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## OPPOSE – House Bill 0864 HB0864 – Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plans Economic Matters Committee Thursday, February 29, 2024

Potomac Edison, a subsidiary of FirstEnergy Corp., serves approximately 285,000 customers in all or parts of seven Maryland counties (Allegany, Carroll, Frederick, Garrett, Howard, Montgomery, and Washington). FirstEnergy is dedicated to safety, reliability, and operational excellence. Its ten electric distribution companies form one of the nation's largest investor-owned electric systems, serving customers in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, West Virginia, and Maryland.

## **Unfavorable**

Potomac Edison / FirstEnergy opposes House Bill 0864 – *Energy Efficiency and Conservation Plans*. HB-864 would require the Public Service Commission to encourage utilities to promote the efficient use and conservation of energy in support of greenhouse gas emissions reduction goals.

## Potomac Edison / FirstEnergy requests an <u>Unfavorable</u> report on HB-864 because of cost recovery issues and potentially significant increases in customer's electric bills.

Electrification, delivered through cost-effective energy efficiency programs, can help Maryland reach its greenhouse gas emission reduction goals. However, when customers choose to participate in fuel-switching, building decarbonization, and other electrification programs – these choices often result in an overall increase in the usage of electricity. A goal based on reducing overall electricity sales no longer aligns with the needs of the state, and because of this, amendments should be made to eliminate the "mandated incremental electricity savings reductions" in the legislation.

While appreciative of the full cost recovery language in the bill, we are adamantly opposed to proposed changes in section 7-222 (C)(2)(III) that specify how utilities should be compensated for "any unpaid costs and unamortized costs" of the program. Switching from the current method, which is based on the utility's "Weighted Average Cost of Capital," to an "Average Cost of Outstanding Debt" method, would create a demonstrated loss for utilities. Past investments in the EmPOWER program were approved by the Public Service Commission, and these "unpaid costs," which were financed with a combination of debt and equity, should be recovered accordingly.

Utilities do not finance operations based solely on debt, so recovery utilizing an "Average Cost of Outstanding Debt" methodology is not logical or reflective of reality. Specifying how utility costs are calculated and recovered is not something that should be in statute. It is the Public Service Commissions responsibility to determine appropriate rate recovery for utility expenditures, and it would not be in the state's best interest to have its utility companies highly leveraged in debt. Earning an authorized rate of return for a utility's investment in the EmPOWER program is not only necessary, but also appropriate. For these reasons, section 7-222 (C)(2)(III) should be stricken.

It should not be overlooked that the EmPOWER program will have a major impact on customers electric bills. The estimated surcharge for the average Potomac Edison residential customer could be over \$30 per month during the next phase of the program. Ensuring the Public Service Commission reviews each plan to determine its cost effectiveness, impact on rates, impact on jobs, and impact on achieving greenhouse gas reduction targets, is paramount.

Helping customers with the efficient use and conservation of energy through utility programs is smart, and if done correctly, can be good for the State of Maryland. However, issues in this bill related to cost recovery, and increases to our customers' bills, leads Potomac Edison / FirstEnergy to respectfully request an <u>Unfavorable</u> report on HB-864.