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## TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB 477

### Landlord and Tenant – Residential Leases and Holdover Tenancies – Local Just Cause Termination Provisions

*Environment and Transportation Committee*

February 13, 2024 1pm

*Submitted by Mark Huffman, Co-Chair*

**Marylanders Against Poverty (MAP) strongly supports HB 477, which would give authority to Maryland counties to establish “just cause” or “good cause” limitations on lease non-renewals**

This “just cause” authority would mean local policymakers would be able to determine the kind of “just cause” policy that their locality needs, whether by type of building, for certain populations, or under certain circumstances such as a state of emergency. **Without this enabling bill, counties are preempted from enacting legal protections for Maryland families who face increasingly unstable housing and fears of retaliation and displacement.**

*What is “just cause” policy and why is it needed?* Maryland is currently a “no cause” state – that is, a landlord can decide to non-renew without any stated cause. This means that working families and their children face the constant threat of displacement, even when they follow all the rules. They are under constant pressure to stay quiet and accept declining conditions, arbitrary policies, and increasing rents just to stay in their communities and keep their children in their local school. Or, they can speak up – on their own or as a group – and face a likely “non-renewal” at the end of their lease and displacement from their community.

*Why this legislation now?* **Maryland has seen a spike in the number of no-cause, evictions known as “Tenant Holding Over” evictions– a 117% increase in average Tenant Holding Over complaint filings each month since 2020.** This mirrors a national trend in which “[n]early half of U.S. renter households reported experiencing significant pressure to move during the previous 6 months.”<sup>1</sup> **In addition to increasing rents and fewer market options, Maryland families face the specter of non-renewal and displacement now more than ever.**

“Just cause” addresses this uncertainty by providing that a landlord must disclose the reason for choosing not to renew. HB 477 provides a list of options for what “just cause,” as adopted by a county, may include, such as substantial lease violations, illegal activities, removal of the property from the market, or personal use of the property by the owner. Requiring landlords to disclose the reason for a lease non-renewal helps ensure that no eviction takes place under a cover of silence that can hide discriminatory intent. HB 477’s list reflects the policies other U.S. jurisdictions that have enacted. To be clear, this is a list that localities are free to adopt or change to meet local housing needs.

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<sup>1</sup> HUD Office of Policy Development and Research, “Pressure to Move and Forced Moves Among U.S. Renter Households: Findings From New Questions in the Household Pulse Survey” (Sept. 19, 2023) (based on June-Aug. 2023 data).

*Why a Local Enabling bill?* Since 2008, just cause eviction legislation has been introduced 9 times – including multiple statewide bills, as well as bills specific to Prince George’s County and Montgomery County. During the COVID-19 state of emergency, Howard County unsuccessfully attempted to prohibit lease non-renewals while Baltimore City passed a short-term provision to require just cause for lease non-renewals until 6 months after the state of emergency’s end. These efforts demonstrate a sustained desire in Maryland localities for the authority to enact just cause.

At least 5 states, the District of Columbia (since 1985), and 16 localities including Philadelphia (since 2018) have adopted just cause eviction laws. New Jersey’s just cause law (since 1974) demonstrates that the benefit of just cause far outweighs the hypothetical that it hurts development. [“Something in the Garden State is clearly working. According to data from the Eviction Lab, New Jersey cities such as Trenton, Paterson, Jersey City, and West New York have among the lowest eviction rates in the country. Meanwhile, construction is absolutely exploding.”](#)

Additionally, looking at 4 localities in California, a [2019 Princeton/Eviction Lab](#) study finds that "just cause eviction ordinances have a significant and noticeable effect on eviction and eviction filing rates. Given the budget limitations of many states and municipalities to fund other solutions to the eviction crisis, passage of just cause eviction ordinances appears to be a relatively low-cost, effective policy solution."

HB 477 recognizes that local legislatures want to assist renting families with stable housing so that they are able contribute long-term to the workforce and the local economy. Requiring that a landlord state a legitimate reason for an eviction through lease non-renewal eviction boosts the stability of families, neighborhoods, and communities.

**MAP appreciates your consideration and urges the committee to issue a favorable report for HB 477.**

***Marylanders Against Poverty (MAP)** is a coalition of service providers, faith communities, and advocacy organizations advancing statewide public policies and programs necessary to alleviate the burdens faced by Marylanders living in or near poverty, and to address the underlying systemic causes of poverty.*