LIFEBRIDGE HEALTH. CARE BRAVELY

SB673 – Physician Assistants – Revisions (Physician Assistant Modernization Act of 2023)
Senate Finance Committee – March 14, 2023
Testimony of Martha D. Nathanson, Esq., Vice President, Government Relations and Community Development, LifeBridge Health
Position: SUPPORT

I am writing in SUPPORT of SB673. LifeBridge Health is a regional health system comprising Sinai Hospital of Baltimore, an independent academic medical center; Levindale Geriatric Center and Hospital in Baltimore; Northwest Hospital, a community hospital in Baltimore County; Carroll Hospital, a sole community hospital in Carroll County, and; Grace Medical Center in Baltimore (formerly Bon Secours Hospital).

Physician Assistants (PAs) Provide Care Throughout LifeBridge Institutions. Physician Assistants (PAs) are licensed clinicians who practice medicine in all medical specialties and settings. PAs are post-baccalaureate prepared healthcare professionals dedicated to expanding access to care and transforming health and wellness through patient-centered, team-based medical practice. This team-based care approach is even more central to the goal of meeting the "triple aim" of improving the experience of care, improving the health of populations, and reducing costs. These changes allow community health centers, hospitals, health systems, group and private practices flexibility to assemble healthcare teams to best meet patient needs, facilitating the ability of PAs to serve in medically underserved and rural communities where there are few or no physicians.

Today more than 4,600 PAs practice medicine in Maryland, 400 of whom practice at LifeBridge institutions. LifeBridge PAs work in every specialty area from primary care to critical care and are indispensable to the functioning of many service lines, both inpatient and outpatient. While PAs are currently limited to the scope of practice of their supervising physician, Collaborative Practice still tasks employers with determining PA duties and responsibilities and the level of autonomy of a PA in each practice setting. This allows PAs to effectively maximize their skill set and provide quality care to the patients of Maryland. PAs are fully licensed by the Board of Physicians. PAs are members of our hospitals' Medical Staffs and credentialed in the same manner as physicians and subject to the same review and disciplinary procedures as physicians. The PA scope of practice is determined by a delineation of duties jointly approved by the Chief of Service and ultimately the Board of Directors.

Collaborative Practice Improves Patient Access to Healthcare and Healthcare Outcomes. PAs at LBH work in a collaborative model already. Everyone works as part of interdisciplinary teams in caring for patients. Essentially no one, including physicians, cares for patients alone. The burden of identifying a single physician to be responsible for each PA is an outdated concept that rapidly being eliminated across the country. PAs are the only licensed providers who have to have another licensed provider assume responsibility for their actions even when not directly

involved in that care. In many settings (e.g., Surgery) the PAs work as part of team of providers that could be very large. Requiring a matrix of supervising physicians to cover every scenario and discipline for which the PA might provide care is unnecessary paperwork and expense that does not improve care in any way.

How Does SB673 Provide Accountability for Care Provided by PAs and Protect Our Patients?

Collaborative practice replaces the delegation model for PAs with a collaboration model where PAs can interact, consult and/or refer to the appropriate member of a healthcare team. While this bill explicitly prohibits independent practice, it still holds PAs accountable for the care they provide. PAs collaborate daily in Maryland – if they reach the limits of their expertise, like any other medical provider, they consult a peer with specialty expertise. However, Maryland's PA practice laws are outdated because they encourage PAs to work with one supervising physician rather than directly utilize an entire skilled team to treat their patients. PAs will have sole legal responsibility for the care they provide and nothing in this bill will prohibit employers from continuing to hire and manage PAs in whatever manner they deem necessary to ensure patient health and safety.

SB673 – and its companion bill SB674 – Physician Assistants -Parity With Other Health Care Practitioners (Physician Assistant Parity Act of 2023) – modernize regulation of the profession and for all the above stated reasons, we request a **FAVORABLE** report for SB673.

> Contact: Martha D. Nathanson, Esq. Vice President, Government Relations & Community Development <u>mnathans@lifebridgehealth.org</u> Mobile: 443-286-4812