## **SETTING THE RECORD STRAIGHT:**NIH & FDA DATA ON PREMIUM CIGAR USE AND PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT



Data from recent government-funded and government-led studies definitively prove that premium cigars are a unique product category that are almost exclusively enjoyed by older adults infrequently.

## WHY THIS MATTERS:

PCA used the FDA's comment period as an opportunity to remind the administration that even their own data does not support the regulation of premium cigars. These data points prove why regulating cigars is ineffective in accomplishing that goal.

.02%

Only **.02**% reported smoking a premium cigar in the past 30 days



Over half (52%) of current premium cigar smokers (25 and older) have a **college degree**—compared to 32% across the US population



The average age of an individual's first premium cigar is **30 years old**—compared to 16.7 years old for cigarettes



There is **no meaningful correlation** between premium cigars and cigarette smoking



The average premium cigar consumer smokes **1.2 days out of every 30**— compared to 29.6 days out of 30 for cigarette smokers



**97**% of all premium cigar consumers do not smoke daily



**No statistically significant increase in risk** for smoking related diseases can be found between non-daily premium cigar smokers and non-smokers in general

## THE STUDIES:

**PATH Study: The Population Assessment of Tobacco and Health (PATH)** study is a joint study by the FDA and the National Institutes of Health (NIH) that covers a multi-year cross section of youth and adult. PATH is one of the few government studies that effectively identified and analyzed data specific to premium cigars.

**National Longitudinal Mortality (NLM) Study:** An article published in the Journal of American Medicine (JAMA) analyzed the NLM study which tracked a population of 350,000 Americans for nearly 3 decades. The article, Association of Cigarette, Cigar, and Pipe Use with Mortality Risk in the US Population, examined the relationship between mortality, risk and use across a range of tobacco products over a population of over 350,00 individuals for nearly 3 decades.