputy Secretary

Bill Number: House Bill 556

Short Title: Queen Anne's County – Sunday Hunting

Department's Position: Letter of Information

Explanation of Department's Position

The Maryland Department of Natural Resources (DNR) provides this letter of information on HB 556, which would increase hunting recreation in Queen Anne's County. Increased game mammal and game bird hunting opportunities assist with population management and will result in additional revenue for those industries and groups that participate and/or support hunting.

Hunting remains the most effective method for controlling and managing the deer population throughout Maryland. DNR advises that Sunday hunting has contributed positively to managing the state's white-tailed deer population in the 20 counties where it is now permitted. Sunday hunting can be especially important if the weather causes unfavorable hunting conditions on the Saturday of the same weekend. Likewise, many hunters only have time to hunt on weekends, so allowing Sunday hunting essentially doubles their opportunity to pursue deer.

On Sundays during the 2020-2021 deer seasons in Queen Anne's County, 435 deer were harvested. DNR estimates 50-100 deer would be harvested on the additional Sundays in Queen Anne's County as a result of this bill, depending on how the Sundays were allocated for the three seasons..

For additional information, please feel free to contact our Legislative and Constituent Services Director, Bunky Luffman.

Contact: Bunky Luffman, Director, Legislative and Constituent Services
Bunky.luffman1@maryland.gov ♦ 410-689-9165