

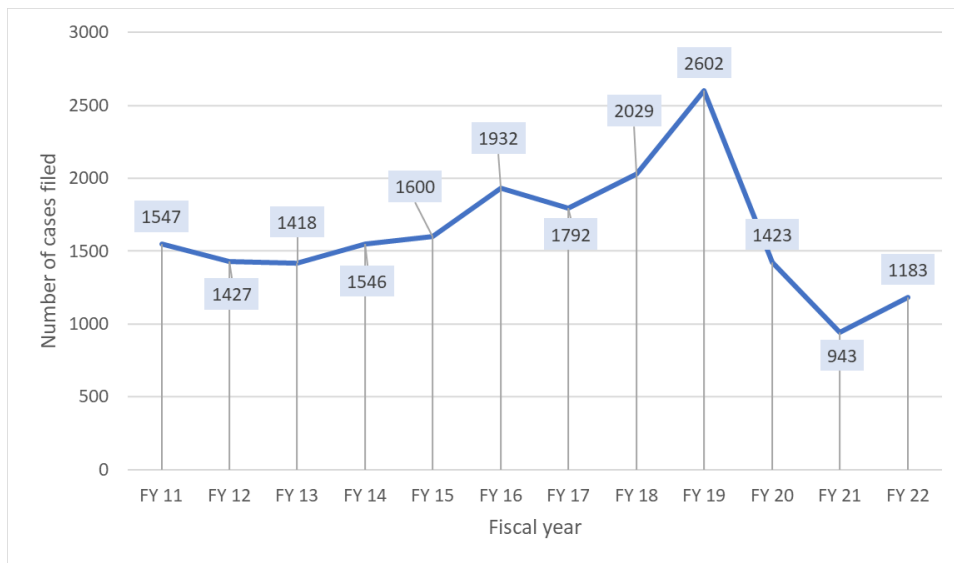


**SB 807 Landlord and Tenant - Failure to Repair Serious and Dangerous Defects - Tenant Remedies (Tenant Safety Act)**  
**Judicial Proceedings Committee**  
**February 27<sup>th</sup>, 2023**  
**SUPPORT**

Chairman Smith, Vice-Chair and members of the committee, thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony in support of Senate Bill 807. This bill will support tenants facing dangerous conditions in accessing rent escrow.

The CASH Campaign of Maryland promotes economic advancement for low-to-moderate income individuals and families in Baltimore and across Maryland. CASH accomplishes its mission through operating a portfolio of direct service programs, building organizational and field capacity, and leading policy and advocacy initiatives to strengthen family economic stability. CASH and its partners across the state achieve this by providing free tax preparation services through the IRS program 'VITA', offering free financial education and coaching, and engaging in policy research and advocacy. **Almost 4,000 of CASH's tax preparation clients earn less than \$10,000 annually. More than half earn less than \$20,000.**

As it stands, there are many more tenants suffering with uninhabitable living conditions than file for rent escrow. For many, the prospect of bringing an individual lawsuit raises insurmountable fear of retaliation and abuse by unscrupulous landlords. For others, the filing fee and time missed from work are infeasible on a lean budget. For others still, the intimidating prospect of facing off against landlords and judges chills their pursuit of a remedy. These factors help to explain the paltry numbers of rent escrow actions filed by individual renters each year.



Data Source: Maryland Judiciary, <https://mdcourts.gov/district/about#stats>

SB0807 addresses such obstacles by introducing group standing and collective remedies to the rent escrow law (Real Property § 8-211). By allowing tenants to join their interests together, this bill would have an enormous impact on tenants' ability to organize quickly and efficiently to compel landlords to make potentially life-saving

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repairs. SB0807 would enable a single tenant to file a rent escrow case about building and unit conditions on behalf of multiple tenants or a tenants' association. Moreover, the bill ensures landlord accountability by enabling tenants to seek damages and attorney's fees from negligent landlords who refuse to make necessary repairs to uninhabitable conditions.

SB0807 mirrors an existing procedure in New York City, one that routinely supports tenants in addressing harmful building conditions quickly and collectively. Our organization supports the Tenant Safety Act because we believe Maryland renters deserve the same opportunity to build power for better housing.

### **SB0807 supports tenant organizing for repairs to conditions that threaten life, health and safety**

SB0807 facilitates tenants in demanding necessary housing improvements that would benefit all Marylanders, renters and homeowners alike. The bill allows a single tenant or a group of tenants, incorporated or unincorporated, living on the same premises with the same landlord, to seek repairs, damages for unaddressed repairs, and attorney's fees.

In individual habitability actions, tenants face a massive power imbalance when seeking necessary repairs from their landlords. In response to an individual escrow filing, landlords can, and do, refuse to act or refuse to extend a tenant's lease. Landlords can also easily harass individual tenants, file an eviction, or unilaterally lock the tenant out, despite the fact that it is illegal to do so. In providing a collective option for seeking repairs through the courts and the added remedy of damages and attorney's fees, SB0807 reduces the likelihood of intimidation of individual tenants and ensures that those living in truly threatening housing conditions will have a fair shot at compelling negligent landlords to act in the interest of life, health and safety.

### **SB0807 gives tenants more power to compel repairs by ensuring that tenants and courts can hold negligent landlords accountable**

As it stands, the only remedies available to tenants that file rent escrow for repairs are rent abatement, distribution of escrow funds or an injunction 90 days after a court finding that the conditions complained of by the tenant exist. These remedies alone, however, have proven unavailing with numerous negligent landlords. There are also limited legal services available to support low-income tenants pursuing rent escrow, which means that tenants often must file on their own or forgo filing altogether.

SB0807 strengthens the remedies available to tenants and ensures that tenants can hold landlords responsible for negligence and delay in a way that fully accounts for the harm they suffer. First, by providing groups of tenants with the opportunity to file together, tenants will be able to hold landlords accountable for the repairs they are already legally required to make. Second, by permitting tenants to pursue damages against a landlord who fails to make repairs, landlords and their agents will be required to account for the actual harm caused by their refusals and failures to make necessary repairs – a remedy that is much more persuasive than lost rental income alone. Finally, the attorney's fees provision increases the likelihood that tenants will be able to avail themselves of legal services, as they will be able to enlist attorneys whose practices depend upon the ability to recoup reasonable fees.

SB0807 also codifies the already-existing implied warranty of habitability and clarifies tenants' right to enforce it. Landlords are currently required to ensure their properties are suitable for human habitation, but negligent landlords often freely collect rent without being held to this basic, common-sense standard. HB0691 provides



an important tool to hold these negligent landlords accountable.

**SB0807 allows tenants to address building or complex-wide conditions issues in a single case**

SB0807 also has the added benefit of allowing for resolution of tenants' conditions issues with the same landlord and increasing access to justice overall.

Currently, it is difficult for a group of tenants to bring an action against a landlord together. Indeed, practitioners report that it is functionally impossible to bring an escrow case on behalf of a group of tenants because existing class action requirements are not designed with escrow in mind. Instead, tenants on the same premises with the same landlord are generally required to file individual actions, with each tenant paying a filing fee, drafting a separate complaint and appearing in court. This process is particularly onerous for older and disabled renters, for whom it may be difficult travel to the courthouse on multiple occasions, and low-income renters, for whom taking three separate days off of work to go to court could risk their livelihoods. In addition, this process requires judges to hear building or complex-wide conditions issues piecemeal and prevents them from assessing and addressing important safety issues in a single determination. HB0691 would explicitly provide a mechanism for tenants to raise related issues and conditions in a single, streamlined case in court, and provide tenants with better access to justice – a change that simply makes more sense.

**CASH is a member of the Renters United Maryland coalition and asks that the Committee issue a report of FAVORABLE on SB0807.**