Testimony from Anikwenze Ogbue, City Schools Parent, District 43 Resident HB 433 - Baltimore City Board of School Commissioners – Alterations Before the Baltimore City Senate Delegation 2/8/22

Position: FAVORABLE with amendments

Good afternoon members of the House Ways and Means Committee,

My name is Anikwenze Ogbue and I'm a District 43 resident. I support HB 433 because it aims to increase the amount of student members on the Baltimore City Board of School Commissioners from one to two, to give those student members full voting rights and the ability to participate in closed/executive sessions, to revise the process by which those students are chosen to be more democratic, and to establish a commission to research and make recommendations on board member compensation.

HB 433 enhances the role of the student members on the Board of School Commissioners by giving them the ability to vote on all matters afforded to adult board members and to participate in closed/executive sessions. This is not a new phenomenon in Maryland where student members on boards of education in Anne Arundel and Montgomery counties have had full or near full voting rights since 1975 and 2016, respectively.^{1,2}

Baltimore City Public Schools students and the student board members that represent them are bright, capable, and ready for any challenge. Student board members can understand complex issues and budgets with integrity and thoughtfulness because they know how decisions directly impact the student body. Board policies are clear about how adult *and* student board members must address conflicts of interest. However, to address concerns about impartiality I recommend an amendment that adds non-family members to current Board Policy GBEG Nepotism which only requires board members to disqualify themselves from votes or actions involving *immediate* family members.³ A good example of this is captured in Howard County Board of Education Policy 7020 - Nepotism which requires board members.⁴

Increasing the number of student members on the Board of School Commissioners from one to two has great benefits. The added peer support and leadership development that comes from having two student members better prepares them to serve successfully and represent a broader range of student perspectives. The two student members composition is currently in place on school boards in Caroline, Dorchester, Talbot and Queen Anne's counties.⁵

Providing every student from grades 6-12 with the ability to vote during student board member elections offers several tangible benefits. The annual election process builds a habit of real civic engagement at a young age. Participation is not contingent on whether a student's school has a

SGA. This ensures that a broader range of student voices are considered in the selection of student board members. Precedence for this exists in Montgomery County Public Schools, where all 6-12 grade students can vote for the student board member.⁶

Amending HB 433 to remove the delegate nominating convention that narrows the field of candidates will allow voting for all eligible candidates makes this process more democratic. It also removes logistical challenges by reducing the amount of time staff and administrators spend managing elections.

The bill also creates a commission to study the compensation for school board members. I believe that the work of school board commissioners is so critical to a bright future for Baltimore City that adults *and* students serving in these roles must be compensated. Our city is one of two jurisdictions in Maryland where board members are not paid for their vital work. The other 22 counties that compensate board members range from the poorest to wealthiest in Maryland and do so with a hundredth of a percent of their district's budget as permitted by MSDE.⁷ When board members are paid, they can dedicate more time and energy to this work. Compensation also opens these positions to residents who earn less income with less flexible jobs.

For these reasons, I respectfully urge the Delegation to issue a favorable report on HB 433.

Sincerely, Anikwenze Ogbue Baltimore City Public Schools Parent District 43 <u>a.ogbue@gmail.com</u> 410-622-5159

References Cited

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- 2. Montgomery County Board of Education Student Member of the Board (SMOB) https://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/student-leadership/smob/
- 3. Baltimore City Public Schools Board Policy GBEG Nepotism https://go.boarddocs.com/mabe/bcpss/Board.nsf/goto?open&id=87UHQB7D6CC8
- 4. Howard County Public Schools Board Policy 7020 Nepotism https://policy.hcpss.org/7000/7020/
- 5. Maryland Association of Student Councils SMOB Spectrum Chart https://mdstudentcouncils.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/SMOBSpectrumChart.pdf
- 6. Montgomery County Public Schools SMOB Election Process <u>https://www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/student-leadership/smob/election-p</u> <u>rocess.aspx</u>
- Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) Financial Reporting Manual for Maryland Public Schools. See pgs. 59 of 174: Expenditure Account Definitions, Category 201 - Administration, 20121 General Support Services - Board of Education Services <u>https://marylandpublicschools.org/about/Documents/DBS/FinancialReportingManual/Fin</u> <u>ancialReportingManual2014.pdf</u>